Sheehan & Associates, P.C. Spencer Sheehan 60 Cuttermill Rd Ste 409 Great Neck, NY 11021-3104 Telephone: (516) 303-0552 spencer@spencersheehan.com

United States District Court Eastern District of New York

1:20-cv-04583

Aileen Goldstein, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

- against -

Complaint

Sally Beauty Supply LLC,

Defendant

Plaintiff by attorneys allege upon information and belief, except for allegations pertaining to plaintiff, which are based on personal knowledge:

- 1. Sally Beauty Supply LLC ("defendant") operates four thousand "Sally Beauty Supply" stores ("Sally's") worldwide with at least half in the United States.
- 2. Sally's sells professional beauty products for hair, skin, and nails through third-party brands and exclusive-label professional product lines.
- 3. At least twice a year, Defendant has a "Liter Sale," where many of the previously full price items that are purportedly one liter, are placed on sale.
 - 4. Defendant markets and promotes its liter sales through in-store advertising.





5. Defendant promotes its liter sales online.







6. Defendant offers discounts and promotions for the liter sales, such as "By One Get One 50% OFF All Haircare Liters" and "Bioterra and Quantum Hair Care Liters…\$9.99," a discount from their regular price.







- 7. Unfortunately for consumers, many, or even most of the items offered in the "Liter Sale" are less than a liter.
 - 8. A liter is the equivalent of 33.8 ounces ("OZ").
 - 9. The Products sold as a "liter" are actually thirty-two (32) ounces or 0.9463529 liters.
- 10. By advertising and selling Products purporting to be a "liter," consumers are being misled and taken advantage of.
- 11. Defendant appears to be aware that the Products are not 1 liter, because the shelf tag states "33.8 OZ" even though the bottles indicate "32 OZ."

13. For example, the Long & Healthy Rich Lather Shampoo and Deep Moisture Conditioner are promoted in the Liter Sale, yet admittedly contain only 32 ounces or 946 mL.



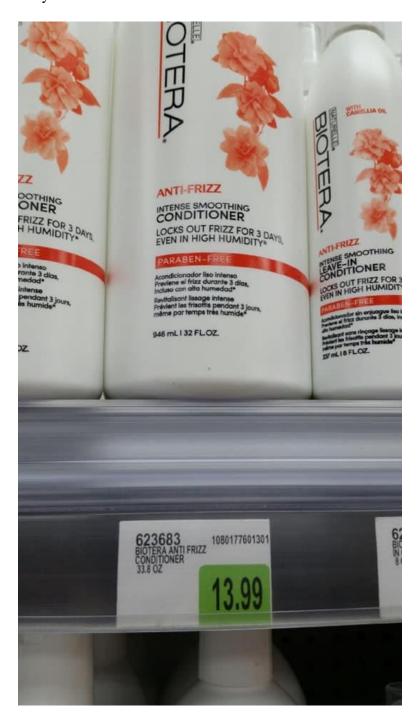
14. The Color Care Protective Shampoo is promoted in the Liter Sale, yet admittedly contain only 32 ounces or 946 mL.



15. The Ultra Thick & Full Sheer Volume Conditioner is promoted in the Liter Sale, yet admittedly contain only 32 ounces or 946 mL.



16. The Anti Frizz Sheer Volume Conditioner is promoted in the Liter Sale, yet admittedly contain only 32 ounces or 946 mL.



17. The Styling Alcohol-Free Defining Gel is promoted in the Liter Sale, yet admittedly contain only 32 ounces or 946 mL.





- 18. Though Defendant may not manufacture and label all of the Products promoted in its liter sales that are less than one liter, it is responsible for promoting them as "liters" to capitalize on consumers' desire for a bargain.
- 19. Consumers will not scrutinize the difference between the ounces listed on the shelf tags with the ounces on the Products because there is no reason to, since a liter is a defined amount and is not expected that a company would cut corners on the definition of a liter.
- 20. Defendant's failure to correctly represent the size of the items sold in the "liter sales" is deceptive and misleading.
- 21. Plaintiff and consumers were induced to purchase more of the Products than they otherwise would had the representations been accurate.
- 22. Plaintiff and consumers paid for one liter of the Products yet received less than one liter.
- 23. ProductsProductsProductsplaintiffHad plaintiff and class members known the truth, they would not have bought the Products or would have paid less for them.
- 24. The Products are sold Productsis an sold at a premium price, compared to other similar products represented in a non-misleading way, and higher than the price of the Product if it were represented in a non-misleading way.

Jurisdiction and Venue

- 25. Jurisdiction is proper pursuant to Class Action Fairness Act of 2005 ("CAFA"). 28U.S.C. § 1332(d)(2)
- 26. Under CAFA, district courts have "original federal jurisdiction over class actions involving (1) an aggregate amount in controversy of at least \$5,000,000; and (2) minimal diversity[.]" *Gold v. New York Life Ins. Co.*, 730 F.3d 137, 141 (2d Cir. 2013).

- 27. Plaintiff Aileen Goldstein is a citizen of New York.
- 28. Defendant Sally Beauty Supply LLC, is a Virginia corporation with a principal place of business in Denton, Denton County, Texas and is a citizen of Texas and upon information and belief no member of defendant is a citizen of New York.
- 29. "Minimal diversity" exists because plaintiff Aileen Goldstein and defendant are citizens of different states.
- 30. Upon information and belief, sales of the Products in New York and other states exceed \$5 million per year, exclusive of interest and costs, and the aggregate amount in controversy exceeds \$5 million per year.
- 31. Venue is proper in this judicial district because a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claim occurred in this District, *viz*, the decision of plaintiff to purchase the Products and the misleading representations and/or their recognition as such.
- 32. This court has personal jurisdiction over defendant because it conducts and transacts business, contracts to supply and supplies goods within New York.

Parties

- 33. Plaintiff Aileen Goldstein is a citizen of New York, Rego Park, Queens County,
- 34. Defendant Sally Beauty Supply LLC is a Virginia limited liability company with a principal place of business in Denton, Texas, Denton County and is a citizen of Texas and no member of defendant is a citizen of New York.
- 35. During the relevant statutes of limitations, plaintiff purchased numerous items at the liter sales in various Sally Beauty stores in New York State for personal and household use in reliance on the representations she was purchasing items that were one liter.
- 36. Plaintiff bought the Products at or exceeding the above-referenced price because she liked the "liter" products for their intended use and expected she was getting a full liter, not less.

- 37. Plaintiff was deceived by and relied upon the Defendant's deceptive advertising.
- 38. Plaintiff would not have purchased the Products in the absence of Defendant's misrepresentations and omissions.
- 39. The Products were worth less than what Plaintiff paid for it and she would not have paid as much absent Defendant's false and misleading advertising.
- 40. Plaintiff intends to, seeks to, and will purchase the Products again when she can do so with the assurance that Products' labels are consistent with the Product's components.

Class Allegations

- 41. The class will consist of all purchasers of the Products who reside in New York and all other states during the applicable statutes of limitations.
- 42. Plaintiff will seek class-wide injunctive relief based on Rule 23(b) in addition to a monetary relief class.
- 43. Common questions of law or fact predominate and include whether defendant's representations were and are misleading and if plaintiff and class members are entitled to damages.
- 44. Plaintiff's claims and basis for relief are typical to other members because all were subjected to the same unfair and deceptive representations and actions.
- 45. Plaintiff is an adequate representatives because her interests do not conflict with other members.
- 46. No individual inquiry is necessary since the focus is only on defendant's practices and the class is definable and ascertainable.
- 47. Individual actions would risk inconsistent results, be repetitive and are impractical to justify, as the claims are modest relative to the scope of the harm.
 - 48. Plaintiff's counsel is competent and experienced in complex class action litigation

and intends to protect class members' interests adequately and fairly.

49. Plaintiff seeks class-wide injunctive relief because the practices continue.

New York General Business Law ("GBL") §§ 349 & 350, (Consumer Protection Statute)

- 50. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all preceding paragraphs.
- 51. Plaintiff and class members desired to purchase and consume products which were as described and marketed by defendant and expected by reasonable consumers, given the product type.
- 52. Defendant's acts and omissions are not unique to the parties and have a broader impact on the public.
- 53. Defendant misrepresented the substantive, quality, compositional and/or environmental attributes of the Products by promoting them as one liter when they were materially less than this size.
- 54. Plaintiff relied on the statements, omissions and representations of defendant, and defendant knew or should have known the falsity of same.
- 55. Plaintiff and class members would not have purchased the Products or paid as much if the true facts had been known, suffering damages.

Negligent Misrepresentation

- 56. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all preceding paragraphs.
- 57. Defendant misrepresented the substantive, quality, compositional and/or environmental attributes of the Products by promoting them as one liter.
- 58. Defendant had a duty to accurately market the Products and knew or should have known same were false or misleading.
 - 59. This duty is based on defendant's position as an entity which has held itself out as

having special knowledge and experience in the production, service and/or sale of the product type.

- 60. The representations took advantage of consumers' cognitive shortcuts made at the point-of-sale and their trust in defendant, a well-known and respected brand or entity in this sector.
- 61. Plaintiff and class members reasonably and justifiably relied on these negligent misrepresentations and omissions, which served to induce and did induce, the purchase of the Products.
- 62. Plaintiff and class members would not have purchased the Products or paid as much if the true facts had been known, suffering damages.

Breaches of Express Warranty, Implied Warranty of Merchantability and Magnuson Moss Warranty Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 2301, et seq.

- 63. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all preceding paragraphs.
- 64. The Products was manufactured, labeled and sold by defendant or at its express directions and instructions, and warranted to plaintiff and class members that they possessed substantive, quality, compositional and/or environmental which they did not.
- 65. Defendant had a duty to disclose and/or provide non-deceptive descriptions and marketing of the Products.
- 66. This duty is based, in part, on defendant's position as one of the most recognized companies in the nation in this sector.
- 67. Plaintiff provided or will provide notice to defendant, its agents, representatives, retailers and their employees.
- 68. Defendant received notice and should have been aware of these misrepresentations due to numerous complaints by consumers to its main office over the past several years regarding the Products, of the type described here.
 - 69. The Products did not conform to their affirmations of fact and promises due to

defendant's actions and were not merchantable.

70. Plaintiff and class members would not have purchased the Products or paid as much if the true facts had been known, suffering damages.

Fraud

- 71. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all preceding paragraphs.
- 72. Defendant misrepresented the substantive, quality, compositional and/or environmental attributes of the Product.
- 73. Defendant's fraudulent intent is evinced by its failure to accurately identify the Products on their labels and in its promotions for the Products, when it knew its statements were neither true nor accurate and misled consumers.
- 74. Plaintiff and class members would not have purchased the Products or paid as much if the true facts had been known, suffering damages.

Unjust Enrichment

- 75. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all preceding paragraphs.
- 76. Defendant obtained benefits and monies because the Products were not as represented and expected, to the detriment and impoverishment of plaintiff and class members, who seek restitution and disgorgement of inequitably obtained profits.

Jury Demand and Prayer for Relief

Plaintiff demands a jury trial on all issues.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment:

- 1. Declaring this a proper class action, certifying plaintiff as representative and the undersigned as counsel for the class;
- 2. Entering preliminary and permanent injunctive relief by directing defendant to correct the

challenged practices to comply with the law;

3. Injunctive relief to remove, correct and/or refrain from the challenged practices and

representations, and restitution and disgorgement for members of the class pursuant to the

applicable laws;

4. Awarding monetary damages and interest pursuant to the common law and other statutory

claims;

5. Awarding costs and expenses, including reasonable fees for plaintiff's attorneys and

experts; and

6. Other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

Dated: September 26, 2020

Respectfully submitted,

Sheehan & Associates, P.C.

/s/Spencer Sheehan

Spencer Sheehan

60 Cuttermill Rd Ste 409

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spencer@spencersheehan.com

E.D.N.Y. # SS-8533

S.D.N.Y. # SS-2056

1:20-cv-04583 United States District Court Eastern District of New York

Aileen Goldstein, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

- against -

Sally Beauty Supply LLC,

Defendant

Complaint

Sheehan & Associates, P.C. 60 Cuttermill Rd Ste 409 Great Neck NY 11021-3104

Tel: (516) 303-0552 Fax: (516) 234-7800

Pursuant to 22 NYCRR 130-1.1, the undersigned, an attorney admitted to practice in the courts of New York State, certifies that, upon information, and belief, formed after an inquiry reasonable under the circumstances, the contentions contained in the annexed documents are not frivolous.

Dated: September 26, 2020

/s/ Spencer Sheehan
Spencer Sheehan

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The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

JS 44 (Rev. 02/19)

purpose of initiating the civil de	ocket sileet. (SEE INSTRUC	JIIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF	THIS FORM.)			
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS Aileen Goldstein, incisimilarly situated	lividually and on	behalf of all oth	hers DEFENDANTS Sally Beauty S			
(b) County of Residence of (E) (c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Sheehan & Associates, P. 11021-3104 (516) 303-05	CEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF C. Address, and Telephone Numb. C., 60 Cuttermill Rd	er)	County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED. Attorneys (If Known)			
II. BASIS OF JURISDI		One Roy Only)	III. CITIZENSHIP OF P	DINCIPAL PARTIES	(Place an "V" in One Poy for Plaint	
ni brisis of temper	TOTAL TRACE UNITAL IN	One Box Only)	(For Diversity Cases Only)	KINCH MET MKTES	and One Box for Defendant)	
☐ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	☐ 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)			IF DEF 1 □ 1 Incorporated <i>or</i> Pr of Business In 7		
☐ 2 U.S. Governmen Defendant	☑ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)		Citizen of Another State	2		
IV. NATURE OF SUIT	r (Plana an "V" in One Poy O	(mb.)	Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	3 Greign Nation	□ 6 □ 6	
CONTRACT		ORTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES	
□ 110 Insurance □ 120 Marine □ 130 Miller Act □ 140 Negotiable Instrument □ 150 Recovery of Overpayment ∞ Enforcement of Judgment □ 151 Medicare Act □ 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excludes Veterans) □ 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits □ 160 Stockholders' Suits □ 190 Other Contract □ 195 Contract Product Liability □ 196 Franchise REAL PROPERTY □ 210 Land Condemnation □ 220 Foreclosure □ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment □ 240 Torts to Land □ 245 Tort Product Liability □ 290 All Other Real Property	PERSONAL INJURY 310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers' Liability 340 Marine 345 Marine Product Liability 350 Motor Vehicle 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability 360 Other Personal Injury - Medical Malpractice CIVIL RIGHTS 440 Other Civil Rights 441 Voting 442 Employment 443 Housing/ Accommodations 445 Amer. w/Disabilities-Employment 446 Amer. w/Disabilities-Other 448 Education	PERSONAL INJURY 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability PERSONAL PROPERT 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage 385 Property Damage Product Liability PRISONER PETITION Habeas Corpus: 463 Alien Detainee 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence 530 General 535 Death Penalty Other:	LABOR TY 10 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 10 690 Other 11 Fair Labor Standards	□ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 □ 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 PROPERTY RIGHTS □ 820 Copyrights □ 830 Patent □ 840 Trademark SOCIAL SECURITY □ 861 HIA (1395ff) □ 862 Black Lung (923) □ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) □ 864 SSID Title XVI □ 865 RSI (405(g)) FEDERAL TAX SUITS □ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) □ 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	□ 375 False Claims Act □ 376 Qui Tam (31 USC □ 3729(a)) □ 400 State Reapportionment □ 410 Antitrust □ 430 Banks and Banking □ 450 Commerce □ 460 Deportation □ 470 Racketeer Influenced and □ Corrupt Organizations □ 480 Consumer Credit □ 490 Cable/Sat TV □ 850 Securities/Commodities/ □ Exchange □ 890 Other Statutory Actions □ 891 Agricultural Acts □ 893 Environmental Matters □ 895 Freedom of Information □ Act □ 896 Arbitration □ 899 Administrative Procedure □ Act/Review or Appeal of □ Agency Decision □ 950 Constitutionality of □ State Statutes	
	moved from te Court Cite the U.S. Civil St 28 USC § 1332	Appellate Court tatute under which you are	4 Reinstated or Reopened Another (specify) e filing (Do not cite jurisdictional state)	r District Litigation		
VII. REQUESTED IN	False advertising		DEMAND \$	OHEOV VEG 1	if damandad in a men 1 '	
COMPLAINT:	UNDER RULE	S IS A CLASS ACTION 23, F.R.Cv.P.	5,000,000	JURY DEMAND	r if demanded in complaint: : ☑ Yes □ No	
VIII. RELATED CAS	(See instructions):	JUDGE		DOCKET NUMBER		
DATE 9/26/2020		SIGNATURE OF ATTO /s/ Spencer Shee				
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY RECEIPT # AI	MOUNT	APPLYING IFP	JUDGE	MAG. JU	DGE	

certification to the contrary is filed. Case is Eligible for Arbitration Spencer Sheehan plaintiff , do hereby certify that the above captioned civil action is ineligible for , counsel for compulsory arbitration for the following reason(s): monetary damages sought are in excess of \$150,000, exclusive of interest and costs, the complaint seeks injunctive relief, the matter is otherwise ineligible for the following reason DISCLOSURE STATEMENT - FEDERAL RULES CIVIL PROCEDURE 7.1 Identify any parent corporation and any publicly held corporation that owns 10% or more or its stocks: **RELATED CASE STATEMENT (Section VIII on the Front of this Form)** Please list all cases that are arguably related pursuant to Division of Business Rule 50.3.1 in Section VIII on the front of this form. Rule 50.3.1 (a) provides that "A civil case is "related" to another civil case for purposes of this guideline when, because of the similarity of facts and legal issues or because the cases arise from the same transactions or events, a substantial saving of judicial resources is likely to result from assigning both cases to the same judge and magistrate judge." Rule 50.3.1 (b) provides that "A civil case shall not be deemed "related" to another civil case merely because the civil case: (A) involves identical legal issues, or (B) involves the same parties." Rule 50.3.1 (c) further provides that "Presumptively, and subject to the power of a judge to determine otherwise pursuant to paragraph (d), civil cases shall not be deemed to be "related" unless both cases are still pending before the court." NY-E DIVISION OF BUSINESS RULE 50.1(d)(2) 1.) Is the civil action being filed in the Eastern District removed from a New York State Court located in Nassau or Suffolk County? Yes No 2.) If you answered "no" above: a) Did the events or omissions giving rise to the claim or claims, or a substantial part thereof, occur in Nassau or Suffolk County? Yes No b) Did the events or omissions giving rise to the claim or claims, or a substantial part thereof, occur in the Eastern District? Yes No c) If this is a Fair Debt Collection Practice Act case, specify the County in which the offending communication was received: If your answer to question 2 (b) is "No," does the defendant (or a majority of the defendants, if there is more than one) reside in Nassau or Suffolk County, or, in an interpleader action, does the claimant (or a majority of the claimants, if there is more than one) reside in Nassau or Yes (Note: A corporation shall be considered a resident of the County in which it has the most significant contacts). **BAR ADMISSION** I am currently admitted in the Eastern District of New York and currently a member in good standing of the bar of this court. lacksquareYes No Are you currently the subject of any disciplinary action (s) in this or any other state or federal court? Yes (If yes, please explain Nο I certify the accuracy of all information provided above. Signature: /s/Spencer Sheehan

Case 1:20-cv-GEBGGIFIGATION OF ARRITRAZION ELIGIBILITY ageID #: 20

Local Arbitration Rule 83.7 provides that with certain exceptions, actions seeking money damages only in an amount not in excess of \$150,000, exclusive of interest and costs, are eligible for compulsory arbitration. The amount of damages is presumed to be below the threshold amount unless a

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the Eastern District of New York

Aileen Goldstein, individuall others similarly situated,	y and on behalf of all)			
)			
V.)	Civil Action No. 1:20-cv-04583		
Sally Beauty Supply LLC,)))			
Defendant(s)			
	SUMMONS IN A CI	VIL ACTION		
To: (Defendant's name and address)	Sally Beauty Supply LLC			
	c/o Corporate Creations Net 425 W Washington St Ste 4 Suffolk VA 23434-5320	work Inc.		
A lawsuit has been filed	d against you.			
are the United States or a United P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must the Federal Rules of Civil Process whose name and address are:	d States agency, or an officer or serve on the plaintiff an answer edure. The answer or motion mu	ot counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of st be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, 60 Cuttermill Rd Ste 409 Great Neck NY 11021-		
If you fail to respond, ju You also must file your answer		ed against you for the relief demanded in the complaint.		
		CLERK OF COURT		
Date:		Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk		