UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF COLORADO

Steve Nichols, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,

1:23-cv-01022

Plaintiff,

- against -

Class Action Complaint

Google LLC,

Defendant

Jury Trial Demanded

Plaintiff alleges upon information and belief, except for allegations about Plaintiff, which are based on personal knowledge:

1. Google LLC ("Defendant") sells the Pixel 4a, Pixel 5, and Pixel 5a mobile phones, advertised as capable of accessing 5G broadband networks ("Products").

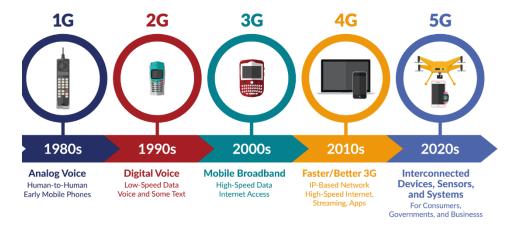


Get to know the Pixel 5a with 5G, arriving on August 26



Introducing Pixel 5a with 5G, the latest A-series Pixel phone from Google with many of the helpful

2. Whereas 4G networks are plagued by congestion, 5G networks allow the public to access the full potential of the internet, whether watching movies, working or taking classes.



- 3. A recent software from Google for the Pixel 4a, Pixel 5, and Pixel 5a removed their ability to access 5G networks.¹
 - 4. These models are similar in that they use Qualcomm's Snapdragon chipsets.
- 5. Experts hypothesized that 5G access was removed due to compatibility issues with "VoNR" or Voice over New Radio technology, even though Google's use of Qualcomm Product Support Tools ("QPST") would have allowed these devices to continue to use 5G networks.
- 6. Observers have noted that newer Pixel models with Google's Tensor chips are unaffected and can still access 5G networks.
- 7. The timing of this update supports those who have criticized technology companies like Google for employing planned obsolescence, a practice banned by some countries.
- 8. This refers to designing products to break quickly or become obsolete in the short to mid-term, to encourage sales of new products and upgrades.
 - 9. Some suggest that Google may have deliberately waited until after its efforts of

¹ Alan Friedman, <u>Three Pixel models lost support for 5G SA networks following the March update</u>, Phone Arena, Mar. 25, 2023.

encouraging users to upgrade to newer Pixel models, despite those users' phones working without issues.

- 10. The only way to restore 5G access on these devices are complicated and not capable of being implemented by the typical user.
- 11. This requires downgrading the firmware, unlocking the SIM card, and manipulating all sorts of internal software code.

Jurisdiction and Venue

- 12. Jurisdiction is based on the Class Action Fairness Act of 2005 ("CAFA"). 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(2).
- 13. The aggregate amount in controversy exceeds \$5 million, including any statutory and punitive damages, exclusive of interest and costs.
 - 14. Plaintiff is a citizen of Colorado.
- 15. Defendant's member, Google North America, Inc., is a citizen of Delaware and California.
- 16. The class of persons Plaintiff seeks to represent includes persons who are citizens of different states from which Defendant is a citizen
- 17. The members of the class Plaintiff seeks to represent are more than 100, because the Products have been sold for several years, with the representations described here, from third-party retailers including network providers like AT&T, Verizon, T-Mobile, electronic stores and websites and directly from Defendant in the States covered by Plaintiff's proposed classes.
- 18. Venue is in this District because Plaintiff resides in this District and a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to these claims occurred here.

Parties

- 19. Plaintiff Steve Nichols is a citizen of Fort Collins, Colorado, Larimer County.
- 20. Defendant Google LLC is a Delaware limited liability company with a principal place of business in Mountain View, California.
- 21. Defendant is a leader in mobile phone technology through its Android operating system ("OS") and its flagship Pixel phones.
- 22. The Pixel series routinely ranks among the best phones in the market, largely due to timely software updates because Google does not have to go through a separate phone manufacturer to deliver them.
- 23. The affected Pixel models cost between \$500 and \$1,000 when first released and were marketed with the ability to access 5G networks.
- 24. According to technology providers, consumers pay more for devices that are capable of accessing faster 5G networks.
- 25. As a result of the false and misleading representations, the Products are sold at a premium price, higher than similar products, represented in a non-misleading way, and higher than they would be sold for absent the misleading representations and omissions.
- 26. Plaintiff purchased the Google Pixel 5 shortly after it was released in or around October 2020 from stores including Verizon, Best Buy and/or Amazon.com for roughly \$700 excluding tax.
- 27. Plaintiff paid more for the Pixel than he would have paid if he knew it would not remain capable of accessing the 5G network.
- 28. Upon installing the operative update from Defendant, Plaintiff's device no longer had 5G service in locations they previously did.

- 29. The network signal regularly displayed an exclamation point "!" instead of bars representing service.
 - 30. Plaintiff contacted his carrier, Verizon, who confirmed the Product was 5G capable.
 - 31. Verizon went through troubleshooting steps and was unable to solve the issue.
 - 32. Verizon confirmed there were no network outages.
 - 33. Plaintiff contacted Google who confirmed the Product was 5G capable.
 - 34. Google asked Plaintiff if he contacted his carrier and he told them he did.
- 35. The representatives from Google asked and guided him through resetting te phone connection settings to see if this would fix the issue which it did not.
- 36. Plaintiff posited the issue was related to the update released in early March and the representative from Google told him network access would not be related to a software update.
- 37. The representative advised Plaintiff that the issues were due to either a faulty SIM card or other hardware problems.
 - 38. Plaintiff was told to bring the device to a specific repair store or send it in to them.
- 39. Plaintiff took the device to a repair store who confirmed his device did not have any hardware issues.
- 40. Plaintiff discovered from researching online that others with these Pixels were having similar issues due to the update issued by Google.
- 41. On March 20th I happened to notice that both of my Google Pixel 5 phones were no longer showing that I had "5G" coverage/cell service. 5G as I used my phones very often as wifi hotspots to log on to my computer for work while on the road.
- 42. Plaintiff believed and expected the Products were and would remain 5G capable based on the labeling, website statements, tags, and/or other representations.

- 43. Plaintiff sought to purchase a phone capable of accessing 5G networks because he relies on his phone for work and spends a lot of time driving.
 - 44. Plaintiff bought the Products at or exceeding the above-referenced price.
- 45. Plaintiff paid more for the Products than he would have had he known they would not remain 5G capable throughout their usable life.
- 46. Plaintiff chose between Defendant's Products and products represented similarly, but which did not misrepresent their attributes, requirements, features, and/or components.
- 47. The Products were worth less than what Plaintiff paid, and he would not have paid as much absent Defendant's false and misleading statements and omissions.
- 48. Plaintiff intends to, seeks to, and will purchase the Products again when he can do so with the assurance their representations are consistent with their abilities, attributes, and/or composition.
- 49. Plaintiff is unable to rely on the labeling and representations not only of these Products, but other similar mobile phones represented as 5G capable, because he is unsure whether those representations are truthful.
- 50. If Defendant's labeling and representations were to be truthful, Plaintiff could rely on the labeling of other similar mobile phones represented as 5G capable.

Class Allegations

51. Plaintiff seeks certification under Fed. R. Civ. P. 23 of the following classes:

Colorado Class: All persons in the State of Colorado who purchased the Products during the statutes of limitations for each cause of action alleged; and

Consumer Fraud Multi-State Class: All persons in Iowa, Idaho, Montana, Wyoming, Utah, South Carolina, Mississippi, Arkansas and Arizona who purchased the Products during the statutes of limitations for each cause of action alleged.

- 52. Common questions of issues, law, and fact predominate and include whether Defendant's representations were and are misleading and if Plaintiff and class members are entitled to damages.
- 53. Plaintiff's claims and basis for relief are typical to other members because all were subjected to the same unfair, misleading, and deceptive representations, omissions, and actions.
- 54. Plaintiff is an adequate representative because his interests do not conflict with other members.
- 55. No individual inquiry is necessary since the focus is only on Defendant's practices and the class is definable and ascertainable.
- 56. Individual actions would risk inconsistent results, be repetitive and are impractical to justify, as the claims are modest relative to the scope of the harm.
- 57. Plaintiff's counsel is competent and experienced in complex class action litigation and intends to protect class members' interests adequately and fairly.
 - 58. Plaintiff seeks class-wide injunctive relief because the practices continue.

Colorado Consumer Protection Act, Colo. Rev. Stats. §§ 6-1-101, et seq., ("CCPA"), (Colorado Class)

- 59. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all preceding paragraphs.
- 60. Plaintiff believed the device he bought was capable of accessing 5G networks because that was how it was advertised to him.
- 61. Plaintiff and class members would not have purchased the Products or paid as much if the true facts had been known, suffering damages.

<u>Violation of State Consumer Fraud Acts</u> (Consumer Fraud Multi-State Class)

62. The Consumer Fraud Acts of the States in the Consumer Fraud Multi-State Class are

similar to the consumer protection statute invoked by Plaintiff and prohibit the use of unfair or deceptive business practices in the conduct of commerce.

- 63. The members of the Consumer Fraud Multi-State Class reserve their rights to assert their consumer protection claims under the Consumer Fraud Acts of the States they represent, Wisconsin and/or the consumer protection statute invoked by Plaintiff.
- 64. Defendant intended that members of the Consumer Fraud Multi-State Class would rely upon its deceptive conduct.
- 65. As a result of Defendant's use of artifice, and unfair or deceptive acts or business practices, the members of the Consumer Fraud Multi-State Class sustained damages.

Breach of Contract

- 66. Plaintiff and Defendant entered into a contract for the sale of the Product.
- 67. The terms included 5G capability throughout the usable life of the device.
- 68. Plaintiff paid money for the Product, which Defendant received.
- 69. Defendant breached the contract because the Products are no longer capable of accessing 5G networks.

Breaches of Express Warranty. Implied Warranty of Merchantability/Fitness for a Particular Purpose and Magnuson Moss Warranty Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 2301, et seq.

- 70. The Products were manufactured, identified, marketed, and sold by Defendant and expressly and impliedly warranted to Plaintiff and class members that they were capable of accessing 5G networks.
- 71. Defendant directly marketed the Products to Plaintiff and consumers through its advertisements and marketing, through various forms of media, on the packaging, in print circulars, direct mail, its website and targeted digital advertising.

- 72. Defendant knew the product attributes that potential customers like Plaintiff were seeking and developed its marketing and labeling to directly meet those needs and desires.
- 73. Defendant's representations about the Products were conveyed in writing and promised it would be defect-free, and Plaintiff understood this meant they were capable of accessing 5G networks.
- 74. Defendant's representations affirmed and promised that the Products were capable of accessing 5G networks.
- 75. Defendant described the Products so Plaintiff and consumers believed they were capable of accessing 5G networks, which became part of the basis of the bargain that it would conform to its affirmations and promises.
- 76. Defendant had a duty to disclose and/or provide non-deceptive descriptions and marketing of the Products.
- 77. This duty is based on Defendant's outsized role in the market for these types of Products, a leader in mobile phone technology.
 - 78. Plaintiff recently became aware of Defendant's breach of the Products' warranties.
- 79. Plaintiff provided notice to Defendant, its agents, representatives, retailers, and their employees that it breached the express and implied warranties associated with the Products.
- 80. Defendant received notice and should have been aware of these issues due to complaints by third-parties, including regulators, competitors, and consumers, to its main offices, and by consumers through online forums.
- 81. The Products did not conform to their affirmations of fact and promises due to Defendant's actions.
 - 82. The Products were not merchantable because they were not fit to pass in the trade as

advertised, not fit for the ordinary purpose for which it was intended and did not conform to the promises or affirmations of fact made on the packaging, container or label, because they were marketed as if were capable of accessing 5G networks.

- 83. The Products were not merchantable because Defendant had reason to know the particular purpose for which they were bought by Plaintiff and class members, to access the internet and make calls over 5G networks, and they relied on Defendant's skill and judgment to select or furnish such a suitable product.
- 84. Plaintiff and class members would not have purchased the Products or paid as much if the true facts had been known, suffering damages.

Negligent Misrepresentation

- 85. Defendant had a duty to truthfully represent the Products, which it breached.
- 86. This duty was non-delegable, and based on Defendant's position, holding itself out as having special knowledge and experience in this area, a leading seller of mobile phones and technology services.
- 87. Defendant's representations and omissions regarding the Products went beyond the specific representations on the labeling, website and/or packaging, as they incorporated the extra-labeling promises and commitments to quality, transparency and putting customers first, that it has been known for.
- 88. These promises were outside of the standard representations that other companies may make in a standard arms-length, retail context.
- 89. The representations took advantage of consumers' cognitive shortcuts made at the point-of-sale and their trust in Defendant.
 - 90. Plaintiff and class members reasonably and justifiably relied on these negligent

misrepresentations and omissions, which served to induce and did induce, their purchase of the Products.

91. Plaintiff and class members would not have purchased the Products or paid as much if the true facts had been known, suffering damages.

Fraud

- 92. Defendant misrepresented and/or omitted the attributes and qualities of the Products, that they were capable of accessing 5G networks.
- 93. Moreover, the records Defendant is required to maintain, and/or the information inconspicuously disclosed to consumers, provided it with actual and constructive knowledge of the falsity and deception, through statements and omissions.

Unjust Enrichment

94. Defendant obtained benefits and monies because the Products were not as represented and expected, to the detriment and impoverishment of Plaintiff and class members, who seek restitution and disgorgement of inequitably obtained profits.

Jury Demand and Prayer for Relief

Plaintiff demands a jury trial on all issues.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment:

- 1. Declaring this a proper class action, certifying Plaintiff as representative and the undersigned as counsel for the class;
- Injunctive relief to remove, correct and/or refrain from the challenged practices and representations;
- 3. Monetary damages, statutory and/or punitive damages pursuant to statutory claims and interest pursuant to the common law;
- 4. Costs and expenses, including reasonable fees for Plaintiff's attorneys and experts; and

5. Other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

Dated: April 22, 2023

Respectfully submitted,

/s/Spencer Sheehan

Sheehan & Associates, P.C. 60 Cuttermill Rd Ste 412 Great Neck NY 11021 (516) 268-7080 spencer@spencersheehan.com JS 44 (Rev. 04/21)

RECEIPT #

AMOUNT

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil decket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT BACK OF THIS FORM.)

purpose of initiating the civil de	ocket sheet. (SEE INSTRUC	TIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF	F THIS FORM.)				
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS Steve Nichols, indivisimilarly situated	idually and on b	oehalf of all otl	hers Google LI				
(b) County of Residence of (E)	County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.						
			THE	TRACT O	F LAND INVOLVED.		
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Associates, P. 11021-3104 (516) 268-70	C., 60 Cuttermill Rd		Attorneys (If K	(nown)			
II. BASIS OF JURISDI	ICTION (Place an "X" in	One Box Only)	III. CITIZENSHIP ((For Diversity Cases		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintifi and One Box for Defendant)	
☐ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	•		Citizen of This State	PTF ☑ 1		PTF DEF incipal Place □ 4 □ 4	
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	· ·		Citizen of Another State	□ 2	☑ 2 Incorporated and F of Business In A		
	_		Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	□ 3	☐ 3 Foreign Nation	□ 6 □ 6	
IV. NATURE OF SUIT					lick here for: Nature of S	•	
CONTRACT □ 110 Insurance □ 120 Marine □ 130 Miller Act	PERSONAL INJURY ☐ 310 Airplane ☐ 315 Airplane Product	PERSONAL INJURY 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability	FORFEITURE/PENA G = 625 Drug Related Seizu of Property 21 USC = 690 Other	ıre 🗆	BANKRUPTCY 1 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 1 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157	OTHER STATUTES □ 375 False Claims Act □ 376 Qui Tam (31 USC 3729(a))	
 □ 140 Negotiable Instrument □ 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment □ 151 Medicare Act □ 152 Recovery of Defaulted 	☐ 330 Federal Employers' Liability	□ 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability □ 368 Asbestos Personal				□ 400 State Reapportionment □ 410 Antitrust □ 430 Banks and Banking □ 450 Commerce □ 460 Deportation	
Student Loans (Excludes Veterans)	☐ 340 Marine ☐ 345 Marine Product	Injury Product Liability			New Drug Application	☐ 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations	
☐ 153 Recovery of Overpayment	Liability	PERSONAL PROPER	TY LABOR			☐ 480 Consumer Credit	
of Veteran's Benefits	☐ 350 Motor Vehicle	☑ 370 Other Fraud	☐ 710 Fair Labor Standard	ds	3 880 Defend Trade Secrets Act of 2016	(15 USC 1681 or 1692)	
☐ 160 Stockholders' Suits ☐ 190 Other Contract	☐ 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability	☐ 371 Truth in Lending☐ 380 Other Personal	Act ☐ 720 Labor/Management	t	COCIAL SECURITY	☐ 485 Telephone Consumer Protection Act	
☐ 195 Contract Product Liability	☐ 360 Other Personal	Property Damage	Relations	-	SOCIAL SECURITY 861 HIA (1395ff)	□ 490 Cable/Sat TV	
☐ 196 Franchise	Injury ☐ 362 Personal Injury -	☐ 385 Property Damage Product Liability	☐ 740 Railway Labor Act☐ 751 Family and Medica		862 Black Lung (923)	□ 850 Securities/Commodities/ Exchange	
	Medical Malpractice	Troduct Emonity	Leave Act	. [(E	☐ 890 Other Statutory Actions	
REAL PROPERTY	CIVIL RIGHTS	PRISONER PETITION		tion		□ 891 Agricultural Acts	
 □ 210 Land Condemnation □ 220 Foreclosure □ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment □ 240 Torts to Land □ 245 Tort Product Liability 	☐ 440 Other Civil Rights ☐ 441 Voting ☐ 442 Employment ☐ 443 Housing/ Accommodations	Habeas Corpus: ☐ 463 Alien Detainee ☐ 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence ☐ 530 General		ent et =	FEDERAL TAX S UITS 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) 871 IRS—Third Party	□ 893 Environmental Matters □ 895 Freedom of Information Act □ 896 Arbitration □ 899 Administrative Procedure	
□ 290 All Other Real Property	□ 445 Amer. w/Disabilities- Employment □ 446 Amer. w/Disabilities- Other □ 448 Education	□ 535 Death Penalty Other: □ 540 Mandamus & Othe □ 550 Civil Rights □ 555 Prison Condition □ 560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of Confinement	IMMIGRATION ☐ 462 Naturalization Appl ☐ 465 Other Immigration Actions	lication	26 USC 7609	Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes	
- <i>C</i>	n One Box Only) moved from 3 tte Court	Remanded from Appellate Court	Reopened A	Transferre Another I			
VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO	28 U.S.C. § 1332		re filing (Do not cite jurisdiction	onal statut	es unless diversity):		
vi. chest of heri	Brief description of c	ause:					
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	false advertising ☑ CHECK IF THIS UNDER RULE 2	S IS A CLASS ACTION 23, F.R.Cv.P.	DEMAND \$		CHECK YES only i	if demanded in complaint: ☑ Yes □ No	
VIII. RELATED CASE IF ANY	(See instructions):	JUDGE			DOCKET NUMBER		
DATE	SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD						
April 22,	, 2023			/s/Spend	er Sheehan		
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY							

APPLYING IFP

JUDGE

MAG. JUDGE

United States District Court

for the District of Colorado

Steve Nichols, individually others similarly situated,	and on behalf of all)	
Plaintiff(s)		
V.)	Civil Action No. 1:23-cv-01022
٧.)	CIVII / ICHOIL 140. 1.25 CV 01022
Google LLC,)))	
D.C. 1. ()	
Defendant(s)	
	SUMMONS IN A	CIVIL ACTION
To: (Defendant's name and address)	Google LLC	
	c/o Corporation Service C 251 Little Falls Dr Wilmington, DE 19808	Company
A lawsuit has been filed	l against you.	
are the United States or a United P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must sthe Federal Rules of Civil Process whose name and address are:	d States agency, or an officer serve on the plaintiff an answedure. The answer or motion	(not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. er to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, C., 60 Cuttermill Rd Ste 412 Great Neck NY 11021-
If you fail to respond, ju You also must file your answer		tered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint.
		CLERK OF COURT
_		
Date:	<u> </u>	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No. 1:23-cv-01022

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

	This summons for (nar	me of individual and title, if any)							
was re	ceived by me on (date)	·							
	☐ I personally served	the summons on the individual	at (place)						
			on (date)						
	☐ I left the summons	☐ I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with (name)							
		sides ther	e,						
	on (date)	, and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or							
	☐ I served the summo	ons on (name of individual)			, who is				
	designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of (name of organization)								
			on (date)	; or					
	☐ I returned the summ	mons unexecuted because			; or				
	☐ Other (<i>specify</i>):								
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$						
	I declare under penalt	y of perjury that this information	n is true.						
Date:									
			Server's signature						
			Printed name and title						
			Server's address						

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc: