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1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Eric K. Yaeckel [CSB No. 274608] yaeckel@sullivanlawgroupapc.com Ryan T. Kuhn [CSB No. 324538] ryan@sullivanlawgroupapc.com Karoline D. Kitlowski [CSB No. 349692] karoline@sullivanlawgroupapc.com SULLIVAN & YAECKEL LAW GROUP 2330 Third Avenue San Diego, California 92101 (619) 702-6760 * (619) 702-6761 FAX	P, APC	ELECTRONICALLY FILED Superior Court of California, County of San Diego 08/28/2023 at 04:43:05 PM Clerk of the Superior Court By Angelika Cazares, Deputy Clerk		
. 8	Attorneys for Plaintiff LIZETTE FISHER, an Individual on behalf of herself and all others similarly situated and the general public				
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. 10	SUPERIOR COURT OF	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA			
11	COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO				
13	LIZETTE FISHER, an Individual on) CAS	E NO.: 37-2023-00037152-CU-BT-CTL		
14	behalf of herself and all others similarly situated and the general public,)	posed) CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT		
15	Plaintiffs,))) 1.	VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA		
16	, ·)	BUSINESS & PROFESSIONS CODE		
17	V.)	§17500, et seq., and		
18	INTERNATIONAL COFFEE & TEA, LLC, a Limited Liability Company with a) 2.	VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA BUSINESS & PROFESSIONS CODE		
19	principal place of business in California, and DOES 1-100, inclusive)	§17200, et seq.		
20	Defendants)			
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COMES NOW Plaintiff, LIZETTE FISHER, an Individual on behalf of herself and all others similarly situated and the general public, and hereby alleges as follows:

Plaintiff LIZETTE FISHER ("Plaintiff") brings this action on behalf of herself and all others similarly situated against Defendant INTERNATIONAL COFFEE & TEA, LLC (hereinafter "Defendant," or "ICT"). The allegations in this Complaint, stated on information and belief, have evidentiary support, or are likely to have evidentiary support after a reasonable opportunity for further investigation and discovery.

NATURE OF THE ACTION

- 1. Plaintiff files this class action lawsuit on behalf of herself and all similarly situated persons who are citizens of California, and purchased Defendants products (that are branded, manufactured, distributed, marketed and/or sold by Defendants) in the state of California.
- 2. This matter involves "Corporate Greenwashing," and alleges several separate misrepresentations, each of which are meant to mislead the public (including the Plaintiff) to believe that the Defendants manufacture and/or supply process actually benefits, or does not harm, the environment and ecosystem(s). For example, Defendants labeling directly advertise that they employ "Sustainability" practices. Specifically, Defendants labeling advertise as follows: "Coffee Bean and Tea Leaf is proud of its commitment to quality and sustainability." (Please see Exhibit A).
- 3. As a second example, Defendants advertise "As native Californians, we have always cared deeply about conservation and sustainability. As an organization, we have implemented many practices to reduce waste and contribute to a healthier, happier world. We believe sustainability is a chance for all of us to make better daily choices...." Further, "For us, practicing sustainability isn't just good business it's the right thing to do." (Please see Exhibit B).

- 4. As a *third* example, Defendants labeling directly advertises as follows: "We nurture long lasting relationships with our growers. We support their Earth-friendly growing practices and social responsibility standards, particularly the conscientious way they treat their workers and families." Further, Defendants falsely allege each of their coffee suppliers is a "family-owned farm." (Please see Exhibit C).
- 5. In actuality, the products, growers, and goods are causing severe harm to the planet, the environment and ecosystems, and to Defendants neighbors and communities. Further, Defendants0coffee suppliers are not all family-owned farms.

THE PARTIES

- 6. Plaintiff is a citizen of the state of California, and resides in the county of San Diego. Plaintiff has purchased Defendants products regularly and thereby adversely altered her position in an amount equal to the amount she paid for the Defendants products. Plaintiff and the Proposed Class would not have purchased or paid a premium for the Defendants products had they known that the claims were false, deceptive and misleading.
- 7. Defendant INTERNATIONAL COFFEE & TEA, LLC is registered with the California Secretary of State as a Limited Liability Company with its principal place of business located in the state of California.
- 8. The true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, associate or otherwise of each of the defendants designated herein as a DOE are unknown to Plaintiff at this time, who therefore sue said defendants by fictitious names, and will ask leave of this Court for permission to amend this Complaint to show their names and capacities when the same have been ascertained. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that each of the defendants designated as a DOE is legally responsible in some manner for the events and happenings herein referred to, and caused injuries and damages thereby to these Plaintiffs as alleged herein.

- 9. On information and belief, Plaintiff alleges that at all times herein mentioned, each of the defendants was acting as the agent, servant or employee of the other defendants and that during the times and places of the incident in question, Defendants and each of their agents, servants, and employees became liable to Plaintiff and class members for the reasons described in the complaint herein, and thereby proximately caused Plaintiff to sustain damages as set forth herein.
- 10. On information and belief, Plaintiff alleges that Defendants carried out a joint scheme with a common business plan and policies in all respects pertinent hereto and that all acts and omissions herein complained of were performed in knowing cooperation with each other.
- 11. On information and belief, Plaintiff alleges that the shareholders, executive officers, managers, and supervisors of the Defendants directed, authorized, ratified and/or participated in the actions, omissions and other conduct that gives rise to the claims asserted herein. Defendants' officers, directors, and high-level employees caused products to be sold with knowledge or reckless disregard that the statements and representations concerning the products were false and misleading.
- 12. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that the Defendants are in some manner intentionally, negligently, or otherwise responsible for the acts, omissions, occurrences, and transactions alleged herein.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

13. This Court has jurisdiction over this matter in that all parties are citizens of, or do business and have their Headquarters and principal place of business within, the state of California and the amount in controversy exceeds the statutory minimum limit of this Court. The monetary damages and restitution sought by Plaintiff exceed the minimal jurisdiction limits of the Superior Court and will be established according to proof at trial. Furthermore, there is no federal question at issue as the operative allegations all solely involve state (and not federal) law.

14. Plaintiff is a citizen of the state of California and subject to the personal jurisdiction of this Superior Court. Further, Plaintiff purchased the Defendants goods within San Diego County. Defendants Headquarters and principal place of businesses are in California, and because Defendants conduct business in San Diego County, California and otherwise intentionally avail themselves of the markets in San Diego County, jurisdiction is proper.

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

- 15. This matter involves certain misrepresentations regarding (among other misrepresentations) "sustainability." As Defendants do not limit, or constrain, the misrepresentations to any individual or specific product, Plaintiff brings this claim against all of Defendants goods and/or products. However, the specific goods/products that were purchased after reviewing the referenced misrepresentations include *inter alia*, "coffee pods" (including "24 single-serve cups of French Vanilla," and "24 single-serve cups of Organic Espresso") and ground coffee (hereinafter the "goods" and/or "products"). The products are manufactured, packaged, marketed, distributed and sold by the Defendant by and through various methods, including via supermarket chains and retail stores throughout California.
- 16. Plaintiff has purchased Defendants goods/products regularly based on said misrepresentations, and thereby adversely altered her position in an amount equal to the amount she paid for the Defendants' goods/products. Plaintiff and the Proposed Class would not have purchased (or would not have paid a premium for) the Defendants products had they known that, for example, the "sustainability" claims were false, deceptive and misleading.
- 17. As more specifically set forth below, Defendants claims are widely disseminated on Defendants packaging and labeling, website, and/or through other written and internet publications.
- 18. At all relevant times, Plaintiff believed that she was purchasing Defendants goods that were "sustainable," were grown and manufactured in a manner consistent with Defendants

representations, and that were manufactured in a custom and manner in which Defendants would sustain (*i.e.* to maintain at the current level, and/or not adversely impact) the forests, environment and ecosystem, and would not harm or adversely affect its neighbors and/or community. Further, Plaintiff believed she was purchasing goods and/or products from entities that were fully-compliant with California law. Plaintiff would not have continued to purchase the products, or would have purchased them but at a lesser price, absent the misleading statements and misrepresentations made by Defendants. Please see specific examples of Defendants' false, untrue and misleading representations, below.

The "Sustainability" Claims

- 19. Defendants display claims that they employ "sustainability" directly on their labeling and packaging, on its website, and within its marketing tools and devices. (Please see Exhibit A B).
- 20. Defendants also advertise "As native Californians, we have always cared deeply about conservation and sustainability. As an organization, we have implemented many practices to reduce waste and contribute to a healthier, happier world. We believe sutainability is a chance for all of us to make better daily choices...." Further, "For us, practicing sustainability isn't just good business it's the right thing to do." (Please see Exhibit B).
- 21. In actuality, the Defendants products are not "Sustainable," and actually cause harm to the environment and ecosystems.

The "Protecting Our Growers" Claims

22. Defendants labeling directly advertises as follows:"We nurture long lasting relationships with our growers. We support their Earth-friendly growing practices and social responsibility standards, particularly the conscientious way they treat their workers and families."

Further, Defendants falsely allege each of their coffee suppliers is a "family-owned farm." (Please see Exhibit C).

23. In actuality, the products, growers, and goods are causing severe harm to the planet, the environment and ecosystems, and to Defendants neighbors and communities.

PRIVATE ATTORNEYS GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

24. In addition to asserting class claims, Plaintiffs assert claims on behalf of class members pursuant to California Business & Professions Code § 17200, et seq. The purpose of such claims is to obtain injunctive orders regarding the false labeling, deceptive marketing and consistent pattern and practice of falsely promoting natural claims and the disgorgement of all profits and/or restoration of monies wrongfully obtained through the Defendants' pattern of unfair and deceptive business practices as alleged herein. This private attorneys general action is necessary and appropriate because Defendants have engaged in wrongful acts described herein as part of the regular practice of its business.

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

25. Plaintiff brings this action on her own behalf and on behalf of all other persons similarly situated pursuant to California law.

All persons who are citizens of the State of California and who purchased Defendants goods/products in the state of California, during the time period from August 29, 2019 to the date of Certification by the Court (the "Class").

Excluded from the Class are Defendants, as well as their officers, employees, agents or affiliates, and any judge who presides over this action, as well as all past and present employees, officers and directors of Defendants. Plaintiff reserves the right to expand, limit, modify, or amend this class definition, including the addition of one or more subclasses, in connection with her motion for class certification, or at any other time, based upon, *inter alia*, changing circumstances and/or new facts obtained during discovery.

- 26. The Class is made up of thousands of persons throughout California, the joinder of whom is impracticable, and the disposition of their claims in a Class Action will benefit the parties and the Court. The Class is sufficiently numerous because, based on information and belief, thousands to hundreds of thousands of units of the Products have been sold in the state of California during the time period from August 29, 2019 to the date of Certification by the Court (the "Class Period").
- 27. There is a well-defined community of interest in this litigation and the Class is easily ascertainable:
 - a. <u>Numerosity</u>: The members of the Class are so numerous that any form of joinder of all members would be unfeasible and impractical. On information and belief, Plaintiff believes the size of the Class exceeds One Hundred Thousand (100,000) members.
 - b. <u>Typicality</u>: Plaintiff is qualified to and will fairly and adequately protects the interests of each member of the Class with whom she has a well-defined community of interest and the claims (or defenses, if any), are typical of all members of the Class.

c. Adequacy: Plaintiff does not have a conflict with the Class and is qualified to

and will fairly and adequately protect the interests of each member of the Class with whom she has a well-defined community of interest and typicality of claims. Plaintiff acknowledges that she has an obligation to the Court to make known any relationship, conflict, or difference with any putative class member. Plaintiff's attorneys and proposed class counsel are well versed in the rules governing class action and complex litigation regarding discovery, certification, and settlement, and

- i. Whether the Defendants committed statutory and common law fraud; and
- j. Whether Defendants' conduct as alleged herein constitutes an unfair and/or unlawful business act or practice within the meaning of Business and Professions Code section 17200, et seq.
- 29. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the Class, and Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of the Class. Plaintiff has retained competent and experienced counsel in class action and other complex litigation.
- 30. Plaintiff and the Class have suffered injury in fact, and have lost money, as a result of Defendants' misrepresentations. Plaintiff purchased Defendants products under the belief that they were made employing "sustainability." Plaintiff relied on Defendants' labeling, marketing and website and would not have purchased the products or paid a premium for them if she had known that they did not have the characteristics, benefits, or qualities as represented vis-à-vis the claims.
- 31. The Defendants' misrepresentations regarding the Claims were material insofar as consumers relate to "environmentally friendly," and "sustainability" practices, and tend to be willing to pay a price premium for foods that employ such policies and/or practices. The Defendants are aware of consumer preference for such products, and have implemented a strategic false advertising and marketing campaign intended to deceive consumers into thinking that they employ such policies and practices.
- 32. A class action is superior to other available methods for fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy. The expense and burden of individual litigation would make it impracticable or impossible for class members to prosecute their claims individually.
- 33. The trial and litigation of Plaintiff's claims are manageable. Individual litigation of the legal and factual issues raised by Defendants' conduct would increase delay and expense to all parties and the court system. The class action device presents far fewer management difficulties and

provides the benefits of a single, uniform adjudication, economies of scale, and comprehensive supervision by a single court.

- 34. Defendants have acted on grounds generally applicable to the Class as a whole, thereby making final injunctive relief and/or corresponding declaratory relief appropriate with respect to the Class as a whole. The prosecution of separate actions by individual class members would create the risk of inconsistent or varying adjudications with respect to individual members of the Class that would establish incompatible standards of conduct for the Defendants.
- 35. Absent a class action, Defendants are likely to retain the benefits of their wrongdoing. Because of the small size of the individual class members' claims, few, if any, class members could afford to seek legal redress for the wrongs complained of herein. Absent a representative action, the class members will continue to suffer losses and Defendants will be allowed to continue these violations of law and to retain the proceeds of their ill-gotten gains.
- 36. Were it not for this class action, most class members would find the cost associated with litigating claims extremely prohibitive, which would result in no remedy.
- 37. This class action would serve to preserve judicial resources, the respective parties' resources, and present fewer issues with the overall management of claims, while at the same time ensuring a consistent result as to each class member.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

Violations of California Business & Professions Code §§17500, et seq. By Plaintiff and the Proposed Class against Defendants

- 38. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference the allegations contained in all preceding paragraphs of this complaint.
- 39. Pursuant to Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17500, et seq., it is "unlawful for any person to make or disseminate or cause to be made or disseminated before the public in this state, ... in any advertising device ... or in any other manner or means whatever, including over the Internet, any

statement, concerning ... personal property or services, professional or otherwise, or performance or disposition thereof, which is untrue or misleading and which is known, or which by the exercise of reasonable care should be known, to be untrue or misleading."

- 40. Defendants committed acts of false advertising, as defined by §17500, by making the claims regarding the products because those claims are untrue and/or misleading.
- 41. Because the Defendants have been made aware of the lack of a "sustainable" aspect to its practices, Defendants knew or should have known through the exercise of reasonable care, that the practices, and statements, were false, untrue and misleading to Plaintiff and class members.
- 42. Defendants' actions in violation of § 17500 were untrue and misleading such that the Plaintiff, the Proposed Class and the general public are and were likely to be deceived by the untrue and/or misleading statements.
- 43. Plaintiff and the Proposed Class Members lost money or property as a result of Defendants' false advertising violations, because they would not have purchased, or would not have paid a premium, for their products if they had not been deceived by the claims.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

For Violation Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200, et seq. By Plaintiff and Proposed Class against Defendants

- 44. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference the allegations contained in all preceding paragraphs of this complaint.
- 45. Plaintiff is a direct victim of Defendants' illegal and/or unfair business acts and practices referenced in this complaint, has lost money as a result of such practices, and brings this action both in her individual capacity and on behalf of Defendants' current and former California-based, nonexempt employees who share a common or general interest in the damages as a result of the illegal and/or unfair practices.

- 46. The approximately 100,000 member class is ascertainable via their experience as California citizens and purchasers of the products, in the state of California. Class members share a community of interest and an injury-in-fact as Defendants have violated California laws, thereby depriving class members of money earned. Based on the facts set forth above, it would be impracticable to proceed in individual actions.
- 47. Plaintiff suffered an injury-in-fact pursuant to Business & Professions Code section 17204, and lost money as a result of Defendants' illegal and/or unfair practices. Plaintiff suffered an injury-in-fact pursuant to Business & Professions Code section 17204, and lost money as a result of Defendants' illegal and/or unfair practices. These illegal and/or unfair practices include, but are not limited to, violations of California Business & Professions Code §§17500, et seq. and California Civil Code § 1750, et seq. and on Defendants' misleading and deceptive advertising representations regarding "regenerative agriculture," "sustainability," and/or "water reduction/conservation," said mis-representations providing no "countervailing benefit" to consumers.
- 48. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of an ascertainable class who share a community of interest pursuant to Business & Professions Code section 17203 and Code of Civil Procedure section 382 and who share a common or general interest in the damages as a result of the illegal and/or unfair practices, in that those individuals on whose behalf the action is brought have also lost money as a result of Defendants' practices, as set forth above, and that it would be impracticable to proceed as an individual plaintiff action.
- 49. Business & Professions Code section 17200 et seq. prohibits any unlawful, unfair, or fraudulent business act or practice.
- 50. Plaintiff's allegations herein are based upon Defendants' institutional business acts and practices.

- 51. Defendants' acts and practices, as described herein above, are unlawful and unfair, in that they violate California law.
- 52. As a direct result of Defendants' unlawful and unfair business acts and practices, Plaintiff and all other class members have been damaged in an amount to be proven. Accordingly, Plaintiff prays for restitution and injunctive damages in an amount to be proven.
- 53. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and on that basis alleges, that Defendants' unlawful and unfair business practices, alleged above, are continuing in nature and are widespread.
- 54. On behalf of the ascertainable class, Plaintiff respectfully requests an injunction against Defendants to enjoin them from continuing to engage in the illegal conduct alleged herein. On behalf of the ascertainable class, Plaintiff respectfully requests restitution damages.
- Plaintiff has incurred and continues to incur legal expenses and attorneys' fees. Plaintiff is presently unaware of the precise amount of these expenses and fees, and prays for leave of court to amend this complaint when the amounts are more fully known.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, seeks judgment against Defendants, as follows:

- a. For an order certifying the Class;
- b. For an order certifying Plaintiff as the representative of the Class and Plaintiff's attorneys as Class Counsel;
- c. For an order declaring the Defendants' conduct violates the statutes and laws referenced herein;
- for an order to correct, destroy, and change all false and misleading labeling and website terms relating to the claims;
- e. For an order finding in favor of Plaintiff, the Class on all counts asserted herein;

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. 1	f.	For compensatory and punitive damages in amounts to be determined;		
2	g.	For prejudgment interest on all amounts awarded;		
3	h.	For an order of restitution, disgorgement of profits, and all other forms of equitable		
4 5		monetary relief;		
6	i.	For injunctive relief as pleaded or as the Court may deem proper; and		
7	j.	For an order awarding Plaintiff, and the Class, their reasonable attorneys' fees and		
8		expenses and costs		
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10	The state of the s			
11	Dated: Augu	ust 28 2022	SHILIWAN & VARCEEL LAW CROUD ARC	
12 13	Dated. Augu	181 20, 2023	SULLIVAN & YAECKEL LAW GROUP, APC	
14			Karoline Kitlowski	
15			Eric K .Yaeckel Ryan T. Kuhn	
16			Karoline D. Kitlowski Plaintiff LIZETTE FISHER, an Individual on behalf	
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