

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS
BENTON DIVISION**

Jaymee Fleming, individually and on behalf of
all others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

- against -

Del Monte Foods, Inc.,

Defendant

3:21-cv-01462

Class Action Complaint

Jury Trial Demanded

Plaintiff alleges upon information and belief, except for allegations pertaining to plaintiff, which are based on personal knowledge:

1. Del Monte Foods, Inc. (“defendant”) manufactures, labels, markets, and sells Farmhouse Cut Green Beans described as “Fresh Cut,” “With Natural Sea Salt,” and containing “No Preservatives” (“Product”).

2. Consumers are increasingly seeking foods without preservatives for various reasons.

3. Preservatives are defined as something that preserves or have the power of preserving, specifically, an additive used to protect against decay, discoloration, or spoilage.

4. Preservatives are used to maintain the quality of food beyond their role in killing microorganisms that can contribute to foodborne illness.

5. Preservatives are grouped into two general classes – natural preservatives, consisting of sugar, salt, vinegar, and spices, and artificial preservatives such as benzoate of soda, salicylic acid, and sulfur dioxide.

6. In response to an unregulated environment where dangerous substances were being added to the nation’s food supply, the Pure Food and Drug Act of 1906 defined “chemical preservatives” as any chemical that, when added to food, tends to prevent or retard deterioration

thereof, but does not include common salt, sugars, vinegars, spices, or oils extracted from spices.

7. When the Food Drug and Cosmetic Act was enacted, it contained the same requirement. 21 C.F.R. § 101.22(a)(5).

8. Federal and identical state regulations require that all foods contain a prominent statement sufficient to tell purchasers if it contains a chemical preservative. 21 C.F.R. § 101.22(c).

9. Canned green beans are required to be processed by heat, in an appropriate manner before or after being sealed in a container, as to prevent spoilage. 21 C.F.R. § 155.120(a).

10. Salt is an optional ingredient to canned green beans.

11. Salt can be added for taste, but also functions as a preservative.

12. Though canning kills biological organisms, it is not a silver bullet.

13. Some organisms are merely weakened through the canning process, while some may survive, albeit in small enough numbers such that they will not be an issue if the food is consumed within a reasonable amount of time.

14. Salt ensures that fewer bacteria survive, and those that do, stay dormant.

15. Salt prevents the deterioration of the green beans over time beyond its impact on any chemical processes

16. Chemical processes exist which are unrelated to foodborne illness which can cause a food's quality to decrease over time.

17. Salt prevents and slows discoloration of food.

18. Salt causes food to maintain its texture for longer than it otherwise would.

19. In canned foods, salt adds flavor, but maintains the natural flavor of the food.

20. Salt has a preservative function even in a largely sterile environment.

21. The statement that the Product has "No Preservatives" is false, due to the presence

of salt.

22. While the relevant regulations for chemical preservatives do not require any ingredient in the Product to be identified as a preservative nor the front label to disclose any chemical preservative (it does not have any), they do not authorize the claim of “No Preservatives.”

23. The Product contains other representations which are misleading.

24. Reasonable consumers must and do rely on a company to honestly identify and describe the components, attributes, and features of a product, relative to itself and other comparable products or alternatives.

25. By labeling the Product in this manner, Defendant gained an advantage against other companies, and against consumers seeking to purchase a product that did not contain preservative ingredients.

26. The value of the Product that plaintiff purchased was materially less than its value as represented by defendant.

27. Defendant sold more of the Product and at higher prices than it would have in the absence of this misconduct, resulting in additional profits at the expense of consumers.

28. Had Plaintiff and proposed class members known the truth, they would not have bought the Product or would have paid less for it.

29. The Product is sold for a price premium compared to other similar products, no less than approximately \$2.79 for 14.5 oz (411g), a higher price than it would otherwise be sold for, absent the misleading representations and omissions.

Jurisdiction and Venue

30. Jurisdiction is proper pursuant to Class Action Fairness Act of 2005 (“CAFA”). 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(2).

31. The aggregate amount in controversy exceeds \$5 million, including any statutory damages, exclusive of interest and costs.

32. Plaintiff Jaymee Fleming is a citizen of Illinois.

33. Defendant Del Monte Foods, Inc., is a Delaware corporation with a principal place of business in Walnut Creek, Contra Costa County, California.

34. Plaintiff and defendant are citizens of different states.

35. Defendant transacts business within this District through sale of the Product within this District, at convenience stores, grocery stores, drug stores, big box stores, membership stores, and online, sold directly to residents of this District.

36. Venue is in this District because plaintiff resides in this district and the actions giving rise to the claims occurred within this district.

37. Venue is in the Benton Division Courthouse in this District because a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claim occurred in Perry County, i.e., Plaintiff's purchase of the Product and her awareness of the issues described here.

Parties

38. Plaintiff Jaymee Fleming is a citizen of Pinckneyville, Perry County, Illinois.

39. Plaintiff tries to avoid food with any kinds of added preservatives.

40. Defendant Del Monte Foods, Inc., is a Delaware corporation with a principal place of business in Walnut Creek, California, Contra Costa County.

41. Del Monte is the country's largest producers of vegetables.

42. As one of the oldest sellers of canned goods, consumers know the Del Monte Shield means trust and quality.

43. Plaintiff purchased the Product on one or more occasions within the statutes of

limitations for each cause of action alleged, from stores including Walmart, 215 Grant Way Du Quoin, IL 62832, between October and November 2021, among other times.

44. Plaintiff bought the Product because she expected it did not contain preservative ingredients because that is what the representations said and implied.

45. Plaintiff seeks to avoid preservatives of all kinds.

46. Plaintiff relied on the words and images on the Product, identified here.

47. Plaintiff bought the Product at or exceeding the above-referenced price.

48. Plaintiff would not have purchased the Product if she knew the representations were false and misleading or would have paid less for them.

49. Plaintiff chose between Defendant's Product and similar products represented similarly, but which did not misrepresent their attributes and/or lower-priced products which did not make the statements and claims made by Defendant.

50. The Product was worth less than what Plaintiff paid and she would not have paid as much absent Defendant's false and misleading statements and omissions.

51. Plaintiff intends to, seeks to, and will purchase the Product again when she can do so with the assurance that Product's representations are consistent with their composition.

52. Plaintiff is unable to rely on the labeling of not only this Product, but other items purporting to not contain preservatives, because she is unsure of whether their representations are truthful.

53. Plaintiff wants to purchase foods, including green beans, without preservatives because she likes this food and she dislikes preservatives.

Class Allegations

54. Plaintiff seeks certification under Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(b)(2) and (b)(3) of the following classes:

Illinois Class: All persons in the State of Illinois who purchased the Product during the statutes of limitations for each cause of action alleged.

Consumer Fraud Multi-State Class: All persons in the States of North Dakota, Rhode Island, Michigan, Virginia, Kansas, Wyoming, and Delaware, who purchased the Product during the statutes of limitations for each cause of action alleged

55. Common questions of law or fact predominate and include whether defendant's representations were and are misleading and if plaintiff and class members are entitled to damages.

56. Plaintiff's claims and basis for relief are typical to other members because all were subjected to the same unfair and deceptive representations and actions.

57. Plaintiff is an adequate representative because her interests do not conflict with other members.

58. No individual inquiry is necessary since the focus is only on defendant's practices and the class is definable and ascertainable.

59. Individual actions would risk inconsistent results, be repetitive and are impractical to justify, as the claims are modest relative to the scope of the harm.

60. Plaintiff's counsel is competent and experienced in complex class action litigation and intends to protect class members' interests adequately and fairly.

61. Plaintiff seeks class-wide injunctive relief because the practices continue.

Illinois Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act
(“ICFA”), 815 ILCS 505/1, et seq.

(Consumer Protection Statute)

62. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all preceding paragraphs.

63. Plaintiff and class members desired to purchase a product that did not contain preservative ingredients.

64. Defendant’s false and deceptive representations and omissions are material in that they are likely to influence consumer purchasing decisions.

65. Defendant misrepresented the Product through statements, omissions, ambiguities, half-truths and/or actions.

66. Plaintiff and class members would not have purchased the Product or paid as much if the true facts had been known, suffering damages.

67. Defendant misrepresented the Product through statements, omissions, ambiguities, half-truths and/or actions.

68. Plaintiff relied on the representations that the Product did not contain preservative ingredients

69. Plaintiff and class members would not have purchased the Product or paid as much if the true facts had been known, suffering damages.

Violation of State Consumer Fraud Acts

(On Behalf of the Consumer Fraud Multi-State Class)

70. The Consumer Fraud Acts of the States in the Consumer Fraud Multi-State Class prohibit the use of unfair or deceptive business practices in the conduct of trade or commerce.

71. Defendant intended that plaintiff and each of the other members of the Consumer

Fraud Multi-State Class would rely upon its deceptive conduct, and a reasonable person would in fact be misled by this deceptive conduct.

72. As a result of defendant's use or employment of artifice, unfair or deceptive acts or business practices, plaintiff, and each of the other members of the Consumer Fraud Multi-State Class, have sustained damages in an amount to be proven at trial.

73. In addition, defendant's conduct showed motive, and the reckless disregard of the truth such that an award of punitive damages is appropriate.

Breaches of Express Warranty,
Implied Warranty of Merchantability and
Magnuson Moss Warranty Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 2301, et seq.

74. The Product was manufactured, identified, and sold by defendant and expressly and impliedly warranted to plaintiff and class members that it did not contain preservative ingredients.

75. Defendant had a duty to disclose and/or provide non-deceptive descriptions and marketing of the Product.

76. This duty is based on Defendant's outsized role in the market for this type of Product, the preeminent brand when it comes to packaged vegetables, symbolized by the iconic Del Monte Shield, representing the highest quality.

77. Thus, the Product has a high level of trust with consumers, more so than other brands.

78. Plaintiff provided or will provide notice to defendant, its agents, representatives, retailers, and their employees.

79. Defendant received notice and should have been aware of these issues due to complaints by regulators, competitors, and consumers, to its main offices, and by consumers through online forums.

80. The Product did not conform to its affirmations of fact and promises due to defendant's actions and were not merchantable because it was not fit to pass in the trade as

advertised.

81. Plaintiff and class members would not have purchased the Product or paid as much if the true facts had been known, suffering damages.

Negligent Misrepresentation

82. Defendant had a duty to truthfully represent the Product, which it breached.

83. This duty is based on defendant's position, holding itself out as having special knowledge and experience in this area, as the leading canner of vegetables in the nation.

84. The representations took advantage of consumers' cognitive shortcuts made at the point-of-sale and their trust in defendant, the preeminent canned vegetables brand.

85. Plaintiff and class members reasonably and justifiably relied on these negligent misrepresentations and omissions, which served to induce and did induce, their purchase of the Product.

86. Plaintiff and class members would not have purchased the Product or paid as much if the true facts had been known, suffering damages.

Fraud

87. Defendant misrepresented and/or omitted the attributes and qualities of the Product, that it did not contain preservative ingredients.

88. Moreover, the records Defendant is required to maintain, and/or the information inconspicuously disclosed to consumers, provide it with actual and/or constructive knowledge of the falsity of the representations.

89. Defendant's fraudulent intent is evinced by its knowledge that the Product was not consistent with its representations.

Unjust Enrichment

90. Defendant obtained benefits and monies because the Product was not as represented

and expected, to the detriment and impoverishment of plaintiff and class members, who seek restitution and disgorgement of inequitably obtained profits.

Jury Demand and Prayer for Relief

Plaintiff demands a jury trial on all issues.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment:

1. Declaring this a proper class action, certifying plaintiff as representative and the undersigned as counsel for the class;
2. Entering preliminary and permanent injunctive relief by directing defendant to correct the challenged practices to comply with the law;
3. Injunctive relief to remove, correct and/or refrain from the challenged practices and representations, and restitution and disgorgement for members of the class pursuant to the applicable laws;
4. Awarding monetary damages, statutory and/or punitive damages pursuant to any statutory claims and interest pursuant to the common law and other statutory claims;
5. Awarding costs and expenses, including reasonable fees for plaintiff's attorneys and experts; and
6. Other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

Dated: November 19, 2021

Respectfully submitted,

Sheehan & Associates, P.C.

/s/Spencer Sheehan

60 Cuttermill Rd Ste 409

Great Neck NY 11021

Tel: (516) 268-7080

spencer@spencersheehan.com

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS

Jaymee Fleming, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated

(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Perry (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)

(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number)

Sheehan & Associates, P.C., 60 Cuttermill Rd Ste 409 Great Neck NY 11021-3104 (516) 268-7080

DEFENDANTS

Del Monte Foods, Inc.

County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)

NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.

Attorneys (If Known)

II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

- 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff, 2 U.S. Government Defendant, 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party), 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)

III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff and One Box for Defendant)

- Citizen of This State, Citizen of Another State, Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country, PTF DEF, Incorporated or Principal Place of Business In This State, Incorporated and Principal Place of Business In Another State, Foreign Nation

IV. NATURE OF SUIT (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

Click here for: Nature of Suit Code Descriptions .

Table with 5 main columns: CONTRACT, REAL PROPERTY, CIVIL RIGHTS, TORTS, PRISONER PETITIONS, FORFEITURE/PENALTY, LABOR, IMMIGRATION, BANKRUPTCY, SOCIAL SECURITY, FEDERAL TAX SUITS, OTHER STATUTES. Each column contains a list of legal categories and codes.

V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

- 1 Original Proceeding, 2 Removed from State Court, 3 Remanded from Appellate Court, 4 Reinstated or Reopened, 5 Transferred from Another District (specify), 6 Multidistrict Litigation - Transfer, 8 Multidistrict Litigation - Direct File

VI. CAUSE OF ACTION

Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity): 28 U.S.C. § 1332. Brief description of cause: false advertising

VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:

CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER RULE 23, F.R.Cv.P. DEMAND \$ 5,000,000 CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint: JURY DEMAND: Yes No

VIII. RELATED CASE(S) IF ANY

(See instructions):

JUDGE DOCKET NUMBER

DATE November 19, 2021 SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD /s/Spencer Sheehan

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

RECEIPT # AMOUNT APPLYING IFP JUDGE MAG. JUDGE

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the
Southern District of Illinois

Jaymee Fleming, individually and on behalf of all
others similarly situated,

Plaintiff(s)

v.

Del Monte Foods, Inc.,

Defendant(s)

Civil Action No. 3:21-cv-01462

SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION

To: (Defendant's name and address) Del Monte Foods, Inc.
c/o The Corporation Trust Company
1209 N Orange St
Wilmington DE 19801-1120

A lawsuit has been filed against you.

Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you
are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ.
P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of
the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney,
whose name and address are: Sheehan & Associates, P.C., 60 Cuttermill Rd Ste 409 Great Neck NY 11021-
3104 (516) 268-7080

If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint.
You also must file your answer or motion with the court.

CLERK OF COURT

Date:

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

Civil Action No. 3:21-cv-01462

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

This summons for *(name of individual and title, if any)* _____
was received by me on *(date)* _____.

I personally served the summons on the individual at *(place)* _____
_____ on *(date)* _____ ; or

I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with *(name)* _____
_____, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there,
on *(date)* _____, and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or

I served the summons on *(name of individual)* _____, who is
designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of *(name of organization)* _____
_____ on *(date)* _____ ; or

I returned the summons unexecuted because _____ ; or

Other *(specify)*:

My fees are \$ _____ for travel and \$ _____ for services, for a total of \$ _____.

I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.

Date: _____

Server's signature

Printed name and title

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc: