UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

John Solak, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

3:22-cv-1357 (BKS/ML)

- against -

Class Action Complaint

Prestige Consumer Healthcare Inc.,

Defendant

Jury Trial Demanded

Plaintiff alleges upon information and belief, except for allegations about Plaintiff, which are based on personal knowledge:

1. Prestige Consumer Healthcare Inc. ("Defendant") manufactures, labels, markets and sells "Wild Cherry" pectin lozenges shown with two cherries and a cherry leaf under the Luden's brand ("Product").



2. Flavoring in over-the-counter ("OTC") drug products like demulcents is important

to consumers even though it does not affect their therapeutic qualities.

3. While OTC products are not required to designate the source of their flavor in the

same way as food, both are required to refrain from false and misleading representations.

4. According to research by Mintel, consumers have a hierarchy in their preferences for

the source of a product's taste.

5. First is when a product's taste comes from its highlighted ingredient, such as cherry

oil or cherry extract from cherries.

6. The second and third options are natural flavors from cherry and other natural sources

and artificial flavors from non-natural sources.

7. Surveys by Nielsen indicate that between sixty and eighty percent of consumers try

and avoid artificial flavors, which is why the trade journal Perfumer & Flavorist, described "The

Future of Artificial Flavors" as bleak.

8. The reasons expressed include their use of chemical compounds, believed to have

negative health and environmental effects.

9. Avoiding artificial flavoring in OTC products is more important than in foods

because the former are used when addressing medical conditions.

10. By describing the lozenges as "Wild Cherry" above two ripe picked cherries,

consumers will expect its taste comes from cherry ingredients and lacks artificial cherry flavoring.

11. However, the ingredient list reveals the absence of cherry ingredients, with the cherry

taste coming from "flavor [and] malic acid."

Inactive ingredients ascorbic acid, citric acid, corn syrup, FD&C blue no. 2, FD&C red no. 40, flavor, malic acid, sodium acetate, sodium chloride, soybean oil, sucrose, water

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- 12. Based on laboratory and/or other analysis and information, the malic acid and/or flavor are from artificial sources, and impart a cherry taste to the pectin lozenges.
- 13. As a result of the false and misleading representations, the Product is sold at a premium price, approximately no less than \$2.59 for 30 lozenges, excluding tax and sales.

Jurisdiction and Venue

- 14. Jurisdiction is based on the Class Action Fairness Act of 2005 ("CAFA"). 28 U.S.C.§ 1332(d)(2).
- 15. The aggregate amount in controversy exceeds \$5 million, including any statutory and punitive damages, exclusive of interest and costs.
 - 16. Plaintiff is a citizen of New York.
- 17. Defendant is citizen of Delaware and New York because it is a Delaware corporation with a principal place of business in Westchester County, New York.
- 18. The class of persons Plaintiff seeks to represent includes persons who are citizens of different states from which Defendant is a citizen.
- 19. The members of the class Plaintiff seeks to represent are more than 100, because the Product is sold with the representations described here in grocery stores, drug stores, convenience stores, big box stores, and online, in the States Plaintiff seeks to represent.
- 20. Venue is in this District because a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to these claims occurred in Broome County, including Plaintiff's purchase, reliance on the identified statements, and subsequent awareness these were false and misleading.

Parties

- 21. Plaintiff John Solak is a citizen of Binghamton, Broome County, New York.
- 22. Defendant Prestige Consumer Healthcare Inc. is a Delaware corporation with a principal place of business in Tarrytown, Westchester County, New York.
 - 23. The Luden's brand of lozenges is one of the oldest in the world.
- 24. According to some, Luden's invented the lozenge category, and has built up goodwill and recognition.
- 25. Plaintiff purchased the Product at stores including CVS in Binghamton between 2020 and 2022, and/or among other times.
- 26. Plaintiff saw the two cherries and read "Wild Cherry" and believed the cherry taste was from cherry ingredients, not from artificial flavoring ingredients with no connection to cherries.
 - 27. Plaintiff bought the Product at or exceeding the above-referenced price.
- 28. Plaintiff paid more for the Product than he would have had he known the wild cherry flavor was from artificial flavors from non-cherry sources, or would not have purchased it.
- 29. The value of the Product that Plaintiff purchased was materially less than its value as represented by Defendant.
- 30. Plaintiff chose between Defendant's Product and products represented similarly, but which did not misrepresent their attributes, features, and/or components.

Class Allegations

31. Plaintiff seeks certification under Fed. R. Civ. P. 23 of the following classes:

New York Class: All persons in the State of New York who purchased the Product during the statutes of limitations for each cause of action alleged; and

Consumer Fraud Multi-State Class: All persons in

the States of Texas, North Dakota, Wyoming, Idaho, Alaska, Iowa, Mississippi, Virginia, Arkansas, South Carolina, and Utah who purchased the Product during the statutes of limitations for each cause of action alleged.

- 32. Common questions of issues, law, and fact predominate and include whether Defendant's representations were and are misleading and if Plaintiff and class members are entitled to damages.
- 33. Plaintiff's claims and basis for relief are typical to other members because all were subjected to the same unfair, misleading, and deceptive representations, omissions, and actions.
- 34. Plaintiff is an adequate representative because his interests do not conflict with other members.
- 35. No individual inquiry is necessary since the focus is only on Defendant's practices and the class is definable and ascertainable.
- 36. Individual actions would risk inconsistent results, be repetitive and are impractical to justify, as the claims are modest relative to the scope of the harm.
- 37. Plaintiff's counsel is competent and experienced in complex class action litigation and intends to protect class members' interests adequately and fairly.

New York General Business Law ("GBL") §§ 349 and 350

- 38. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all preceding paragraphs.
- 39. Plaintiff saw and relied on the label and believed the cherry taste was from cherry ingredients, not from artificial flavoring ingredients with no connection to cherries.
- 40. Plaintiff would not have purchased the Product or paid as much if the true facts had been known, suffering damages.

<u>Violation of State Consumer Fraud Acts</u> (Consumer Fraud Multi-State Class)

- 41. The Consumer Fraud Acts of the States in the Consumer Fraud Multi-State Class are similar to the consumer protection statute invoked by Plaintiff and prohibit the use of unfair or deceptive business practices in the conduct of commerce.
- 42. The members of the Consumer Fraud Multi-State Class reserve their rights to assert their consumer protection claims under the Consumer Fraud Acts of the States they represent and/or the consumer protection statute invoked by Plaintiff.
- 43. Defendant intended that members of the Consumer Fraud Multi-State Class would rely upon its deceptive conduct, which they did, suffering damages.

Breaches of Express Warranty, Implied Warranty of Merchantability/Fitness for a Particular Purpose and Magnuson Moss Warranty Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 2301, et seq.

- 44. The Product was manufactured, identified, marketed, and sold by Defendant and expressly and impliedly warranted to Plaintiff that the cherry taste was from cherry ingredients, not from artificial flavoring ingredients with no connection to cherries.
- 45. Defendant directly marketed the Product to Plaintiff through its advertisements and marketing, through various forms of media, on the packaging, in print circulars, direct mail, product descriptions, and targeted digital advertising.
- 46. Defendant knew the product attributes that potential customers like Plaintiff were seeking and developed its marketing and labeling to directly meet their needs and desires.
- 47. The representations about the Product were conveyed in writing and promised it would be defect-free, and Plaintiff understood this meant the cherry taste was from cherry ingredients, not from artificial flavoring ingredients with no connection to cherries.

- 48. Defendant's representations affirmed and promised that the cherry taste was from cherry ingredients, not from artificial flavoring ingredients with no connection to cherries.
- 49. Defendant described the Product so Plaintiff believed the cherry taste was from cherry ingredients, not from artificial flavoring ingredients with no connection to cherries, which became part of the basis of the bargain that it would conform to its affirmations and promises.
- 50. Defendant had a duty to disclose and/or provide non-deceptive descriptions and marketing of the Product.
- 51. This duty is based on Defendant's outsized role in the market for this type of Product, the recognized Luden's brand.
 - 52. Plaintiff recently became aware of Defendant's breach of the Product's warranties.
- 53. Plaintiff provided or provides notice to Defendant, its agents, representatives, retailers, and their employees that it breached the Product's warranties.
- 54. Defendant received notice and should have been aware of these issues due to complaints by third-parties, including regulators, competitors, and consumers, to its main offices, and by consumers through online forums.
- 55. The Product did not conform to its affirmations of fact and promises due to Defendant's actions.
- 56. The Product was not merchantable because it was not fit to pass in the trade as advertised, not fit for the ordinary purpose for which it was intended and did not conform to the promises or affirmations of fact made on the packaging, container, or label, because it was marketed as if the cherry taste was from cherry ingredients, not from artificial flavoring ingredients with no connection to cherries.
 - 57. The Product was not merchantable because Defendant had reason to know the

particular purpose for which the Product was bought by Plaintiff, because he expected the cherry

taste was from cherry ingredients, not from artificial flavoring ingredients with no connection to

cherries, and he relied on its skill and judgment to select or furnish such a suitable product.

Fraud

58. Defendant misrepresented and/or omitted the attributes and qualities of the Product,

that its cherry taste was from cherry ingredients, not from artificial flavoring ingredients with no

connection to cherries.

59. Defendant was aware of studies and reports showing that consumers prefer when the

source of flavoring comes from the highlighted ingredient and avoid artificial flavoring.

Unjust Enrichment

60. Defendant obtained benefits and monies because the Product was not as represented

and expected, to the detriment and impoverishment of Plaintiff and class members, who seek

restitution and disgorgement of inequitably obtained profits.

Jury Demand and Prayer for Relief

Plaintiff demands a jury trial on all issues.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment:

1. Declaring this a proper class action, certifying Plaintiff as representative and the

undersigned as counsel for the class;

2. Awarding monetary, statutory and/or punitive damages and interest;

3. Awarding costs and expenses, including reasonable fees for Plaintiff's attorneys and

experts; and

4. Other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

Dated: December 16, 2022

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Spencer Sheehan
Sheehan & Associates, P.C. 60 Cuttermill Rd Ste 412 Great Neck NY 11021 (516) 268-7080 spencer@spencersheehan.com

JS 44 (Rev. 04/21) Case 3:22-cv-01357-BKSVIL COVERNSHEEFIED 12/16/22/22 and 35 of 1

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

| purpose of initiating the civil de | ocket sheet. (SEE INSTRUC | | F THIS F | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | |
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| I. (a) PLAINTIFFS John Solak, individually and on behalf of all others simil situated | | | | arly DEFENDANTS Prestige Consumer Healthcare Inc. | | | |
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| (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED. | | | | | | | |
| | | | | (c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Associates, P. 11021 (516) 268-7080 | Address, and Telephone Number C., 60 Cuttermill Rd | er) Ste 412 Great Neck | NY |
| II. BASIS OF JURISDI | ICTION (Place an "X" in | One Box Only) | III. C | | | (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintif | |
| ☐ 1 U.S. Government | ☐ 3 Federal Question | | | (For Diversity Cases Only) | PTF DEF | and One Box for Defendant) PTF DEF | |
| Plaintiff | (U.S. Government Not a Party) | | Citiz | | ☐ 1 Incorporated or Pr of Business In | rincipal Place 4 4 4 | |
| ☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | Citiz | zen of Another State | 2 | | |
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| ☐ 110 Insurance ☐ 120 Marine | PERSONAL INJURY | PERSONAL INJURY ☐ 365 Personal Injury - | Y □ 6 | 25 Drug Related Seizure | □ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 □ 423 Withdrawal | ☐ 375 False Claims Act☐ 376 Qui Tam (31 USC | |
| ☐ 130 Miller Act | ☐ 310 Airplane ☐ 315 Airplane Product | Product Liability | □ 6 | of Property 21 USC 881 90 Other | 28 USC 157 | 3729(a)) | |
| ☐ 140 Negotiable Instrument | Liability | ☐ 367 Health Care/ | | | INTELLECTUAL | ☐ 400 State Reapportionment | |
| ☐ 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment | ☐ 320 Assault, Libel & Slander | Pharmaceutical Personal Injury | | | PROPERTY RIGHTS | ☐ 410 Antitrust ☐ 430 Banks and Banking | |
| ☐ 151 Medicare Act | ☐ 330 Federal Employers' | Product Liability | | | □ 820 Copyrights | ☐ 450 Commerce | |
| ☐ 152 Recovery of Defaulted | Liability | ☐ 368 Asbestos Personal | | | □ 830 Patent□ 835 Patent-Abbreviated | ☐ 460 Deportation | |
| Student Loans (Excludes Veterans) | ☐ 340 Marine ☐ 345 Marine Product | Injury Product Liability | | | New Drug Application | ☐ 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations | |
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| of Veteran's Benefits | ☐ 350 Motor Vehicle | | □ 7 | 10 Fair Labor Standards | ■ 880 Defend Trade Secrets Act of 2016 | (15 USC 1681 or 1692) | |
| ☐ 160 Stockholders' Suits ☐ 190 Other Contract | ☐ 355 Motor Vehicle | ☐ 371 Truth in Lending☐ 380 Other Personal | | Act | 7101 01 2010 | 485 Telephone Consumer Protection Act | |
| ☐ 195 Contract Product Liability | Product Liability ☐ 360 Other Personal | Property Damage | L / | 20 Labor/Management Relations | SOCIAL SECURITY | ■ 490 Cable/Sat TV | |
| ☐ 196 Franchise | Injury | ☐ 385 Property Damage | □ 7 | 40 Railway Labor Act | □ 861 HIA (1395ff) □ 862 Black Lung (923) | □ 850 Securities/Commodities/ | |
| | ☐ 362 Personal Injury - | Product Liability | □ 7 | 51 Family and Medical | ☐ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) | Exchange | |
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| ☐ 210 Land Condemnation | ☐ 440 Other Civil Rights | Habeas Corpus: | | 91 Employee Retirement | □ 865 RSI (405(g)) | □ 893 Environmental Matters | |
| ☐ 220 Foreclosure | ☐ 441 Voting | ☐ 463 Alien Detainee | | Income Security Act | FEDERAL TAX S UITS | 895 Freedom of Information | |
| ☐ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment | ☐ 442 Employment | ☐ 510 Motions to Vacate | : | | ☐ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff | Act □ 896 Arbitration | |
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| ☐ 290 All Other Real Property | ☐ 445 Amer. w/Disabilities- | ☐ 535 Death Penalty | | IMMIGRATION | □ 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609 | Act/Review or Appeal of | |
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| | ☐ 446 Amer. w/Disabilities- Other | □ 540 Mandamus & Othe□ 550 Civil Rights | er 📙 4 | 65 Other Immigration Actions | | State Statutes | |
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| V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" is | n One Box Only) | | | | | | |
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| VII. REQUESTED IN | | S IS A CLASS ACTION | J T | DEMAND \$ | CHECK YES only | if demanded in complaint: | |
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| VIII. RELATED CASE IF ANY | E(S) (See instructions): | | | | | | |
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| | MOUNT \$402.00 | APPLYING IFP | | JUDGE | BKS MAG. JU | DGE ML | |

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