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7	Facsimile: (310) 656-7069	
8	LINITED STATES	DISTRICT COURT
9		CT OF WASHINGTON
10	Wilbert Napoleon, individually and on behalf	Case No.
11	of all others similarly situated,	
12	Plaintiff,	CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT
13	vs.	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL
14	Amazon.com, Inc.,	
15	Defendant.	
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I		Table of Contents
2	I.	Introduction.
3	II.	Parties.
4	III.	Jurisdiction and Venue.
5	IV.	Facts.
		A. Amazon's changes to Prime Video.
6		B. Amazon's actions harm consumers
7		C. Amazon violates state consumer protection laws
8		D. Plaintiff was misled by Amazon's misrepresentations.
9		E. Amazon breached its contract and warranties to Plaintiff
10		F. No adequate remedy at law.
11	V.	Class Action Allegations.
	VI.	Claims
12		Count I: Breach of Contract
13		Count II: Breach of Express Warranty
14		Count III: Quasi-Contract
15		Count IV: Violation of the Washington Consumer Protection Act
16		Count V: Violation of California's False Advertising Law
17		Count VI: Violation of California's Consumer Legal Remedies Act
18		Count VII: Violation of California's Unfair Competition Law
19	VII.	Jury Trial Demand
	VIII.	Relief
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	Class Case l	Action Complaint i Dovel & Luner LLP No. 201 Santa Monica Blvd., Suite 600

Santa Monica, CA 90401

## I. Introduction.

- 1. Amazon.com Inc. sells a subscription service called Prime. For over a decade, it included ad-free streaming of movies and tv shows. For years, people purchased and renewed their Amazon Prime subscriptions believing that they would include ad-free streaming.
- 2. But last month, Amazon changed the deal. To stream movies and tv shows without ads, Amazon customers must now pay an additional \$2.99 per month. This is true even for people who purchased the yearly, ad-free subscription, and who are now mid-way through their subscription. This is not fair, because these subscribers already paid for the ad-free version; these subscribers should not have to pay an additional \$2.99/month for something that they already paid for.
- 3. For years, Amazon advertised that its Prime subscription included ad-free streaming of movies and tv shows. Like other consumers, Plaintiff purchased the Prime subscription, believing that it would include ad-free streaming of movies and tv shows. But it does not. Plaintiff brings this case for himself and for other Amazon Prime customers.

#### II. Parties.

- 4. Plaintiff Wilbert Napoleon is domiciled in Eastvale, California.
- 5. The proposed class includes citizens of every state.
- 6. Defendant Amazon.com, Inc. is a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business in Seattle, Washington.

#### III. Jurisdiction and Venue.

- 7. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(2). The amount in controversy exceeds \$5,000,000, exclusive of interest and costs, and the matter is a class action in which one or more members of the proposed class are citizens of a state different from Defendant.
- 8. The Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because (among other reasons) its principal place of business is in Washington.
- 9. Venue is proper under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(1) because Amazon resides in this District, at its Seattle headquarters.

Class Action Complaint Case No.

## IV. Facts.

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# A. Amazon's changes to Prime Video.

- 10. Amazon.com Inc. ("Amazon") sells a subscription called Prime. The subscription is very popular—over one hundred million Americans are subscribers. Subscribers can choose an annual or monthly term, and many subscribers choose the annual term, which is offered at a discount as compared to the monthly term.
- 11. A subscription to Prime includes access Amazon's video streaming service, Prime Video. Prime Video was launched in 2011. According to Amazon, a Prime subscription now included "unlimited, <u>commercial-free</u>, instant streaming" of movies and tv shows on the platform, at no additional cost:

### amazon

PRESS CENTER

February 22, 2011

Amazon Prime Members Now Get Unlimited, Commercial-free, Instant Streaming of More Than 5,000 Movies and TV Shows at No Additional Cost

Amazon Adds Instant Videos to Amazon Prime

- 12. Between 2011 and 2023, Amazon continued to offer "commercial-free" access to Prime Video. And, consumers continued to subscribe to Amazon Prime, expecting to receive commercial-free access to movies and tv shows.
- 13. But in 2024, Amazon changed its terms. Amazon introduced ads to Prime Video. To turn off the ads, subscribers must now pay an additional \$2.99 a month. This is true even for people who have yearly subscriptions to Prime—they must pay an additional \$2.99/month to get the ad-free Prime Video that they already paid for.

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Class Action Complaint Case No.

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Class Action Complaint Case No.

#### В. Amazon's actions harm consumers.

- 14. Based on Amazon's advertisements, reasonable consumers who subscribed to Amazon Prime before the change reasonably expected that their Amazon Prime subscription would include ad-free streaming of movies and tv shows for the duration of the subscription.
- 15. Reasonable consumers expect that, if you purchase a subscription with ad-free streaming of movies and tv shows, that the ad-free streaming for movies and tv shows is available for the duration of the purchased subscription.
- As explained above, however, Plaintiff and class members' reasonable expectations 16. were not met. Instead of receiving a subscription that included ad-free streaming of tv shows and movies, they received something worth less. They cannot enjoy ad-free streaming unless they pay an extra \$2.99/month. Thus, Amazon's false advertisements harm consumers by depriving them of the reasonable expectations to which they are entitled.

#### C. Amazon violates state consumer protection laws.

- 17. Washington's Consumer Protection Law prohibits "[u]nfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive acts or practices in the conduct of any trade or commerce." Wash. Rev. Code Ann. § 19.86.020.
- 18. Similarly, California's Unfair Competition Law bans "unlawful, unfair or fraudulent" business acts and practices. See Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200.
- 19. Amazon's change of terms is deceptive. As described above, reasonable consumers subscribed to Amazon Prime believing that they would receive ad-free Prime Video. But, mid-way through the subscription, Amazon changed the terms. Subscribers must now pay extra to get something that they already paid for.
- 20. Amazon's actions are also unfair. As discussed above, Amazon advertised "commercial-free" Prime Video for years, to induce consumers to purchase its Prime subscription. Reasonable consumers, who rely on Amazon to provide accurate and truthful information about its

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services, cannot reasonably avoid this injury. And Amazon's actions offer no countervailing benefits—misrepresenting its service harms both consumers and honest competition.

- 21. Amazon's actions are also unlawful. As explained in further detail below, they constitute a breach of contract.
  - D. Plaintiff was misled by Amazon's misrepresentations.
- 22. In June 2023, Mr. Napoleon renewed his annual Prime subscription while living in Eastvale, California.
- 23. Based on Amazon's actions, Plaintiff believed that he was purchasing a yearly subscription to Amazon Prime. He further believed that the Amazon Prime would include free streaming of movies and tv shows for the duration of his subscription. But, it did not. Instead, to have ad-free streaming, Plaintiff must pay an additional \$2.99 a month.
  - E. Amazon breached its contract and warranties to Plaintiff.
- 24. When Mr. Napoleon purchased the Amazon Prime subscription as described above, he accepted the offer that Amazon made, and thus, a contract was formed at the time of purchase. The offer was to provide an Amazon Prime subscription that included ad-free streaming of tv shows and movies, for the price of the Prime annual subscription.
- 25. The offer to provide ad-free streaming of tv shows and movies was a specific and material term of the contract. It was also an affirmation of fact about the services, and a promise relating to the service.
- 26. Mr. Napoleon performed his obligations under the contract by paying for the annual subscription.
- 27. Amazon breached its contract by failing to provide Mr. Napoleon access to ad-free streaming of movies and tv shows for the duration of the subscription. Defendant also breached warranties for the same reasons.

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# Case No.

No adequate remedy at law.

28. Plaintiff seeks damages and, in the alternative, restitution. Plaintiff also seeks an injunction. Plaintiff is permitted to seek equitable remedies in the alternative because he has no adequate remedy at law. Legal remedies here are not adequate because they would not stop Defendant from continuing to engage in the deceptive practices described above. In addition, a legal remedy is not adequate if it is not as certain as an equitable remedy. The elements of Plaintiff's equitable claims are different and do not require the same showings as Plaintiff's legal claims. Plaintiff's remedies at law are also not equally prompt or efficient as their equitable ones. For example, the need to schedule a jury trial may result in delay. And a jury trial will take longer, and be more expensive, than a bench trial.

#### V. **Class Action Allegations.**

- 29. Plaintiff brings the asserted claims on behalf of the proposed class of:
  - Nationwide Class: all persons who, while in the United States, within the applicable statute of limitations period and before December 28, 2023, purchased an annual subscription to Amazon Prime.
  - California Subclass: all persons who, while in California, within the applicable statute of limitations period and before December 28, 2023, purchased an annual subscription to Amazon Prime.
- 30. The following people are excluded from the proposed class: (1) any Judge or Magistrate Judge presiding over this action and the members of their family; (2) Defendant, Defendant's subsidiaries, parents, successors, predecessors, and any entity in which the Defendant or it's parents have a controlling interest and their current employees, officers and directors; (3) persons who properly execute and file a timely request for exclusion from the class; (4) persons whose claims in this matter have been finally adjudicated on the merits or otherwise released; (5) Plaintiff's counsel and Defendant's counsel, and their experts and consultants; and (6) the legal representatives, successors, and assigns of any such excluded persons.

#### 1 Numerosity & Ascertainability 2 31. The proposed class contains members so numerous that separate joinder of each 3 member of the class is impractical. There are 160 million Amazon Prime subscribers in the United 4 States. Thus, there are likely millions or tens of millions of class members. 5 32. Class members can be identified through Defendant's sales records and public notice. 6 Predominance of Common Questions 7 33. There are questions of law and fact common to the proposed class. Common questions 8 of law and fact include, without limitation: 9 (1) whether Amazon breached its contracts; 10 (2) the terms of the contracts; 11 (3) whether Amazon made false or misleading statements of facts in their 12 advertisements; 13 (4) whether Amazon violated consumer protection statutes; 14 (5) damages needed to reasonably compensate Plaintiff and the proposed class. 15 Typicality & Adequacy 16 34. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the proposed class. Like the proposed class, Plaintiff 17 purchased the subscription advertised within the specified time period. There are no conflicts of 18 interest between Plaintiff and the class. 19 **Superiority** 20 35. A class action is superior to all other available methods for the fair and efficient 21 adjudication of this litigation because individual litigation of each claim is impractical. It would be 22 unduly burdensome to have individual litigation of millions of individual claims in separate lawsuits, 23 every one of which would present the issues presented in this lawsuit. 24 25 26 27 28 Class Action Complaint 6 Dovel & Luner LLP Case No. 201 Santa Monica Blvd., Suite 600 Santa Monica, CA 90401

1 VI. Claims. 2 **Count I: Breach of Contract** 3 (By Plaintiff and the Nationwide Class) Plaintiff incorporates each and every factual allegation set forth above. 4 36. 5 37. Plaintiff brings this cause of action on behalf of himself and the Nationwide Class. In 6 the alternative, Plaintiff brings this cause of action on behalf of himself and the California Subclass. 7 38. Plaintiff and class members entered into contracts with Amazon when they placed 8 orders to purchase or renew Amazon Prime on Amazon's website. 9 39. The contracts provided that Plaintiff and class members would pay Amazon for the 10 subscription ordered. 11 40. The contracts further required that Amazon provide Plaintiff and class members with an Amazon Prime subscription that included ad-free access to movies and tv shows. This was a 12 13 specific and material term of the contracts. 14 41. Plaintiff and class members paid Amazon for the subscription ordered, and satisfied all other conditions of their contracts. 15 Amazon breached the contracts with Plaintiff and class members by failing to provide 16 42. 17 ad-free streaming of tv shows and movies as promised. 18 43. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's breaches, Plaintiff and class members 19 were deprived of the benefit of their bargained-for exchange, and have suffered damages in an 20 amount to be established at trial. 21 **Count II: Breach of Express Warranty** 22 (By Plaintiff and the Nationwide Class) 23 44. Plaintiff incorporates each and every factual allegation set forth above. 24 45. Plaintiff brings this cause of action on behalf of himself and the Nationwide Class. In 25 the alternative, Plaintiff brings this cause of action on behalf of himself and the California Subclass. 26 27

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Class Action Complaint Case No.

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- 46. Amazon, as the supplier and seller of the Amazon Prime subscription, issued material, written warranties by advertising that the subscription included access to ad-free streaming of tv shows and movies. This was an affirmation of fact about the service (i.e., a representation about what the subscription included) and a promise relating to the service.
- 47. These warranties were part of the basis of the bargain and Plaintiff and members of the class relied on this warranty.
- 48. In fact, the subscriptions did not include ad-free streaming of tv shows and movies. Thus, the warranties were breached.
- 49. Plaintiff provided Defendant with notice of this breach of warranty, by mailing a notice letter to Defendant's registered agent and Defendant's headquarters on February 7, 2024.
- 50. Plaintiff and the class were injured as a direct and proximate result of Defendant's breach, and this breach was a substantial factor in causing harm, because they (a) overpaid for the service because the service was sold at a price premium due to the warranty, and/or (b) did not receive the service as warranted that they were promised.

### **Count III: Quasi-Contract**

#### (By Plaintiff and the Nationwide Class)

- 51. Plaintiff incorporates each and every factual allegation set forth above.
- 52. Plaintiff brings this cause of action on behalf of himself and the Nationwide Class. In the alternative, Plaintiff brings this cause of action on behalf of himself and the California Subclass.
- 53. As alleged in detail above, Defendant's false and misleading advertising caused Plaintiff and the class to purchase the service and to pay a price premium for the service.
  - 54. In this way, Defendant received a direct and unjust benefit, at Plaintiff's expense.
- 55. (In the alternative only), due to Defendant's misrepresentations, its contracts with Plaintiff are void or voidable.
  - 56. Plaintiff and the class seek restitution.

1		Count IV: Violat	ion of the Washington C	onsumer Protection Act	
2			RCW Chapter 19.8	<u>86</u>	
3		(Ву	Plaintiff and the Nations	wide Class)	
4	57.	Plaintiff incorporate	es each and every factual a	allegation set forth above.	
5	58.	Plaintiff brings this	cause of action on behalf	of himself and the Nationwide Class. In	
6	the alternativ	e, Plaintiff brings this	s cause of action on behalf	of himself and the California Subclass.	
7	59.	Defendant has viola	ated the Washington Cons	umer Protection Act (CPA), RCW	
8	Chapter 19.8	б.			
9	60.	Section 19.86.020 c	of the CPA states, "[u]nfai	r methods of competition and unfair or	
10	deceptive act	s or practices in the c	onduct of any trade or con	nmerce are hereby declared unlawful."	
11	RCW § 19.86	5.020.			
12	61.	Under the CPA, "[p	o]rivate rights of action ma	ay be maintained for recovery of	
13	actual damag	es, costs, and a reason	nable attorney's fee. A pri	vate plaintiff may be eligible for treble	
14	damages," an	ıd "may obtain injunc	tive relief, even if the inju	nction would not directly affect the	
15	individual's own rights." Washington Pattern Jury Instruction Civil No. 310.00 (Consumer Protection				
16	Act—Introduction) (internal citations omitted); RCW § 19.86.090.				
17	62.	Defendant engages	in the conduct of trade or	commerce within the meaning of the	
18	CPA. Defend	ant does this by selling	ng Amazon Prime subscrip	ptions in a manner that directly and	
19	indirectly aff	ects people of the stat	te of Washington.		
20	63.	As alleged more ful	lly above, Defendant made	e and disseminated untrue and misleadin	
21	statements of	facts in its advertiser	ments to class members, co	onstituting acts of unfair methods of	
22	competition and/or unfair or deceptive acts or practices.				
23	Unfair Acts o	or Practices			
24	64.	As alleged in detail	above, Defendant commi	tted "unfair" acts by falsely advertising	
25	that Amazon	Prime included ad-fre	ee access to tv shows and	movies on Prime Video.	
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28	Class Action Case No.	Complaint	9	Dovel & Luner LLP 201 Santa Monica Blvd., Suite 600	

Santa Monica, CA 90401

1	1 Count V: Violation of California's	False Advertising Law				
2	2 <u>Bus. &amp; Prof. Code §§ 17</u>	500 et. seq.				
3	3 (By Plaintiff and the Califo	rnia Subclass)				
4	4   73. Plaintiff incorporates each and every factua	al allegation set forth above.				
5	5 Plaintiff brings this cause of action on beha	alf of himself and members of the California				
6	6 Subclass.					
7	7 Defendant has violated Section 17500 of the	ne Business and Professions Code.				
8	8 76. As alleged more fully above, Defendant ma	ade and disseminated untrue and misleading				
9	9 statements of facts in their advertisements to class member	rs.				
0	77. Defendant did this by advertising that Ama	zon Prime included ad-free access to				
1	movies and tv shows on Amazon Prime.					
2	78. Defendant's representations were likely to	deceive, and did deceive, Plaintiff and				
3	reasonable consumers. Defendant knew, or should have kn	nown through the exercise of reasonable				
4	care, that these statements were inaccurate and misleading	Ţ.				
5	79. Defendant's misrepresentations were intended	ded to induce reliance, and Plaintiff saw,				
6	read, and reasonably relied on the statements when purchasing the service. Defendant's					
7	misrepresentations were a substantial factor in Plaintiff's 1	misrepresentations were a substantial factor in Plaintiff's purchase decision.				
8	80. In addition, class-wide reliance can be infe	rred because Defendant's				
9	9 misrepresentations were material, i.e., a reasonable consum	mer would consider them important in				
20	deciding whether to buy the service.					
21	21 81. Defendant's misrepresentations were a sub	stantial factor and proximate cause in				
22	causing damages and losses to Plaintiff and the subclass.					
23	23 82. Plaintiff and the subclass were injured as a	direct and proximate result of Defendant's				
24	24 conduct because (a) they overpaid for the services because	e the services were sold at a price premium				
25	due to the misrepresentation, and/or (b) they did not receive	ve the services they were promised, and				
26	received services with market values lower than the promi	ised market values.				
27	27					
28	Class Action Complaint 11 Case No.	Dovel & Luner LLP 201 Santa Monica Blvd., Suite 600 Santa Monica, CA 90401				

#### 1 Count VI: Violation of California's Consumer Legal Remedies Act 2 (By Plaintiff and the California Subclass) 3 83. Plaintiff incorporates each and every factual allegation set forth above. 4 Plaintiff brings this cause of action on behalf of himself and members of the California 84. 5 subclass. 6 85. Plaintiff and the subclass are "consumers," as the term is defined by California Civil 7 Code § 1761(d). 8 86. Plaintiff and the subclass have engaged in "transactions" with Defendant as that term 9 is defined by California Civil Code § 1761(e). 10 87. The conduct alleged in this Complaint constitutes unfair methods of competition and 11 unfair and deceptive acts and practices for the purpose of the CLRA, and the conduct was undertaken 12 by Defendant in transactions intended to result in, and which did result in, the sale of services to 13 consumers. 14 88. As alleged more fully above, Defendant made and disseminated untrue and misleading 15 statements of facts in their advertisements to class members. 16 89. Defendant violated Section 1770(a)(5) of the California Civil Code by representing 17 that services offered for sale on their websites have characteristics or benefits that they do not have. 18 Defendant represented that a Prime subscription includes access to ad-free movies and tv shows on 19 Prime Video, when it did not. 20 90. Defendant violated Section 1770(a)(9) of the California Civil Code. Defendant 21 violated this by representing that a Prime subscription includes access to ad-free movies and tv shows 22 on Prime Video, when it did not. 23 91. Defendant's representations were likely to deceive, and did deceive, Plaintiff and 24 reasonable consumers. Defendant knew, or should have known through the exercise of reasonable 25 care, that these statements were inaccurate and misleading. 26 27

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Class Action Complaint Case No.

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Class Action Complaint Case No.

1	101. Defendant has violated California's Unfair Competition Law (UCL) by engaging in						
2	unlawful, fraudulent, and unfair conduct (i.e., violating each of the three prongs of the UCL).						
3	The Unlawful Prong						
4	102. Defendant engaged in unlawful conduct by violating the CLRA and FAL, as alleged						
5	above and incorporated here.						
6	The Deceptive Prong						
7	103. As alleged in detail above, Defendant's representations that the service includes ad-						
8	free streaming of movies and tv shows on Amazon Prime were false and misleading.						
9	104. Defendant's representations were misleading to Plaintiff and other reasonable						
0	consumers.						
1	105. Plaintiff relied upon Defendant's misleading representations and omissions, as						
2	detailed above.						
3	The Unfair Prong						
4	106. As alleged in detail above, Defendant committed "unfair" acts by falsely representing						
5	that the Prime subscription includes ad-free streaming of movies and tv shows on Amazon Prime						
6	Video.						
7	107. Defendant violated established public policy by violating the CLRA and FAL, as						
8	alleged above and incorporated here. The unfairness of this practice is tethered to a legislatively						
9	declared policy (that of the CLRA and FAL).						
20	108. The harm to Plaintiff and the class greatly outweighs the public utility of Defendant's						
21	conduct. There is no public utility to misrepresenting the features of a service. This injury was not						
22	outweighed by any countervailing benefits to consumers or competition. Misleading services only						
23	injure healthy competition and harm consumers.						
24	109. Plaintiff and the class could not have reasonably avoided this injury. As alleged abov						
25	Defendant's representations were deceptive to reasonable consumers like Plaintiff.						
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28	Class Action Complaint 14 Dovel & Luner LLP Case No. 201 Santa Monica Blvd., Suite 600 Santa Monica, CA 90401						

	110.	Defendant's conduct, as alleged above, was immoral, unethical, oppressive,
unscru	ipulous,	, and substantially injurious to consumers.
		* * *
	111.	For all prongs, Defendant's representations were intended to induce reliance, and
Plaint	iff saw,	read, and reasonably relied on them when purchasing the service. Defendant's
repres	entation	as were a substantial factor in Plaintiff's purchase decision.
	112.	In addition, class-wide reliance can be inferred because Defendant's representations
were i	material	, i.e., a reasonable consumer would consider them important in deciding whether to buy
the sea	rvice.	
	113.	Defendant's representations were a substantial factor and proximate cause in causing
damag	ges and	losses to Plaintiff and the class members.
	114.	Plaintiff and the class were injured as a direct and proximate result of Defendant's
condu	ct becau	use (a) they overpaid for the services because the services were sold at a price premium
due to	the mis	srepresentation, and/or (b) they did not receive the services they were promised, and
receiv	ed servi	ces with market values lower than the promised market values.
VII.	Jury 7	Γrial Demand.
	115.	Plaintiff demands the right to a jury trial on all claims so triable.
VIII.	Relief	•
	116.	Plaintiff seeks the following relief for himself and the class:
	•	An order certifying the asserted claims, or issues raised, as a class action;
	•	A judgment in favor of Plaintiff and the proposed class;
	•	Damages, treble damages, and punitive damages where applicable;
	•	Restitution;
	•	Rescission;
l	•	Disgorgement, and other just equitable relief;
	•	Pre- and post-judgment interest;
Class		Complaint 15 Dovel & Luner LLP

Santa Monica, CA 90401

1	• An injunction prohibiting Defendant's deceptive conduct, as allowed by law;					
2	<ul> <li>Reasonable attorneys' fees and costs, as allowed by law;</li> </ul>					
3	Any additional relief that the Court deems reasonable and just.					
4						
5	D . 1 E 1					
6	Dated: February 9, 2024	Respectfully submitted,				
7		Carson & Noel, PLLC				
8		By: <u>/s/ Wright A. Noel</u>				
9		Wright A. Noel, WSBA No. 25264 20 Sixth Ave. NE				
0		Issaquah WA 98027Tel: 425-395-7786 Fax: 425-837-5396				
1		Email: wright@carsonnoel.com				
2		Christin Cho (Cal. Bar No. 238173)*				
3		christin@dovel.com Jonas B. Jacobson (Cal. Bar No. 269912)*				
4		jonas@dovel.com				
5		Simon Franzini (Cal. Bar No. 287631)* simon@dovel.com				
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8		Telephone: (310) 656-7066				
9		Facsimile: (310) 656-7069				
20		Counsel for Plaintiff				
21		*Pro Hac Vice Forthcoming				
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Class Action Complaint Case No.

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The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS	(0.00.000		DEFENDANT	ΓS	
	of First Listed Plaintiff  XCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CA  Address, and Telephone Number	,	NOTE: IN LAND	nce of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES O CONDEMNATION CASES, USE TI CT OF LAND INVOLVED.	*
II. BASIS OF JURISD	ICTION (Place an "X" in (	One Box Only)		PRINCIPAL PARTIES	Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff
1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	3 Federal Question (U.S. Government)		(For Diversity Cases Onli Citizen of This State		nnd One Box for Defendant)  PTF DEF incipal Place 4 4
2 U.S. Government Defendant	4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenshi	ip of Parties in Item III)	Citizen of Another State	2 Incorporated and F of Business In A	Another State
			Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	3 Foreign Nation	66
IV. NATURE OF SUIT		•		Click here for: Nature of S	
Tontract  110 Insurance 120 Marine 130 Miller Act 140 Negotiable Instrument 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment 151 Medicare Act 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excludes Veterans) 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits 160 Stockholders' Suits 190 Other Contract 195 Contract Product Liability 196 Franchise  REAL PROPERTY 210 Land Condemnation 220 Foreclosure 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment 240 Torts to Land 245 Tort Product Liability 290 All Other Real Property	PERSONAL INJURY 310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel &	PERSONAL INJURY  365 Personal Injury - Product Liability  367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability  368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability  PERSONAL PROPERT  370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending  380 Other Personal Property Damage Product Liability  PERSONAL PROPERT  370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending  385 Property Damage Product Liability  PRISONER PETITION Habeas Corpus:  463 Alien Detainee 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence 530 General 535 Death Penalty Other: 540 Mandamus & Othe 550 Civil Rights 555 Prison Condition 560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of	of Property 21 USC 88    690 Other	422 Appeal 28 USC 158   423 Withdrawal   28 USC 157   INTELLECTUAL   PROPERTY RIGHTS   820 Copyrights   830 Patent   835 Patent - Abbreviated   New Drug Application   840 Trademark   880 Defend Trade Secrets   Act of 2016   SOCIAL SECURITY   861 HIA (1395ff)   862 Black Lung (923)   863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g))   864 SSID Title XVI   865 RSI (405(g))   FEDERAL TAX SUITS   870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant)   871 IRS—Third Party   26 USC 7609	375 False Claims Act 376 Qui Tam (31 USC 3729(a)) 400 State Reapportionment 410 Antitrust 430 Banks and Banking 450 Commerce 460 Deportation 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations 480 Consumer Credit (15 USC 1681 or 1692) 485 Telephone Consumer Protection Act 490 Cable/Sat TV 850 Securities/Commodities/ Exchange 890 Other Statutory Actions 891 Agricultural Acts 893 Environmental Matters 895 Freedom of Information Act 896 Arbitration 899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes
1 1 5 1 1	moved from 3	Appellate Court	Reopened Anot	007	
VI. CAUSE OF ACTION	)N		e filing (Do not cite jurisdictional	statutes unless diversity):	
VI. CAUSE OF ACTION	Brief description of ca	use:			
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	CHECK IF THIS UNDER RULE 2:	IS A CLASS ACTION 3, F.R.Cv.P.	DEMAND \$	CHECK YES only <b>JURY DEMAND:</b>	if demanded in complaint:
VIII. RELATED CASI IF ANY	E(S) (See instructions):	JUDGE		DOCKET NUMBER	
DATE		SIGNATURE OF ATT	ORNEY OF RECORD		
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY					
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#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- **I.(a) Plaintiffs-Defendants.** Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
  - (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".
- II. Jurisdiction. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.Cv.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.

  United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here. United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box. Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

  Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; NOTE: federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.)
- **III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties.** This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- IV. Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If there are multiple nature of suit codes associated with the case, pick the nature of suit code that is most applicable. Click here for: Nature of Suit Code Descriptions.
- V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.
  - Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date. Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation – Transfer. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407.

Multidistrict Litigation – Direct File. (8) Check this box when a multidistrict case is filed in the same district as the Master MDL docket.

PLEASE NOTE THAT THERE IS NOT AN ORIGIN CODE 7. Origin Code 7 was used for historical records and is no longer relevant due to changes in statute.

- VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. **Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity.** Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553 Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service.
- VII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.

  Demand. In this space enter the actual dollar amount being demanded or indicate other demand, such as a preliminary injunction.

  Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.
- VIII. Related Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases, if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

T
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for the			
District of			
Defendant(s)   Defe	Civil Action No.		
SUMMONS IN A CIV	TIL ACTION		
To: (Defendant's name and address)			
A lawsuit has been filed against you.			
Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are:			
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.  **CLERK OF COURT**			
Date:	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk		

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No.

## PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

	This summons for (nan	ne of individual and title, if any	y)		
was rec	ceived by me on (date)		·		
	☐ I personally served	the summons on the indi	vidual at (place)		
			on (date)	; or	
	☐ I left the summons	at the individual's residen	nce or usual place of abode with (name)		
			a person of suitable age and discretion who res		
	on (date)	, and mailed a c	copy to the individual's last known address; or		
		ons on (name of individual)		, v	vho is
	designated by law to a	accept service of process	on behalf of (name of organization)		
			on (date)	; or	
	☐ I returned the summ	mons unexecuted because			; or
	☐ Other ( <i>specify</i> ):				
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$		·
	I declare under penalty	y of perjury that this infor	rmation is true.		
Date:		_			
			Server's signature		
			Printed name and title		
			Server's address		

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc: