# ORIGINAL

1 TYCKO & ZAVAREEI LLP Superior Court Of California County Of Los Angeles Jeffrey D. Kaliel (CA Bar No. 238293) 2 jkaliel@tzlegal.com 1828 L Street, N.W., Suite 1000 3 Alig 23 2017 Washington, D.C. 20036 (202) 973-0900 4 Sherri R. Certer, Executive Officer/Clerk (202) 973-0950 facsimile CAL & Clam Deputy 5 McCUNE · WRIGHT · AREVALO, LLP 6 Richard D. McCune, State Bar No. 132124 rdm@mccunewright.com 7 Jae (Eddie) K. Kim, State Bar No. 236805 ikk@mccunewright.com 8 3281 E. Guasti Road, Suite 100 Ontario, CA 91761 Telephone: (909) 557-1250 10 Facsimile: (909) 557-1275 CAC Aboz8 11 THE KICK LAW FIRM, APC Taras Kick (SBN 143379) 12 Taras@kicklawfirm.com 13 D327 Highberger Robert Dart (SBN 264060) Robert@kicklawfirm.com 14 201 Wilshire Boulevard Santa Monica, CA 90401 15 Attorneys for Plaintiff Monah Stahl 16 And the Putative Class 17 THE SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA 18 **COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES** 19 BC 6 73 3 9 7 MONAH STAHL, individually and on behalf Case No. 20 of all others similarly situated. **CLASS ACTION** 21 Plaintiffs, COMPLAINT FOR:

RECEIPT

COMPLAINT FOR:

RECEIPT

COMPLAINT FOR:

RECEIPT

RECEIPT LEA/DEF#: ν. 22 BANK OF THE WEST, 23 24 Competition Law (Cal. Bush & Prof. Code § Defendant. 17200); 25 (3) Violation of the Consumer Legal Remedies Act, California Civil Code § 1750, et seq. ... <sup>c⊕</sup>26 03:12 (JURY TRIAL DEMANDED)

**CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT** 

Plaintiff, MONAH STAHL ("Plaintiff"), on behalf of herself and all others similarly situated, sues Defendant, BANK OF THE WEST ("Defendant" or "Bank of the West"), and allege:

#### **INTRODUCTION**

- 1) In its Deposit Account Disclosure ("Disclosure"), attached hereto as *Exhibit A*, Defendant, Bank of the West, promises its customers who do not opt into Bank of the West's Debit Card Overdraft Service that it will not charge them fees for non-recurring, every day Debit Card transactions. But Bank of the West does charge overdraft fees for one-time debit card transactions ("One-Time Transactions"). Specifically, Bank of the West charges overdraft fees for purchases of rides from ride sharing companies, Uber Technologies, Inc. ("Uber") and Lyft, Inc. ("Lyft"), and other One-Time Transactions that it knows or should know are not recurring.
- 2) In this case, Bank of the West charged Plaintiff \$35.00 in overdraft fees when she used her debit card to pay for one-time Lyft and Uber ride transactions even though such fees are not authorized for everyday debit card transactions. Accordingly, Plaintiff seeks to recoup the fee she paid and to represent all individuals in the United States who were charged similar overdraft fees on one-time debit card transactions in violation of Bank of the West's Disclosures.
- 3) Plaintiff asserts this action on behalf of herself and all others similarly situated, for damages and other relief arising from Bank of the West's routine practice of charging standard overdraft fees on one-time debit card transactions, in violation of its contract with accountholders.

#### **PARTIES**

- 4) Plaintiff is a resident of Los Angeles, California, and has had a checking account with Defendant in California at all times material hereto.
- 5) Defendant is engaged in the business of, among other things, providing retail banking services to consumers, including Plaintiff and members of the putative classes, which includes the issuance of debit cards for use by its customers in conjunction with their checking accounts. Bank of the West maintains its headquarters and principal place of business in San Francisco, California.

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#### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 6) This Court has jurisdiction over this matter because the amount in controversy exceeds \$25,000.
- 7) Venue is proper in this District pursuant to CCP § 395(a) because Bank of the West is a resident of San Francisco, California, which is located in this District.

#### **OVERVIEW**

- 8) Debit card transactions can be either "one-time" or "recurring." One-time Transactions are unique transactions not scheduled to regularly re-occur. Recurring transactions, on the other hand, are scheduled to regularly re-occur. Recurring transactions are often automatically charged on a prearranged schedule. Examples or recurring transactions include gym memberships, cable bills, cell phone bills, utility bills, monthly magazine subscriptions, streaming content service memberships like Netflix, and insurance premiums.
- 9) Lyft and Uber are well known ride sharing services that are used across the country. There is no mystery about what their business is: one-time ride shares. Customers may use Lyft or Uber more than once time a month with corresponding payment taking place each time the service is used, but those inconsistent transactions are not "recurring." Lyft and Uber are not subscription services wherein customers pay a monthly fee. Such transactions do not occur automatically, do not occur on a prearranged schedule, are not for a set amount, and only occur on a per ride basis.
- 10) Even though Bank of the West knows (or should know) that Lyft and Uber customers pay per ride, and do not pay recurring pre-arranged fees, it repeatedly charges overdraft fees on these transactions despite that they are One-Time transactions.
- 11) Bank of the West's checking account Disclosure states the bank will not charge overdraft fees on One-Time Transactions:

At Account opening you are automatically opted out of Debit Card Overdraft Service

[...]

ATM or everyday Debit Card transactions against insufficient available funds as

If a Bank of the West customer does *not* enroll in the Debit Card Overdraft Service

[E]ven when you are opted out of Debit Card Overdraft Service, there still may be circumstances when the transaction will be authorized and overdraw your checking Account. However, in these cases, you will not be charged an Overdraft

Even though it promises customers who did not opt into the Debit Card Overdraft Service that it will not charge them overdraft fees for non-recurring, everyday transactions, Bank of the West, as a matter of policy, does in fact charge accountholders overdraft fees for Lyft and Uber rides, and on other One-Time Transactions. Bank of the West knows or should know that people

- Plaintiff became a Bank of the West customer and contracted with Bank of the West as embodied in the Disclosure. Bank of the West's Disclosure contains a promise that Bank of the
- In or around February, 2016 and April 2016, Plaintiff made several one-time non-
- Plaintiff never opted in to Bank of the West's Overdraft Service and never consented to being charged an overdraft fee for One-Time transactions for Uber and Lyft rides.
- On September 23, 2016, Bank of the West charged Plaintiff a \$35.00 overdraft fee for

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### **CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS**

Plaintiff brings this action on her own behalf and on behalf of all others similarly 18) situated. The "Class" is as follows:

> All holders of a BANK OF THE WEST checking and/or money market account in California who, within the applicable statute of limitation preceding the filing of this lawsuit, incurred one or more Overdraft Fees on One-Time Transactions.

- 19) Excluded from the Class are Defendant, its subsidiaries and affiliates, its officers, directors and member of their immediate families and any entity in which Defendant has a controlling interest, the legal representatives, heirs, successors or assigns of any such excluded party, the judicial officer(s) to whom this action is assigned, and the members of their immediate families.
- 20) Plaintiff reserves the right to modify or amend the definition of the proposed Class and/or to add subclasses if necessary before this Court determines whether certification is appropriate.
- 21) This case is properly brought as a class action, and all requirements therein are met for the reasons set forth in the following paragraphs.
- 22) *Numerosity*. The members of the Classes are so numerous that separate joinder of each member is impracticable. Upon information and belief, and subject to class discovery, the Classes consist of thousands of members or more, the identity of whom are within the exclusive knowledge of and can be ascertained only by resort to Bank of the West's records. Bank of the West has the administrative capability through its computer systems and other records to identify all members of the Classes, and such specific information is not otherwise available to Plaintiff.
- 23) Commonality. There are numerous questions of law and fact common to the Classes relating to Bank of the West's usurious business practice at issue herein and those common questions predominate over any questions affecting only individual Class members. The common questions include, but are not limited to:

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- b) Whether Plaintiff and other members of the Class have sustained damages as a result of Bank of the West's wrongful business practices described herein, and the proper measure of damages.
- 24) <u>Typicality</u>. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the other Class members in that they arise out of the same wrongful business practice by Bank of the West, as described herein.
- 25) <u>Adequacy of Representation</u>. Plaintiff is more than an adequate representative of the Class in that she has a Bank of the West checking account and has suffered damages as a result of Bank of the West's usurious and improper business practices. In addition:
  - a) Plaintiff is committed to the vigorous prosecution of this action on behalf of herself and all others similarly situated and has retained competent counsel experienced in the prosecution of class actions and, in particular, class actions on behalf of consumers against financial institutions;
  - b) There is no conflict of interest between Plaintiff and the unnamed members of the Class:
  - c) They anticipate no difficulty in the management of this litigation as a class action; and
  - d) Plaintiff's counsel has the financial and legal resources to meet the substatial costs and legal issues associated with this type of litigation.
- Superiority. A class action is superior to other available methods and highly desirable for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy. Since the amount of each individual Class member's claim is very small relative to the complexity of the litigation and since the financial resources of Bank of the West are enormous, no Class member could afford to seek legal redress individually for the claims alleged herein. Therefore, absent a class action, the Class members will continue to suffer losses and Bank of the West's misconduct will proceed without remedy. In addition, even if Class members themselves could afford such individual litigation, the court system

could not. Given the complex legal and factual issues involved, individualized litigation would significantly increase the delay and expense to all parties and to the Court. Individualized litigation would also create the potential for inconsistent or contradictory rulings. By contrast, a class action presents far fewer management difficulties, allows claims to be heard which might otherwise go unheard because of the relative expense of bringing individual lawsuits, and provides the benefits of adjudication, economies of scale and comprehensive supervision by a single court.

27) All conditions precedent to bringing this action have been satisfied and/or waived.

#### **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

## (For Breach of Contract)

- 28) Plaintiff incorporates the preceding allegations by reference as if fully set forth herein.
- 29) Plaintiff and Bank of the West contracted for checking account and debit card services, as embodied in the Disclosure.
- 30) The Disclosure states that Bank of the West will not assess overdraft fees on any One-Time Transactions.
- 31) Bank of the West breached the contract when it charged overdraft fees on One-Time Transactions.
- 32) Plaintiff and members of the putative Class have performed all of the obligations on them pursuant to the account Disclosure.
- 33) Plaintiff and members of the putative Class have sustained monetary damages as a result of Defendant's breach.

#### SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(For Violation of the "Fraudulent" Prong of the UCL, California Business & Professions Code § 17200, et seq.)

.34) Plaintiff incorporates the preceding allegations by reference as if fully set forth herein.

- 35) The UCL defines unfair business competition to include any "unlawful, unfair or fraudulent" act or practice, as well as any "unfair, deceptive, untrue or misleading" advertising. Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200.
- 36) A business act or practice is "fraudulent" under the UCL if it is likely to deceive members of the consuming public.
- 37) Bank of the West's Disclosures are fraudulent because they deceived Plaintiff and reasonable consumers like her into believing that Bank of the West did not charge overdrafts on One-Time Transactions.
- 38) Bank of the West's acts and practices as described herein have deceived Plaintiff and are highly likely to deceive reasonable members of the consuming public. Plaintiff relied on Bank of the West's misleading and deceptive representations, and would not have subjected herself to overdraft fees on every-day non-reoccurring debit card transactions had she known such transactions could incur overdrafts. Plaintiff suffered monetary loss as a direct result of Defendant's practices described above.
- 39) As a result of the conduct described above, Defendant has been unjustly enriched at the expense of Plaintiff and members of the proposed Classes.
- Through its fraudulent acts and practices, Defendant has improperly obtained money from Plaintiff and the Classes. As such, Plaintiff request that this Court cause Bank of the West to restore this money to Plaintiff and all members of the Class, and to enjoin Bank of the West from continuing to violate the UCL as discussed herein and/or from violating the UCL in the future. Otherwise, Plaintiff and the Class may be irreparably harmed and/or denied an effective and complete remedy if such an order is not granted.

#### THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(For Violation of the Consumer Legal Remedies Act, California Civil Code § 1750, et seq.)

- Plaintiff incorporates the preceding allegations by reference as if fully set forth herein.
  - 42) This cause of action is brought pursuant to the CLRA.

- 43) Plaintiff and each member of the Class are "consumers" within the meaning of California Civil Code § 1761(d).
- 44) Bank of the West's checking accounts and debit card services were transactions within the meaning of California Civil Code § 1761(e).
- 45) Bank of the West violated the CLRA when it violated Regulation E, C.F.R. 1005.17, which requires affirmative consent before a financial institution is permitted to assess overdraft fees against customers' accounts for ATM and one-time card transactions. Bank of the West does not seek or acquire affirmative consent before it charges overdraft fees on certain one-time transactions, including Uber transactions.
- Plaintiffs request this Court enjoin Bank of the West from continuing to violate the CLRA as alleged herein in the future and to order restitution to Plaintiff and each member of the proposed Class. Otherwise, Plaintiff, the Class and members of the general public may be irreparably harmed and/or denied effective and complete remedy if such an order is not granted.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against defendant Bank of the West for herself and the Class members as follows:

- (a) Certifying this matter as a class action;
- (b) Designating Plaintiff as an appropriate Class representative;
- (c) Awarding Plaintiff and the Class damages, prejudgment interest from the date of loss, and their costs and disbursements incurred in connection with this action, including reasonable attorney's fees, expert witness fees and other costs; and
- (d) Granting such other relief as the Court deems just and proper.

Dated: August 23, 2017

Respectfully submitted,

Jeffrey D. Kaliel (CA Bar No. 238293)

TYCKO & ZAVAREEI LLP

McCUNE · WRIGHT · AREVALO, LLP Richard D. McCune, State Bar No. 132124 Jae (Eddie) K. Kim, State Bar No. 236805

## THE KICK LAW FIRM, APC

Taras Kick (SBN 143379) Robert Dart (SBN 264060) Attorneys for Plaintiff and the Putative Classes

## **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**

Plaintiff and the putative class demands a jury trial on all issues so triable.

Dated: August 23, 2017

Respectfully submitted,

Jans Kill

Jeffrey D. Kaliel (CA Bar No. 238293)

TYCKO & ZAVAREEI LLP

McCUNE · WRIGHT · AREVALO, LLP Richard D. McCune, State Bar No. 132124 Jae (Eddie) K. Kim, State Bar No. 236805

THE KICK LAW FIRM, APC Taras Kick (SBN 143379)

Robert Dart (SBN 264060)

Attorneys for Plaintiff and the Putative Classes

#### NOTICE

Plaintiff must file this cover sheet with the first paper filed in the action or proceeding (except small claims cases or cases filed under the Probate Code, Family Code, or Welfare and Institutions Code). (Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.220.) Failure to file may result

File this cover sheet in addition to any cover sheet required by local court rule.

🐪 If this case is complex under rule 3.400 et seq. of the California Rules of Court, you must serve a copy of this cover sheet on all other parties to the action or proceeding.

other parties to the action or proceeding.

Unless this is a collections case under rule 3.740 or a complex case, this cover sheet will be used for statistical purposes only.

Page 1 of 2

#### INSTRUCTIONS ON HOW TO COMPLETE THE COVER SHEET

To Plaintiffs and Others Filing First Papers. If you are filing a first paper (for example, a complaint) in a civil case, you must complete and file, along with your first paper, the Civil Case Cover Sheet contained on page 1. This information will be used to compile statistics about the types and numbers of cases filed. You must complete items 1 through 6 on the sheet. In item 1, you must check one box for the case type that best describes the case. If the case fits both a general and a more specific type of case listed in item 1, check the more specific one. If the case has multiple causes of action, check the box that best indicates the primary cause of action. To assist you in completing the sheet, examples of the cases that belong under each case type in item 1 are provided below. A cover sheet must be filed only with your initial paper. Failure to file a cover sheet with the first paper filed in a civil case may subject a party, its counsel, or both to sanctions under rules 2.30 and 3.220 of the California Rules of Court.

To Parties in Rule 3.740 Collections Cases. A "collections case" under rule 3.740 is defined as an action for recovery of money owed in a sum stated to be certain that is not more than \$25,000, exclusive of interest and attorney's fees, arising from a transaction in which property, services, or money was acquired on credit. A collections case does not include an action seeking the following: (1) tort damages, (2) punitive damages, (3) recovery of real property, (4) recovery of personal property, or (5) a prejudgment writ of attachment. The identification of a case as a rule 3.740 collections case on this form means that it will be exempt from the general time-for-service requirements and case management rules, unless a defendant files a responsive pleading. A rule 3.740 collections case will be subject to the requirements for service and obtaining a judgment in rule 3.740.

To Parties in Complex Cases. In complex cases only, parties must also use the Civil Case Cover Sheet to designate whether the case is complex. If a plaintiff believes the case is complex under rule 3.400 of the California Rules of Court, this must be indicated by completing the appropriate boxes in items 1 and 2. If a plaintiff designates a case as complex, the cover sheet must be served with the complaint on all parties to the action. A defendant may file and serve no later than the time of its first appearance a joinder in the plaintiffs designation, a counter-designation that the case is not complex, or, if the plaintiff has made no designation, a designation that the case is complex.

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Auto Tort
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Auto (22)-Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death Uninsured Motorist (46) (if the case involves an uninsured motorist claim subject to arbitration, check this item instead of Auto)

Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/ Property Damage/Wrongful Death)

Asbestos (04)

Asbestos Property Damage Asbestos Personal Injury/ Wrongful Death

Product Liability (not asbestos or toxic/environmental) (24) Medical Malpractice (45)

Medical Malpractice-

Physicians & Surgeons

Other Professional Health Care Malpractice

Other PI/PD/WD (23)

Premises Liability (e.g., slip and fall)

Intentional Bodily Injury/PD/WD (e.g., assault, vandalism)

Intentional Infliction of **Emotional Distress Negligent Infliction of** 

**Emotional Distress** Other PI/PD/WD

#### Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort

Business Tort/Unfair Business Practice (07) Civil Rights (e.g., discrimination, false arrest) (not civil harassment) (08)

Defamation (e.g., slander, libel)

Fraud (16)

Intellectual Property (19) Professional Negligence (25)

Legal Malpractice Other Professional Malpractice

(not medical or legal) Other Non-Pl/PD/WD Tort (35)

**Employment** 

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Wrongful Termination (36) Other Employment (15)

#### CASE TYPES AND EXAMPLES

#### Contract

Breach of Contract/Warranty (06) Breach of Rental/Lease Contract (not unlawful detainer

or wrongful eviction) Contract/Warranty Breach-Seller Plaintiff (not fraud or negligence)

Negligent Breach of Contract/ Warranty

Other Breach of Contract/Warranty Collections (e.g., money owed, open

book accounts) (09)

Collection Case-Seller Plaintiff Other Promissory Note/Collections

Case Insurance Coverage (not provisionally complex) (18)

Auto Subrogation

Other Coverage

Other Contract (37) Contractual Fraud Other Contract Dispute

**Real Property** 

Eminent Domain/Inverse

Condemnation (14)

Wrongful Eviction (33)

Other Real Property (e.g., quiet title) (26) Writ of Possession of Real Property

Mortgage Foreclosure

Quiet Title

Other Real Property (not eminent domain, landlord/tenant, or

foreclosure)

#### **Unlawful Detainer**

Commercial (31)

Residential (32)

Drugs (38) (if the case involves illegal druas, check this item; otherwise, report as Commercial or Residential)

**Judicial Review** 

Asset Forfeiture (05)

Petition Re: Arbitration Award (11)

Writ of Mandate (02)

Writ-Administrative Mandamus Writ-Mandamus on Limited Court

Case Matter

Writ-Other Limited Court Case

Review

Other Judicial Review (39)

Review of Health Officer Order Notice of Appeal-Labor

Commissioner Appeals

Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation (Cal. Rules of Court Rules 3.400-3.403)

Antitrust/Trade Regulation (03) Construction Defect (10)

Claims Involving Mass Tort (40)

Securities Litigation (28)

Environmental/Toxic Tort (30) Insurance Coverage Claims

(arising from provisionally complex

case type listed above) (41)

**Enforcement of Judgment** 

Enforcement of Judgment (20) Abstract of Judgment (Out of County)

Confession of Judgment (non-

domestic relations) Sister State Judgment

Administrative Agency Award

(not unpaid taxes) Petition/Certification of Entry of

Judgment on Unpaid Taxes

Other Enforcement of Judgment Case

## Miscellaneous Civil Complaint

**RICO (27)** 

Other Complaint (not specified above) (42)

Declaratory Relief Only Injunctive Relief Only (non-

harassment)

Mechanics Lien

Other Commercial Complaint Case (non-tort/non-complex)

Other Civil Complaint (non-tort/non-complex)

#### Miscellaneous Civil Petition

Partnership and Corporate Governance (21)

Other Petition (not specified

above) (43) Civil Harassment Workplace Violence

Elder/Dependent Adult Abuse

**Election Contest** 

Petition for Name Change

Petition for Relief From Late Claim

Other Civil Petition

CASE NUMBER

BC 6 73 3 9 7

## CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET ADDENDUM AND STATEMENT OF LOCATION (CERTIFICATE OF GROUNDS FOR ASSIGNMENT TO COURTHOUSE LOCATION)

This form is required pursuant to Local Rule 2.3 in all new civil case filings in the Los Angeles Superior Court.

- Step 1: After completing the Civil Case Cover Sheet (Judicial Council form CM-010), find the exact case type in Column A that corresponds to the case type indicated in the Civil Case Cover Sheet.
- Step 2: In Column B, check the box for the type of action that best describes the nature of the case.
- Step 3: In Column C, circle the number which explains the reason for the court filing location you have chosen.

#### Applicable Reasons for Choosing Court Filing Location (Column C)

- 1. Class actions must be filed in the Stanley Mosk Courthouse, Central District.
- 2. Permissive filing in central district.
- Location where cause of action arose.
- 4. Mandatory personal injury filing in North District.
- 5. Location where performance required or defendant resides.
- 6. Location of property or permanently garaged vehicle.

- 7. Location where petitioner resides.
- 8. Location wherein defendant/respondent functions wholly.
- 9. Location where one or more of the parties reside.
- 10. Location of Labor Commissioner Office.
- 11. Mandatory filing location (Hub Cases unlawful detainer, limited non-collection, limited collection, or personal injury).

Auto Tort

Other Personal Injury/ Property

Damage/ Wrongful Death Tort

Sept. 1997

·A В Civil Case Cover Sheet Type of Action Applicable Reasons -(Check only one) Category No. See Step 3 Above ☐ A7100 Motor Vehicle - Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death 1, 4, 11 Auto (22) 1, 4, 11 Uninsured Motorist (46) A7110 Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death - Uninsured Motorist 1, 11 □ A6070 Asbestos Property Damage Asbestos (04) A7221 Asbestos - Personal Injury/Wrongful Death 1, 11 1, 4, 11 Product Liability (24) A7260 Product Liability (not asbestos or toxic/environmental) 1, 4, 11 □ A7210 Medical Malpractice - Physicians & Surgeons Medical Malpractice (45) 1, 4, 11 □ A7240 Other Professional Health Care Malpractice ☐ A7250 Premises Liability (e.g., slip and fall) 1, 4, 11 Other Personal ☐ A7230 Intentional Bodily Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death (e.g., Injury Property 1, 4, 11 assault, vandalism, etc.) Damage Wrongful 1, 4, 11 Death (23) □ A7270 Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress 1, 4, 11 ☐ A7220 Other Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death

Stahl v. Bank of the West

CASE NUMBER

Non-Personal Injury/ Property Damage/ Wrongful Death Tort	Civil Case Cover Sheet Category No.	Type of Action (Check only one)	C Applicable Reasons - See Step 3 Above
	Business Tort (07)	□ A6029 Other Commercial/Business Tort (not fraud/breach of contract)	1, 2, 3
	Civil Rights (08)	□ A6005 Civil Rights/Discrimination	1, 2, 3
	Defamation (13)	☐ A6010 Defamation (slander/libel)	1, 2, 3
	Fraud (16)	□ A6013 Fraud (no contract)	1, 2, 3
	Professional Negligence (25)	□ A6017 Legal Malpractice □ A6050 Other Professional Malpractice (not medical or legal)	1, 2, 3 1, 2, 3
,	Other (35)	☐ A6025 Other Non-Personal Injury/Property Damage tort	1, 2, 3
ent	Wrongful Termination (36)	☐ A6037 Wrongful Termination	1, 2, 3
Employment	Other Employment (15)	□ A6024 Other Employment Complaint Case □ A6109 Labor Commissioner Appeals	1, 2, 3 10
Contract	Breach of Contract/ Warranty (06) (not insurance)	<ul> <li>□ A6004 Breach of Rental/Lease Contract (not unlawful detainer or wrongful eviction)</li> <li>□ A6008 Contract/Warranty Breach -Seller Plaintiff (no fraud/negl gence)</li> <li>□ A6019 Negligent Breach of Contract/Warranty (no fraud)</li> <li>□ A6028 Other Breach of Contract/Warranty (not fraud or negligence)</li> </ul>	2, 5 2, 5 1, 2, 5 (1) 2, 5
	Collections (09)	<ul> <li>□ A6002 Collections Case-Seller Plaintiff</li> <li>□ A6012 Other Promissory Note/Collections Case</li> <li>□ A6034 Collections Case-Purchased Debt (Charged Off Consumer Debt Purchased on or after January 1, 2014)</li> </ul>	5, 6, 11 5, 11 5, 6, 11
	Insurance Coverage (18)	□ A6015 Insurance Coverage (not complex)	1, 2, 5, 8
	Other Contract (37)	□ A6009 Contractual Fraud □ A6031 Tortious Interference □ A6027 Other Contract Dispute(not breach/insurance/fraud/negligence)	1, 2, 3, 5 1, 2, 3, 5 1, 2, 3, 8, 9
_	Eminent Domain/Inverse Condemnation (14)	□ A7300 Eminent Domain/Condemnation Number of parcels	2, 6
operty	Wrongful Eviction (33)	☐ A6023 Wrongful Eviction Case	2, 6
Real Property	Other Real Property (26)	<ul> <li>□ A6018 Mortgage Foreclosure</li> <li>□ A6032 Quiet Title</li> <li>□ A6060 Other Real Property (not eminent domain, landlord/tenant, foreclosure)</li> </ul>	2, 6 2, 6 2, 6
ปีคีสฟในPotainer	Unlawful Detainer-Commercial (31)	☐ A6021 Unlawful Detainer-Commercial (not drugs or wrongful eviction)	6, 11
	Unlawful Detainer-Residential (32)	A6020 Unlawful Detainer-Residential (not drugs or wrongful eviction)	6, 11
Janawi	Unlawful Detainer- Post-Foreclosure (34)	☐ A6020F Unlawful Detainer-Post-Foreclosure	.2, 6, 11
€ Ma	Unlawful Detainer-Drugs (38)	□ A6022 Unlawful Detainer-Drugs	2, 6, 11

Stahl v. Bank of the West

CASE NUMBER

	A Civil Case Cover Sheet Category No.	Type of Action (Check only one)	C Applicable Reasons - See Step 3 Above
	Asset Forfeiture (05)	☐ A6108 Asset Forfeiture Case	2, 3, 6
Judicial Review	Petition re Arbitration (11)	□ A6115 Petition to Compel/Confirm/Vacate Arbitration	2, 5
	Writ of Mandate (02)	<ul> <li>□ A6151 Writ - Administrative Mandamus</li> <li>□ A6152 Writ - Mandamus on Limited Court Case Matte</li> <li>□ A6153 Writ - Other Limited Court Case Review</li> </ul>	2, 8 2 2
	Other Judicial Review (39)	□ A6150 Other Writ /Judicial Review	2, 8
E	Antitrust/Trade Regulation (03)	☐ A6003 Antitrust/Trade Regulation	1, 2, 8
Provisionally Complex Litigation	Construction Defect (10)	□ A6007 Construction Defect	1, 2, 3
	Claims Involving Mass Tort (40)	□ A6006 Claims Involving Mass Tort	1, 2, 8
	Securities Litigation (28)	□ A6035 Securities Litigation Case	1, 2, 8
	Toxic Tort Environmental (30)	□ A6036 Toxic Tort/Environmental	1, 2, 3, 8
	Insurance Coverage Claims from Complex Case (41)	□ A6014 Insurance Coverage/Subrogation (complex case only)	1, 2, 5, 8
Enforcement of Judgment	Enforcement of Judgment (20)	<ul> <li>□ A6141 Sister State Judgment</li> <li>□ A6160 Abstract of Judgment</li> <li>□ A6107 Confession of Judgment (non-domestic relations)</li> <li>□ A6140 Administrative Agency Award (not unpaid taxes)</li> <li>□ A6114 Petition/Certificate for Entry of Judgment on Unpaid Tax</li> <li>□ A6112 Other Enforcement of Judgment Case</li> </ul>	2, 5, 11 2, 6 2, 9 2, 8 2, 8 2, 8, 9
Miscellaneous Civil Complaints	RICO (27)	□ A6033 Racketeering (RICO) Case	1, 2, 8
	Other Complaints (Nct Specified Above) (42)	<ul> <li>□ A6030 Declaratory Relief Only</li> <li>□ A6040 Injunctive Relief Only (not domestic/harassment)</li> <li>□ A6011 Other Commercial Complaint Case (non-tort/non-complex)</li> <li>□ A6000 Other Civil Complaint (non-tort/non-complex)</li> </ul>	1, 2, 8 2, 8 1, 2, 8 1, 2, 8
المنابية ال	Partnership Corporation Governance (21)	□ A6113 Partnership and Corporate Governance Case	2, 8
	Other Petitions (Not Specified Above) (43)	<ul> <li>□ A6121 Civil Harassment</li> <li>□ A6123 Workplace Harassment</li> <li>□ A6124 Elder/Dependent Adult Abuse Case</li> <li>□ A6190 Election Contest</li> <li>□ A6110 Petition for Change of Name/Change of Gerder</li> <li>□ A6170 Petition for Relief from Late Claim Law</li> <li>□ A6100 Other Civil Petition</li> </ul>	2, 3, 9 2, 3, 9 2, 3, 9 2 2, 7 2, 3, 8 2, 9
÷ [		2 / STOC OTHER CHAPTE	2, 9

SHORT TITLE: Stahl v. Bank of the West	CASE NUMBER

**Step 4: Statement of Reason and Address**: Check the appropriate boxes for the numbers shown under Column C for the type of action that you have selected. Enter the address which is the basis for the filing location, including zip code. (No address required for class action cases).

REASON:  ☑ 1. □ 2. □ 3. □ 4. □ 5.	□ 6. □ 7. □ 8. □ <b>9</b> . (	□ 10. □ 11.	ADDRESS:	
CITY:	STATE:	ZIP CODE:		
•	_		ase is properly filed in the <u>Central</u> ngeles [Code Civ. Proc., §392 et seq., and Loca	District of Rule 2.3(a)(1)(E)].

Dated:	8/22/2017

(SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY/FILING PARTY)

## PLEASE HAVE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS COMPLETED AND READY TO BE FILED IN ORDER TO PROPERLY COMMENCE YOUR NEW COURT CASE:

- 1. Original Complaint or Petition.
- 2. If filing a Complaint, a completed Summons form for issuance by the Clerk.
- 3. Civil Case Cover Sheet, Judicial Council form CM-010.
- Civil Case Cover Sheet Addendum and Statement of Location form, LACIV 109, LASC Approved 03-04 (Rev. 02/16).
- 5. Payment in full of the filing fee, unless there is court order for waiver, partial or scheduled payments.
- 6. A signed order appointing the Guardian ad Litem, Judicial Council form CIV-010, if the plaintiff or petitioner is a minor under 18 years of age will be required by Court in order to issue a summons.
- 7. Additional copies of documents to be conformed by the Clerk. Copies of the cover sheet and this addendum must be served along with the summons and complaint, or other initiating pleading in the case.