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(Original Signature of Member)

115TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. _____

To increase consumer protection with respect to negative option agreements entered into on the Internet, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. TAKANO introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

To increase consumer protection with respect to negative option agreements entered into on the Internet, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Unsubscribe Act of
5 2017”.

1 **SEC. 2. INCREASED CONSUMER PROTECTION WITH RE-**
2 **SPECT TO NEGATIVE OPTION AGREEMENTS**
3 **ENTERED INTO ON THE INTERNET.**

4 (a) CANCELLATION OF NEGATIVE OPTION AGREE-
5 MENTS.—No person may enter into a negative option
6 agreement on the Internet with any consumer, unless the
7 negative option agreement provides the consumer with a
8 mechanism to cancel the agreement in the same manner,
9 and by the same means, into which the agreement was
10 entered.

11 (b) REQUIREMENTS FOR FREE-TO-PAY CONVERSION
12 CONTRACTS.—

13 (1) IN GENERAL.—It shall be unlawful for any
14 person to charge or attempt to charge any con-
15 sumer’s credit card, debit card, bank account, or
16 other financial account for any good or service sold
17 in a free-to-pay conversion contract entered into on
18 the Internet, unless—

19 (A) before obtaining the consumer’s billing
20 information, the person has obtained the con-
21 sumer’s express informed consent to enter into
22 the contract and has provided the consumer
23 with a notification of the terms of the contract,
24 including the fact that—

1 (i) for an introductory period, the con-
2 sumer will receive the good or service at no
3 charge or for a nominal charge; and

4 (ii) after the introductory period, the
5 consumer will be charged or charged an in-
6 creased amount for the good or service;
7 and

8 (B) before the initial charge or initial in-
9 crease after the introductory period, the person
10 requires the consumer to perform an additional
11 affirmative action, such as clicking on a con-
12 firmation button or checking a box, which indi-
13 cates the consumer's consent to be charged the
14 amount disclosed.

15 (2) MANDATORY NOTIFICATIONS.—After the in-
16 troductory period in a free-to-pay conversion con-
17 tract entered into on the Internet between any per-
18 son and any consumer, and on a quarterly basis
19 while the contract remains in effect, the person shall
20 provide the consumer with a copy of the notification
21 of the terms of the contract.

22 (c) MANDATORY NOTIFICATIONS WITH RESPECT TO
23 OTHER NEGATIVE OPTION AGREEMENTS.—

24 (1) AUTOMATIC RENEWAL CONTRACTS.—With
25 respect to an automatic renewal contract entered

1 into on the Internet between any person and any
2 consumer—

3 (A) not later than 30 days before the end
4 of the initial fixed period in the contract, the
5 person shall provide the consumer with a notifi-
6 cation of the terms of the contract; and

7 (B) after the initial fixed period in the con-
8 tract, and on a quarterly basis while the con-
9 tract remains in effect, the person shall provide
10 the consumer with a copy of the notification of
11 the terms of the contract.

12 (2) CONTINUITY PLAN CONTRACTS.—With re-
13 spect to a continuity plan contract entered into on
14 the Internet between any person and any consumer,
15 the person shall provide the consumer with a copy
16 of the notification of the terms of the contract on a
17 quarterly basis while the contract remains in effect.

18 (d) REGULATIONS.—The Federal Trade Commission
19 may prescribe regulations under section 553 of title 5,
20 United States Code, to carry out this Act.

21 **SEC. 3. ENFORCEMENT.**

22 (a) BY FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION.—

23 (1) IN GENERAL.—A violation of this Act or
24 any regulation prescribed under this Act shall be
25 treated as a violation of a rule issued under section

1 18(a)(1)(B) of the Federal Trade Commission Act
2 (15 U.S.C. 57a(a)(1)(B)) regarding unfair or decep-
3 tive acts or practices. The Federal Trade Commis-
4 sion shall enforce this Act in the same manner, by
5 the same means, and with the same jurisdiction,
6 powers, and duties as though all applicable terms
7 and provisions of the Federal Trade Commission Act
8 (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.) were incorporated into and
9 made a part of this Act.

10 (2) PENALTIES.—Any person who violates this
11 Act or any regulation prescribed under this Act shall
12 be subject to the penalties and entitled to the privi-
13 leges and immunities provided in the Federal Trade
14 Commission Act as though all applicable terms and
15 provisions of the Federal Trade Commission Act
16 were incorporated in and made part of this Act.

17 (b) BY STATE ATTORNEYS GENERAL.—

18 (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-
19 graph (5), the attorney general of a State or other
20 authorized State officer alleging a violation of this
21 Act or any regulation prescribed under this Act that
22 affects or may affect the State or the residents of
23 the State may bring an action on behalf of the resi-
24 dents of the State in any United States district
25 court for the district in which the defendant is

1 found, resides, or transacts business, or wherever
2 venue is proper under section 1391 of title 28,
3 United States Code, to obtain appropriate injunctive
4 relief.

5 (2) NOTICE TO COMMISSION REQUIRED.—A
6 State shall provide prior written notice to the Fed-
7 eral Trade Commission of any civil action brought
8 under paragraph (1) with a copy of the complaint
9 for the civil action, except that if providing such
10 prior notice is not feasible for the State, the State
11 shall provide notice immediately upon instituting the
12 civil action.

13 (3) INTERVENTION BY THE COMMISSION.—The
14 Federal Trade Commission may intervene in a civil
15 action brought under paragraph (1) and upon inter-
16 vening—

17 (A) may be heard on all matters arising in
18 the civil action; and

19 (B) may file petitions for appeal of a deci-
20 sion in the civil action.

21 (4) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sub-
22 section shall be construed—

23 (A) to prevent the attorney general of a
24 State or other authorized State officer from ex-
25 ercising the powers conferred on the attorney

1 general or other authorized State officer by the
2 laws of the State; or

3 (B) to prohibit the attorney general of a
4 State or other authorized State officer from
5 proceeding in State or Federal court on the
6 basis of an alleged violation of any civil or
7 criminal statute of that State.

8 (5) LIMITATION.—An action may not be
9 brought under this subsection if, at the time the ac-
10 tion is brought, the same alleged violation is the sub-
11 ject of a pending action by the Federal Trade Com-
12 mission or the United States.

13 **SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.**

14 In this Act:

15 (1) AUTOMATIC RENEWAL CONTRACT.—The
16 term “automatic renewal contract” means a contract
17 between any person and any consumer for a good or
18 service that is automatically renewed after an initial
19 fixed period, unless the consumer instructs other-
20 wise.

21 (2) CONTINUITY PLAN CONTRACT.—The term
22 “continuity plan contract” means a contract between
23 any person and any consumer under which the con-
24 sumer agrees to incur charges in exchange for peri-

1 odic shipments of goods or the provision of services,
2 unless the consumer instructs otherwise.

3 (3) FREE-TO-PAY CONVERSION CONTRACT.—

4 The term “free-to-pay conversion contract” means a
5 contract between any person and any consumer
6 under which—

7 (A) for an introductory period, the con-
8 sumer receives a good or service at no charge
9 or for a nominal charge; and

10 (B) after the introductory period, the con-
11 sumer is charged or charged an increased
12 amount for the good or service.

13 (4) NEGATIVE OPTION AGREEMENT.—The term
14 “negative option agreement” means—

15 (A) an automatic renewal contract;

16 (B) a continuity plan contract;

17 (C) a free-to-pay conversion contract;

18 (D) a pre-notification negative option plan
19 contract; or

20 (E) any combination of the contracts de-
21 scribed in subparagraphs (A) through (D).

22 (5) NOTIFICATION.—The term “notification”,
23 when used with respect to the terms of a contract,
24 means a written notification that clearly, conspicu-
25 ously, and concisely states all material terms of the

1 contract, including information regarding the can-
2 cellation process.

3 (6) PRE-NOTIFICATION NEGATIVE OPTION PLAN
4 CONTRACT.—The term “pre-notification negative op-
5 tion plan contract” means a contract between any
6 person and any consumer under which the consumer
7 receives periodic notices offering goods and, unless
8 the consumer specifically rejects the offer, the con-
9 sumer automatically receives the goods and incurs a
10 charge for such goods.

11 **SEC. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE.**

12 This Act shall apply with respect to contracts entered
13 into after the date that is 1 year after the date of the
14 enactment of this Act.