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9	Counsel for Laurie Braaten and the Proposed Class								
10	(additional counsel on signature page)								
11									
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14									
15	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA								
16	SAN JOSE DIVISION								
17	I D 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Com No. 22 4961							
18	Laurie Braaten, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,	Case No. 22-cv-4861							
19	Plaintiff,								
20	- against -	Class Action Complaint							
21	-	Class rection Complaint							
22	Apple Inc.,								
23	Defendant	Jury Trial Demanded							
24									
25									
26									
27									
28									
	1	COMPLANT							
	CLASS ACTION	COMPLAINT							

Plaintiff Laurie Braaten ("Plaintiff"), by her attorneys, alleges upon information and belief, except for allegations pertaining to Plaintiff, which are based on personal knowledge:

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

1. Apple Inc. ("Defendant") manufactures, distributes, markets, labels, and sells the Apple Watch SE smart watch ("Product") that Defendant represents to be "Swimproof":



Apple Watch SE

Starting at \$279

44mm or 40mm

Swimproof¹

Apple Watch SE

Starting at \$279

44mm or 40mm

Swimproof¹

2. Unfortunately for consumers, as detailed below, the Product is not Swimproof as advertised.

I. THE IMPORTANCE OF WATER RESISTANCE FEATURES

- 3. Consumers have been increasingly concerned about protecting their smart watches from water damage.
- 4. For example, according to reports, the number of smart watches offering resistance against damage from water and other liquids has grown significantly since these devices were first introduced several years ago, while non-water-resistant smart watches have declined.
- 5. Consumers demand water resistant features because there are significant repair and replacement costs when a non-water-resistant smart watch is damaged or destroyed.
- 6. The costs are significant to users, who must repair or replace expensive smart watches, and to the environment, when a device is discarded.

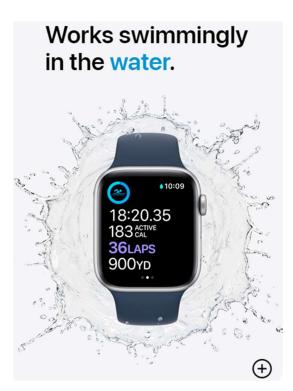
7.

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- 22. Since then, only the term "water-resistant" has been used to describe electrical devices and the water resistance test standards set forth by the ISO.
- 23. The replacement of the term "waterproof" with the term "water-resistant" by the ISO, however, has not changed the reasonable consumers' belief that the terms are synonymous.
- 24. Defendant takes advantage of reasonable consumers' inability to distinguish between the two terms through marketing practices that superimpose the term "water-resistant" against a backdrop of visuals and statements that imply the Product is waterproof.
- 25. Defendant attempts to substantiate its "water-resistance" claims, and disclaim any perceived "waterproof" claim, by referencing an ISO Standard that does not provide information relevant to the real-world use of the Product by consumers.

II. DEFENDANT PROMOTES THE WATER-RESISTANT FEATURES OF THE PRODUCT

- 26. Defendant's advertising and marketing of the Product emphasizes its water resistance.
- 27. Defendant displays the Product surrounded by a splash of water, stating "Works swimmingly in the water," with "water" written in blue text.



1	28. When the "+" in the lower right corner is clicked, Defendant further provides that
2	the Product is "water resistant 50 meters."
3	Works swimmingly in the water.
4	Apple Watch SE is water resistant 50
5	meters. ² Dive right in and start tracking your splits and sets in the pool, or even
6	map your route in open water.
7	Works swimmingly in the water.
9	Apple Watch SE is water resistant 50 meters. ² Dive right in and start tracking your splits and sets
0	in the pool, or even map your route in open water. 29. Viewing footnote 2 provides further information regarding the water resistance.
1	which is WR50 under ISO standard 22810:2010.
.3	2. Apple Watch Series 7, Apple Watch SE, and Apple Watch Series 3 have a water resistance rating of 50 meters under ISO standard 22810:2010. This means that they may be used for shallow-water activities like swimming in a pool or ocean. However, they should not be used for scuba diving, waterskiing, or other activities involving high-velocity water or submersion below shallow depth. Series 7 is also rated IP6x dust resistant.
.5	2. Apple Watch Series 7, Apple Watch SE, and Apple Watch Series 3 have a water resistance rating of 50 meters under ISO standard 22810:2010. This means that they may be used for shallow-water activities like swimming in a pool or ocean. However, they should not be used for scuba diving, waterskiing, or other activities involving high-velocity water or submersion below shallow depth. Series 7 is also rated IP6x dust resistant.
8	30. A water resistance rating of 50 meters (WR50) means that the Product will be water-
9	resistant enough to withstand shallow-water activities, such as swimming in an ocean or pool, but
20	not enough to withstand high-velocity water activities like scuba diving or waterskiing.
21	31. The Product is also advertised as able to track swimming activity and map swimming
22	routes.
23	Works swimmingly in the water.
24	Apple Watch SE is water resistant 50
25	meters. ² Dive right in and start tracking your splits and sets in the pool, or even
26	map your route in open water.
27 28	Works swimmingly in the water.
.o	Apple Watch SE is water resistant 50 meters. ²

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Dive right in and start tracking your splits and sets in the pool, or even map your route in open water.

> Apple Watch SE From \$279

> > Buy

Learn more >

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32. Defendant further emphasizes that the Product is "swimproof," placing this

representation towards the top of the abbreviated Product summary.

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44mm or 40mm

Swimproof²

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III. THE PRODUCT FAILS TO MEET THE PROMISED WATER-RESISTANT, **SWIMPROOF ABILITIES**

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33. Despite using an image of the device in water and using marketing language like "works swimmingly in the water" and "swimproof," the Product is not water-resistant as understood by Plaintiff and consumers, and routinely fails in brief encounters with water.

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A. ISO STANDARD AND TESTING

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34. ISO standard 22810:2010 provides information on testing conditions.

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35. Before any testing is done, the operative watch components are actuated and then reset to their normal position.

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36. Throughout the testing, which includes a condensation test, water resistance tests by immersion, and a water-resistant test by air pressure, the ambient and water temperatures are held equal to each other, maintained between 18 °C and 25 °C (64.4 °F and 77 °F).

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37. The ISO Standard is not intended for smart watches, does not apply to real world use conditions of smart watches, and is not understood by most consumers, including Plaintiff.

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38. First, the ISO tests watches when they are brand new, a condition that will almost never be met in the real world.

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39. In real-world conditions, the user will not have their smart watch subjected to potential water damage immediately after they open it.

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40. In real-world conditions, the Product will not be immersed in purified, fresh water.

For example, one lab may rate a smart watch as "water-resistant" as long as a short

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53.

1 circuit does not occur, and yet accept the fact that there was a reduction of acoustic performance. 54. 2 When consumers buy a smart watch billed as water-resistant, they expect it will be 3 reliable in most situations that involve water, including but not limited to washing dishes, exercising, and various forms of accidental "dunks" in a sink, toilet, or pool. 4 5 55. Despite consumers expectations to the contrary based upon Defendant's marketing, an Apple Support article on Defendant's website notes that the Products may not, in fact, be water-6 7 resistant: 8 Showering with Apple Watch Series 2 and 9 Showering with Apple Watch Series 2 and newer is ok, newer is ok, but we recommend not exposing but we recommend not exposing Apple Watch to soaps, Apple Watch to soaps, shampoos, conditioners, 10 shampoos, conditioners, lotions, and perfumes as they lotions, and perfumes as they can negatively can negatively affect water seals and acoustic affect water seals and acoustic membranes. 11 membranes. Apple Watch should be cleaned with fresh Apple Watch should be cleaned with fresh water water and dried with a lint free-cloth if it comes in 12 and dried with a lint free-cloth if it comes in contact with anything other than fresh water. contact with anything other than fresh water. 13 14 Water resistance isn't a permanent 15 Water resistance isn't a permanent condition and may condition and may diminish over time. diminish over time. Apple Watch can't be rechecked or 16 Apple Watch can't be rechecked or resealed for water resistance. The following may affect resealed for water resistance. The 17 the water resistance of your Apple Watch and should following may affect the water be avoided: resistance of your Apple Watch and 18 · Dropping Apple Watch or subjecting it to other should be avoided: impacts. 19 Dropping Apple Watch or · Exposing Apple Watch to soap or soapy water (for subjecting it to other impacts. 20 example, while showering or bathing). Exposing Apple Watch to soap or soapy water (for example, while · Exposing Apple Watch to perfume, solvents, 21 showering or bathing). detergent, acids or acidic foods, insect repellent, lotions, sunscreen, oil, or hair dye. Exposing Apple Watch to perfume, 22 solvents, detergent, acids or acidic · Exposing Apple Watch to high-velocity water (for 23 foods, insect repellent, lotions, example, while water skiing). sunscreen, oil, or hair dye. · Wearing Apple Watch in the sauna or steam room. 24 Exposing Apple Watch to highvelocity water (for example, while 25 water skiing). Wearing Apple Watch in the sauna 26 or steam room. 27 56. Plus, not all Product bands are water resistant, such as those made of stainless steel 28

and leather.

Not all bands are appropriate for water use. For example, the stainless steel and leather bands aren't water resistant and shouldn't be exposed to liquids.

Not all bands are appropriate for water use. For example, the stainless steel and leather bands aren't water resistant and shouldn't be exposed to liquids.

- 57. However, such statements are inconsistent with the Product's water resistance/swimproof marketing campaigns, which state it is water resistant 50 meters and depict the Product being splashed in water.
- 58. Moreover, Plaintiff and the Class Members are not presented with these statements, and are not otherwise told this information, prior to purchasing the Product, but rather only learn this information after it begins malfunctioning, or ceases to function entirely, as a result of liquid damage.
- 59. A study supported by the National Key Research and Development Program of China and the Center for Advanced Life Cycle Engineering, University of Maryland at College Park, concluded that manufacturers, such as Defendant, regularly make false and deceptive representations with respect to the water-resistant properties of their devices.

B. THE PRODUCT IS NOT WATER-RESISTANT AS ADVERTISED

- 60. A water resistance of 50 meters signifies that the Product's enclosure is water resistant at 50 meters/5 atmospheres/5 bars of pressure/165 feet.
- 61. However, the Product suffers frequent damage after being dropped into, or contacted with, water or other liquids, for a few minutes or even seconds.
- 62. However, Defendant refuses to repair or replace liquid-damaged Products under its warranty.
- 63. Defendant's representations regarding the water resistance capabilities of the Product are false because it does not perform as advertised under normal, real-world conditions and use.
- 64. The commercials, presentations, and website statements are only a few examples of the advertisements Defendant created and distributed representing that the Product will not sustain damage if submerged in, or contacted with, water, or other common liquids.
 - 65. Upon information and belief, Defendant has created internal indicators to detect

whether the Product has been exposed to liquids, in order to deny customers their warranty repair and replacement requests.

- 66. Defendant's policy is to deny warranty repair and/or replacement when this indicator is activated.
- 67. This means buyers are told one thing when they buy the Product, based on the representations, but something else when they need after-sales service or replacement.
- 68. Purchasers are typically told that the price of repair exceeds the price at which they purchased the Product new.
- 69. Plaintiff and other reasonable consumers purchased the Product believing its water-resistant capabilities were accurately represented.
- 70. Plaintiff and other reasonable consumers either (1) would not have purchased the Product if they had known about the misrepresentations and omissions, (2) would have purchased it on different terms, i.e., at a lower price, (3) purchased a different smart watch, (4) not purchased it at all, or (5) purchased it with diminished expectations about its water-resistant abilities.
- 71. Plaintiff and Class Members reasonably relied to their detriment on Defendant's misleading representations and omissions.
- 72. Defendant's false, misleading, and deceptive misrepresentations and omissions are likely to continue to deceive and mislead reasonable consumers and the general public, as they have already deceived and misled the Plaintiff and Class Members.
- 73. In making the false, misleading, and deceptive representations and omissions, Defendant knew and intended that Plaintiff and Class Members would pay a premium for products represented as water resistant over comparable products not so marketed.
- 74. Plaintiff and Class Members were deprived of the benefit of the bargain because they paid for a Product that was water resistant but received a Product that was not water resistant.
- 75. As an immediate, direct, and proximate result of Defendant's false, misleading, and deceptive representations and omissions, Defendant injured Plaintiff and Class Members.
- 76. The product Plaintiff and the Class Members received was worth less than the Product for which they paid.

Based on Defendant's misleading and deceptive representations, Defendant was able

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77.

1	known issue t	that a significant percentage of Apple Watches exposed to small amounts of water, in				
2	the manner experienced by Plaintiff, results in the watch becoming damaged and its functionality					
3	becoming din	ninished due to faulty sealing.				
4	90.	Defendant is a California corporation with its principal place of business in				
5	Cupertino, Sa	nta Clara County, California.				
6	91.	Defendant is a global leader in the manufacture and sale of consumer electronics.				
7	92.	Defendant's products include smart phones, computers, tablets, and smart watches.				
8	93.	Consumers trust Defendant to truthfully represent the capabilities of their products.				
9	94.	Apple is considered the "gold standard" for personal consumer electronics, which is				
10	why its device	es, including its Apple Watches, cost more than smart watches sold by competitors.				
11	95.	Defendant manufactures, markets, sells Apple Watches directly to consumers across				
12	the country from its brick-and-mortar Apple stores, from Apple.com, and through third-party					
13	physical stores and online.					
14	96.	Plaintiff would be willing to purchase the Product again if assured it possessed the				
15	water-resistar	at capabilities it was advertised as having.				
16	97.	Plaintiff is unable to rely not only on the representations of Apple Watches, but other				
17	similar smart	watches touted as being resistant to water, even though she would like to.				
18		JURISDICTION AND VENUE				
19	98.	Jurisdiction is proper pursuant to Class Action Fairness Act of 2005 ("CAFA"). 28				
20	U.S.C. § 1332	2(d)(2)(A).				
21	99.	This Court has subject-matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d) ("Class				
22	Action Fairne	ess Act" or "CAFA").				
23	100.	The proposed class has at least 100 members, because the Product has been widely				
24	sold within th	is State for several years.				
25	101.	Plaintiff is a citizen of a State different from Defendant.				
26	102.	Plaintiff alleges the amount-in-controversy of the claims of the proposed Class				
27	exceed \$5,000	0,000, exclusive of interest and costs.				
28	103.	Venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(d) because Defendant's				

.		DYDOTE CV. A VA					
2		FIRST CLAIM Breach of Express Warranty (On Behalf of the Class)					
3	122	Plaintiff in a manatage all massed in a managements					
4	122.	Plaintiff incorporates all preceding paragraphs.					
5	123.	Defendant promised and expressly warranted that the Product had water resistant and					
6	swimproof cap						
7	124.	Plaintiff and Class Members relied on these representations when purchasing the					
8	Product.						
9	125.	All conditions precedent to Defendant's liability under the contract, including notice,					
10	have been performed by Plaintiff and Class Members.						
11	126.	Defendant has breached the terms of its express warranties by failing to provide the					
12	Product as wa	rranted.					
13	127.	Plaintiff and Class Members used the Product in a manner consistent with its					
14	operating instructions and Defendant's representations.						
15	128.	Plaintiff and Class Members performed their duties under the express warranties or					
16	have been excused from such performance as a result of Defendant's conduct.						
17	129.	As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's breaches of express warranty,					
18	Plaintiff and Class Members have suffered economic damages, including costly repairs, loss of use,						
 9	replacement costs, substantial loss in value and resale value of the Product.						
20							
21		SECOND CLAIM Violation of the Magnusson-Moss Warranty Act,					
22		15 U.S.C. §§ 2301 et seq. ("MMWA") (On Behalf of the California Class)					
23	130.	The Products share common defects in that they are unable to provide water resistant					
24	and swimproo	f capabilities consistent with Defendant's representations.					
25	131.	Defendant marketed the Product as being water-resistant and swimproof and offered					
26	certifications	attesting to this fact.					
27	132.	Defendant was aware of the defects described in this Complaint, from Plaintiff and/or					
28	other sources.						

However, the cost of this defect was borne by Plaintiff and Class Members.

THIRD CLAIM

Breach of Implied Warranty of Merchantability

and Fitness for a Particular Purpose

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2

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133.

4	(On Behalf of Class)						
5	134. Defendant engaged in a focused marketing campaign to consumers concerned about						
6	water damaging their smart watches and has reason to know that Plaintiff and Class Members						
7	purchased the Product for a particular purpose, e.g., to be used in and around water and during water						
8	activities.						
9	135. Plaintiff and Class Members relied on Defendant's skill or judgment to furnish						
10	devices that accomplished that purpose.						
11	136. Defendant breached the implied warranty of fitness because the Product was						
12	incapable of satisfying that purpose, due to its defects alleged above.						
13	137. As a direct and proximate result of the breach of said warranties, Plaintiff and Class						
14	Members were injured in the amount they overpaid for the Product, and would not have purchased						
15	it or would have paid less had they known the truth.						
16	FOURTH CLAIM						
17	Violation of Unfair Competition Law Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17200 et seq.						
18	(On Behalf of the Class)						
19	138. Plaintiff incorporates all preceding paragraphs.						
20	139. Defendant's conduct constitutes an unfair business act and practice pursuant to						
21	California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200, et seq. (the "UCL"). The UCL provides, in						
22	pertinent part: "Unfair competition shall mean and include unlawful, unfair or fraudulent business						
23	practices and unfair, deceptive, untrue or misleading advertising"						
24	140. Defendant's knowing conduct, as alleged herein, constitutes an "unfair" and/or						
25	"fraudulent" business practice, as set forth in California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200-						
26	17208.						
27	141. Defendant's conduct was and continues to be unfair and fraudulent because, directly						
28	or through its agents and employees, Defendant made materially false representations and						
	16 CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT						

omissions.

- 142. Defendant made representations that the Product was water resistant when it was not.
- 143. Defendant is aware that its representations and omissions about the Product were and continue to be false and misleading.
- 144. Defendant had an improper motive, to derive financial gain at the expense of accuracy or truthfulness, in its practices related to the marketing and advertising of the Product.
- 145. Defendant's misrepresentations of material facts also constitute an "unlawful" practice because they violate the laws and regulations cited herein, as well as the common law.
- 146. Defendant's conduct was, and continues to be, unfair in that its injury to countless purchasers of the Product is substantial and not outweighed by any countervailing benefits to consumers or to competitors.
- 147. Plaintiff and Class Members have been directly and proximately injured by Defendant's conduct in ways including, but not limited to, the monies paid to Defendant for the Product, interest lost on those monies, and consumers' unwitting support of a business enterprise that promotes deception to the detriment of consumers.

FIFTH CLAIM

Violations of the False Advertising Law, Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17500 et seq. (On Behalf of the Class)

- 148. Plaintiff incorporates all preceding paragraphs.
- 149. California's False Advertising Law, Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17500, et seq., makes it "unlawful for any person to make or disseminate or cause to be made or disseminated before the public in this state, ... in any advertising device ... or in any other manner or means whatever, including over the Internet, any statement, concerning ... personal property or services, professional or otherwise, or performance or disposition thereof, which is untrue or misleading and which is known, or which by the exercise of reasonable care should be known, to be untrue or misleading."
- 150. Defendant committed acts of false advertising, as defined by §§ 17500, et seq., by misrepresenting that the Product had water resistant capabilities.
 - 151. Defendant knew or should have known through the exercise of reasonable care that

- 1							
1	these representations and other misrepresentations for the Product were false, misleading and/or						
2	deceptive.						
3	152. Defendant's actions in violation of § 17500 were false and misleading such that the						
4	general public is and was likely to be deceived.						
5	153. Consumers, including Plaintiff and members of the Class, necessarily and reasonably						
6	relied on Defendant's statements regarding the capabilities of its Product.						
7	154. Consumers, including Plaintiffs and members of the Class, were among the intended						
8	targets of such representations.						
9	155. As a result of Defendant's conduct, Plaintiffs and members of the Class were harmed						
10	and suffered actual damages as a result of Defendant's FAL violations because						
11	a. they would not have purchased the Product on the same terms if they						
12	knew that the Product did not offer water resistant capabilities as						
13	represented;						
14							
15	b. they paid a price premium for the Product based on Defendant's						
16	misrepresentations; and						
17							
18	c. the Product does not have the characteristics, attributes, features, uses,						
19	benefits, or abilities as promised, namely the represented water-resistant						
20	capabilities.						
21	156. Plaintiffs and members of the Class have been damaged in the full amount of the						
22	purchase price of the Product or in the difference in value between the Product as warranted and the						
23	Product as actually sold.						
24	Troduct as actuary sord.						
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1	<u>SIXTH CLAIM</u>
2	Violations of the Consumer Legal Remedies Act,
3	Cal. Civ. Code §§ 1750 et seq. (On Behalf of the Class)
	(Injunctive Relief Only)
4	157 Digintiff in comparator all massading managements
5	157. Plaintiff incorporates all preceding paragraphs.
6	158. Defendant's representations and omissions concerning the quality, attributes,
7	features, benefits, and effectiveness of the Product were false and/or misleading as alleged herein.
8	159. Defendant's false or misleading representations and omissions were such that a
9	reasonable consumer would attach importance to them in deciding to purchase the Product.
.0	160. Defendant's false and misleading representations and omissions were made to
.1	Plaintiff and Class Members, as they were prominently displayed and featured throughout the
.2	advertising and marketing of the Product, in digital, print, and television media.
.3	161. Defendant knew or should have known its representations and omissions were
4	material and were likely to mislead consumers, including Plaintiff and the Class.
.5	162. Defendant's practices, acts, and course of conduct in marketing and selling the
.6	Product were and are likely to mislead a reasonable consumer acting reasonably under the
.7	circumstances to their detriment.
.8	163. Defendant's misrepresentations and omissions were designed to, and did, induce the
9	purchase and use of the Product for personal, family, or household purposes by Plaintiff and Class
20	Members, and violated and continue to violate the following sections of the CLRA:
21	a. In violation of Civil Code § 1770(a)(5), Defendant represented that the
22	Product had characteristics, attributes, features, capabilities, uses, benefits, and qualities it does not have;
23	b. In violation of Civil Code § 1770(a)(7), Defendant represented that the
24	Product was of a particular standard, quality, or grade, which it is not;
25	c. In violation of Civil Code § 1770(a)(9), Defendant advertised the Product with an intent not to sell the Product as advertised; and
26	d. In violation of Civil Code § 1770(a)(16), Defendant represented the
27	Product had been supplied in accordance with its previous representations, when it was not.
28	

164.

Defendant profited from the sale of the falsely, deceptively, and unlawfully

advertised Product to unwary consumers. 2 3 165. Defendant's wrongful business practices constituted, and constitute, a continuing course of conduct in violation of the CLRA. 4 5 166. Defendant's wrongful business practices were a direct and proximate cause of actual harm to Plaintiff and to each Class Member. 6 7 167. If Defendant is not restrained from engaging in these types of practices in the future, Plaintiff and class members will continue to suffer harm. 8 9 168. At this time, Plaintiff only seeks injunctive relief pursuant to the CLRA. Pursuant to 10 the provisions of Cal. Civ. Code § 1782(a), Plaintiff will send a CLRA Notice to Defendant 11 concurrently with the filing of this action or shortly thereafter, which details and includes these violations of the CLRA, demand correction of these violations, and provide the opportunity to 12 correct these business practices, prior to seeking monetary damages under the CLRA. If Defendant 13 does not correct its conduct with thirty days of receipt of the Notice, Plaintiff will amend to add a 14 15 damages claim pursuant to the CLRA. 16 17 **JURY DEMAND AND PRAYER FOR RELIEF** Plaintiff demands a jury trial on all causes of action so triable. 18 WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, on behalf of herself and Members of the Proposed Class, prays for 19 20 judgment and relief on all of the legal claims as follows: Certification of the Class, certifying Plaintiff as representative of the Class, and 21 A. 22 designating Plaintiff's counsel as counsel for the Class; 23 В. A declaration that Defendant has committed the violations alleged herein; 24 C. For restitution, disgorgement, and monetary damages pursuant to, without limitation, 25 the California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200, et seq. and 17500 et seq.; For declaratory and injunctive relief pursuant to, without limitation, the California 26 D. Business & Professions Code §§ 17200, et seq. and 17500, et seq. and California 27 28 Civil Code § 1780;

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1	E.	For interest at the legal rate on the foregoing sums;							
2	F.	For attorneys' fees;							
3	G.	For costs of suit incurred; and							
4	Н.	For such further relief as this Court may deem just and proper.							
5	.	. 25. 2022							
6	Dated: Au	rigust 25, 2022 Respectfully submitted,							
7		/s/ Michael R. Reese							
8		Michael R. Reese (State Bar No. 206773) mreese@reesellp.com							
9		REESE LLP 100 West 93rd Street, 16th Floor							
10		New York, New York 10025 Telephone: (212) 643-0500							
11		Facsimile: (212) 253-4272							
12		George V. Granade (State Bar No. 316050)							
13		ggranade@reesellp.com REESE LLP 8484 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 515							
14		Los Angeles, California 90211							
15		Telephone: (310) 393-0070 Facsimile: (212) 253-4272							
16		Spangar Shashan (Dua Uga Viga forthasming)							
17		Spencer Sheehan (<i>Pro Hac Vice</i> forthcoming) spencer@spencersheehan.com							
18		SHEEHAN & ASSOCIATES, P.C. 60 Cuttermill Rd Ste 412							
19		Great Neck, New York 11021 Telephone: (516) 268-7080							
20		Facsimile: (516) 234-7800							
21		Counsel for the Plaintiff and the Proposed Class							
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		21							

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The JS-CAND 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved in its original form by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the Clerk of Court to initiate the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS

Laurie Braaten

- (b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Harris County (EXCÉPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)
- (c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number)

Michael R. Reese REESE LLP (212) 643-0500

100 West 93rd Street, 16th Floor, New York, New York 10025

NATURE OF SUIT (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

DEFENDANTS

Apple, Inc.

County of Residence of First Listed Defendant Santa Clara County (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)

IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.

Attorneys (If Known)

II.	BASIS OF JURISDIC	CTI	ON (Place an "X" in One Box Only)	III.	CITIZENSHIP OF P	RINCII	PAL PA	ARTIES (Place an "X" in One Bo and One Box for Defend		aintiff
						PTF	DEF		PTF	DEF
1	U.S. Government Plaintiff	3	Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)		Citizen of This State	1	x 1	Incorporated <i>or</i> Principal Place of Business In This State	4	4
2	U.S. Government Defendant	X 4	Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)		Citizen of Another State	x 2	2	Incorporated <i>and</i> Principal Place of Business In Another State	5	5
			(mateure Cutzenship of Farties in Hem 111)	'	Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	3	3	Foreign Nation	6	6

CONTRACT **TORTS** FORFEITURE/PENALTY BANKRUPTCY OTHER STATUTES 110 Insurance 625 Drug Related Seizure of 422 Appeal 28 USC § 158 375 False Claims Act PERSONAL INJURY PERSONAL INJURY Property 21 USC § 881 120 Marine 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 376 Qui Tam (31 USC 310 Airplane 365 Personal Injury - Product § 3729(a)) 690 Other 130 Miller Act Liability 315 Airplane Product Liability PROPERTY RIGHTS 400 State Reapportionment LABOR 140 Negotiable Instrument 367 Health Care/ 320 Assault, Libel & Slander Pharmaceutical Personal 410 Antitrust 150 Recovery of 330 Federal Employers' 710 Fair Labor Standards Act 820 Copyrights Injury Product Liability Overpayment Of 430 Banks and Banking Liability 720 Labor/Management 830 Patent 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Veteran's Benefits 450 Commerce 340 Marine Relations 835 Patent-Abbreviated New Product Liability 151 Medicare Act 460 Deportation 740 Railway Labor Act 345 Marine Product Liability Drug Application

PERSONAL PROPERTY 152 Recovery of Defaulted 350 Motor Vehicle 751 Family and Medical Student Loans (Excludes 370 Other Fraud 355 Motor Vehicle Product Leave Act 371 Truth in Lending Liability 790 Other Labor Litigation 153 Recovery of × 380 Other Personal Property 791 Employee Retirement 360 Other Personal Injury Overpayment Damage Income Security Act 362 Personal Injury - Medical of Veteran's Benefits 385 Property Damage Product Malpractice 160 Stockholders' Suits

IMMIGRATION Liability 462 Naturalization PRISONER PETITIONS

Application

HABEAS CORPUS 465 Other Immigration 463 Alien Detainee Actions 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence

SOCIAL SECURITY 861 HIA (1395ff) 862 Black Lung (923) 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) 864 SSID Title XVI 865 RSI (405(g)) FEDERAL TAX SUITS

880 Defend Trade Secrets

Act of 2016

840 Trademark

891 Agricultural Acts 893 Environmental Matters 895 Freedom of Information 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Act Defendant) 896 Arbitration 871 IRS-Third Party 26 USC

899 Administrative Procedure § 7609 Act/Review or Appeal of

Agency Decision 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes

ORIGIN (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

Original Removed from Proceeding State Court

Remanded from Appellate Court

530 General

535 Death Penalty

550 Civil Rights

OTHER

540 Mandamus & Other

555 Prison Condition

560 Civil Detainee-Conditions of Confinement

> Reinstated or Reopened

5 Transferred from Another District (specify) Multidistrict Litigation-Transfer

8 Multidistrict Litigation-Direct File

470 Racketeer Influenced &

480 Consumer Credit

490 Cable/Sat TV

Exchange

485 Telephone Consumer

850 Securities/Commodities/

890 Other Statutory Actions

Protection Act

Corrupt Organizations

CAUSE OF ACTION

190 Other Contract

196 Franchise

220 Foreclosure

240 Torts to Land

195 Contract Product Liability

REAL PROPERTY

230 Rent Lease & Ejectment

245 Tort Product Liability

290 All Other Real Property

210 Land Condemnation

Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity):

28 U.S.C. 1332

Brief description of cause:

CIVIL RIGHTS

Accommodations

446 Amer. w/Disabilities-Other

445 Amer. w/Disabilities-

Employment

440 Other Civil Rights

441 Voting

443 Housing/

448 Education

442 Employment

violation of consumer protection law

REQUESTED IN CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER RULE 23, Fed. R. Civ. P. **COMPLAINT:**

DEMAND \$ 5,000,000,00

CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint:

JURY DEMAND: × Yes

VIII. RELATED CASE(S), **IF ANY** (See instructions):

JUDGE

DOCKET NUMBER

DIVISIONAL ASSIGNMENT (Civil Local Rule 3-2)

(Place an "X" in One Box Only) SAN FRANCISCO/OAKLAND × SAN JOSE

EUREKA-MCKINLEYVILLE

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Northern District of California					
Laurie Braaten, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated)))				
Plaintiff(s))				
v.	Civil Action No. 22-cv-4861				
Apple, Inc.)))				
Defendant(s)))				
SUMMONS	IN A CIVIL ACTION				
To: (Defendant's name and address) Apple, Inc. One Apple Park Way Cupertino, California 95014					
A lawsuit has been filed against you.					
Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney,					
whose name and address are: Michael R. Reese REESE LLP 100 West 93rd Street, 10 New York, New York 100 mreese@reesellp.com (212) 643-0500					
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will You also must file your answer or motion with the court	be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. t.				
	CLERK OF COURT				
Date:					
	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk				