1 2 3 4 5	BONNETT, FAIRBOURN, FRIEDMA & BALINT, P.C. PATRICIA N. SYVERSON (CA SBN MANFRED P. MUECKE (CA SBN 22 600 W. Broadway, Suite 900 San Diego, California 92101 psyverson@bffb.com mmuecke@bffb.com Telephone: (619) 798-4593						
6 7 8 9 10 11	BONNETT, FAIRBOURN, FRIEDMA & BALINT, P.C. ELAINE A. RYAN (To Be Admitted P. CARRIE A. LALIBERTE (To Be Admitted P. 2325 E. Camelback Rd. Suite 300 Phoenix, AZ 85016 eryan@bffb.com claliberte@bffb.com Telephone: (602) 274-1100	ro Hac Vice)					
12 13	Attorneys for Plaintiffs Additional Attorneys on Signature Page UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA						
1415161718	TAMARA FRANKEL and NATASHA PARACHA, On Behalf of Themselves and All Others Similarly Situated, Plaintiffs,	Case No.: CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR: 1. VIOLATION OF THE UNFAIR COMPETITION LAW, Business and					
19 20 21	v. BOB'S RED MILL NATURAL FOODS, INC., an Oregon	Professions Code §17200 <i>et seq.</i> ; and 2. VIOLATION OF THE CONSUMERS LEGAL REMEDIES ACT, Civil Code §1750 <i>et seq.</i>					
222324	Corporation. Defendant.	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL					
252627							

Plaintiffs Tamara Frankel and Natasha Paracha bring this action on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated against Defendant Bob's Red Mill Natural Foods and states:

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 1. Defendant manufactures, markets, sells, and distributes various food products under its Bob's Red Mill brand. This lawsuit concerns two of those products: Steel Cut Oats and Old Fashioned Rolled Oats (the "Products").¹
- 2. In marketing its Products, Defendant seeks to appeal to the consuming public's ever-growing health consciousness and increasing appetite for nutritious, wholesome foods that will benefit their health and avoidance of highly-processed foods with non-healthy attributes such as GMOs, artificial additives, gluten, added sugars, and hydrogenated oils.
- 3. Defendant makes several detailed representations about the health attributes of its Products on the front of the Product packages. Defendant represents on the front of its Products that the Products are "Whole Grain". The front of the Old Fashioned Rolled Oats further states that the Product is "Gluten Free", "Wheat Free", "Dairy Free", and "purity tested". The front of the Steel Cut Oats further states that the Product is a "Friend of the Heart" and is "wholesome", and the Product package further boasts "To Your Good Health" and "You Can See Our Quality". These representations are collectively referred to as the "Product healthy attribute representations".
- 4. The Product healthy attribute representations lead reasonable consumers to believe the Products will foster their "good health" and not potentially harm their health.
 - 5. However, recent testing by the Environmental Working Group (EWG),

¹ Plaintiffs reserve the right to add additional products upon completion of discovery.

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a nonprofit organization dedicated to protecting human health and the environment, revealed that Defendant's Products contain glyphosate, one of the most widely used herbicides in the United States. EWG's Children's Health Initiative, "Breakfast With 15, Roundup?" August 2018, available at https://www.ewg.org/childrenshealth/glyphosateincereal/#.W3TTbPZFw2w ("EWG") (last visited August 23, 2018). Each year, more than 250 million pounds of

glyphosate is sprayed on American crops, including wheat, barley, and oats just before they are harvested. Id.

- 6. The International Agency for Research on Cancer, part of the World Health Organization, has determined that glyphosate is "probably carcinogenic to humans". IARC Monographs Volume 112: evaluation of five organophosphate 2015, insecticides and herbicides, March 20, available at http://www.iarc.fr/en/media-centre/iarcnews/pdf/MonographVolume112.pdf (last visited August 23, 2018). Glyphosate is even more dangerous for children, who are more susceptible to carcinogens. See EWG.
- 7. Because it is a carcinogen with no nutritional value, the presence of any amount of glyphosate in the Products is material to reasonable consumers. No reasonable consumer would purchase the Products knowing that they contained glyphosate.
- 8. Even though Defendant knew that the Products contain the probable carcinogen glyphosate or, at a minimum, that it could not guarantee the Products did not contain glyphosate given its wide use as a pesticide, Defendant does not disclose this information on the front of the Product labels, choosing instead to specifically identify only the healthy attributes of its Products. Nor does Defendant include this information on the back or sides of the packages, where more detailed Product information is generally found, instead choosing to repeat and reinforce the healthy attributes identified on the front of the packages. In fact, nowhere on its Product

packages – inside or out – does Defendant disclose that the Products contain or likely contain glyphosate, such that Defendant's Product healthy attribute representations are misleading half-truths.

- 9. As the manufacturer and distributor of the Products, Defendant knew that the Products contained or likely contained glyphosate. By contrast, Plaintiffs and consumers did not and do not have access to such information. Nor is that fact easily discovered by Plaintiffs and consumers before purchase of the Products. Because Defendant had knowledge that the Products contain or likely contain glyphosate, and Plaintiffs and consumers did not, Defendant had a duty to disclose that fact—and that glyphosate is a probable carcinogen—to consumers, which it did not do.
- 10. Consumers have a reasonable expectation that material product information, such as the presence of a probable carcinogen like glyphosate, will be provided by a product manufacturer, especially when the manufacturer affirmatively identifies the health-related attributes of its Products such as "Gluten Free", "Whole Grain", and "Friend of the Heart". By only identifying the health attributes of its Products and failing to disclose that the Products contain or likely contain glyphosate, Defendant actively concealed this information from Plaintiffs, Class members, and the general public. *See* representative Product labels, attached hereto as Exhibit A.
- 11. Defendant had a duty to disclose the fact that the Products contain or likely contain glyphosate and that glyphosate is a probable carcinogen, which was known to Defendant and unknown and/or not reasonably accessible to Plaintiffs and consumers, on its Product labels where the disclosure could be viewed by Plaintiffs and consumers at the point-of-sale.
- 12. By failing to disclose the fact that the Products contain or likely contain glyphosate and continuing to sell the Products in packages omitting this information, Defendant has and continues to deceive and mislead consumers, including Plaintiffs.

13. As a result of Defendant's misleading half-truths and material nondisclosures, consumers will continue to purchase Defendant's Products that, unbeknownst to them, contain or likely contain glyphosate.

14. Plaintiffs bring this action on behalf of themselves and other similarly situated consumers who purchased the Products to halt the dissemination of this misleading and deceptive advertising message, correct the misleading perception it has created in the minds of consumers, and obtain redress for those who have purchased the Products. Based on violations of California unfair competition laws (detailed below), Plaintiffs seek declaratory, injunctive, and restitutionary relief for consumers who purchased the Products.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 15. This Court has original jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1332(d)(2). The matter in controversy, exclusive of interest and costs, exceeds the sum or value of \$5,000,000 and is a class action in which there are in excess of 100 class members and some members of the Class are citizens of a state different from Defendant.
- 16. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because Defendant is authorized to conduct and do business in California, including this District. Defendant marketed, promoted, distributed, and sold the Products in California, and Defendant has sufficient minimum contacts with this State and/or sufficiently availed itself of the markets in this State through its promotion, sales, distribution, and marketing within this State, including this District, to render the exercise of jurisdiction by this Court permissible.
- 17. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§1391(a) and (b) because a substantial part of the events giving rise to Plaintiff Frankel's claims occurred while she resided in this judicial district. Venue is also proper under 18 U.S.C. §1965(a) because Defendant transacts substantial business in this District.

PARTIES

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18. Plaintiff Tamara Frankel resides in San Francisco County, California. Throughout the relevant period, Plaintiff Frankel routinely was exposed to, saw, and relied upon Defendant's Product healthy attribute representations by reading the Bob's Red Mill Steel Cut Oats Product labels (both the large package and the smaller single serving packages) at various stores in the San Francisco Bay area, including Safeway in Santa Clara, California, Draeger's in Los Altos, California, and Whole Foods in San Francisco, California. Plaintiff Frankel purchased the Products for approximately \$2 of the single serving and \$7-8 for the larger package. At all relevant times, Plaintiff was unaware that the Products contained glyphosate or that Defendant could not guarantee they did not contain glyphosate. Had Defendant disclosed on the packages that the Products contained or may contain glyphosate, Plaintiff Frankel would have seen and read that disclosure and would not have purchased them. As a result, Plaintiff Frankel suffered injury in fact and lost money at the time of purchase.

19. Plaintiff Natasha Paracha resides in Los Angeles County, California. Throughout the relevant period, Plaintiff Paracha routinely was exposed to, saw, and relied upon Defendant's Product healthy attribute representations by reading the Bob's Red Mill Steel Cut Oats and Bob's Red Mill Old Fashioned Rolled Oats Product labels at various stores in her area, including the Cal Poly Farms store in Pomona, California and Sprouts in Brea, California. Plaintiff Paracha purchased the Products for approximately \$6-8/package. At all relevant times, Plaintiff was unaware that the Products contained glyphosate or that Defendant could not guarantee they did not contain glyphosate. Had Defendant disclosed on the packages that the Products contained or may contain glyphosate, Plaintiff Paracha would have seen and read that disclosure and would not have purchased them. As a result, Plaintiff Paracha suffered injury in fact and lost money at the time of purchase.

20. Defendant Bob's Red Mill Natural Foods is an employee-owned company whose headquarters is located at 13521 SE Pheasant Ct, Milwaukie, OR 97222. Bob's Red Mill Natural Foods manufactures, advertises, markets, distributes, and/or sells the Products to tens of thousands of consumers in California and throughout the United States. CLASS DEFINITION AND ALLEGATIONS 21. Plaintiffs brings this action on behalf of themselves and all other similarly situated consumers pursuant to Rule 23(a), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and seeks certification of the following Class: **Multi-State Class Action** All consumers who, within the applicable statute of limitations period until the date notice is disseminated, purchased the Products in California, Florida, Illinois, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, New Jersey, New York, and Washington.² Excluded from this Class are Defendant and its officers, directors, employees and those who purchased the Products for the purpose of resale.

22. In the alternative to a Multi-State Class, Plaintiffs seek certification of the following California-Only Class:

California-Only Class Action

All California consumers who within the applicable statute of limitations period until the date notice is disseminated. purchased the Products.

² The States in the Multistate Class are limited to those States with similar consumer fraud laws as applied to the facts of this case: California (Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §17200, et seq.); Florida (Fla. Stat. §501.201, et seq.); Illinois (815 Ill. Comp. Stat. 502/1, et seq.); Massachusetts (Mass. Gen. Laws Ch. 93A, et seq.); Michigan (Mich. Comp. Laws §445.901, et seq.); Minnesota (Minn. Stat. §325F.67, et seq.); Missouri (Mo. Rev. Stat. 010, et seq.); New Jersey (N.J. Stat. §56:8-1, et seq.); New York (N.Y. Gen. Bus. Law §349, et seq.); and Washington (Wash. Rev. Code §19.86.010, et seq.). These statutes are referred to as "Similar Consumer Fraud Statutes.'

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Excluded from this Class are Defendant and its officers, directors and employees, and those who purchased the Products for the purpose of resale.

- 23. **Numerosity**. The members of the Classes are so numerous that joinder of all members of the Classes is impracticable. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that the proposed Classes contain thousands of purchasers of the Products who have been damaged by Defendant's conduct as alleged herein. The precise number of Class members is unknown to Plaintiffs.
- 24. Existence and Predominance of Common Questions of Law and Fact. This action involves common questions of law and fact, which predominate over any questions affecting individual Class members. These common legal and factual questions include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - (a) whether Defendant's alleged conduct is unlawful;
 - (b) whether the alleged conduct constitutes violations of the laws asserted;
- (c) whether Defendant engaged in misleading and/or deceptive advertising; and
- (d) whether Plaintiffs and Class members are entitled to appropriate remedies, including restitution and injunctive relief.
- 25. **Typicality.** Plaintiffs' claims are typical of the claims of the members of the Classes because, *inter alia*, all Class members were injured through the uniform misconduct described above. Plaintiffs are also advancing the same claims and legal theories on behalf of themselves and all Class members.
- 26. **Adequacy of Representation.** Plaintiffs will fairly and adequately protect the interests of Class members. Plaintiffs have retained counsel experienced in complex consumer class action litigation, and Plaintiffs intend to prosecute this action vigorously. Plaintiffs have no adverse or antagonistic interests to those of the Classes.
 - 27. **Superiority.** A class action is superior to all other available means for

the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy. The damages or other financial detriment suffered by individual Class members is relatively small compared to the 3 burden and expense that would be entailed by individual litigation of their claims 4 against Defendant. It would thus be virtually impossible for members of the Classes, on an individual basis, to obtain effective redress for the wrongs done to them. Furthermore, even if Class members could afford such individualized litigation, the court system could not. inconsistent or contradictory judgments arising from the same set of facts. Individualized litigation would also increase the delay and expense to all parties and 10 the court system from the issues raised by this action. By contrast, the class action 11 device provides the benefits of adjudication of these issues in a single proceeding, 12 economies of scale, and comprehensive supervision by a single court, and presents 13 no unusual management difficulties under the circumstances here.

28. Unless a Class is certified, Defendant will retain monies received as a result of its conduct that were taken from Plaintiffs and Class members.

Individualized litigation would create the danger of

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COUNT I

17 18 Violation of Business & Professions Code §17200, et seq. and Similar Consumer Fraud Statutes, supra note 2 (On Behalf of the Multi-State or California-Only Class)

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Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege the allegations contained in the 29. paragraphs above, as if fully set forth herein.

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30. Plaintiffs bring this claim individually and on behalf of the Classes.

As alleged herein, Plaintiffs have suffered injury in fact and lost money

23 24 or property at the time of purchase as a result of Defendant's conduct because they

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purchased Defendant's Products in reliance on Defendant's Product healthy attribute

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representations. Had Plaintiffs known that the Products contained glyphosate or that Defendant could not guarantee the Products did not contain glyphosate, Plaintiffs

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would not have purchased the Products.

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- 32. The Unfair Competition Law, Business & Professions Code §17200, et seq. ("UCL") prohibits any "unlawful," "fraudulent," or "unfair" business act or practice and any false or misleading advertising. The Similar Consumer Fraud Statutes likewise prohibit the use of unfair or deceptive practices in the course of trade or commerce, and are to be liberally construed.
- 33. In the course of conducting business, Defendant committed "unlawful" business practices by, *inter alia*, making the Product healthy attribute representations, which are misleading half-truths, and the material omissions (which also constitutes advertising within the meaning of §17200) regarding the Products' labeling, as set forth more fully herein, and violating Civil Code §§ 1552, 1573, 1709, and 1711, the California Legal Remedies Act, Civil Code § 1750, et seq., Business & Professions Code §§ 17200, et seq. and 17500, et seq., the Similar Consumer Fraud Statutes, and the common law.
- 34. Plaintiffs reserve the right to allege other violations of law, which constitute other unlawful business acts or practices. Such conduct is ongoing and continues to this date.
- 35. In the course of conducting business, Defendant committed "unfair" business acts or practices by, inter alia, making the Product healthy attribute representations, which are misleading half-truths, and material omissions (which also constitutes advertising within the meaning of § 17200) regarding the Products' labeling, as set forth more fully herein. There is no societal benefit from false advertising, only harm. While Plaintiffs and the public at large were and continue to be harmed, Defendant has been unjustly enriched by its misleading half-truths and material omissions. Because the utility of Defendant's conduct (zero) is outweighed by the gravity of harm to Plaintiffs, consumers, and the competitive market, Defendant's conduct is "unfair" having offended an established public policy.

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- Further, Defendant engaged in immoral, unethical, oppressive, and unscrupulous activities that are substantially injurious to the public at large.
- 36. There were reasonable available alternatives to further Defendant's legitimate business interests, other than the conduct described herein.
- 37. In the course of conducting business, Defendant committed "fraudulent business act[s] or practices" and deceptive or misleading advertising by, inter alia, making the Product healthy attribute representations, which are misleading halftruths, and the material omissions (which also constitutes advertising within the meaning of §17200) regarding the Products as set forth more fully herein.
- 38. Defendant's actions, claims, and misleading statements, as more fully set forth above, are misleading and/or likely to deceive the consuming public within the meaning of Business & Professions Code §17200, et seq. and the Similar Consumer Fraud Statutes.
- 39. **Plaintiffs** relied Defendant's **Product** healthy attribute on representations and was in fact injured as a result of those misleading half-truths and material omissions. Plaintiffs have suffered injury in fact and lost money as a result of their purchases of Defendant's Products.
- 40. Unless restrained and enjoined, Defendant will continue to engage in the above described conduct. Accordingly, injunctive relief is appropriate.
- Plaintiffs, on behalf of themselves, all others similarly situated, and the 41. general public, seeks declaratory relief and an injunction prohibiting Defendant from continuing such practices, restitution of all money obtained from Plaintiffs and the members of the Classes collected as a result of unfair competition, and all other relief this Court deems appropriate, consistent with Business & Professions Code § 17203 and the Similar Consumer Fraud Statutes.

COUNT II

Violations of the Consumers Legal Remedies Act – Civil Code § 1750 et seq. (On Behalf of the California-Only Class)

- 42. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege the allegations contained in the paragraphs above, as if fully set forth herein.
- 43. Plaintiffs brings this claim individually and on behalf of the California-Only Class.
- 44. This cause of action is brought pursuant to the Consumers Legal Remedies Act, California Civil Code § 1750, *et seq.* (the "Act").
- 45. Plaintiffs are consumers as defined by California Civil Code § 1761(d). The Products are "goods" within the meaning of the Act.
- 46. Defendant violated and continues to violate the Act by engaging in the following practices proscribed by California Civil Code § 1770(a) in transactions with Plaintiffs and the California-Only Class which were intended to result in, and did result in, the sale of the Products:
 - (5) Representing that [the Products have] . . . characteristics, . . . uses [and] benefits . . . which [they do] not have . . .

* * *

- (7) Representing that [the Products] are of a particular standard, quality, or grade ... if they are of another.
- 47. Defendant violated the Act by making the Product healthy attribute representations, which are misleading half-truths, and the material omissions, as described above, when it knew or should have known that the misleading half-truths and material omissions were misleading and deceptive.
- 48. Pursuant to California Civil Code § 1782(d), Plaintiffs and the California-Only Class seek a Court Order declaring Defendant to be in violation of the CLRA, enjoining the above-described wrongful acts and practices of Defendant,

authorized by law.

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DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiffs hereby demand a trial of their claims by jury to the extent

1 2	Dated: August 31, 2018	BONNETT, FAIRBOURN, FRIEDMAN & BALINT, P.C.
		/s/Patricia N. Syverson
3		Patricia N. Syverson (203111) Manfred P. Muecke (222893)
5		600 W. Broadway, Suite 900 San Diego, California 92101 psyverson@bffb.com mmuecke@bffb.com
6		mmuecke@bffb.com Telephone: (619) 798-4593
7		BONNETT, FAIRBOURN, FRIEDMAN &
8		BALINT, P.C. Elaine A. Ryan (<i>To Be Admitted Pro Hac Vice</i>) Carrie A. Laliberte (<i>To Be Admitted Pro Hac Vice</i>)
9		2325 E. Camelback Rd., Suite 300 Phoenix, AZ 85016 eryan@bffb.com
11		claliberte@bffb.com Telephone: (602) 274-1100
12		
13		SIPRUT PC Stewart M. Weltman (<i>To Be Admitted Pro Hac</i>
14		<i>Vice</i>) Todd L. McLawhorn (<i>To Be Admitted Pro Hac Vice</i>)
15		Michael Chang (<i>To Be Admitted Pro Hac Vice</i>) 17 North State Street
16 17		Chicago, Illinois 60602 sweltman@siprut.com
18		tmclawhorn@siprut.com mchang@siprut.com
19		Telephone: (312) 236-0000
20		Attorneys for Plaintiffs
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Class Action Complaint

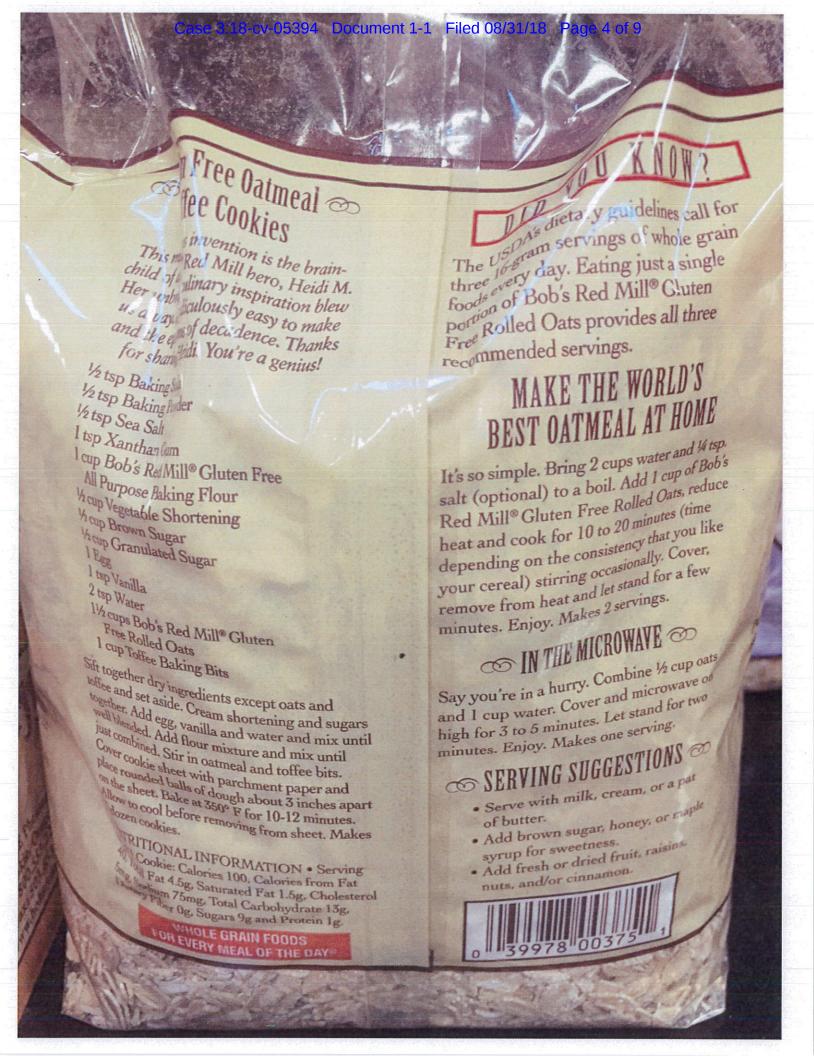
CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE I hereby certify that on August 31, 2018, I electronically filed the foregoing with the Clerk of the Court using the CM/ECF system which will send notification of such filing to the e-mail addresses denoted on the Electronic Mail notice list, and I hereby certify that I have mailed the foregoing document or paper via the United States Postal Service to the non-CM/ECF participants indicated on the Manual Notice list. I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed the 31st day of August 2018. /s/Patricia N. Syverson Patricia N. Syverson

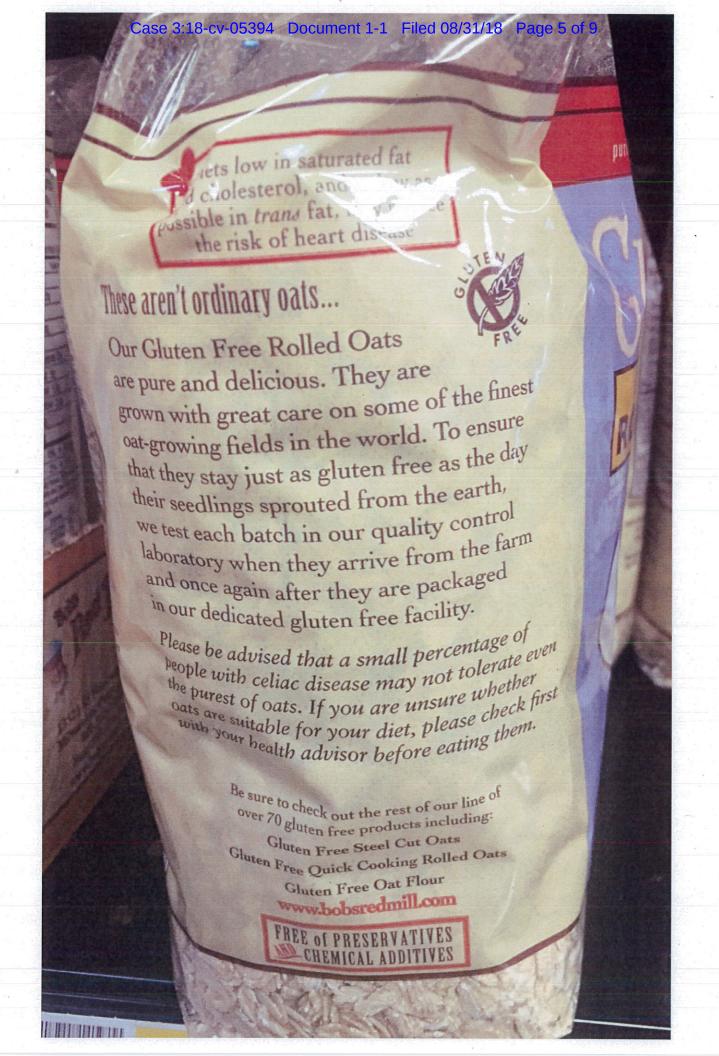
- 14 -Class Action Complaint

EXHIBIT A

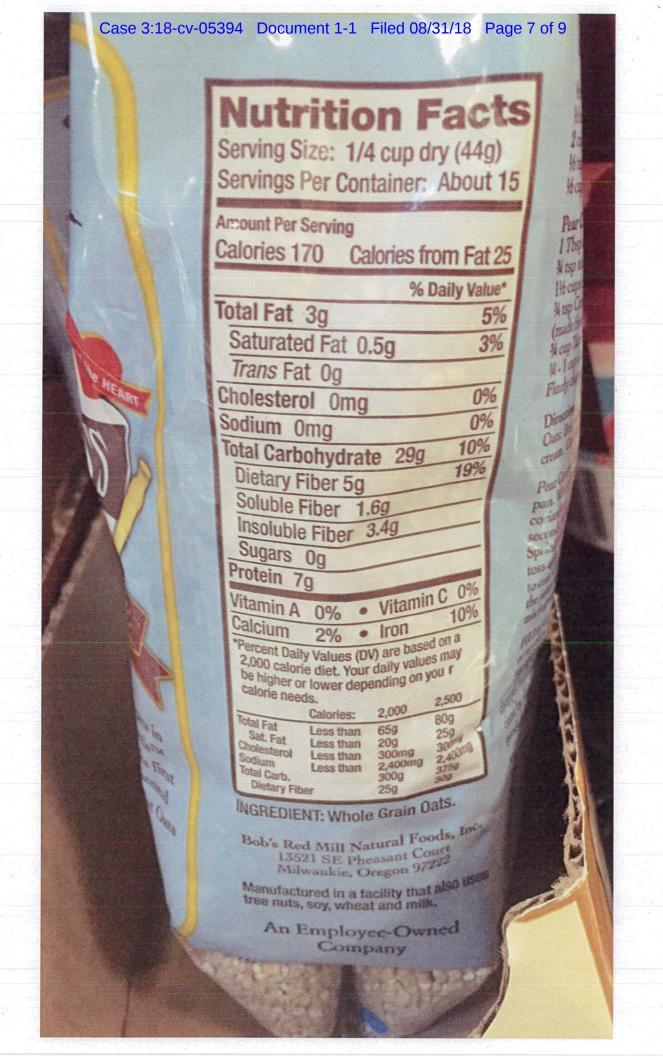














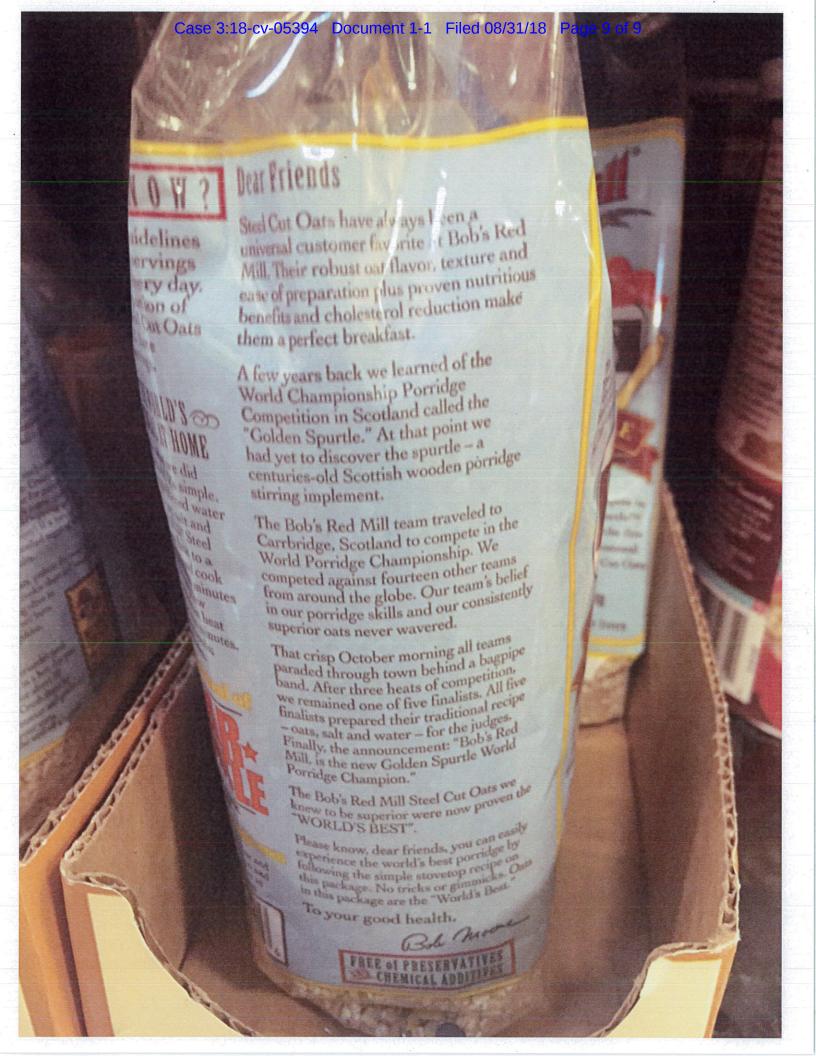


EXHIBIT B



WILLIAM G. FAIRBOURN VAN BUNCH ELAINE A. RYAN KIMBERLY C. PAGE WILLIAM F. KING CARRIE A. LALIBERTE NADA DJORDJEVIC⁴ ANDREW S. FRIEDMAN ROBERT J. SPURLOCK ANDREW Q. EVERROAD CHRISTINA L. HANISCH T. BRENT JORDAN² LISA T. HAUSER ANDREA M. WRIGHT FRANCIS J. BALINT, JR. C. KEVIN DYKSTRA PATRICIA N. SYVERSON MANFRED P. MUECKE¹ TY D. FRANKEL DANIEL R. LEATHERS³

MICHAEL N. WIDENER, Of Counsel

Admitted Only in California
 Admitted Only in Pennsylvania
 Admitted Only in New Jersey, New York and Pennsylvania
 Admitted Only in Illinois

August 31, 2018

<u>VIA CERTIFIED MAIL</u> (RECEIPT NO7014 1200 0001 5814 2024)

Bob's Red Mill Natural Foods General Counsel 13521 SE Pheasant Ct, Milwaukie, OR 97222

Re: Tamara Frankel v. Bob's Red Mill Natural Foods

Dear Sir or Madam:

Our law firm together with Siprut PC represents Tamara Frankel and Natasha Paracha ("Plaintiffs") and all other consumers similarly situated in an action against Bob's Red Mill Natural Foods ("Bob's" or "Defendant"), arising out of, *inter alia*, misrepresentations and material omissions by Defendant that lead reasonable consumers to believe that your Products¹ will foster their good health and not potentially harm their health.

Plaintiffs and others similarly situated purchased Defendant's Products unaware that the Products contained or likely contained glyphosate, a probable carcinogen. Because Defendant does not disclose this fact on its Product packages, the healthy attribute representations Defendant makes on its Product packages are misleading half-truths reasonably likely to deceive the public. The full claims, including the facts and circumstances surrounding these claims, are detailed in the Class Action Complaint, a copy of which is enclosed and incorporated by this reference.

Defendant's misleading half-truths and material omissions are misleading and constitute unfair methods of competition and unlawful practices, undertaken by Defendant with the intent to induce the consuming public to purchase the Products. The misleading half-truths and material omissions do not assist consumers; they simply mislead them.

Defendant's misleading half-truths and material omissions violate California Civil Code §1770(a) under, *inter alia*, the following subdivisions:

¹ The products include Bob's Red Mill Steel Cut Oats and Bob's Red Mill Old Fashioned Rolled Oats.

August 31, 2018 Page 2

(5) Representing that [the Products have] . . . characteristics, . . . uses [or] benefits. . . which [they do] not have.

* * *

(7) Representing that [the Products] are of a particular standard, quality, or grade . . . if they are of another.

California Civil Code §§ 1770(a)(5) and (7).

Defendant's misleading half-truths and material omissions also constitute violations of California Business and Professions Code §17200, *et seq*.

While the Complaint constitutes sufficient notice of the claims asserted, pursuant to California Civil Code § 1782, we hereby demand on behalf of our client and all others similarly situated that Bob's immediately correct and rectify this violation of California Civil Code § 1770 by ceasing the misleading marketing campaign and ceasing dissemination of misleading and deceptive information as described in the enclosed Complaint. In addition, Bob's should offer a refund to all consumer purchasers of the Products plus reimbursement for interest, costs, and fees.

Plaintiffs will, after 30 days from the date of this letter, file a further amended Complaint as permitted by California Civil Code § 1782, to include claims for actual and punitive damages (as may be appropriate) if a full and adequate response to this letter is not received. These damage claims also would include claims under the Consumers Legal Remedies Act. Thus, to avoid further litigation, it is in the interest of all parties concerned that Bob's address these violations immediately.

Bob's must undertake all of the following actions to satisfy the requirements of California Civil Code § 1782(c):

- 1. Identify or make a reasonable attempt to identify purchasers of the Products;
- 2. Notify all such purchasers so identified that upon their request, Bob's will offer an appropriate remedy for its wrongful conduct, which can include a full refund of the purchase price paid for the Products, plus interest, costs and fees;
- 3. Undertake (or promise to undertake within a reasonable time if it cannot be done immediately) the actions described above for all Product purchasers who so request; and
 - 4. Cease from representing to consumers that the Products provide the healthy

August 31, 2018 Page 3

attributes identified on the Product packages, without also disclosing that the Products contain or likely contain glyphosate, as more fully described in the enclosed Complaint.

We await your response.

Very truly yours,

Patricia N. Syverson

For the Firm

PNS:td Enclosures

EXHIBIT C

1 2	BONNETT, FAIRBOURN, FRIEDMAN & BALINT, P.C. ELAINE A. RYAN (To be Admitted Pro Hac Vice) CARRIE A. LALIBERTE (To be Admitted Pro Hac Vice) 2325 E. Camelback Rd. Suite 300					
3	Phoenix, AZ 85016 eryan@bffb.com					
5	claliberte@bffb.com Telephone: (602) 274-1100					
6 7 8 9	BONNETT, FAIRBOURN, FRIEDMAN & BALINT, P.C. PATRICIA N. SYVERSON (CA SBN 203111) MANFRED P. MUECKE (CA SBN 222893) 600 W. Broadway, Suite 900 San Diego, CA 92101 psyverson@bffb.com mmuecke@bffb.com Telephone: (619) 798-4593					
11 12 13 14 15 16	SIPRUT PC STEWART M. WELTMAN (To be Admitted Pro Hac Vice) TODD L. MCLAWHORN (To be Admitted Pro Hac Vice) MICHAEL CHANG (To be Admitted Pro Hac Vice) 17 North State Street Chicago, Illinois 60602 sweltman@siprut.com tmclawhorn@siprut.com mchang@siprut.com Telephone: (312) 236-0000 Attorneys for Plaintiffs					
17	UNITED STATES I	DISTRICT COURT				
18 19	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA					
20 21 22	TAMARA FRANKEL and NATASHA PARACHA, On Behalf of Themselves and All Others Similarly Situated, Plaintiffs,	Case No.: CLASS ACTION DECLARATION OF PATRICIA N.				
23	V.	SYVERSON PURSUANT TO CALIFORNIA CIVIL CODE §				
24 25	BOB'S RED MILL NATURAL FOODS, INC., an Oregon Corporation.	1780(d)				
26 27	Defendant.					
28						

Case 3:18-cv-05394 Document 1-3 Filed 08/31/18 Page 4 of 5

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE I hereby certify that on August 31, 2018, I electronically filed the foregoing with the Clerk of the Court using the CM/ECF system which will send notification of such filing to the e-mail addresses denoted on the Electronic mail notice list I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on August 31, 2018. /s/Patricia N. Syverson Patricia N. Syverson (203111) BONNETT FAIRBOURN FRIEDMAN & BALINT, P.C. 600 W. Broadway, Suite 900 San Diego, CA 92101 Telephone: (619) 798-4593

$_{\text{JS 44}} \text{ (Rev. 12/12) cand rev (1/15/13)} \\ \textbf{Case 3:18-cv-05394} \\ \textbf{Document 1-4 Cover R8/31/18} \\ \textbf{Page 1 of 1} \\ \textbf{Document 1-4 Cover R8/31/18} \\ \textbf{Page 1 of 1} \\ \textbf{Document 1-4 Cover R8/31/18} \\ \textbf{Page 1 of 1} \\ \textbf{Document 1-4 Cover R8/31/18} \\ \textbf{Page 1 of 1} \\ \textbf{Document 1-4 Cover R8/31/18} \\ \textbf{Page 1 of 1} \\ \textbf{Document 1-4 Cover R8/31/18} \\ \textbf{Page 1 of 1} \\ \textbf{Document 1-4 Cover R8/31/18} \\ \textbf{Document 1-4 Cover$

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

purpose of illitiating the civil d	ocket sheet. (SEE hvs1k0)	TIONS ON NEXT FAGE O	T THIS I'C	NM.)			
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS TAMARA FRANKEL and Themselves and All Other		A, On Behalf of		DEFENDANTS BOB'S RED MILL NATURAL FOODS, INC., an Oregon Corporation			
(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff San Francisco (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)				County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.			
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, 1	Address, and Telephone Numbe	r)		Attorneys (If Known)			
Bonnett Fairbourn Friedn San Diego, CA 92101, 6		W. Broadway, Ste 9	900				
II. BASIS OF JURISDI	ICTION (Place an "X" in C	One Box Only)			RINCIPAL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plainti	
☐ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			(For Diversity Cases Only) PT en of This State			
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	■ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)		Citiz	en of Another State	2		
				en or Subject of a preign Country	3	□ 6 □ 6	
IV. NATURE OF SUIT		nly) DRTS		ORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES	
□ 110 Insurance □ 120 Marine □ 130 Miller Act □ 140 Negotiable Instrument □ 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment □ 151 Medicare Act □ 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excludes Veterans) □ 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits □ 160 Stockholders' Suits □ 190 Other Contract □ 195 Contract Product Liability □ 196 Franchise REAL PROPERTY □ 210 Land Condemnation □ 220 Foreclosure □ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment □ 245 Tort Product Liability □ 290 All Other Real Property	PERSONAL INJURY 310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers' Liability 340 Marine 345 Marine Product Liability 350 Motor Vehicle 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability 360 Other Personal Injury 362 Personal Injury - Medical Malpractice CIVIL RIGHTS 440 Other Civil Rights 441 Voting 442 Employment 443 Housing/ Accommodations 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment	PERSONAL INJUR 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability PERSONAL PROPER 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage 70 385 Property Damage Product Liability PRISONER PETITION Habeas Corpus: 463 Alien Detainee 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence 530 General 535 Death Penalty Other:	C C C C C C C C C C	25 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 20 Other LABOR 10 Fair Labor Standards Act 20 Labor/Management Relations 40 Railway Labor Act 51 Family and Medical Leave Act 20 Other Labor Litigation 21 Employee Retirement Income Security Act IMMIGRATION 52 Naturalization Application	□ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 □ 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 PROPERTY RIGHTS □ 820 Copyrights □ 840 Trademark SOCIAL SECURITY □ 861 HIA (1395ff) □ 862 Black Lung (923) □ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) □ 864 SSID Title XVI □ 865 RSI (405(g)) FEDERAL TAX SUITS □ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) □ 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	□ 375 False Claims Act □ 400 State Reapportionment □ 410 Antitrust □ 430 Banks and Banking □ 450 Commerce □ 460 Deportation □ 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations □ 480 Consumer Credit □ 490 Cable/Sat TV □ 850 Securities/Commodities/Exchange □ 890 Other Statutory Actions □ 891 Agricultural Acts □ 893 Environmental Matters □ 895 Freedom of Information Act □ 896 Arbitration □ 899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision □ 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes	
V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" i	□ 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other □ 448 Education	□ 540 Mandamus & Other □ 550 Civil Rights □ 555 Prison Condition □ 560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of Confinement		55 Other Immigration Actions			
	moved from	Appellate Court		pened Another (specify)	r District Litigation		
VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO	ON 28 USC § 1332 Brief description of ca	nuse:		Do not cite jurisdictional state	utes unless diversity): Steel Cut Oats and Old	Fashioned Rolled Oats	
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:		IS A CLASS ACTION	DEMAND \$		if demanded in complaint:		
VIII. RELATED CASI	E(S) (See instructions):	JUDGE			DOCKET NUMBER		
DATE 08/31/2018		signature of at s/Patricia N. Sy					
IX. DIVISIONAL ASSIGNMEN (Place an "X" in One Box Only)	_	SAN FRANCISCO/OA	KLAND	SAN JOSE E	UREKA		