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1 2 3 4 5	Excolo Law, PLLC Keith Altman (SBN 257309) 26700 Lahser Road, Suite 401 Southfield, MI 48033 516-456-5885 Email: kaltman@excololaw.com	
6 7		ED STATES DISTRICT COURT
8		ERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA AN FRANCISCO DIVISION
0 9		
10	BRANDI CRAWFORD on	CASE NO:
11	behalf of herself and all others similarly situated	CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES
12	Plaintiff,	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED
13	-against-	
14	SONY INTERACTIVE ENTERTAINMENT, LLC.	
15	Defendants.	
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28	Crawford, et al. v. Sony Int	eractive Entertainment LLC, Class Action Complaint

Plaintiff Brandi Crawford, individually and on behalf of the Class described below, by and
through her attorneys, make the following allegations pursuant to the investigation of counsel and
based upon information and belief, except as to allegations specifically pertaining to Plaintiff and
counsel, which are based on personal knowledge.

5

I.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE ACTION**

6 1. In addition to its distinction as a market leader in the manufacture, marketing and 7 sale of gaming consoles, Defendant Sony Interactive Entertainment America, LLC ("SIE" or 8 "Defendant") is also the leading seller of "Apps," *i.e.*, software applications that users download 9 on their mobile computing devices, such as SIE's PlayStation devices. Among the many thousands 10 11 of Apps that SIE offers for sale are gaming Apps targeted at children. Although numerous gaming 12 Apps are offered for free and may be downloaded at no cost, many such games are designed to 13 induce purchases of what SIE refers to as "In-App Purchases" or "In- App Content," i.e., virtual 14 supplies, ammunition, fruits and vegetables, cash and other fake "currency" within the game in 15 order to play the game as it was designed to be played ("Game Currency"). These games are highly 16 addictive, designed deliberately so, and tend to compel children playing them to purchase large 17 quantities of Game Currency, amounting to as much as \$100 per purchase or more. As such, the 18 19 sale of Game Currency to children is highly lucrative.

- 20
  2. Plaintiff BRANDI CRAWFORD bring this class action on behalf of herself and
  21
  21 other parents and guardians who (a) downloaded or permitted their minor children to download a
  22 supposed free App from SIE, and (b) then incurred charges for game-related voidable purchases
  23
  24 that the minor children were induced by SIE to make, without the parents' and guardians'
  25 knowledge or permission.
- 3. Minors also have the ability to create accounts on the SIE network, claiming that
  they are their parents, using their parents' credit cards, without their parents' permission or
- 28

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1	authorization.	SIE does not effectively prohibit such practices despite their obvious knowledge that
2	minors may en	gage in such activities due to their lack of maturity.
3	4.	Plaintiff brings this action for declaratory, equitable and monetary relief under the
4	Declaratory Ju	dgment Act, California's contract laws, Consumers Legal Remedies Act, Business
5	and Profession	s Code Sections 17200 et seq., and/or for Unjust Enrichment.
6	II. PART	IES
7 8	6.	Plaintiff Brandi Crawford is a citizen of and domiciled in Mississippi. Crawford is
9	the guardian of	f C.R.B,., a minor.
10	7.	C.R.B. started to play the video game Fortnite on his PlayStation 4 system in mid
11	2019 which red	quired him to have an account with the PlayStation Network, an online service used
12	by the PlaySta	tion 4 that allows users to buy and download games and other digital content.
13	8.	C.R.B. made an account with the PlayStation Network system that allowed him to
14	play the Fortni	te video game and purchase the virtual goods known as V-bucks in the game.
15 16	9.	V-Bucks are a type of in-game virtual currency or tokens that once bought from the
17	PlayStation Sto	ore can be used to buy "skins" in the game Fortnite.
18	10.	C.R.B. used his mother's debit card to make purchases exceeding \$1,000 in the game
19	without her au	thorization.
20	11.	Upon information and belief, there are millions of PlayStation 4 users and there are
21	thousands of p	utative class members with unauthorized charges made by their minor children.
22	12.	Upon information and belief, Defendant Sony Interactive Entertainment America
23   24	LLC (SIE), is a	a limited liability corporation formed under the laws of Delaware. <sup>1</sup>
25		
26		
27	<sup>1</sup> <u>https://icis.co</u>	rp.delaware.gov/ecorp/entitysearch/NameSearch.aspx
28		3
	Crawfo	ord, et al. v. Sony Interactive Entertainment LLC, Class Action Complaint

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1	13. SIE is a wholly owned subsidiary of Sony Corporation of America, a corporation						
2	formed under the laws of the State of New York with headquarters in New York, NY, according to						
3	its website. <sup>2</sup>						
4	14. On information and belief, because SIE is a wholly owned subsidiary of Sony						
5	Corporation of America, Sony Corporation is the sole member of SIE.						
6	15. According to its website, SIE's principal place of business is in San Mateo,						
7	California. <sup>3</sup>						
8							
9	16. According to its website SIE's "is responsible for the PlayStation brand and family						
10	of products and services [that] includes [the] PlayStation 4 [and] PlayStation Store." <sup>4</sup>						
11	III. JURISDICTION AND VENUE						
12	17. For purposes of corporate citizenship, Defendant is a citizen of New York as that is						
13	the principal place of business of its sole member.						
14	18. Defendant has its principal place of business in San Mateo, California, transacts						
15 16	business in this District, has subjected itself to this Court's jurisdiction through such activity, and a						
17	substantial part of the events and omissions giving rise to this claim occurred in this District.						
18	Accordingly, venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. § 1391.						
19	19. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant SIE, because at all times						
20	relevant to this action, SIE has engaged in substantial business activities and has its headquarters						
21	located in the State of California which can be regarded as the home corporate forum. <sup>5</sup> Therefore,						
22							
23	SIE has sufficient minimum contacts with this state and at all times relevant to this action SIE has						
24							
25	<sup>2</sup> <u>https://www.sony.com/en_us/SCA/who-we-are/overview.html</u> <sup>3</sup> <u>https://www.playstation.com/en-us/corporate/about/</u>						
26	<sup>4</sup> Id.						
27	<sup>5</sup> Goodyear Dunlop Tires Operations, S.A. v. Brown, 564 U.S. 915, 924 (U.S. 2011)						
28	4 Crawford, et al. v. Sony Interactive Entertainment LLC, Class Action Complaint						

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engaged, either directly or indirectly, in the business of marketing, promoting, distributing, and 1 selling of its products as well as contracting with D.W. and administering the user accounts in 2 3 California, to render the exercise of jurisdiction by this Court permissible under traditional notions 4 of fair play and substantial justice. 5 20. This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d). This is a class action 6 involving more than 100 Class Members. Plaintiff and Defendant are citizens of different states and 7 the amount in controversy, in the aggregate, exceeds the sum of \$5 million exclusive of interest and 8 costs. 9 IV. **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS** 10 11 21. SIE oversees the development and marketing of video games, consoles, and products 12 in the United States and Canada. 13 22. SIE's video game products include, among others: games, wireless controllers, 14 wireless stereo headsets, and PlayStation 4 video game consoles. 15 23. SIE has its principle place of business in California, therefore granting this court with 16 personal jurisdiction. 17 24. Upon information and belief, SIE sells, advertises, contracts, and administers the 18 19 PlayStation Network and online Store in the State of California and throughout the United States. 20 25. SIE offers an online and network service called the PlayStation Network (PSN), 21 which includes the PlayStation Store, an online store that allows users and consumers buy and 22 download video games and digital game features. 23 26. According to the PlayStation website, by creating an account in the PSN users can 24 play games online as well as buy content and services such as levels for games, movies, and 25 26 television shows. 27 28 5 Crawford, et al. v. Sony Interactive Entertainment LLC, Class Action Complaint

1	27. Through the PlayStation Store, users can download video games as well as other
2	digital content to be used on the PlayStation 4 console.
3	28. In order to use the PSN and download video games, users need to make and register
4	an online account and to agree with the PSN Terms of Service and User Agreement, which state
5	that the user needs to have reached the legal age of majority, or, if under the age of majority, have
6	the consent of the parent or legal guardian.
7 8	29. SIE does not employ effective measures to prevent minors from creating these
9	accounts. Minors frequently use their parents' credit or debit cards as a means of securing payments
10	for in game purchases.
11	30. All purchases made on the PSN service, including debit or credit cards and PayPal,
12	are made through the PSN account wallet. The funds added to the wallet to make purchases are non-
13	refundable and non-transferable, except as required by law according to the PSN user agreement. <sup>6</sup>
14	31. Users of the PSN can buy or download for free certain games through the PlayStation
15 16	Store and play the games using the PlayStation 4 platform.
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18	
19	
20	<sup>6</sup> "All transactions made through your Account or an associated Account of your child are solely
21	between you and SIE LLC. By completing a transaction through your Account or allowing a transaction to take place through an associated Account of your child, you are (i) agreeing to pay
22 23	for all transactions made by you or your children, including recurring charges for subscriptions that are not cancelled; (ii) authorizing SIE LLC to deduct from the wallet and charge your credit card or
23 24	other applicable payment instrument or payment mechanism all fees due and payable for all your transactions; and (iii) agreeing to any applicable Usage Terms and terms associated with use of the
25	particular PSN Service. All transactions are final upon their completion and may be deemed to be governed by law and regulatory requirements applicable at the time the transaction was completed.
26	PAYMENTS FOR ACCESS TO CONTENT OR SERVICES ARE NOT REFUNDABLE EXCEPT WHERE THE LAW REQUIRES THAT THEY ARE REFUNDABLE."
27	https://www.playstation.com/en-us/network/legal/terms-of-service/
I	
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	32.	One example of a game designed to entice minors into making in-game purchases is						
1	Fortnite. As of the writing of this complaint, it is estimated that there are 200 million users of the							
2								
3	game Fortnite. <sup>7</sup>							
4	33.	Epic Games, Inc. ("Epic") is a developer and publisher of computer games and						
5	gaming softv	vare.						
6	34.	Epic developed and published the battle royal genre online multi-player video game						
7 8	Fortnite.							
9	35.	Fortnite was first released in a limited manner in October 2013.						
10	36.	Fortnite was released broadly on July 25, 2017, but it wasn't until September 26,						
11	2017 that For	rtnite's free-to-play "Battle Royale" game mode was released to the public.						
12	37.	Fortnite's Battle Royale mode is a survival action game in which players team up to						
13	battle each o	ther until the last team stands, while interacting with the environment in the game by						
14	gathering res	sources and building fortified structures to defend herself from the attacks of enemies.						
15 16	38.	Fortnite's Battle Royale mode is free to download and play.						
17	39.	However, players in Fortnite need to buy V-Bucks, a type of virtual token, to make						
18	in-game purc	chases that include, but not limited to, "skins" for the players' characters and the game						
19	feature know	vn as the Battle Pass.						
20	40.	According to Epic's website, the Battle Pass is "a method Battle Royale players can						
21	use to gain a	ccess to exclusive challenges and in-game rewards."						
22	41.	While using the Battle Pass, players in the Battle Royale mode earn Battle Stars that						
23 24	represent the player's rank or level, which allows to further have access to different rewards.							
25								
26								
27 28	<sup>7</sup> https://www	w.statista.com/statistics/746230/fortnite-players/						
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1		42.	The p	purpose o	of the	e skins	or	differ	ent c	ostun	nes t	he j	player	s' charac	eters ca	nυ	ise is
2	merely	cosmet	cic.														
3		43.	Epic	markets	the	Fortnit	te v	video	game	e as	free	to	play	without	warnir	ıg	adult

43. Epic markets the Fortnite video game as free to play without warning adult
consumers and parents of the in-game purchase features, directly inducing minors to make in-game
purchases without authorization from their parents or legal guardians.<sup>8</sup>

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  44. Brandi Crawford is the mother and natural parent of C.R.B. and is a citizen of
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  45. At all times relevant to the events described in this complaint, C.R.B. was a 10 year10
  old and a minor according to California law. Cal. Fam. Code § 6500.

46. C.R.B.. made an account with the PlayStation Network all by himself without his
 parents' authorization that required among other things, selecting a user name and password,
 providing contact and other information, and agreeing with the PlayStation Network Terms of
 Service and User Agreement.

47. C.R.B. used his mother's debit card to pay for the PlayStation Network services.

48. The PlayStation Network User Agreement provides that in order to agree with the
terms of service, the user must be an adult according to the state or country registered on the
account.<sup>9</sup>

49. C.R.B. downloaded the Fortnite video game onto his PlayStation 4 and used the free
Battle Royale mode of the game.

- 26 8<u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2gUtfBmw86Y</u>
- 27 9 <u>https://www.playstation.com/en-us/network/legal/terms-of-service/</u>
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1	50.	C.R.B. used his mother's debit card without her permission and spent more than a					
2	thousand dollars (\$1,000) purchasing Fortnite V-bucks, using his PlayStation 4 through his						
3	PlayStation No	etwork account.					
4	51.	Plaintiff sought a refund of the charges from Defendant and was denied.					
5	52.	SIE is the owner and administrator of the PlayStation Network and Store services.					
6	53.	The PSN User Agreement establishes that all transactions made through the service					
7	are non-refund	lable except as required by law.					
8 9	54.	Plaintiff's minor's unauthorized V-bucks purchases are subject to California law's					
10	right to disaff	irmance since it was a minor who made the purchases using credit and debit cards					
11	_	rents' authorization. Cal. Fam. Code § 6710.					
12	55.	SIE's transactions with minors also necessarily involve entering into contracts with					
13		ing property that is fundamentally not in the minors' possession or control, since SIE					
14							
15	not in the minor's possession or control. In fact, some of the funds are in the possession and control						
16							
17	•	the minor's parents and the card issuers.					
18	56.	On information and belief, other minors seeking to disaffirm agreements with SIE					
19	are denied the	right to disaffirmance from the V-bucks purchase transactions. SIE states in the User					
20	Agreement that	at all transactions are non-refundable, even with respect to minors, despite a minor's					
21 22	right to disaffi	rm the agreement under California law.					
23	57.	As set forth above, SIE makes it nearly impossible for minors to obtain refunds for					
24	their transaction	ons.					
25	58.	Plaintiff has lost money and been injured and suffered violations of California law					
26	in connection	with V-bucks purchase transactions that are either void or voidable under California					
27	Law.						
28	 	9					
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59. Plaintiff's experience with SIE is like that of other parents of minors who have purchased V-bucks in the Fortnite video game through the PSN and Store.

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60. On information and belief, Defendant has numerous other games which operate in a similar manner to Fortnite in that minor users make in-game purchases in conjunction with those games. Once again, minors often make such purchases without the permission of their parents, using their parents' debit or credit card without permission.

- 61. SIE offers Apps in many genres, including travel, business, education, finance,
  entertainment and gaming. Games are the most downloaded of all genres. Apps can be downloaded
  for free, or for a licensing fee, that ranges from \$.99 to \$9.99 or more. It is the gaming Apps that
  SIE targets and sells to minor children that are the subject of this action.
- 12 62. SIE is the sole conduit of Apps to be used on the PSN. Apps are either developed
  13 by SIE or licensed to SIE by independent App developers. The App developers license their Apps
  14 to SIE for sale to consumers, and SIE shares the revenues earned from the sale of the App, or from
  15 the sale of In-App Purchases, with the App developer.
- 63. SIE supervises and controls the function and operation of the Apps it sells. Before
  an App is made available by SIE, SIE staff test the App and confirm its compliance with dozens
  of rules that SIE unilaterally imposes. If SIE deems an App noncompliant with SIE's rules, SIE
  will not make the App available for sale.
- 64. In all instances relevant to this action, the sale of the App and/or any Game Currency
  is a transaction directly between SIE and the consumer. SIE, and SIE alone, is the provider of the
  App to the user. SIE charges its customers' credit (or debit) card or PayPal account, and no App
  developer ever receives an SIE App customer's credit (or debit) card number or PayPal account
  information.
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   65. Anyone can open an account to purchase (i.e. license) content from SIE. Opening
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an account requires, among other things, selecting a user name and password, providing certain contact and other information, and agreeing to SIE's Terms & Conditions. Users may then make purchases in any of a number of ways, including supplying SIE with a credit or debit card number or PayPal account. For users who specify credit or debit card or PayPal payment, SIE automatically draws funds from the account holder's credit or debit card or PayPal account.

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66. As alleged above, many games are targeted to young children, and are free or cost a nominal charge to download. These games, however, are often designed solely to lure children to purchase Game Currency in order to meet the objectives of the game. We sometimes refer to these free Apps in this complaint as "bait Apps."

Such games, by design, are highly addictive. They were developed strategically to
induce purchases of Game Currency. For example, the game Fortnite is free to download. To
enhance the gaming experience, users can purchase V-Bucks which allow the user to obtain ingame equipment and other enhancements. V-Bucks cost real money. Embedded in the Fortnite
bait App are various methods to purchase V-Bucks.

- 68. SIE is aware that minors purchase V-Bucks from the online store. This is desired,
  as Fornite is a tremendous moneymaker for SIE. Many children have purchased thousands of
  dollars of Game Currency over the course of a brief period of time.
- 69. Fortnite is by no means the only bait App that preys on minors in such a manner.
  SIE offers many games that use the same bait-and-switch business scheme as Fortnite. SIE entices
  children with a free download of a gaming platform that then offers the sale of irresistible Game
  Currency in order to enjoy the game as it was designed to be "played."

70. The targeting of children by SIE and inducing them to purchase, without the
 knowledge or permission of their parents, millions of dollars of Game Currency, is unlawful
 exploitation in the extreme. Fortunately for the members of the Class, such purchases of Game

1	Currency con	nstitute voidable contracts because they were entered into with minors.					
2	71.	SIE has not offered to return to its account holders any of the millions of dollars					
3	it received fr	rom their minor children's purchases of Game Currency.					
4	V. CLA	SS ACTION ALLEGATIONS					
5	72.	Plaintiff brings this action as a class action for declaratory, equitable, and monetary					
6	relief pursua	nt to Rules 23(b)(2) and (b)(3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure on behalf of					
7	the following	g Class:					
8		All game and in the United States who would fan a gunghage of Course Currenter					
9		All persons in the United States who paid for a purchase of Game Currency made by their minor children without their knowledge or permission (the "Class"). Excluded from the Class are SIE; any entity in which it has a					
10		controlling interest; any of its parents, subsidiaries, affiliates, officers,					
11		directors, employees and members of their immediate families; and members of the federal judiciary.					
12	72						
13	73.	The members of the Class are ascertainable, and are so numerous that joinder is					
14	impracticable	e. Plaintiff believes there are thousands of members of the Class, whose names and					
15	addresses are	e in SIE's records.					
16	74.	There are questions of law or fact common to the Class, and such questions					
17	predominate over individual questions. SIE pursued a common course of conduct toward the Class						
18	as alleged. T	This action arises out of a common nucleus of operative facts. Common questions					
19 20	include:						
21	(a)	Whether SIE sold Game Currency;					
22	(b)	Whether SIE sold Game Currency to minors;					
23	(c)	Whether SIE knew that many gaming Apps it sells are designed to induce minors to purchase Game Currency;					
24		Whether SIE intended for minors to purchase such Game Currency without					
25	(d)	the knowledge or permission of the minors' parents or guardians;					
26	(e)	Whether SIE's sales to minors of Game Currency constitute voidable contracts;					
27   28		12					
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1 2	(f)	Whether SIE's scheme to induce minors to purchase Game Currency violates California's Consumers Legal Remedies Act, Cal. Civ. Code § 1750, and Unfair Competition Law, Business & Professions Code § 17200 et seq.;						
3	(g)	Whether SIE owed and breached a duty of good faith and fair dealing with respect to its contract with Plaintiff and the Class;						
5	(h)	Whether SIE was unjustly enriched by its scheme; and						
6	(i)	Whether Plaintiff and the Class have been damaged, and if so, in what amount.						
7 8	75.	Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of other members of the Class, and						
9	there is no de	efense available to SIE that is unique to Plaintiff. Plaintiff paid more that \$1,000						
10	to SIE for put	rchases of Game Currency made by their minor children without their knowledge						
11	or permission	1.						
12	76.	Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent the interests of the Class. Plaintiff has						
13	no interests 1	that are antagonistic to those of the Class. Plaintiff has the ability to assist and						
14	adequately protect the rights and interests of the Class during the litigation. Further, Plaintiff is							
15	represented by counsel who are competent and experienced in this type of class action litigation.							
16 17	77.	This class action is not only the appropriate method for the fair and efficient						
18	adjudication	of the controversy, it is the superior method because:						
19	(a)	The joinder of thousands of geographically diverse individual class						
20		members is impracticable, cumbersome, unduly burdensome, and a waste of judicial and litigation resources;						
21	(b)	There is no special interest by class members in individually controlling prosecution of separate causes of action;						
22	(c)	Class members' individual claims are relatively modest compared with the expense of litigating the claim, thereby making it impracticable, unduly						
23		burdensome, expensive, if not totally impossible, to justify individual class members addressing their loss;						
24	(d)	When SIE's liability has been adjudicated, claims of all class members can be determined by the Court and administered efficiently in a manner that						
25		is far less erroneous, burdensome, and expensive than if it were attempted through filing, discovery, and trial of many individual cases;						
26	(e)	This class action will promote orderly, efficient, expeditious, and appropriate adjudication and administration of class claims to promote						
27 28		economies of time, resources, and limited pool of recovery; 13						
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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	<ul> <li>(f) This class action will assure uniformity of decisions among class members;</li> <li>(g) Without this class action, restitution will not be ordered and SIE will be able to reap the benefits or profits of its wrongdoing; and</li> <li>(h) The resolution of this controversy through this class action presents fewer management difficulties than individual claims filed in which the parties may be subject to varying indifferent adjudications of their rights.</li> <li>78. Further, class certification is appropriate because SIE has acted, or refused to act, on grounds generally applicable to the Class, making class-wide equitable, injunctive, declaratory and monetary relief appropriate. In addition, the prosecution of separate actions by or against individual members of the Class would create a risk of incompatible standards of conduct for SIE and inconsistent or varying adjudications for all parties. A class action is superior to other</li> </ul>
11	available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of this action.
<ol> <li>12</li> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>VI. CALIFORNIA LAW APPLIES TO THE ENTIRE CLASS         <ol> <li>California's substantive laws apply to every member of the Class, regardless of where in the United States the class member resides. SIE imposes on its account holders a set of Terms and Conditions that must be accepted before becoming an account holder and before making any purchases or downloads from SIE's Online Store. Among such Terms and Conditions is the following:</li> <li>The laws of the State of California, without regard to conflict-of-law rules, govern this agreement and any dispute between you and the Sony Entities. Any dispute not subject to arbitration and not initiated in small claims court may be brought by either party in a court of competent jurisdiction in either the Superior Courts for the State of California in and for the County of San Mateo or in the United States District Court for the Northern District of California. Each party submits itself to the exclusive jurisdiction and venue of those courts, and waives all jurisdictional, venue and inconvenient forum objections to those courts. In any litigation to enforce any part of this</li> </ol></li></ul>
25 26	<ul> <li>agreement, all costs and fees, including attorney's fees, will be paid by the non-prevailing party.</li> <li>80. Further, California's substantive laws may be constitutionally applied to the claims</li> </ul>
27	of Plaintiff and the Class under the Due Process Clause, 14th Amend. § 1, and the Full Faith and
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Credit Clause, Art. IV § 1 of the U.S. Constitution. California has significant contact, or significant aggregation of contacts, to the claims asserted by Plaintiff and all Class Members, thereby creating 3 state interests that ensure that the choice of California state law is not arbitrary or unfair.

4 81. SIE's United States headquarters and principal place of business is located in 5 California. SIE also owns property and conducts substantial business in California. Therefore 6 California has an interest in regulating SIE's conduct under its laws. SIE's decision to reside in 7 California and avail itself of California's laws, and to engage in the challenged conduct from and 8 emanating out of California, renders the application of California law to the claims herein 9 constitutionally permissible. 10

11 82. California is also the state from which SIE's alleged misconduct emanated. This 12 conduct similarly injured and affected Plaintiff and all other Class Members.

13 83. The application of California law to the Class is also appropriate under 14 California's choice of law rules because California has significant contacts to the claims of 15 Plaintiff and the proposed Class, and California has a greater interest in applying its laws here 16 than any other interested state. 17

- VII. CAUSES OF ACTION 18
- 19 20 21

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FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION (Declaratory Judgment)

84. Plaintiff repeats and re-allege herein the foregoing allegations.

85. All Game Currency that SIE presents for sale constitutes an offer to enter into a 22 sales contract. 23

24 86. All Game Currency purchased by a minor constitutes acceptance of SIE's offer. 25 87. Every payment made by the members of the Class for the purchase of Game 26 Currency by their minor children constitutes consideration for the provision of the Game 27 28 15 Crawford, et al. v. Sony Interactive Entertainment LLC, Class Action Complaint

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	Currency.							
1								
2								
3	of the three elements of a contract, i.e., offer, acceptance and consideration.							
4	89.	Under California law, minors have the right to disaffirm contracts such as those at						
5	issue here. Ca	al. Fam. Code § 6710.						
6	90.	A parent or guardian may disaffirm a contract on behalf of a minor.						
7	91.	The contracts between Defendant and the members of the Class are voidable – a						
8 9	fact that Defe	endant denies.						
9 10	92.	Accordingly, there is an actual controversy between the parties, requiring a						
11	declaratory ju							
12								
12	93.	This claim for declaratory judgment is brought pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2201 et seq.,						
14	seeking a determination by the Court that:							
15		(a) this action may proceed and be maintained as a class action;						
16		(b) the sales contracts between Defendant and the children of the class members,						
17		relating to the purchase of Game Currency, are voidable at the option of the respective class members on behalf of their minor children;						
18		(c) if the class members elect to void the contracts, they will be entitled to restitution						
19		and interest thereon;						
20		(d) an award of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit to Plaintiff and the Class is appropriate; and						
21		(e) such other and further relief as is necessary and just may be appropriate as well.						
22		SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION						
23		(Violation of the California Consumers Legal Remedies Act)						
24	94.	Plaintiff repeats and re-allege herein the foregoing allegations.						
25	95.	At all times relevant hereto, there was in full force and effect the California						
26	Consumers L	egal Remedies Act ("CLRA"), Cal. Civ. Code § 1750.						
27								
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1 2

96. Plaintiff and the other Class Members are consumers within the meaning of Cal. Civ. Code § 1761(d).

97. 3 SIE violated the CLRA's proscription against the concealment of the 4 characteristics, use, benefit, or quality of goods by actively marketing and promoting certain 5 gaming Apps as "free" or nominal (e.g.,  $99\phi$ ) with the intent to induce from minors the purchase 6 of Game Currency. Specifically, by promoting such bait Apps in the manner alleged herein, SIE 7 has violated: (a) § 1770(a)(5)'s proscription against representing that goods have uses or 8 characteristics they do not have; (b) § 1770(a)(7)'s proscription against representing that goods are 9 of particular standard or quality when they are of another; (c) § 1770(a)(14)'s proscription against 10 11 "Representing that a transaction confers or involves rights, remedies, or obligations which it does 12 not have or involve, or which are prohibited by law."

13

98. Under California law, a duty to disclose arises in four circumstances: (1) when the 14 defendant is in a fiduciary relationship with the plaintiff; (2) when the defendant had exclusive 15 knowledge of material facts not known to the plaintiff; (3) when the defendant actively conceals a 16 material fact from the plaintiff; or (4) when the defendant makes partial representations but also 17 suppresses some material facts. 18

19 99. SIE owed a duty to disclose material facts about the Game Currency embedded in 20 games it marketed, advertised and promoted to children as "free" or nominal. SIE breached such 21 duty as alleged in this Complaint. 22

100. Plaintiff and the Class suffered actual damages as a direct and proximate result of 23 SIE's actions, concealment and/or omissions in the advertising, marketing and promotion of its bait 24 Apps, in violation of the CLRA, as evidenced by the substantial sums SIE pocketed. 25

26 101. Plaintiff, on behalf of herself and for all those similarly situated, demand 27 judgment against SIE for equitable relief in the form of restitution and/or disgorgement of funds

1	paid to SIE.							
2	102. In accordance with § 1782(a) of the CLRA, on March 11, 2020, Plaintiff's							
3	counsel served SIE, by certified mail, return receipt requested, with notice of its alleged							
4	violations of the CLRA.							
5	103. If SIE does not fully meet the demand set forth in that letter, then Plaintiff							
6	will amend or seek leave to amend this complaint in order to seek the following relief							
7 8	under CLRA § 1780, for SIE's violations of CLRA § 1770(a)(14):							
° 9	<ul> <li>actual damages under Cal. Civ. Code§ 1780(a)(l);</li> </ul>							
10	• punitive damages under Cal. Civ. Code§ 1780(a)(4);							
11	• attorneys' fees and costs under Cal. Civ. Code§ 1780(d); and							
12	• any other relief the Court deems proper under Cal. Civ. Code §							
13	1780(a)(5).							
14								
15 16	THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION (Violation of Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200 et seq.)							
17	104. Plaintiff repeats and re-allege herein the foregoing allegations.							
18	105. Plaintiff brings this cause of action on behalf of herself, on behalf of the other Class							
19	Members, and in their capacity as a private attorneys general against SIE for its unlawful, unfair,							
20	fraudulent and/or deceptive business acts and practices pursuant to California's Unfair Competition							
21	Law (UCL), Business & Professions Code § 17200 et seq., which prohibits unlawful, unfair and/or							
22 23	fraudulent business acts and/or practices.							
23 24	106. Plaintiff asserts these claims as a representative of an aggrieved group and as							
25	private attorneys general on behalf of the general public and other persons who have expended							
26	funds that SIE should be required to reimburse under UCL § 17200 et seq.							
27	107. This claim is predicated on the duty to refrain from unlawful, unfair and deceptive							
28	18							
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business practices. Plaintiff and the other Class Members hereby seek to enforce a general 1 proscription of unfair business practices and the requirement to refrain from deceptive conduct. 2 3 108. The UCL § 17200 et seq. prohibits acts of "unfair competition." As used in this 4 section, "unfair competition" encompasses three distinct types of misconduct: (a) 5 "unlawful...business acts or practices"; (b) "unfair fraudulent business acts or practices"; and (c) 6 "unfair, deceptive or misleading advertising." 7 109. SIE violated the UCL by engaging in conduct that violated each of the three 8 prongs identified by the statute, as set forth throughout this Complaint. Q SIE committed an unlawful business act or practice in violation of the UCL § 110. 10 11 17200 et seq. when it violated the CLRA. 12 SIE committed fraudulent business acts and practices in violation of the UCL 111. 13 §§ 17200 and 17500 et seq. by actively advertising, marketing and promoting its bait Apps as "free" 14 or nominal with the intent to lure minors to purchase Game Currency in a manner likely to deceive 15 the public. 16 SIE has violated the "unfairness" prong. According to the Federal Trade 112. 17 Commission guidelines: "To justify a finding of unfairness the injury must satisfy three tests. It 18 19 must be substantial; it must not be outweighed by any countervailing benefits to consumers or 20 competition that the practice produces; and it must be an injury that consumers herself could not 21 reasonably have avoided." FTC Policy Statement On Unfairness, appended to International 22 Harvester Co., 104 F.T.C. 949, 1070 (1984). 23 As alleged in this complaint, Plaintiff and the Class have suffered substantial actual 113. 24 economic harm. SIE's practices produce no countervailing benefits to consumers or competition 25 26 that outweigh such substantial harm to Plaintiff and the Class. Because the injuries alleged occurred 27 without Plaintiff' and the other Class Members' knowledge or permission, Plaintiff and the Class, 28 19 Crawford, et al. v. Sony Interactive Entertainment LLC, Class Action Complaint

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1	a fortiori, could not have avoided such injuries. One cannot avoid something about which one is							
2	unaware. Accordingly, SIE has violated the "unfairness" prong of the UCL.							
3	114. SIE's deceptive practices were specifically designed to induce the children of							
4	Plaintiff and the other members of the Class to download the bait Apps and then purchase Game							
5	Currency.							
6	115. SIE's practices have deceived and/or are likely to deceive Plaintiff and							
7	members of the consuming public.							
8 9	116. As a direct and proximate cause of SIE's violation of the UCL, Plaintiff and the							
10	Class have suffered harm in that they have not been reimbursed for the purchases of Game							
11	Currency their children made from SIE without their knowledge or permission.							
12	117. As a direct and proximate result of SIE's violation of the UCL, SIE has been unjustly							
13	enriched and should be required to make restitution to Plaintiff and the Class or disgorge its ill-							
14	gotten profits pursuant to the UCL § 17203.							
15 16	118. Plaintiff, on behalf of herself and for all others similarly situated, demand							
17	judgment against SIE for injunctive relief in the form of restitution, and/or disgorgement of							
18	funds paid to SIE as alleged herein.							
19	FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION							
20	(Restitution/Unjust Enrichment/Money Had and Received (alternative claim))							
21	119. Plaintiff repeats and re-allege herein the foregoing allegations.							
22	120. Plaintiff and the Class have conferred benefits on SIE by paying for the Game							
23	Currency their children purchased from SIE without their knowledge or permission.							
24	121. SIE knowingly and willingly accepted those monetary benefits from Plaintiff and							
25	the Class.							
26 27	122. Under the circumstances alleged herein, it is inequitable for Defendant to retain							
28	20							
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1	such benefits at the expense of Plaintiff and the Class.							
2	123. SIE has been unjustly enriched at the expense, and to the detriment of, Plaintiff and							
3	the Class by wrongfully collecting money to which SIE, in equity, is not entitled.							
4	124. Plaintiff and the Class are entitled to recover from SIE all amounts wrongfully							
5	collected and improperly retained by SIE, plus interest thereon.							
6	125. As a direct and proximate result of SIE's unjust enrichment, Plaintiff and the Class							
7 8	have suffered injury and are entitled to reimbursement, restitution and disgorgement from SIE of							
9	the benefits conferred by Plaintiff and the Class.							
10	126. As a direct and proximate result of SIE's misconduct as set forth herein, SIE has							
11	been unjustly enriched.							
12								
13	WHE	REFORE, Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of the Class, pray for an Order as						
14	follows:							
15	А.	Finding that this action satisfies the prerequisites for maintenance as a class action						
16		under Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a), (b)(2) and (b)(3), and certifying the Class defined herein;						
17 18	В.	Designating Plaintiff as representative of the Class and their counsel as class						
19		counsel;						
20	C.	Entering judgment in favor of Plaintiff and the Class and against SIE;						
21	D.	As to the First Cause of Action, entering a Declaratory Judgment determining that						
22		the sales contracts between Defendant and the minor children of Class Members						
23		relating to the purchase of Game Currency are voidable at the option of the respective						
24		Class Members on behalf of their minor children, and that if the Class Members elect						
25		to void the contracts, they will be entitled to restitution, attorneys' fees, costs and						
26 27		interest thereon;						
28		21						
	Crawf	ford, et al. v. Sony Interactive Entertainment LLC, Class Action Complaint						

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	<ul> <li>E. As to the Second through Fifth Causes of Action, awarding Plaintiff and members of the Class their individual damages and attorneys' fees and allowing costs, including interest thereon; and/or restitution and equitable relief;</li> <li>F. As to all Causes of Action, an injunction discontinuing the Game Currency sales practices targeting minors complained of herein, and awarding attorneys' fees and allowing costs, including interest thereon; and</li> <li>G. Granting such further relief as the Court deems just.</li> </ul>						
9							
10	JURY DEMAND						
11	<u>PLAINTIFF DEMANDS A TRIAL BY JURY ON ALL ISSUES SO TRIABLE</u>						
12 13	Dated: March 11, 2020						
13	Excolo Law, PLLC						
15							
16	by: /s/ Keith Altman Keith Altman						
17	Keith Altman (SBN 257309) 26700 Lahser Road, Suite 401						
18	Southfield, MI 48033 516-456-5885						
19	kaltman@excololaw.com						
20 21							
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23							
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27							
28	22 Crawford, et al. v. Sony Interactive Entertainment LLC, Class Action Complaint						

# DECLARATION OF KEITH ALTMAN PURSUANT TO CALIFORNIA CIVIL CODE § 1780(d)

1	PURSUANT TO CALIFORNIA CIVIL CODE § 1780(d)							
2	I, Keith Altman, declare as follows:							
3	1. I submit this declaration pursuant to section 1780 (d) of the California Consumers Legal							
4	1. I submit this declaration pursuant to section 1780 (d) of the California Consumers Legal							
5	Remedies Act. I have personal knowledge of the matters set forth below and if called							
6	as a witness could and would be competent to testify thereto.							
7	2. Defendant Sony Interactive Entertainment, LLC is a Delaware Corporation with its							
8 9	principle place of business at 2207 Bridgepointe Pkwy. San Mateo, CA 94404.							
10	3. This action is being commenced in the Northern District of California. Defendant's							
11	principle place of business is located within the Northern District of California.							
12	I declare under the penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California and the							
13	United States that the foregoing is true and correct and that this declaration was executed on March							
14	11, 2020 in Southfield, MI.							
15								
16	<u>/s/ Keith Altman</u> Keith Altman							
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28	23 Crawford, et al. v. Sony Interactive Entertainment LLC, Class Action Complaint							
	Crawford, et al. v. Sony interactive Entertainment ELC, Class Action Complaint							

#### JS 44 (Rev. 09/19)

#### Case 3:20-cv-01732 Document 1-1 Filed 03/11/20 Page 1 of 2 CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. *(SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)* 

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS			DEFENDANTS				
Brandi Crawford, on beha	alf of berself and all of	here cimilarly cituat	ed				
Dialiul Clawiolu, oli bella		ners similarly situat	eu	d Sony Interactive Entertainment, LLC			
(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff <u>Rankin</u> (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)				County of Residence of First Listed Defendant San Mateo (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.			
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number) Excolo Law, PLLC 26700 Lahser Rd. Ste. 401				Attorneys (If Known)			
Southfield, MI 48033 II. BASIS OF JURISDI	CTION (Place on "X" in (	ne Box Only)	III CI	<b>FIZENSHIP OF P</b>	RINCIPAL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff	
		ine Box Only)		For Diversity Cases Only)		and One Box for Defendant)	
□ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	<ul> <li>A Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)</li> <li>A Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)</li> </ul>		Citize	PTF     DEF     PTF     DEF       Citizen of This State     1     1     Incorporated or Principal Place     1     4       of Business In This State			
2 U.S. Government Defendant			Citize	n of Another State	2 D 2 Incorporated and of Business In		
				n or Subject of a 🛛 🗖 eign Country	3 🗖 3 Foreign Nation		
IV. NATURE OF SUIT	$\int (Place an "X" in One Roy On$	nlv)	ror	orgin Country	Click here for: Nature	of Suit Code Descriptions.	
CONTRACT			FO	RFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES	
<ul> <li>110 Insurance</li> <li>120 Marine</li> <li>130 Miller Act</li> <li>140 Negotiable Instrument</li> <li>150 Recovery of Overpayment &amp; Enforcement of Judgment</li> <li>151 Medicare Act</li> <li>152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excludes Veterans)</li> <li>153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits</li> <li>160 Stockholders' Suits</li> <li>190 Other Contract</li> <li>195 Contract Product Liability</li> <li>196 Franchise</li> <li>210 Land Condemnation</li> <li>220 Foreclosure</li> <li>230 Rent Lease &amp; Ejectment</li> <li>245 Tort Product Liability</li> <li>290 All Other Real Property</li> </ul>	PERSONAL INJURY 310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers' Liability 340 Marine 345 Marine Product Liability 350 Motor Vehicle 355 Motor Vehicle 700 Other Personal Injury 360 Other Personal Injury 362 Personal Injury 362 Personal Injury 440 Other Civil Rights 441 Voting 443 Housing/ Accommodations 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other 448 Education	he Group 16 Product 16		5 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 ) Other      D Fair Labor Standards Act  ) Labor/Management Relations  ) Railway Labor Act  I Family and Medical Leave Act  ) Other Labor Litigation I Employee Retirement Income Security Act  IMMIGRATION  2 Naturalization Application 5 Other Immigration Actions	<ul> <li>422 Appeal 28 USC 158</li> <li>423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157</li> <li>PROPERTY RIGHTS</li> <li>820 Copyrights</li> <li>830 Patent</li> <li>835 Patent - Abbreviated New Drug Application</li> <li>840 Trademark</li> <li>SOCIAL SECURITY</li> <li>861 HIA (1395ff)</li> <li>862 Black Lung (923)</li> <li>863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g))</li> <li>864 SSID Title XVI</li> <li>865 RSI (405(g))</li> <li>FEDERAL TAX SUITS</li> <li>870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant)</li> <li>871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609</li> </ul>	OTHER STATUTES         375 False Claims Act         376 Qui Tam (31 USC 3729(a))         400 State Reapportionment         410 Antitrust         430 Banks and Banking         450 Commerce         460 Deportation         470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations         480 Consumer Credit (15 USC 1681 or 1692)         485 Telephone Consumer Protection Act         490 Cable/Sat TV         850 Securities/Commodities/ Exchange         890 Other Statutory Actions         891 Agricultural Acts         893 Environmental Matters         895 Freedom of Information Act         896 Arbitration         899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision         950 Constitutionality of State Statutes	
		Confinement					
	moved from $\Box$ 3 te Court	Appellate Court	Reop	(specify)	er District Litigation ) Transfer		
VI. CAUSE OF ACTION	Brief description of ca Does not employ	ause: effective measures	to preve	o not cite jurisdictional sta us. & Prof. Code § 1 ent minors from crea			
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT: CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS UNDER RULE 23, F.R.Cv.P.				DEMAND \$CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint:5,000,000.00JURY DEMAND: X Yes			
VIII. RELATED CASI IF ANY	<b>E(S)</b> (See instructions):	(See instructions): JUDGE		DOCKET NUMBER			
DATE 03/11/2020 FOR OFFICE USE ONLY		SIGNATURE OF AT /s/ Keith L. Altn		F RECORD			
	AOUNT	APPLYING IFP		JUDGE	MAG. JUI	DGE	

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44**

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- **I.(a) Plaintiffs-Defendants.** Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
- (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".

**II.** Jurisdiction. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.Cv.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.

United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here. United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.

Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; **NOTE: federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.**)

- **III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties.** This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- IV. Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If there are multiple nature of suit codes associated with the case, pick the nature of suit code that is most applicable. Click here for: <u>Nature of Suit Code Descriptions</u>.
- V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.

Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date. Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation – Transfer. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407.

Multidistrict Litigation – Direct File. (8) Check this box when a multidistrict case is filed in the same district as the Master MDL docket. **PLEASE NOTE THAT THERE IS NOT AN ORIGIN CODE 7.** Origin Code 7 was used for historical records and is no longer relevant due to changes in statue.

- VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity. Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553 Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service
- VII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P. Demand. In this space enter the actual dollar amount being demanded or indicate other demand, such as a preliminary injunction. Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.
- VIII. Related Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases, if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.