UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

BENJAMIN RAMEY, on behalf of himself and	 d)	
all others similarly situated,)	Case No. 2:20-cv-753
)	
Plaintiff,)	
)	
V.)	CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT
)	AND DEMAND FOR JURY
THE PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIVERSIT	Y,)	TRIAL
)	
DEFENDANT.)	
)	

Plaintiff, Benjamin Ramey ("Plaintiff"), by and through his undersigned counsel, brings this class action against Defendant, The Pennsylvania State University (the "University" or "Defendant"), and alleges as follows based upon information and belief, except as to the allegations specifically pertaining to him, which are based on personal knowledge.

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. This is a class action lawsuit on behalf of all persons who paid tuition and/or fees to attend The Pennsylvania State University for an in person, hands-on education for the Spring 2020 semester and had their course work moved to online learning. Such persons paid all or part of the tuition for this semester that ranged, for full-time students, from approximately \$8,708 to \$21,648, and a mandatory fee for the semester that included a Student Initiated Fee ranging from \$27 to \$218, depending on which branch campus you attend (the "Mandatory Fee"). The University has not refunded any amount of the tuition or any of the Mandatory Fee, even though it has implemented online distance learning starting on March 16, 2020.

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2. On or about March 16, 2020, the University also stopped providing any of the services or facilities the Mandatory Fee was intended to cover because of the University's response to the Coronavirus Disease 2019 ("COVID-19") pandemic.

3. The University's failure to provide the services for which tuition and the Mandatory Fee were intended to cover since approximately March 16, 2020 is a breach of the contracts between the University and Plaintiff and the members of the Class and is unjust.

4. In short, Plaintiff and the members of the Class have paid for tuition for a firstrate education and an on-campus, in person educational experience, with all the appurtenant benefits offered by a first-rate university, and were provided a materially deficient and insufficient alternative, which alternative constitutes a breach of the contracts entered into by Plaintiff and the Class with the University. If Plaintiff and members of the Class wanted to take online classes rather than in-person classes with the University, they could have enrolled with Penn State World Campus Online ("World Campus").

5. As to the Mandatory Fee, Plaintiff and the Class have paid fees for services and facilities which are simply not being provided; this failure also constitutes a breach of the contracts entered into by Plaintiff and the Class with the University.

6. Plaintiff seeks, for himself and Class members, the University's disgorgement and return of the pro-rated portion of its tuition and Mandatory Fee, proportionate to the amount of time that remained in the Spring Semester 2020 when the University closed and switched to online distance learning.

PARTIES

Plaintiff Benjamin Ramey is a citizen of Pennsylvania and resides in
 Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania. He paid to attend the Spring 2020 semester at the

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University as a full-time undergraduate student at the University's Behrend campus located in Erie, Pennsylvania. Plaintiff paid tuition for the Spring 2020 semester and the Mandatory Fee to enable him to obtain an in-person, on-campus educational experience and enable him to participate in the activities and to utilize the services covered by the Mandatory Fee that he paid. He has not been provided a pro-rated refund of the tuition for his in-person classes that were discontinued and moved online, or the Mandatory Fee he paid after the University's facilities were closed and events were cancelled.

8. Defendant, The Pennsylvania State University, is one of the nation's largest public research university's with twenty campuses located throughout the state of Pennsylvania, as well as an online World Campus, and was founded in 1855. The University offers numerous major fields for undergraduate students, as well as a number of graduate programs. Defendant's undergraduate and graduate programs includes students from many, if not all, of the states in the country. Its principal campus is located in State College, Pennsylvania, but Defendant has 24 campuses around the state. Defendant is a citizen of Pennsylvania.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

9. The Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(2)(A), as modified by the Class Action Fairness Act of 2005, because at least one member of the Class, as defined below, is a citizen of a different state than Defendant, there are more than 100 members of the Class, and the aggregate amount in controversy exceeds \$5,000,000 exclusive of interests and costs.

10. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because many of the acts and transactions giving rise to this action occurred in this District, and because Defendant conducts

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substantial business by operating multiple campuses in this District, and soliciting students residing in this District to attend it's institution.

11. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391 because many of the acts and transactions giving rise to this action occurred in this District, specifically, the contract that is the subject of this action was formed in this District, and the performance and breach of contract also occurred in this district.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS.

12. Plaintiff and Class Members paid to attend the University's Spring 2020 semester including tuition and the Mandatory Fee. The Spring 2020 semester at the University began on or about January 13, 2020. The Spring 2020 semester ended on or around May 8, 2020.

13. Tuition at the University for in-person education for the Spring 2020 Semester ranged from \$8,708 to \$21,648 for full-time students, depending upon the program and campus.

14. Tuition at the University online through its World Campus ranges from \$6,994 to\$7,549, substantially less than what is paid for in-person education.

15. Plaintiff and the members of the Class paid tuition for the benefit of on-campus live interactive instruction and an on-campus educational experience throughout the entire Spring 2020 semester.

16. Plaintiff and the members of the Class paid the Mandatory Fee for the Spring2020 semester so they could benefit throughout the Spring 2020 semester as follows:

STUDENT INITIATED FEE: The Student Fee supports student-centered activities, services, facilities and recreation to improve student life and is the result of a student-led initiative to be more involved in the creation and allocation of student fees.

In Response to COVID-19, the University Closed Campus, Preventing Access to its Facilities, Services, Housing, and Dining, and Cancelled All In-Person Classes

17. On March 11, 2020, the University announced that starting on March 16, when students were scheduled to return from spring break, all in-person classes were to be moved online for three weeks, and would return to in-person classes on April 6, 2020.

18. On March 12, 2020, the University announced that it was cancelling all sports throughout the end of the year and suspending all "athletically-related activities indefinitely." On March 13, 2020, the University closed all campus recreation facilities, programs and services.

19. On March 16, 2020, the University announced that it will be closing all retail eateries and retail bookstores starting on March 17. One dining option remained open for students still on-campus to retrieve take-out meals only.

20. On March 17, 2020, the University announced that starting on March 18, the University libraries would be limited to operations of only two hours per day. On March 19 the University restricted all access to libraries.

21. On March 18, 2020, the University made the decision to cancel in-person classes for the remainder of the Spring semester, extending online education indefinitely. This announcement also postponed commencement for the Spring 2020 graduating class.

22. The University has not held any in-person classes since March 6, 2020 for undergraduate students. All classes since March 16, 2020 have only been offered in a remote online format with no in-person instruction or interaction.

23. Most of the services for which the Mandatory Fee was assessed were also terminated or cancelled at or about this time, such as access to University health and wellness facilities, programs or services; fitness facilities; student events or sports; and an in-person commencement.

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24. Although the University has provided an option to receive a refund for pro-rated meal and housing costs, the University has not provided reimbursement or refund information regarding tuition or the Mandatory Fee.

25. In tacit acknowledgement that not rebating a pro-rata portion of tuition was improper for the period when there were no on-campus activities and only distanced online learning, the University has decided to lower its tuition for students enrolled in courses during Summer 2020 session, which are scheduled to be online rather than in-person.

26. Further, the price difference in tuition paid for in-person education at the University as compared to tuition for the University's World Campus speaks for itself as to the quality of education using a remote online format.

<u>The University's Online Courses Are Subpar to In-Person Instruction, For Which Plaintiff</u> and the Class Members Contracted with the University to Receive by Paying Tuition and Fees

27. Students attending the University's Spring 2020 semester did not choose to attend an online institution of higher learning, but instead chose to enroll in the University's in-person educational program.

28. On its website, the University markets the University's on-campus experience as a benefit of enrollment:

At Penn State, life happens on your time.

This isn't just about getting involved. At Penn State, clubs and organizations are about finding what matters to you, who you want to be, and how you want to live your life.

Want something to cheer about? Intramural sports, club teams, and varsity athletics are here for you.

Looking for a stage? Theater companies, improv groups, and musical ensembles will put you front and center.

Looking for people who share your interests? Professional societies, special interest clubs, service groups, and social fraternities and sororities bring people together.

University Park

The largest campus in the Penn State system, University Park is home to a diverse population of about 46,000 undergraduate students. Penn State University Park students enjoy passing iconic buildings like Old Main daily, while also taking advantage of amenities in new facilities like the Information Sciences and Technology Building or the Life Sciences Building.

Penn State University Park is located in the small city of State College, a quintessential college town with its small eateries and quirky shops that line the street marking the border between downtown and campus. Nestled near the base of Mount Nittany, the surrounding area of central Pennsylvania is known as "Happy Valley."

CAMPUS Behrend

Penn State Behrend, The Behrend College, offers a wide range of opportunities to its students. The campus is close to Presque Isle State Park with its seven miles of sandy beaches and to ski and snowboard resorts. Minutes from downtown Erie, students find a wealth of activities to participate in both on- and off-campus. New facilities include an indoor athletics and recreation center, nineteen residence halls, a planetarium, and chapel. Services are also available to help international students meet their unique needs.

The 854-acre campus is in the northwest corner of the state, ninety minutes from Cleveland and Buffalo and two hours from Pittsburgh. Behrend also offers special services tailored to meet international students' needs.

29. This is true of its various campuses around the state, as the University explains on

its website, students select their on-campus learning experience based on a variety of reasons:

Penn State campuses are everywhere you are.

Some students choose to remain at one campus for all four years, while other students spend their first two years at one campus and transition to another for their remaining two years. To transition between campuses, the only requirement is that you meet the entrance to major requirements for your selected major....

Students choose this path for many reasons; some for the chance to stay close to home, others to save money. Still others are looking for a particular campus environment, perhaps smaller classes or particular sports. Whatever their reason and wherever their campus, they are excited to embark on their Penn State experience.

30. The online learning options being offered to the University's students are sub-par in practically every aspect as compared to what the educational experience afforded Plaintiff and the members of the Class once was. During the online portion of the Spring 2020 semester, the University principally used programs by which previously recorded lectures were posted online for students to view on their own, or by virtual Zoom meetings. Therefore, there was a lack of classroom interaction among teachers and students and among students that is instrumental in interpersonal skill development.

31. The online formats being used by the University do not require memorization or the development of strong study skills given the absence of any possibility of being called on in class and the ability to consult books and other materials when taking exams.

32. Students have been deprived of the opportunity for collaborative learning and inperson dialogue, feedback, and critique.

33. Access to facilities such as libraries, laboratories, computer labs, and study rooms, are also integral to a college education, and access to the myriad activities offered by campus life fosters social development and independence, and networking for future careers, all substantial and materials parts of the basis upon which the University can charge the tuition it charges, are not being provided.

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34. The University has not made any refund of any portion of the tuition Plaintiff and the members of the Class paid for the Spring 2020 semester for the period it moved to subpar online distance learning even though it reduced tuition for students enrolled in Summer 2020, and even though the University's tuition for World Campus is significantly less.

35. Nor has the University refunded any portion of the Mandatory Fee it collected from Plaintiff and the members of the Class for the Spring 2020 semester even though it closed or ceased operating the services and facilities for which the Mandatory Fee was intended to pay.

36. Plaintiff and the Class members are therefore entitled to a pro-rated refund of the tuition and Mandatory Fee they paid for the Spring 2020 semester for the remaining days of that semester after classes moved from in-person to online and facilities were closed.

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

37. Plaintiff brings this case individually and, pursuant to Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, on behalf of the class defined as: All persons who paid tuition and/or the Mandatory Fee for a student to attend in-person class(es) during the Spring 2020 semester at the University but had their class(es) moved to online learning (the "Class").

38. This action has been brought and may properly be maintained on behalf of the Class proposed herein under the criteria of Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

39. The requirements of Rule 23(a)(1) are satisfied. The Class is so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable. Although the precise number of Class members is unknown to Plaintiff, the University has reported that an aggregate of 96,408 undergraduate and graduate students have enrolled for the 2019-2020 school year. The names and addresses of all such students is known to the University and can be identified through the University's records. Class members may be notified of the pendency of this action by recognized, Court-approved

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notice dissemination methods, which may include U.S. Mail, electronic mail, Internet postings, and/or published notice.

40. The requirements of Rule 23(a)(2) are satisfied. There are questions of law and fact common to the members of the Class including, without limitation:

a. Whether the University accepted money from Plaintiff and the Class members in exchange for the promise to provide an in-person and on-campus live education, as well as certain facilities and services throughout the Spring 2020 semester;

b. Whether Defendant breached its contracts with Plaintiff and the members of the Class by failing to provide them with an in-person and on-campus live education after March 6, 2020;

c. Whether Defendant breached its contracts with Plaintiff and the Class by failing to provide the services and facilities to which the Mandatory Fee pertained after mid-March 2020; and

d. The amount of damages and other relief to be awarded to Plaintiff and the Class members.

41. The requirements of Rule 23(a)(3) are satisfied. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the members of the Class because Plaintiff and the other Class members each contracted with Defendant for it to provide an in-person and on-campus live education for the tuition they paid and the services and facilities for the Mandatory Fee that they paid, that the University stopped providing in mid-March.

42. The requirements of Rule 23(a)(4) are satisfied. Plaintiff is an adequate class representative because his interests do not conflict with the interests of the other Class members who he seeks to represent, Plaintiff has retained competent counsel who are experienced in

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complex class action litigation, and Plaintiff intends to prosecute this action vigorously. Class members' interests will be fairly and adequately protected by Plaintiff and his counsel.

43. Class certification of Plaintiff's claims is also appropriate pursuant to Rule 23(b)(3) because the above questions of law and fact that are common to the Class predominate over questions affecting only individual members of the Class, and because a class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of this litigation. The damages or financial detriment suffered by individual Class members are relatively small compared to the burden and expense of individual litigation of their claims against the University. It would, thus, be virtually impossible for the Class, on an individual basis, to obtain effective redress for the wrongs committed against them. Furthermore, individualized litigation would create the danger of inconsistent or contradictory judgments arising from the same set of facts. Individualized litigation would also increase the delay and expense to all parties and the court system from the issues raised by this action. By contrast, the class action device provides the benefits of adjudication of these issues in a single proceeding, economies of scale, and comprehensive supervision by a single court, and presents no unusual management difficulties under the circumstances.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

BREACH OF CONTRACT (On Behalf of Plaintiff and the Class)

44. Plaintiff repeats and re-alleges the factual allegations above, as if fully alleged herein.

45. Plaintiff brings this claim individually and on behalf of the members of the Class.

46. By paying the University tuition and the Mandatory Fee for the Spring 2020 semester, the University agreed to, among other things, provide an in-person and on-campus live

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education as well as the services and facilities to which the Mandatory Fee they paid pertained throughout the Spring 2020 semester. As a result, Plaintiff and each member of the Class entered into a binding contract with the University.

47. The University has breached its contract with Plaintiff and the Class by failing to provide the promised in-person and on-campus live education as well as the services and facilities to which the Mandatory Fee pertained throughout the Spring 2020 semester, yet has retained monies paid by Plaintiff and the Class for a live in-person education and access to these services and facilities during the entire Spring 2020 semester. Plaintiff and the members of the Class have therefore been denied the benefit of their bargain.

48. Plaintiff and the members of the Class have suffered damage as a direct and proximate result of the University's breach in the amount of the prorated portion of the tuition and Mandatory Fee they each paid during the portion of time the Spring 2020 semester in which in-person classes were discontinued and facilities were closed by the University.

49. The University should return such portions of the tuition and Mandatory Fee to Plaintiff and each Class Member.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

UNJUST ENRICHMENT (On Behalf of Plaintiff and the Class)

50. Plaintiff repeats and re-alleges the factual allegations above, as if fully alleged herein.

51. Plaintiff brings this claim individually and on behalf of the members of the Class in the alternative to the First Claim for Relief, to the extent it is determined that Plaintiff and the Class do not have an enforceable contract with the University regarding the relief requested.

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52. Plaintiff and members of the Class conferred a benefit on the University in the form of tuition and the Mandatory Fee paid for the Spring 2020 semester. The payment of this tuition and Mandatory Fee was to be in exchange for an in-person, on-campus educational experience to be provided to Plaintiff and the members of the Class throughout the Spring 2020 semester.

53. The University has retained the full benefit of the tuition and Mandatory Fee payments by Plaintiff and the members of the Class for the Spring 2020 semester, yet has failed to provide the quality of education and services and facilities for which tuition and the Mandatory Fee were paid, including those for an in-person and on-campus live education, and access to the University's services and facilities.

54. The University's retention of the portion of the tuition and Mandatory Fee during the period of time the University has been closed, and Plaintiff and the members of the Class have been denied an in-person and on-campus live education and access and the services and facilities for which the Mandatory Fee were paid, is unjust and inequitable under the circumstances.

55. Accordingly, the University has been unjustly enriched in the amount of the prorated tuition and Mandatory Fee it retained during the portion of time the Spring 2020 semester in which in-person classes were discontinued and facilities were closed by the University.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests that judgment be entered in favor of Plaintiff and the Class against Defendant as follows:

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(a) For an order certifying the Class under Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil

Procedure and naming Plaintiff as representative of the Class and Plaintiff's attorneys as Class Counsel to represent the Class;

(b) For an order finding in favor of Plaintiff and the Class on all counts asserted herein;

- (c) For compensatory damages in an amount to be determined by the trier of fact;
- (d) For an order of restitution and all other forms of equitable monetary relief;
- (e) Awarding Plaintiff's reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and expenses;
- (f) Awarding pre- and post-judgment interest on any amounts awarded; and,
- (g) Awarding such other and further relief as may be just and proper.

DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY

Pursuant to the Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 38(b), Plaintiff demands a trial by jury of

any and all issues in this action so triable of right.

Dated: May 26, 2020

Respectfully submitted,

s/ Gary F. Lynch

Gary F. Lynch Edward W. Ciolko* Kelly K. Iverson James P. McGraw **CARLSON LYNCH LLP** 1133 Penn Avenue 5th Floor Pittsburgh, PA 15222 P (412) 322-9243 F. (412) 231-0246 E. glynch@carlsonlynch.com eciolko@carlsonlynch.com kiverson@carlsonlynch.com

Counsel for Plaintiff and Proposed Class * pro hac vice application forthcoming

JS 44 (Rev. 06/17)

Case 2:20-cv-00753-RJC_Document 1-1_Filed 05/26/20_Page 1 of 2 CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. *(SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)*

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS			DEFENDANTS			
 (b) County of Residence of (E2) (c) Attorneys (Firm Name, A) 	 KCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CA	, ,	County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED. Attorneys (If Known)			
II. BASIS OF JURISDI	CTION (Place an "X" in O	ne Box Only)	III. CITIZENSHIP OF P	RINCIPAL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plainti	
□ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	G 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government I		(For Diversity Cases Only) P	IF DEF 1 □ 1 Incorporated <i>or</i> Pri of Business In T	and One Box for Defendant) PTF DEF incipal Place	
□ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	□ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizensh)	ip of Parties in Item III)		2 D 2 Incorporated and P of Business In A	Another State	
			Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	3 🗖 3 Foreign Nation		
IV. NATURE OF SUIT					of Suit Code Descriptions.	
CONTRACT 110 Insurance 120 Marine 130 Miller Act 140 Negotiable Instrument 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment 151 Medicare Act 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excludes Veterans) 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits 160 Stockholders' Suits 190 Other Contract 195 Contract Product Liability 196 Franchise REAL PROPERTY 210 Land Condemnation 220 Foreclosure 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment 240 Torts to Land 245 Tort Product Liability 290 All Other Real Property	IO PERSONAL INJURY 310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers' Liability 340 Marine 340 Marine 345 Marine Product Liability 340 Morine 345 Morine Product Liability 350 Motor Vehicle 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability 360 Other Personal Injury 360 Other Personal Injury 362 Personal Injury - Medical Malpractice CIVIL RIGHTS 440 Other Civil Rights 441 Voting 442 Employment 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other 448 Education 448 Education	PERSONAL INJURY 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage 385 Property Damage 9 Asbestor Orperstory 463 Alien Detainee 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence 530 General 535 Death Penalty Other: 540 Mandamus & Othe 555 Prison Condition 560 Civil Rights 560 Civil Rights	 of Property 21 USC 881 of 90 Other 690 Other 710 Fair Labor Standards Act 720 Labor/Management Relations 740 Railway Labor Act 751 Family and Medical Leave Act 790 Other Labor Litigation 791 Employee Retirement Income Security Act <u>IMMIGRATION</u> 462 Naturalization Application 	BANKRUPTCY 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 PROPERTY RIGHTS 820 Copyrights 830 Patent 830 Patent 835 Patent - Abbreviated New Drug Application 840 Trademark SOCIAL SECURITY 861 HIA (1395ff) 862 Black Lung (923) 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) 864 SSID Title XVI 865 RSI (405(g)) FEDERAL TAX SUITS 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	OTHER STATUTES 375 False Claims Act 376 Qui Tam (31 USC 3729(a)) 400 State Reapportionment 410 Antitrust 430 Banks and Banking 450 Commerce 460 Deportation 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations 480 Consumer Credit 490 Cable/Sat TV 850 Securities/Commodities/Exchange 890 Other Statutory Actions 891 Agricultural Acts 893 Environmental Matters 895 Freedom of Information Act 896 Arbitration 899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes	
V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" in	n One Box Only)	-				
		Remanded from Appellate Court		er District Litigation	- Litigation -	
VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO		-	(specify) e filing (Do not cite jurisdictional stat	tutes unless diversity):	Direct File	
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	UNDER RULE 2	IS A CLASS ACTION 3, F.R.Cv.P.	DEMAND \$	CHECK YES only JURY DEMAND:	if demanded in complaint: □ Yes □No	
VIII. RELATED CASH IF ANY	E(S) (See instructions):	JUDGE		DOCKET NUMBER		
DATE		SIGNATURE OF ATT	ORNEY OF RECORD			
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY						
RECEIPT # AM	//OUNT	APPLYING IFP	JUDGE	MAG. JUD	DGE	

JS 44A REVISED June, **2009** IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA THIS CASE DESIGNATION SHEET MUST BE COMPLETED

PART A

This case belongs on the (Erie Johnstown Pittsburgh) calendar.

- ERIE CALENDAR If cause of action arose in the counties of Crawford, Elk, Erie, Forest, McKean. Venang or Warren, OR any plaintiff or defendant resides in one of said counties.
- JOHNSTOWN CALENDAR If cause of action arose in the counties of Bedford, Blair, Cambria, Clearfield or Somerset OR any plaintiff or defendant resides in one of said counties.
- 3. Complete if on ERIE CALENDAR: I certify that the cause of action arose in ______ County and that the ______resides in ______County.
- 4. Complete if on JOHNSTOWN CALENDAR: I certify that the cause of action arose in
 County and that the resides in County.

PART B (You are to check ONE of the following)

1. This case is related to Number______. Short Caption______.

2. This case is not related to a pending or terminated case.

DEFINITIONS OF RELATED CASES:

CIVIL: Civil cases are deemed related when a case filed relates to property included in another suit or involves the same issues of fact or it grows out of the same transactions as another suit or involves the validity or infringement of a patent involved in another suit EMINENT DOMAIN: Cases in contiguous closely located groups and in common ownership groups which will lend themselves to consolidation for trial shall be deemed related. HABEAS CORPUS & CIVIL RIGHTS: All habeas corpus petitions filed by the same individual shall be deemed related. All pro se Civil Rights actions by the same individual shall be deemed related.

PARTC

I. CIVIL CATEGORY (Select the applicable category).

- 1. Antitrust and Securities Act Cases
- 2. Labor-Management Relations
- 3. Habeas corpus
- 4. Civil Rights
- 5. Patent, Copyright, and Trademark
- 6. Eminent Domain
- 7. All other federal question cases
- All personal and property damage tort cases, including maritime, FELA, Jones Act, Motor vehicle, products liability, assault, defamation, malicious prosecution, and false arrest
- 9. Insurance indemnity, contract and other diversity cases.
- 10. Government Collection Cases (shall include HEW Student Loans (Education), V A Overpayment, Overpayment of Social Security, Enlistment Overpayment (Army, Navy, etc.), HUD Loans, GAO Loans (Misc. Types), Mortgage Foreclosures, SBA Loans, Civil Penalties and Coal Mine Penalty and Reclamation Fees.)

I certify that to the best of my knowledge the entries on this Case Designation Sheet are true and correct

Date:

ATTORNEY AT LAW

NOTE: ALL SECTIONS OF BOTH ÔŠÞRU MUST BE COMPLETED BEFORE CASE CAN BE PROCESSED.

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT				
	_ District of			
Plaintiff(s) V. Defendant(s)))))))))))))))			

SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION

To: (Defendant's name and address)

A lawsuit has been filed against you.

Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are:

If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.

CLERK OF COURT

Date:

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No.

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

	This summons for (nam	ne of individual and title, if any)						
was re	ceived by me on (date)							
	□ I personally served	the summons on the individ	ual at (place)					
		on (date)						
	□ I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with (name)							
		, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there,						
	on (date)							
	□ I served the summons on (<i>name of individual</i>)							
	designated by law to a	□ I served the summons on (<i>name of individual</i>), who is designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of (<i>name of organization</i>)						
		on (date)	; or					
	\Box I returned the summ	; or						
	□ Other (<i>specify</i>):							
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$					
	I declare under penalty	tion is true.						
Date:								
2			Server's signature					
			Printed name and title					

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc: