### IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA

CLASS REPRESENTATION		
JULIA YONAN,		
Plaintiff, vs.		CASE NO.:
WALMART, INC., and NESTLÊ USA, INC.,		
Defendants.	/	

#### **CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT**

Plaintiff, JULIA YONAN, individually, and on behalf of all others similarly situated in Florida, by and through the undersigned counsel, hereby files this Class Action Complaint against Defendant, WALMART, INC. ("WALMART"), and Defendant, NESTLÊ USA, INC. ("NESTLÊ"), and alleges as follows:

#### I. JURISDICTION & VENUE

- 1. This is a class action for damages and injunctive relief pursuant to Rule 1.220(b)(3), *Florida Rules of Civil Procedure*, with the class damages constituting in excess of Thirty Thousand Dollars (\$30,000.00) exclusive of interest, costs and attorney's fees.
  - 2. As set forth below, Plaintiff seeks a certification of a Nationwide Class.
- 3. Defendant, WALMART, is a foreign for profit corporation with its principal place of business in Bentonville, Arkansas and which, at all times material hereto was registered and conducting business in Florida, maintained agents for the customary transaction of business in Florida, and conducted substantial and not isolated business

activity within this state.

- 4. Defendant, NESTLÊ, is a foreign for profit corporation with its principal place of business in Arlington, Virginia, and which, at all times material hereto was registered and conducting business in Florida, maintained agents for the customary transaction of business in Florida, and conducted substantial and not isolated business activity within this state.
- 5. Based on the foregoing venue is proper in this Court and this Court has jurisdiction over the causes of action alleged herein.

#### II. PARTIES

- 6. Plaintiff is an individual consumer over the age of eighteen (18), who resides in Broward County Florida. Plaintiff seeks injunctive relief and damages on behalf of Plaintiff and the Class, and respectfully requests a jury trial as to damages.
- 7. Defendant, WALMART, is one of the largest food and beverage retailers worldwide and maintains its principal executive offices in Bentonville, Arkansas, which at all times material hereto was registered and conducting business in Florida, maintained agents for the customary transaction of business in Florida, and conducted substantial and not isolated business activity within this state.
- 8. Defendant, NESTLÊ, is one of the largest food and beverage manufacturers worldwide and maintains its principal executive offices in Arlington, Virginia, which at all times material hereto was registered and conducting business in Florida, maintained agents for the customary transaction of business in Florida, and conducted substantial and not isolated business activity within this state.
  - 9. NESTLÊ manufactures, markets, promotes, advertises and sells Coffee

Mate powdered coffee creamers, including the Coffee Mate product at issue in this Action, including manufacturing and distributing the Coffee Mate product at issue in this Action for sale at Walmart.

- 10. WALMART markets, promotes, advertises and sells Coffee Mate powdered coffee creamers, including the Coffee Mate product at issue in this Action.
- 11. The advertising and labeling for the Coffee Mate Original Powdered Coffee Creamer (Net Wt 35.3 Oz) (hereinafter the "Product") purchased by Plaintiff was prepared and/or approved by NESTLÊ and its agents, and was disseminated by NESTLÊ and its agents through advertising and labeling containing the misrepresentations alleged herein.
- 12. As a distributor and retailer of the Product, WALMART and its agents disseminated the Coffee Mate Original Powdered Coffee Creamer (Net Wt 35.3 Oz) (hereinafter the "Product") purchased by Plaintiff through advertising and labeling containing the misrepresentations alleged herein.
- 13. The advertising for the Product was designed to encourage consumers to purchase the Product and reasonably misled reasonable consumers, including Plaintiff and the Class into purchasing the Product.
- 14. NESTLÊ markets and distributes the Product and is the company that created and/or authorized the unlawful, fraudulent, unfair, misleading and/or deceptive advertising and statements about the Product.
- 15. WALMART markets and distributes the Product and through its status as a retailer of the Product authorized the unlawful, fraudulent, unfair, misleading and/or deceptive advertising and statements about the Product.
  - 16. Plaintiff alleges that, at all times relevant herein, WALMART and its

subsidiaries, affiliates, and other related entities and suppliers, as well as their respective employees, were the agents, servants and employees of WALMART and at all times relevant herein, each was acting within the purpose and scope of that agency and employment.

- 17. Plaintiff alleges that, at all times relevant herein, NESTLÊ and its subsidiaries, affiliates, and other related entities and suppliers, as well as their respective employees, were the agents, servants and employees of NESTLÊ and at all times relevant herein, each was acting within the purpose and scope of that agency and employment.
- 18. In addition, Plaintiff alleges that, in committing the wrongful acts alleged herein, WALMART, in concert with its subsidiaries, affiliates, and/or other related entities and suppliers, and their respective employees, planned, participated in and furthered a common scheme to induce members of the public to purchase the Product by means of untrue, misleading, deceptive, and/or fraudulent representations, and that WALMART participated in the making of such representations in that it disseminated those misrepresentations and/or caused them to be disseminated.
- 19. In addition, Plaintiff alleges that, in committing the wrongful acts alleged herein, NESTLÊ, in concert with its subsidiaries, affiliates, and/or other related entities and suppliers, and their respective employees, planned, participated in and furthered a common scheme to induce members of the public to purchase the Product by means of untrue, misleading, deceptive, and/or fraudulent representations, and that NESTLÊ participated in the making of such representations in that it disseminated those misrepresentations and/or caused them to be disseminated.

- 20. Whenever reference in this Class Action Complaint is made to any act by WALMART or its subsidiaries, affiliates, distributors, retailers and other related entities and suppliers, such allegation shall be deemed to mean that the principals, officers, directors, employees, agents, and/or representatives of WALMART committed, knew of, performed, authorized, ratified and/or directed that act or transaction on behalf of WALMART while actively engaged in the scope of their duties.
- 21. Whenever reference in this Class Action Complaint is made to any act by NESTLÊ or its subsidiaries, affiliates, distributors, retailers and other related entities and suppliers, such allegation shall be deemed to mean that the principals, officers, directors, employees, agents, and/or representatives of NESTLÊ committed, knew of, performed, authorized, ratified and/or directed that act or transaction on behalf of NESTLÊ while actively engaged in the scope of their duties.

#### III. FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 22. On or about February 23, 2021, Plaintiff purchased Coffee Mate Original Powdered Coffee Creamer (Net Wt 35.3 Oz) at a Walmart store located at 2500 W. Broward Boulevard, Fort Lauderdale, FL 33312. A copy of the Receipt is attached hereto as **Exhibit "A."**
- 23. The Product is comprised of powdered coffee creamer, provided to consumers for the purpose of mixing with coffee.
- The Product's front label prominently states that the Product "Makes Over500 Servings." Photographs of the Product are attached hereto as Exhibit "B."
- 25. Based on this prominent labeling and based on the serving size listed on the Product, a consumer purchasing this Product would reasonably believe that the

Product contains at least 500 servings of powdered coffee creamer.

- 26. Despite this prominent packaging and labeling, the Product does not contain anywhere close to 500 servings of powdered coffee creamer
- 27. Since Plaintiff purchased the Product as a product advertising itself as containing at least 500 servings of powdered coffee creamer, and it was not such a product, Plaintiff was damaged in proportion to the servings of powdered coffee creamer not received.
- 28. The Product's representations, as outlined and explained above, which are uniformly, consistently and prominently displayed on each individual package of the Product are untrue, misleading and deceive the public.
- 29. Plaintiff is aggrieved by the deceptively labeled and marketed Product as she relied on the misleading and deceptive labeling and advertising and was deprived of the benefit of the bargain she reasonably anticipated from the Product's labeling and advertising; specifically, she was deprived of the benefit she paid for a product labeled and advertised as containing at least 500 servings of powdered coffee creamer when in reality the Product does not contain anywhere near 500 servings. Reasonable consumers, such as the Plaintiff, will continue to be aggrieved by the deceptive and misleading labeling and advertising of the Product, as reasonable consumers will continue to make the plausible connection that they are purchasing a Product containing at least 500 servings of powdered coffee creamer.
- 30. Upon information and reasonable belief Defendants could sell the Product without deceptive labeling by, for example, not displaying on the front label any representations about the number of servings of coffee creamer a consumer could expect

from the Product.

- 31. Alternatively, Defendants could sell the Product with an accurate representation as to the number of servings of powdered coffee creamer contained within the Product.
- 32. Defendants unlawfully marketed, advertised, sold, and distributed the Product to Florida purchasers.
- 33. Defendants sold the Product at a premium price, and the Product's false and misleading representations deceive Florida consumers for the reasons previously alleged above.
  - 34. Plaintiff has performed all conditions precedent to bringing this Action.
- 35. As an immediate, direct, and proximate result of Defendants' false, misleading, and deceptive representations, Defendants injured Plaintiff and the other Class members in that Plaintiff and other Class members:
  - a. paid a sum of money for the Product that was not as represented:
  - b. paid a premium price for the Product that was not as represented;
  - c. were deprived the benefit of the bargain because the Product they purchased was different than what Defendants warranted;
  - d. were deprived the benefit of the bargain because the Product they purchased had less value than what was represented by Defendants;
  - e. did not receive a Product that measured up to their expectations as created by Defendants;
  - f. purchased a Product that was other than what was represented by Defendants;
  - g. received a Product that Plaintiff and the other members of the Class did not

expect or consent to; and

- h. received a Product that was of a lower quality than what Defendants promised.
- 36. Had Defendants not made the false, misleading, and deceptive representations, Plaintiff and the other Class members would not have been economically injured because Plaintiff and the other Class members would not have purchased the Product.
- 37. Plaintiff and the other Class members would likely purchase the Product again if the deceptive advertising and labeling on the Product were corrected.
- 38. Accordingly, Plaintiff and the other Class members have suffered injury in fact and lost money or property as a result of Defendants' wrongful conduct.
- 39. Plaintiff and the other Class members did not obtain the full value of the advertised Product due to Defendants' misrepresentation.
- 40. Plaintiff and the other Class members purchased, purchased more of, or paid more for the Product than they would have done had they known the truth about the Product.

#### Plaintiff's Reliance and Damages

- 41. Plaintiff purchased one or more of the Product in Broward County, Florida, during the Class Period as she purchased the Product on or about February 23, 2021.
- 42. The Product purchased by Plaintiff was deceptively advertised and marketed for the reasons previously alleged herein.
- 43. With respect to the Product, Plaintiff and members of the Class paid a price premium or received less than they bargained for, because Plaintiff and members of the

Class reasonably believed the Product contained at least 500 servings of powdered coffee creamer as specified on the label and in the advertising, not significantly less.

- 44. Likewise, if Plaintiff and members of the Class had known that the Product did not contain at least 500 servings of powdered coffee creamer as specified on the label and in the advertising, they would not have purchased the Product.
- 45. The Product is worth less than what Plaintiff and members of the Class paid for, and/or is not what Plaintiff and members of the Class reasonably intended to receive.
- 46. Pursuant to Rule 1.220, *Florida Rules of Civil Procedure*, Plaintiff brings this class action and seeks certification of the claims and certain issues in this action on behalf of a Class defined as:

All persons throughout Florida, who, within the four years preceding the filing the original Complaint ("Class Period"), purchased one or more containers of the Product for personal use and not resale ("Class").

- 47. Excluded from the Class are Defendants, their subsidiaries, affiliates, and employees; all persons who make a timely election to be excluded from the Class; governmental entities; and the Judge(s) to whom this case is assigned and any immediate family members thereof.
- 48. Certification of Plaintiff's claims for class-wide treatment is appropriate because Plaintiff can prove the elements of Plaintiff's claims on a class-wide basis using the same evidence as would be used to prove those claims in individual actions alleging the same claims.

#### A. Numerosity

49. The members of the Class are so numerous that individual joinder of all

class members is impracticable.

- 50. The precise number of members of the Class is unknown to Plaintiff, but it is clear that the number greatly exceeds the number that would make joinder practicable, particularly given Defendants' comprehensive distribution and sales network throughout Florida.
- 51. Members of the Class may be notified of the pendency of this action by recognized, Court-approved notice dissemination methods, which may include U.S. Mail, electronic mail, Internet postings, and/or published notice.

#### **B. Commonality and Predominance**

- 52. This Action involves common questions of law or fact, which predominate over any questions affecting individual members of the Class. All members of the Class were exposed to Defendants' deceptive and misleading advertising and marketing claims alleged herein.
  - 53. Furthermore, common guestions of law or fact include:
  - a. whether Defendants engaged in the conduct as alleged herein;
  - b. whether Defendants' practices violate applicable law cited herein;
  - c. whether Plaintiff and the other members of the Class are entitled to actual, statutory, or other forms of damages, and/or other monetary relief; and
  - d. whether Plaintiff and the other members of the Class are entitled to equitable relief, including but not limited to injunctive relief.
- 54. Defendants engaged in a common course of conduct in contravention of the laws Plaintiff seeks to enforce individually, and on behalf of the other members of the

Class. Materially identical business practices, and injuries are involved. Individual questions, if any, pale by comparison, in both quality and quantity, to the numerous common questions that dominate this action. Moreover, the common questions will yield common answers.

#### C. Typicality

55. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the other members of the Class because, among other things, all members of the Class were comparably injured through the same uniform misconduct described herein. Further, there are no defenses available to Defendants that are unique to Plaintiff's.

#### **D.** Adequacy of Representation

Plaintiff is an adequate representative of the members of the Class because Plaintiff's interests do not conflict with the interests of the other members of the Class that Plaintiff seeks to represent. Plaintiff has retained counsel competent and experienced in complex class action litigation and Plaintiff will prosecute this action vigorously. The Class' interests will be fairly and adequately protected by Plaintiff and Plaintiff's counsel. Undersigned counsel has represented consumers in a wide variety of actions where they have sought to protect consumers from fraudulent and deceptive practices.

#### E. Declaratory and Injunctive Relief

57. Defendants have acted or refused to act on grounds generally applicable to Plaintiff and the other members of the Class, thereby making appropriate final injunctive relief and declaratory relief, as described herein, with respect to the members of the Class as a whole.

#### F. Superiority

- 58. A class action is superior to any other available means for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy, and no unusual difficulties are likely to be encountered in the management of this class action. The damages or other financial detriment suffered by Plaintiff and the other members of the Class are relatively small compared to the burden and expense that would be required to individually litigate their claims against Defendants, so it would be impracticable for members of the Class to individually seek redress for Defendants' wrongful conduct. Even if the members of the Class could afford individual litigation, the court system could not. Individualized litigation creates a potential for inconsistent or contradictory judgments; and increases the delay and expense to all parties and the court system and thereby unnecessarily clogging of dockets.
- 59. By contrast, the class action device presents far fewer management difficulties and provides the benefits of single adjudication, economy of scale, and comprehensive supervision by a single court. Given the similar nature of the members of the Class' claims and the absence of material or dispositive differences in laws upon which the claims are based, the Class will be easily managed by the Court and the parties.

# FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION: VIOLATION OF THE FLORIDA DECEPTIVE AND UNFAIR TRADE PRACTICES ACT, FLA STAT. § 501.201 et seq. (versus WALMART and NESTLÊ)

- 60. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein verbatim.
  - 61. This cause of action is brought pursuant to the Florida Deceptive and Unfair

Trade Practices Act, Sections 501.201 to 501.213, Florida Statutes.

- 62. The express purpose of FDUTPA is to "protect the consuming public . . . from those who engage in unfair methods of competition, or unconscionable, deceptive, or unfair acts or practices in the conduct of any trade or commerce." Section 501.202(2), *Florida Statutes*.
- 63. Section 501.204(1), *Florida Statutes* declares as unlawful "unfair methods of competition, unconscionable acts or practices, and unfair or deceptive acts or practices in the conduct of any trade or commerce."
- 64. The sale of the Product at issue in this cause was "consumer transactions" within the scope of FDUTPA.
  - 65. Plaintiff is a "consumer" as defined by Section 501.203, *Florida Statutes*.
- 66. Defendants' Product is a good within the meaning of FDUTPA and Defendants are engaged in trade or commerce within the meaning of FDUTPA.
- 67. Defendants' unfair and deceptive practices are likely to mislead—and have misled—reasonable consumers, such as Plaintiff and members of the Class, and therefore, violate Section 500.04, *Florida Statutes*.
- 68. Defendants have violated FDUTPA by engaging in the unfair and deceptive practices described above, which offend public policies and are immoral, unethical, unscrupulous, and substantially injurious to consumers.
- 69. Specifically, Defendants marketed, labeled and advertised the Product in a deceptive, false and misleading manner since the representations contained on the Product cause reasonable consumers of the Product to believe the Product contains at

least 500 servings of powdered coffee creamer as specified in the advertising and on the label.

- 70. Plaintiff and Class Members have been aggrieved by Defendants' unfair and deceptive practices in violation of FDUTPA, in that they purchased and consumed Defendants' deceptively labeled and marketed Product.
- 71. Reasonable consumers rely on Defendants to honestly market and label the Product in a way that does not deceive reasonable consumers into believing they are purchasing a Product that contains at least 500 servings of powdered coffee creamer as specified on the label and in the advertising, when the truth is that the Product contains far less than that amount.
- 72. Defendants have deceived reasonable consumers, like Plaintiff and the Class, into believing the Product was something it was not.
  - 73. Plaintiff and the Class suffered damages and are entitled to injunctive relief.
- 74. Pursuant to sections 501.211(2) and 501.2105, *Florida Statutes*, Plaintiff and the Class make claims for damages, attorney's fees, and costs. The damages suffered by the Plaintiff and the Class were directly and proximately caused by the deceptive, misleading, and unfair practices of Defendants. Additionally, pursuant to Section 501.211(1), *Florida Statutes*, Plaintiff and the Class seek injunctive relief for, *inter alia*, the Court to enjoin Defendants' above-described wrongful acts and practices, and for restitution and disgorgement.
- 75. Plaintiff seeks all available remedies, damages, and awards resulting from Defendants' violations of FDUTPA.

#### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

**WHEREFORE,** Plaintiff, individually, and on behalf of all others similarly situated, prays for relief pursuant to each cause of action set forth in this Complaint as follows:

- A. For an order certifying that the Action may be maintained as a class action, certifying Plaintiff as representative of the Class, and designating Plaintiff's attorneys as Class counsel;
  - B. For an award of equitable relief for all causes of action as follows:
    - 1. Enjoining Defendants from continuing to engage, use, or employ any unfair and/or deceptive business acts or practices related to the design, testing, manufacture, assembly, development, marketing, advertising, or sale of the Product for the purpose of selling the Product in such manner as set forth in detail above, or from making any claims found to violate FDUTPA or the other causes of action as set forth above;
    - 2. Restoring all monies that may have been acquired by Defendants as a result of such unfair and/or deceptive act or practices; and
- C. For actual damages in an amount to be determined at trial for all causes of action;
  - D. For an award of attorney's fees and costs;
  - E. For any other relief the Court might deem just, appropriate, or proper; and
  - F. For an award of pre and post-judgment interest on any amounts awarded.

#### **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**

Plaintiff hereby demands trial by jury on all issues so triable.

Submitted this 15th day of July 2021

#### SOUTHERN ATLANTIC LAW GROUP, PLLC

By: s/Lydia S. Zbrzeznj

Lydia S. Zbrzeznj Florida Bar No. 98181 Nicholas T. Zbrzeznj Florida Bar No. 98180 99 6th Street SW

Winter Haven, FL 33880 Telephone: (863)656-6672 Facsimile: (863)301-4500

Emails: lydia@southernatlanticlaw.com

nick@southernatlanticlaw.com kara@southernatlanticlaw.com mark@southernatlanticlaw.com ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF

Joel Oster Of Counsel The Law Office of Howard W. Rubinstein P.A. 1281 N. Ocean Dr. Apt. 198 Singer Island, FL 33404 Telephone: 832-715-2788

Fax: 561-688-0630

Emails: <a href="mailto:howardr@pdq.net">howardr@pdq.net</a>
ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF

L. DeWayne Layfield, Esq. (Pro Hac Vice Motion to be filed)

Law Office of L DeWayne Layfield, PLLC

P.O. Box 3829

Beaumont, Texas 77704 Telephone: 407-832-1891

Fax: 866-280-3004

Email: <a href="mailto:dewayne@layfieldlaw.com">dewayne@layfieldlaw.com</a>
ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF





Nutrition Fact About 500 servings per contain Serving size 1 tsp (2)	er	
Calories 10	)	
% Daily Val	ue	
Total Fat 0.5 g	%	
Saturated Fat 0.5 g	%	
<i>Trans</i> Fat 0 g		
Cholesterol 0 mg 0	%	
Sodium 5 mg 0	%	
Total Carbohydrate 1 g 0	%	
Total Sugars 0 g		
Incl. 0g Added Sugars <b>0%</b>		
Protein Og		
Not a signif cant source of polyunsaturated fat, monounsatur fat, dietary fiber, vitamin D, calcium, iron, and potassium.	ated	

#### JS 44 (Rev. Case 0:21-cy-61443-WPD Docume of 1 Cotton of 1

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.) NOTICE: Attorneys MUST Indicate All Re-filed Cases Below.

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS			DEFENDANT				_		
Л	JLIA YONAN			W	ALMA	RT, INC., and	NESTLÊ U	SA, IN	C.,
•	f First Listed Plaintiff Bro		County of Residen		(IN U.S. F	PLAINTIFF CASES O	NLY)		
			NOTE:	IN Th	LAND CO IE TRACT	ONDEMNATION CA OF LAND INVOLV	ASES, USE THE /ED.	LOCATIO	ON OF
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, A	ddress, and Telephone Number)		Attorneys (If Know	n)					
•	outhern Atlantic Law C	Group, PLLC, 99 6th S	Street						
SW, Winter Haven, F									
(d) Check County Where Actio	on Arose:   MIAMI- DADE	☐ MONROE ☐ BROWARD ☐	PALM BEACH  MARTIN ST. I	LUCIE	☐ INDIAN	RIVER    OKEECHOBE	EE  HIGHLAND	S	
II. BASIS OF JURISDI	CTION (Place an "X" is	ı One Box Only)	I. CITIZENSHIP OF	PRIN	NCIPA	L PARTIES (P	lace an "X" in C	ne Box for	Plaintiff)
☐ 1 U.S. Government	□3 Fede	eral Question	(For Diversity Cases Only	y) PTF	DEF		and One Box f	for Defenda <b>PTF</b>	
Plaintiff	(U.S. Government I	*	Citizen of This State	<b>1</b>	<u> </u>	Incorporated or Print of Business In This		□ 4	<b>□</b> 4
2 U.S. Government Defendant	<del>_</del>	ersity ip of Parties in Item III)	Citizen of Another State	□ 2	□ 2	Incorporated and Proof Business In A		□ 5	<b>5</b>
			Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	□ 3	□ 3	Foreign Nation		□ 6	□ 6
IV. NATURE OF SUIT		ly) C	Click here for: Nature of Suit Cod FORFEITURE/PENALTY		•	KRUPTCY	ОТИБІ	R STATUT	rec
110 Insurance	PERSONAL INJURY	PERSONAL INJURY	625 Drug Related Seizure			eal 28 USC 158	375 False		
☐ 120 Marine ☐ 130 Miller Act	☐ 310 Airplane ☐ 315 Airplane Product	365 Personal Injury - Product Liability	of Property 21 USC 88 ☐ 690 Other	1 🔲	423 With 28 U	drawal ISC 157	376 Qui Ta 3729 (a)	) `	
☐ 140 Negotiable Instrument ☐ 150 Recovery of Overpayment	Liability  ☐ 320 Assault, Libel &	☐ 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical			PROPE	RTY RIGHTS	☐ 400 State I ☐ 410 Antitr		nment
& Enforcement of Judgment  151 Medicare Act	Slander  Slander  330 Federal Employers'	Personal Injury Product Liability			820 Copy   830 Pater	rights	430 Banks 450 Comm	and Banki	ng
☐ 152 Recovery of Defaulted	Liability	☐ 368 Asbestos Personal			835 Pater	nt – Abbreviated	460 Depor		
Student Loans	☐ 340 Marine	Injury Product Liabi	lity	В	840 Trad 880 Defe Act of 2	rug Application emark nd Trade Secrets 2016	☐ 470 Racke	eteer Influ	enced and
(Excl. Veterans)	345 Marine Product		LABOR			L SECURITY	480 Consu (15 USC	2 1681 or 1	692)
☐ 153 Recovery of Overpayment	Liability	PERSONAL PROPERTY	☐ 710 Fair Labor Standards		861 HIA	` '	☐ 485 Teleph Protection	one Consu Act (TCP/	imer A)
of Veteran's Benefits ☐ 160 Stockholders' Suits	☐ 350 Motor Vehicle ☐ 355 Motor Vehicle	■ 370 Other Fraud □ 371 Truth in Lending	Act ☐ 720 Labor/Mgmt. Relations			k Lung (923) C/DIWW (405(g))	☐ 490 Cable/ ☐ 850 Securi		nodities/
☐ 190 Other Contract ☐ 195 Contract Product Liability	Product Liability  360 Other Personal	380 Other Personal Property Damage	☐ 740 Railway Labor Act☐ 751 Family and Medical		864 SSIE   865 RSI (	Title XVI (405(g))	Exchange 890 Other	Statutory A	Actions
☐ 196 Franchise	Injury ☐ 362 Personal Injury -	☐ 385 Property Damage Product Liability	Leave Act 790 Other Labor Litigation				☐ 891 Agricu ☐ 893 Enviro	ıltural Acts	S
REAL PROPERTY	Med. Malpractice CIVIL RIGHTS	PRISONER PETITIONS	791 Empl. Ret. Inc. Security Act		FEDED	AL TAX SUITS	895 Freedo		
☐ 210 Land Condemnation	440 Other Civil Rights	Habeas Corpus:	Security Act		870 Taxe	s (U.S. Plaintiff	☐ 896 Arbitr		
☐ 220 Foreclosure ☐ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment	☐ 441 Voting ☐ 442 Employment	☐ 463 Alien Detainee ☐ 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence	e			efendant) –Third Party 26 USC	Act/Revie	ew or Appe	
240 Torts to Land	443 Housing/	Other:			7009		Agency Do 950 Cons Statutes	titutionality	y of State
☐ 245 Tort Product Liability☐ 290 All Other Real Property	445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment	☐ 530 General☐ 535 Death Penalty	IMMIGRATION  ☐ 462 Naturalization Applicat	ion			Statutes		
	446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other	☐ 540 Mandamus & Other ☐ 550 Civil Rights	465 Other Immigration Actions						
	448 Education	555 Prison Condition 560 Civil Detainee –	retions						
		Conditions of Confinement							
V. ORIGIN (Place of 1 Original 2 Remo	an "X" in One Box Only)	Reinstated □ 5 Transfe	erred from   6 Multidistric	ct _	7 App	malta 🗆 8 .			
Proceeding from S Court	State (See VI below)	or another Reopened (specify			Distr	Magistrate	Multidistrict 🖂 Litigation – Direct File	, Remand Appella	ded from ite Court
VI. RELATED/ RE-FILED CASE(S)	(See instructions): a)  JUDO	<del>-</del>	■ NO b) Related	Cases		S NO CKET NUMBER:			
VII. CAUSE OF ACTIO	ON Fla. Stat. 501.201	et seq. Class action fe	iling and Write a Brief Staten or deceptive and unfair for both sides to try entire ca	trade		-	onal statutes un	less diversi	ity):
VIII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:		IS A CLASS ACTION	DEMAND \$	,	C	HECK YES only i	f demanded in	complair	nt:
ABOVE INFORMATION IS	TRUE & CODDECT TO	THE REST OF MV KNO	WI FDCE		JUR	AY DEMAND:	Yes	□No	
DATE 07/15/2021	INDE & CORRECT TO	SIGNATURE OF A	TTORNEY OF RECORD						
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY : RECI	EIPT# AMO	s/Lydia S. 2	<u> </u>			MAG JUDGE			

## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT for the

Southern District of Florida

JULIA YON	NAN,	)	
Plaintiff(: v. WALMART, IN NESTLÊ USA	IC., and	) ) ) ) () ) )	vil Action No.
Defendant	(s)	)	
	SUMMONS I	IN A CIVIL	ACTION
To: (Defendant's name and address)	Walmart, Inc. 702 S.W. 8th Street, Bentonville, Arkansas 72	2716	
are the United States or a Unit P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must	ervice of this summons on ed States agency, or an off t serve on the plaintiff an a	ficer or emploanswer to the otion must be roup, PLLC	unting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you oyee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney,
If you fail to respond, You also must file your answe			ainst you for the relief demanded in the complaint.
			CLERK OF COURT
Date:		-	
			Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT for the

Southern District of Florida

JULIA YONAN,	) )
Plaintiff(s) v. WALMART, INC., and NESTLÊ USA, INC.,	) ) () () () () () () () () () () () ()
Defendant(s)	)
SUMMONS	IN A CIVIL ACTION
To: (Defendant's name and address) Nestle USA, Inc. 1812 N. Moore Street Arlington, VA 22209	
A lawsuit has been filed against you.  Within 21 days after service of this summons o	n you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you
P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an	fficer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of otion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney,
Lydia S. Zbrzeznj Southern Atlantic Law G 99 6th Street SW Winter Haven, FL 33880	
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will You also must file your answer or motion with the cour	be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. t.
	CLERK OF COURT
Date:	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk