1 2 3 4 5	Michael F. Ram, SBN #104805 Email: mram@rocklawcal.com RAM, OLSON, CEREGHINO & KOPCZYNSKI 101 Montgomery Street, Suite 1800 San Francisco, California 94104 Telephone: (415) 433-4949 Facsimile: (415) 433-7311	LLP	
6	Beth E. Terrell, SBN #178181 Email: bterrell@terrellmarshall.com		
7	Erika L. Nusser		
	Email: enusser@terrellmarshall.com TERRELL MARSHALL LAW GROUP PLLC		
8	936 North 34th Street, Suite 300 Seattle, Washington 98103		
10	Telephone: (206) 816-6603 Facsimile: (206) 319-5450		
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12	Attorneys for Plaintiff and Proposed Class and California Sub-Class		
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14	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
15	SAN JOSE DIVISION		
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17	ANDY WU, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated,	Case No.	
18		CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT	
19	Plaintiff,	FOR EQUITABLE RELIEF AND DAMAGES	
20	v.	Diminges	
21		CLASS ACTION	
		CLASS ACTION	
22	POST FOODS, LLC and POST HOLDINGS, INC.,		
	INC.,	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED	
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CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

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Plaintiff Andy Wu ("Plaintiff"), individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated. by and through his undersigned counsel, hereby files this Class Action Complaint for Equitable Relief and Damages against Defendants Post Holdings, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiary, Post Foods, LLC (collectively, "Post") and alleges the following based upon information, belief, and the investigation of his counsel:

- Post aggressively advertises and promotes Post® Shredded Wheat products (collectively, "Shredded Wheat")1 as "100% Natural Whole Grain Wheat" and a "Natural Source of Fiber." These claims are false, deceptive, and misleading. Shredded Wheat is not "100% Natural," but instead contains the artificial chemical glyphosate, a potent biocide that last year was declared a probable human carcinogen by the cancer research arm of the World Health Organization. Glyphosate makes its way into Shredded Wheat not simply because it is used as an agricultural weed killer, but because it is sprayed on the wheat as a drying agent (to increase crop vield and thereby to increase profit) shortly before harvest.
- 2. At this time, there is nothing unlawful about Shredded Wheat's growing and processing methods. What is unlawful, however, is Post's claim that Shredded Wheat is something that it is not — i.e., "100% Natural"— in order to capitalize on growing consumer demand for healthful, natural products.
- 3. Plaintiff brings this deceptive advertising case on behalf of a class of consumers who purchased Shredded Wheat in California, and seeks relief including refunds to purchasers for the falsely advertised products and a court-ordered corrective advertising campaign to inform the public of the true nature of Post's glyphosate-contaminated wheat.

INTRODUCTION

4. This is a proposed Class Action Complaint against Post for injunctive relief and

¹ The products at issue are Post Shredded Wheat Original Big Biscuit cereal, Post Shredded Wheat Spoon Size Original cereal, and Post Shredded Wheat Spoon-Size Wheat 'n Bran cereal, (collectively, "Shredded Wheat"). Discovery may demonstrate that additional Post products are within the scope of this Complaint.

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1 2	Michael F. Ram, SBN #104805 Email: mram@rocklawcal.com RAM, OLSON, CEREGHINO & KOPCZYNSKI	IIP			
	101 Montgomery Street, Suite 1800				
3 4	San Francisco, California 94104 Telephone: (415) 433-4949 Facsimile: (415) 433-7311				
5	Beth E. Terrell, SBN #178181				
6	Email: bterrell@terrellmarshall.com Erika L. Nusser				
7	Email: enusser@terrellmarshall.com				
8	TERRELL MARSHALL LAW GROUP PLLC 936 North 34th Street, Suite 300				
9	Seattle, Washington 98103 Telephone: (206) 816-6603				
10	Facsimile: (206) 319-5450				
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CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

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- Post aggressively advertises and promotes Post® Shredded Wheat products (collectively, "Shredded Wheat") as "100% Natural Whole Grain Wheat" and a "Natural Source of Fiber." These claims are false, deceptive, and misleading. Shredded Wheat is not "100% Natural," but instead contains the artificial chemical glyphosate, a potent biocide that last year was declared a probable human carcinogen by the cancer research arm of the World Health Organization. Glyphosate makes its way into Shredded Wheat not simply because it is used as an agricultural weed killer, but because it is sprayed on the wheat as a drying agent (to increase crop yield and thereby to increase profit) shortly before harvest.
- 2. At this time, there is nothing unlawful about Shredded Wheat's growing and processing methods. What is unlawful, however, is Post's claim that Shredded Wheat is something that it is not — i.e., "100% Natural"— in order to capitalize on growing consumer demand for healthful, natural products.
- 3. Plaintiff brings this deceptive advertising case on behalf of a class of consumers who purchased Shredded Wheat in California, and seeks relief including refunds to purchasers for the falsely advertised products and a court-ordered corrective advertising campaign to inform the public of the true nature of Post's glyphosate-contaminated wheat.

INTRODUCTION

4. This is a proposed Class Action Complaint against Post for injunctive relief and

¹ The products at issue are Post Shredded Wheat Original Big Biscuit cereal, Post Shredded Wheat Spoon Size Original cereal, and Post Shredded Wheat Spoon-Size Wheat 'n Bran cereal, (collectively, "Shredded Wheat"). Discovery may demonstrate that additional Post products are within the scope of this Complaint.

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economic damages based on misrepresentations and omissions committed by Post regarding Shredded Wheat, which Post falsely and deceptively labels and markets as "100% Natural Whole Grain Wheat" and a "Natural Source of Fiber." See product labels attached as Exhibit 1.

- 5. In fact, Shredded Wheat contains glyphosate, a potent and unnatural biocide.
- 6. Aware of the health risks and environmental damage caused by chemical-laden foods, especially packaged foods, consumers increasingly demand foods that are natural and whole, and that omit chemicals.
- 7. Post knows that consumers seek out and wish to purchase whole, natural foods that do not contain chemicals, and that consumers will pay more for foods that they believe to be natural than they will pay for foods that they do not believe to be natural.
- 8. To capture this growing market, Post labels its Shredded Wheat products as "100% Natural Whole Grain Wheat" and a "Natural Source of Fiber."
- 9. The only ingredient listed on Post's "100% Natural Whole Grain Wheat" Shredded Wheat products is "Whole Grain Wheat." See Ex. 1.
- No reasonable consumer, seeing these representations, would expect Shredded 10. Wheat to contain anything unnatural, or anything other than whole-grain wheat.
- 11. Shredded Wheat, despite its labels, does contain something other than whole-grain wheat, namely, glyphosate.
- 12. Glyphosate is not "Natural" or "100% Natural." Glyphosate is a synthetic biocide that the World Health Organization has named a probable human carcinogen, with additional health dangers rapidly becoming known.
- 13. Glyphosate is "legal" in connection to food products, insofar as the law does not preclude the use of glyphosate in treating and harvesting crops. Post, however, did not and does not simply claim that its Shredded Wheat is "legal"; it claims that Shredded Wheat is "Natural" and contains "100% Natural Whole Grain Wheat" and nothing else. See Exhibit 1.
- 14. By deceiving consumers about the nature, quality, and/or ingredients of its Shredded Wheat, Post is able to sell a greater volume of Shredded Wheat, to charge higher prices

for Shredded Wheat, and to take away market share from competing products, thereby increasing its own sales and profits.

- 15. Consumers lack the scientific knowledge necessary to determine whether Shredded Wheat in fact contains only "100% Natural Whole Grain Wheat," to know or to ascertain the true ingredients and quality of Shredded Wheat, or to assess the safety of ingesting glyphosate. Reasonable consumers must and do rely on Post to report honestly what Shredded Wheat contains, and whether the ingredients are in fact "Natural."
- 16. Across all Shredded Wheat products, Post conceals the presence of glyphosate, fails to warn consumers of the presence of glyphosate, and fails to warn consumers about the harmful effects of ingesting glyphosate.
- 17. Should any consumer seek further information, Post's own website declares that "eating Post Shredded Wheat cereal is a great way to boost your fiber intake without compromising on variety." http://postfoods.com/our-brands/post-shredded-wheat/zero-in-on-health (last visited May 12, 2016).
- 18. Post intended for consumers to rely on its representations, and hundreds of thousands of reasonable consumers did in fact so rely. As a result of its false and misleading labeling, failure to warn, and omissions of fact, Post was able to sell Shredded Wheat to hundreds of thousands of consumers throughout the United States, including California, and to realize sizeable profits.
- 19. When a product purports to be "100% Natural," consumers are willing to pay more for the product, and they also reasonably expect the product to be pesticide-free.
- 20. Post's false and misleading representations, failure to warn, and omissions of fact violate the California Consumers Legal Remedies Act, Cal. Civ. Code §§ 1750-1785 (the "CLRA"); the False Advertising Law, Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17500 et seq. (the "FAL"); the Unfair Competition Law, Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200 et seq. (the "UCL"); and common law.
- 21. Plaintiff is not seeking damages for any personal injuries in this Complaint; instead, this case is based on Post's misrepresentations and omissions regarding the Shredded

Wheat products purchased by Plaintiff and Class Members during any applicable limitations period.²

- 22. Accordingly, Plaintiff seeks relief equal to the aggregate retail purchase price paid by Plaintiff and Class Members during any applicable limitations period, because the products are worthless and useless due to Post's misrepresentations regarding the true nature, quality, and ingredients of Shredded Wheat and its failure to warn consumers of the presence of glyphosate and the harmful effects of ingesting glyphosate.
 - 23. Plaintiff Wu brings this action to stop Post's deceptive and misleading practices.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 24. This Court has original subject-matter jurisdiction over this proposed class action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d), which under the provisions of the Class Action Fairness Act explicitly provides for the original jurisdiction of the federal courts in any class action in which at least 100 members are in the proposed plaintiff class, any member of the plaintiff class is a citizen of a State different from any defendant, and the matter in controversy exceeds the sum of \$5,000,000.00, exclusive of interest and costs. Plaintiff Wu is a citizen of California and on information and belief, defendant Post is a citizen of Delaware and Missouri. On information and belief, the amount in controversy exceeds \$5,000,000.00.
- 25. This Court has personal jurisdiction over the parties in this case. Plaintiff Wu is a citizen of California and a resident of the City of San Jose, in the County of Santa Clara, California. Post purposefully avails itself of the laws of California to market Shredded Wheat to consumers nationwide, including consumers in California, and distributes Shredded Wheat to numerous retailers throughout the United States, including California.
- 26. Venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2). Substantial acts in furtherance of the alleged improper conduct, including the dissemination of false and misleading

² All potential claims for individual tort relief by Plaintiff and Putative Class Members are preserved and outside the scope of the relief sought in this litigation.

this District.

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information regarding the nature, quality, and/or ingredients of Shredded Wheat, occurred within

PARTIES

- 27. At all times mentioned herein, Defendant Post Foods, LLC was and is a Delaware corporation that maintains its principal place of business and headquarters in Parsippany, New Jersey. Post Foods, LLC is a division of Post Holdings, Inc., a consumer packaged goods holding company that is incorporated in Missouri and maintains its principal place of business and headquarters in St. Louis, Missouri. Post was, at all relevant times, engaged in commercial transactions, including internet sales, throughout the United States and the State of California, including this judicial District.
- 28. Post manufactures and/or causes the manufacture of cereal products, and markets and distributes the products in retail stores in California and throughout the United States.
- 29. At all times mentioned herein, Plaintiff Wu was and is an individual consumer over the age of 18, a citizen of the State of California, and a resident of the County of Santa Clara. From 2012 through 2014, Plaintiff Wu purchased Shredded Wheat at a Safeway store located at 555 E. Calaveras Blvd., Milpitas, California 95035.
- 30. In deciding to make these purchases, Plaintiff Wu saw, relied upon, and reasonably believed Post's representations that Shredded Wheat is natural and healthful, and comprises only "100% Natural Whole Grain Wheat." These representations were a significant reason for his purchases.
- 31. Plaintiff Wu was willing to pay more for Shredded Wheat because he expected it to be pesticide-free.
- 32. Had Plaintiff Wu known at the time that Shredded Wheat contains the unnatural biocide glyphosate, he would not have purchased or continued to purchase Shredded Wheat.
- 33. Had Plaintiff Wu been warned of the dangers of ingesting glyphosate, and of the presence of glyphosate in the Shredded Wheat, he would not have purchased or continued to purchase Shredded Wheat.

34. If Shredded Wheat were reformulated such that Post's representations were truthful, i.e., such that Shredded Wheat contained only "100% Natural Whole Grain Wheat" and no glyphosate, Plaintiff Wu would consider purchasing Shredded Wheat in the future.

SUBSTANTIVE ALLEGATIONS

- 35. American consumers increasingly and consciously seek out natural and healthful food products. Once a small niche market, healthful, natural foods are now sold by conventional retailers, and their sales continue to soar. The trend toward natural and healthful food products includes, for many consumers, a preference for whole grains over processed or otherwise refined grains.
- 36. Consumers' value natural foods, including whole grains, for myriad health, environmental, and political reasons, including avoiding chemicals and additives, attaining health and wellness, helping the environment, and financially supporting companies that share these values.

I. Post's "Natural" Brand Image

- 37. Hoping to capture this growing market, Post markets Shredded Wheat as a natural and healthful choice containing only "100% Natural Whole Grain Wheat." Post does not disclose the presence in Shredded Wheat of anything other than "100% Natural Whole Grain Wheat."
- 38. Post cultivates its image as a healthful, wholesome, impurity-free brand—the kind of company whose label claims can be trusted.
 - 39. As Post explains in its 2015 Annual Report:

[T]rends to natural products and quick service restaurant offerings are increasing areas of consumer focus. These trends include shifting to products that are organic or natural, as well as convenience offerings that provide greater portability. This changing behavior has prompted us to acquire diverse businesses to meet changing customer and consumer needs. We believe we have the necessary portfolio of products available to address these trends and to continue to focus on consumers' needs.

Post Holdings 2015 Annual Report at 25.

- 40. The back of Post's Shredded Wheat Original Big Biscuit label states that the product contains "[a]n ingredient list that is so good, we have nothing to hide," and is "made with nothing but goodness." The back of the Shredded Wheat Original Big Biscuit label restates the front-of-label claim that the product comprises "100% Whole Grain Wheat," adding, "We make it easy to understand what is in your food it's just the natural goodness of whole grain wheat." The back of the label also states, "Our flavor comes from 100% whole grain wheat, nothing else," and enumerates various "health benefits" of the product's "whole grain wheat": "Heart Health"; "Digestive Health"; and "Reduced Cancer Risk." See Ex. 1.
- 41. Post presents itself as an expert source of information on whole grains, touting their nutritional and health benefits. Post's website directs consumers to "Get even more expert nutrition and health information by browsing the topics below," which include "Fiber & Whole Grains," "Diet & Exercise," and "Heart Health." http://postfoods.com/our-brands/post-shredded-wheat/zero-in-on-health (last visited May 12, 2016).
- 42. Post also promotes the health benefits of its products, stating, "Making 100% whole grain Post Shredded Wheat part of your regular diet, at breakfast or any other meal, is just one way to choose a healthier lifestyle." http://postfoods.com/our-brands/post-shredded-wheat/zero-in-on-health (last visited May 12, 2016).
- 43. Post specifically promotes the heart health benefits of Shredded Wheat: "Post Shredded Wheat cereals, made of 100% natural whole wheat, have always been a heart-healthy choice. They're loaded with whole grains (at least 16g whole grains per serving) and dietary fiber, are low in fat and saturated fat, have 0g trans-fat and are cholesterol-free." http://postfoods.com/our-brands/post-shredded-wheat/zero-in-on-health (last visited May 12, 2016).
- 44. Post also states, on the front label of its Shredded Wheat Original Big Biscuit product: "9 out of 10 doctors recommend Post Shredded Wheat to help reduce the risk of heart

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- According to Post, Shredded Wheat "has always been a heart-healthy choice." Id. 45.
- 46. Nowhere on its website does Post mention the presence of glyphosate in Shredded
 - 47. Nowhere on its website does Post warn of the health risks of ingesting glyphosate.
- 48. Nowhere on its website does Post explain the environmental risks presented by glyphosate.

II. Shredded Wheat: Presented as "100% Natural"

- 49. Post prominently labels its Shredded Wheat Original Big Biscuit product as "100% Natural Whole Grain Wheat." This representation appears on the front label of the product. Should any consumer seek additional information from the side of the box, Post lists the product's ingredients as "whole grain wheat," and only "whole grain wheat."
- 50. Upon information and belief, Post has profited enormously from its fraudulently marketed products and its carefully orchestrated label and image.
- 51. Representing that a product is "Natural," "100% Natural," or "100% Natural Whole Grain Wheat" is a statement of fact.
- 52. Failing to disclose that a product contains glyphosate and failing to warn of the dangers of ingesting glyphosate are omissions of relevant fact.
- 53. Consumers reasonably believe that a product labeled "Natural" or "100% Natural" does not contain synthetic ingredients.
- 54. Consumers reasonably believe that a product labeled "Natural" or "100% Natural" does not contain pesticides.
- 55. In 2014, the Consumer Reports® National Research Center conducted a nationally representative phone survey to assess consumer opinion regarding food labeling. See http://www.greenerchoices.org/pdf/consumerreportsfoodlabelingsurveyjune2014.pdf (last visited May 12, 2016).

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- 56. Sixty-six percent of all respondents in the Consumer Reports survey said that a "natural" label on packaged and processed foods means that "no toxic pesticides were used." See Id.
- 57. Consumers reasonably believe that a product labeled "100% Natural Whole Grain Wheat," especially a product whose only ingredient is listed as "whole grain wheat," does not contain anything other than natural wheat.
- 58. Post knows and intends that when consumers see the product labels promising the product is "Natural," "100% Natural," or "100% Natural Whole Grain Wheat," consumers will understand that to mean that, at the very least, the product does not contain synthetic ingredients or harmful chemicals.
- 59. Consumers reasonably expect that if a product contains a harmful substance, the presence of that substance will be disclosed, and they will be warned of the dangers associated with the substance.

III. Glyphosate: The Unnatural Hidden Substance

- 60. Post's representations that Shredded Wheat is "Natural," "100% Natural," or "100% Natural Whole Grain Wheat" are false. In fact, testing reveals that Shredded Wheat contains glyphosate.
- 61. Shredded Wheat thus is not "Natural" or "100% Natural," and does not contain only "100% Natural Whole Grain Wheat," and labeling it as such is misleading and deceptive.
- 62. Because glyphosate is a probable human carcinogen, Shredded Wheat is not healthful. Moreover, the presence of glyphosate in Shredded Wheat reduces the level of beta glucan, a soluble fiber linked to improvements in cholesterol levels and cardiovascular health. Under U.S. Food and Drug Administration regulations, the permissibility of a manufacturer's "heart healthy" claims depends, in part, on the level of soluble fibers such as beta glucan in a product.3

See http://www.fda.gov/Food/GuidanceRegulation/GuidanceDocumentsRegulatoryInformation/LabelingNutrition/ucm0

- 63. Post has a duty to disclose the presence of glyphosate and to warn of the dangers associated with glyphosate.
- 64. On information and belief, glyphosate is, by volume, the world's most widely produced herbicide.
- 65. Glyphosate was invented by the agrochemical and agricultural biotechnology corporation Monsanto, which began marketing the herbicide in 1974 under the trade name Roundup, after DDT was banned.⁴
- 66. By the late 1990s, use of Roundup had surged as a result of Monsanto's strategy of genetically engineering seeds to grow food crops that could tolerate high doses of the herbicide. The introduction of these genetically engineered seeds enabled farmers more easily to control weeds on their crops.⁵
- 67. Monsanto also encouraged farmers to use Roundup as a desiccant to dry out their crops in order to harvest them faster. Today, glyphosate is routinely sprayed directly on a host of non-genetically modified crops, including wheat. On information and belief, this use of glyphosate is not for any health or environmental purpose, and stems solely from a desire to increase profit margins through higher crop yield.
- 68. In 2015, the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), a research arm of the World Health Organization, declared glyphosate a category 2A "probable" human carcinogen. A summary of the study underlying this declaration was published in *The Lancet Oncology*, Vol. 16, No. 5 (May 2015). The IARC study noted such carcinogenic risk factors as

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 $^{^4}$ $\it See$ https://www.organicconsumers.org/news/monsantos-roundup-enough-make-you-sick (last visited May 19, 2016).

⁵ See Id.

⁶ See Id.

⁷ Available at http://www.thelancet.com/journals/lanonc/article/PIIS1470-2045%2815%2970134-8/abstract (last visited May 12, 2016).

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DNA damage to human cells resulting from exposure to glyphosate. Glyphosate has been previously found to be a suspected human endocrine disruptor, with estrogenic effects even at extremely low concentrations.8

- 69. In November 2015, the European Food Safety Agency published conclusions suggesting that the combined use of glyphosate with other chemicals posed greater potential health risks than when glyphosate is used alone. In light of those conclusions, in April 2016, following a review of products containing glyphosate and tallowamine, France's health and safety agency announced its intention to ban weed-killers that combine the two chemicals.⁹
- Glyphosate, as a biocide, functions by disrupting the shikimate pathway, the **7**0. metabolic mechanism by which aromatic amino acids are synthesized. 10 Humans do not have a shikimate pathway. The shikimate pathway is present, however, in bacteria, including bacteria that inhabit the human gut and are essential to proper immune functioning. Glyphosate thus is suspected to disrupt human immune function as well.
- 71. Studies examining low doses of glyphosate-based herbicides at levels that are generally considered "safe" for humans show that these compounds can nevertheless cause liver and kidney damage, 11

⁸ See Thongprakaisang, S. et al., "Glyphosate induces human breast cancer cells growth via estrogen receptors," 59 Food & Chem. Toxicol. 129 (June 2013), abstract available at http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/23756170 (last visited May 12, 2016); see also, e.g., Gasnier, C. et al., "Glyphosate-based herbicides are toxic and endocrine disruptors in human cell lines," 262(3) Toxicology 184 (Aug. 21, 2009), abstract available at http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/19539684 (last visited May 12, 2016).

⁹ See "France to Ban Some Glyphosate Weedkillers Amid Health Concerns," Reuters, Apr. 8, 2016, available at http://www.reuters.com/article/us-france-glyphosate-idUSKCN0X512S (last visited May 19, 2016).

¹⁰ See, e.g., Heike, H. & N. Amrhein, "The Site of the Inhibition of the Shikimate Pathway by Glyphosate," Plant Physiol. 66:823 (1980), available at http://www.plantphysiol.org/content/66/5/823.full.pdf (last visited May 12, 2016); see also http://www.glyphosate.eu/glyphosate-mechanism-action (last visited May 12, 2016).

¹¹ Myers, J. et al, "Concerns over use of glyphosate-based herbicides and risks associated with exposures: a consensus statement."; See also Benedetti A.L., "The effects of sub-chronic exposure of Wistar rats to the herbicide Glyphosate-Biocarb, Toxicol.Lett. 2004;153(2):227-232,availableat http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/15451553 (last visited May 12, 2016); Larsen K. et al, "Effects of Sublethal Exposure to a Glyphosate-Based Herbicide Formulation on Metabolic Activities of Different Xenobiotic-Metabolizing Enzymes in Rats," Int. J. Toxicol. 2014, available at http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/24985121 (last visited May 12, 2016); Mesnage R. et al, "Transcriptome profile analysis reflects rat liver and kidney damage following chronic ultra-low dose Roundup exposure," Environ Health 2015;14:70, available at http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4549093/ (last

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- 72. Glyphosate is derived from the amino acid glycine. To create glyphosate, one of the hydrogen atoms in glycine is artificially replaced with a phosphonomethyl group.
 - 73. Glyphosate is not "Natural."
- Glyphosate is neither "100% Natural" nor present in "100% Natural Whole Grain 74. Wheat."
- On information and belief, glyphosate as a desiccant is used to increase wheat 75. harvest for commercial purposes; is not necessary to successful planting, growing, or harvesting of wheat; is not a "natural" method of growing or harvesting wheat; is applied to wheat as a drying agent shortly before harvest; and is applied for commercial purposes only.
- 76. Glyphosate is a dangerous substance, the presence and health effects of which should be disclosed.

IV. Post's Misleading Labeling and Omissions

- 77. Post's conduct in labeling Shredded Wheat "Natural," "100% Natural," and "100% Natural Whole Grain Wheat" deceived and/or was likely to deceive the public. Consumers were deceived into believing that the listed ingredients were all the ingredients, and that the product was "Natural" and "100% Natural," and that nothing in Shredded Wheat was not "Natural." Instead, Shredded Wheat contains glyphosate, an unnatural biocide and probable human carcinogen, with myriad other potential health effects.
- 78. Consumers cannot discover the true nature of Shredded Wheat from reading the label. Consumers cannot discover the true nature of Shredded Wheat even by visiting Post's website, which makes no mention of glyphosate. Discovery of the true nature of the ingredients requires knowledge of chemistry and access to laboratory testing that is not available to the average reasonable consumer.
- 79. Post deceptively and misleadingly conceals material facts about Shredded Wheat, namely, that Shredded Wheat is not "Natural" or "100% Natural Whole Grain Wheat," and that

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Shredded Wheat is not what a reasonable consumer would consider "Natural" or "100% Natural Whole Grain Wheat," because in fact it contains glyphosate.

- 80. Post fails to warn consumers of the dangers of consuming glyphosate.
- 81. Plaintiff and the members of the Class are not at fault for failing to discover Post's wrongs earlier, and had no actual or presumptive knowledge of facts sufficient to put them on inquiry notice.
- The production process Post uses for Shredded Wheat is known only to Post and 82. its suppliers. Post has not disclosed such information to Plaintiff or the Class members. Quantitative testing reveals the presence of glyphosate in Shredded Wheat, but only Post knows the methods by which its wheat is grown, harvested, and processed, or what would account for the presence of glyphosate in Shredded Wheat. Post's concealment tolls the applicable statute of limitations.
- 83. To this day, Post continues to conceal and suppress the true nature, identity, source, and method of production of Shredded Wheat.

V. Post's Knowledge That Its Representations Were False

- Post holds itself out to the public as a trusted expert in the growing, harvesting, 84. and processing of wheat.
- 85. Post knew what representations it made on the labels of Shredded Wheat. It also knew how the wheat was grown, harvested, and processed, and that it was likely to contain glyphosate, an unnatural and dangerous herbicide.
- 86. Post thus knew all the facts demonstrating that Shredded Wheat was mislabeled and falsely advertised, and that it had a duty to disclose the presence of glyphosate and to warn consumers about the dangers associated with glyphosate.

VI. Post's Intention for Consumers to Rely on Its Misrepresentations

87. Post made the false, deceptive, and misleading representations and omissions intending for Plaintiff and the Class members to rely upon these representations and omissions in purchasing Shredded Wheat.

- 88. In making the false, misleading, and deceptive representations and omissions at issue, Post knew and intended that consumers would purchase the Shredded Wheat when consumers would otherwise purchase a competing product.
- 89. Consumers are willing to pay more for a product that purports to be "100% Natural," and they expect that product to be pesticide-free.
- 90. In making the false, misleading, and deceptive representations and omissions at issue, Post also knew and intended that consumers would pay more for "Natural" or "100% Natural" wheat that is free of unnatural agents than they would pay for wheat that is not "Natural" or "100% Natural," furthering Post's private interest of increasing sales of its products and decreasing the sales of the all-natural and/or glyphosate-free products that are truthfully marketed by its competitors.
- 91. Post knows that consumers prefer "Natural" and "100% Natural" foods, and foods that do not contain dangerous or potentially dangerous chemicals. Post knows that consumers will pay more for "Natural" or "100% Natural" foods, or would not purchase the foods at all unless they were "Natural" and/or "100% Natural" and/or free from unnatural and potentially dangerous chemicals.
- 92. Independent surveys confirm that consumers will purchase more "Natural" products than conventional products, and will pay more for "Natural" products.

VII. Consumers' Reasonable Reliance on Post's Misrepresentations

- 93. Consumers frequently rely on label representations and information in making purchase decisions, especially in purchasing food.
- 94. When Plaintiff Wu and the Class members purchased Shredded Wheat, they saw the false, misleading, and deceptive representations detailed above, and did not receive disclosure of the presence of glyphosate or any warning of the dangers associated with glyphosate, as detailed above.
- 95. These misrepresentations and omissions were uniform and were communicated to Plaintiff Wu and every other member of the Class at every point of purchase and consumption.

- 96. Plaintiff Wu and the Class members were among the intended recipients of Post's deceptive representations and omissions.
- 97. Plaintiff Wu and the Class members reasonably relied to their detriment on Post's misleading representations and omissions.
- 98. Post's false, misleading, and deceptive misrepresentations and omissions deceived and misled, and are likely to continue to deceive and mislead, Plaintiff Wu, the Class members, reasonable consumers, and the general public.
- 99. Post's misleading affirmative statements further obscured what it failed to disclose, and the warnings it failed to give. Thus, reliance upon Post's misleading and deceptive representations and omissions may be presumed.
- 100. Post made the deceptive representations and omissions with the intent to induce Plaintiff Wu and the Class members to purchase Shredded Wheat. Plaintiff Wu's and the Class members' reliance upon such representations and omissions may be presumed.
- 101. Post's deceptive representations and omissions are material in that a reasonable person would attach importance to such information and would be induced to act upon such information in making purchase decisions. Thus, Plaintiff Wu's and the Class members' reliance upon such representations and omissions may be presumed as a matter of law; the representations and omissions were material; and a nexus exists between Post's conduct, on the one hand, and Plaintiff Wu's and the Class members' decisions to purchase Shredded Wheat at a certain price, on the other hand.

VIII. Post's Conduct and Plaintiff's and the Class Members' Injury

- 102. As an immediate, direct, and proximate result of Post's false, misleading, and deceptive representations and omissions, Post injured Plaintiff Wu and the Class members in that they:
 - a. paid a sum of money for a product that was falsely represented:
 - b. paid a sum of money for a product containing glyphosate, of which they received no warning;

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- m. without their knowing consent, ingested (and/or caused their children to ingest) a substance that is otherwise harmful to the environment and/or the farmers and other workers who utilize or process such substance;
- n. ingested (and/or caused their children to ingest) a substance that was of a lower quality than what Post promised;
- o. were denied the benefit of knowing what they ingested (and/or caused their children to ingest);

- p. were caused unwittingly to support an industry that contributes to environmental, ecological, and health damage;
- q. were denied the benefit of supporting an industry that sells natural products and contributes to environmental sustainability; and/or
- r. Were denied the benefit of the beneficial properties of the "Natural" products promised.
- 103. Had Post not made the false, misleading, and deceptive representations and omissions, and had Post not failed to warn of the presence of glyphosate and dangers associated with glyphosate, Plaintiff Wu and the Class members would not have been injured as listed above. Accordingly, Plaintiff Wu and the Class members have suffered "injury in fact" as a result of Post's wrongful conduct.
- 104. Plaintiff Wu and the Class members all paid money for Shredded Wheat, but did not obtain the full value of the advertised products due to Post's misrepresentations and omissions. Plaintiff Wu and the Class members purchased, purchased more of, or paid more for, Shredded Wheat than they would have had they known the truth about Shredded Wheat. Accordingly, Plaintiff Wu and the Class members have suffered "injury in fact" and lost money or property as a result of Post's wrongful conduct.

IX. Post's Benefit from Its Misleading Representations and Omissions

- 105. Post labels and advertises its Shredded Wheat products in large, bold font as "100% Natural Whole Grain Wheat" and has profited handsomely as a result.
- 106. For the fiscal year ending September 30, 2015, Post reported net sales of \$1,260,800,000 and profits of \$205,500,000 in its Post Consumer Brands segment, which includes branded ready-to-eat cereal products such as Shredded Wheat.
- 107. As the intended, direct, and proximate result of Post's false, misleading, and deceptive representations and omissions, Post has been unjustly enriched through more sales of Shredded Wheat and higher profits at the expense of Plaintiff Wu and the Class members. As a direct and proximate result of its deception, Post also unfairly obtained other benefits, including

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the higher value associated with a "natural" brand, redirecting sales to it and away from its competitors, and increased sales of its other products.

- Plaintiff, and all other similarly situated consumers, did not bargain for Products 108. that contain unnatural ingredients in exchange for their payment of the purchase price.
- 109. Post has profited by failing to warn consumers of the presence of glyphosate in Shredded Wheat and of the health effects of consuming glyphosate.
- Upon information and belief, Post has failed to remedy the problem with Shredded Wheat, thus causing future harm to consumers. Plaintiff, Class Members, and future purchasers in the consuming public are at risk of real, immediate, and continuing harm if Shredded Wheat continues to be sold as is, and without adequate warning of the presence of glyphosate and of the health effects of ingesting glyphosate.
- Plaintiff would continue to purchase Shredded Wheat again in the future if it were 111. reformulated so that the label representations were truthful.
- Post has failed to provide adequate relief to Plaintiff or Class Members as of the date of filing this Complaint.
- Plaintiff contends that Shredded Wheat was sold pursuant to unfair and unconscionable trade practices because the sale of Shredded Wheat offends public policy and is immoral, unethical, oppressive, unscrupulous, and caused substantial economic injuries to Plaintiff and Class Members.
- Reasonable consumers do not expect products advertised as "Natural," "100% Natural," and "100% Natural Whole Grain Wheat" to contain unnatural ingredients such as glyphosate. Post's statements and other representations convey a series of express and implied claims and/or omissions which Post knows are material to the reasonable consumer in making a purchasing decision, and which Post intended for consumers to rely upon when choosing to purchase Shredded Wheat.
- 115. Post misrepresented the nature, quality, and/or ingredients of Shredded Wheat, and/or failed to adequately disclose the health risks of ingesting the glyphosate contained in

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Shredded Wheat, which was and is false, misleading, and/or likely to deceive reasonable consumers. Reasonable consumers expect the presence of such ingredients to be disclosed so that they can make informed purchasing decisions.

- 116. Therefore, Shredded Wheat is valueless, and not worth the purchase price that Plaintiff and Class Members paid for it, and/or is not what Plaintiff and Class Members reasonably intended to receive.
- Accordingly, Plaintiff seeks, individually and on behalf of similarly situated 117. purchasers of Shredded Wheat, injunctive relief, and actual economic damages equaling the aggregate purchase price paid for Shredded Wheat by Plaintiff and Class Members during the applicable limitations period.
- 118. Plaintiff also seeks declaratory relief in the form of an order declaring Post's conduct to be unlawful, as well as injunctive and equitable relief putting an end to Post's misleading and unfair business practices, including clear and full disclosure of the presence of glyphosate in Shredded Wheat and of the health effects of ingesting glyphosate and/or a reformulation of Shredded Wheat so that it no longer contains glyphosate.

CLASS ALLEGATIONS

- 119. Plaintiff Wu re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in each of the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint.
- This action is maintainable as a class action under Rules 23(b)(2) and (3) of the 120. Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 121. The class definition(s) may depend on the information obtained throughout discovery. Notwithstanding, at this time, Plaintiff Wu brings this action and seeks certification of the claims and certain issues in this action on behalf of himself and all other similarly situated individuals (the "Class"), defined as follows:
 - All persons who purchased Shredded Wheat (as defined herein) from a retail location within the United States from the beginning of any applicable limitations period through the date of class certification (the "National Class Period").

122. Additionally, Plaintiff Wu brings this action pursuant to Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure on behalf of himself and all other similarly situated California residents (the "California Sub-Class"), defined as follows:

All persons who purchased Shredded Wheat (as defined herein) from a retail location within the State of California from the beginning of any applicable limitations period through the date of class certification (the "California Class Period").

- 123. Excluded from the Class and the California Sub-Class are (1) Post, any entity or division in which Post has a controlling interest, and their legal representatives, officers, directors, assigns, and successors; and (2) the judge to whom this case is assigned and the judge's staff.
- 124. Plaintiff brings the Class and the California Sub-Class pursuant to Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 23(a), 23(b)(1), 23(b)(2), and 23(b)(3).
- 125. Plaintiff reserves the right to amend the Class and California Sub-Class definitions if further information and discovery indicate that the Class and California Sub-Class definitions should be narrowed, expanded, or otherwise modified.
- 126. All members of the Class and California Sub-Class were and are similarly affected by the deceptive advertising of Shredded Wheat, and the relief sought herein is for the benefit of Plaintiff and members of the Class and California Sub-Class.

. Numerosity

Sub-Class members. Based on the annual sales and popularity of Shredded Wheat, it is readily apparent that the number of consumers in the Class and California Sub-Class is so large as to make joinder impracticable, if not impossible. Class and California Sub-Class Members may be notified of the pendency of this action by recognized, Court-approved notice dissemination methods, which may include U.S. Mail, electronic mail, Internet postings, and/or published notice.

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Predominance of Common Questions of Law and Fact

- 128. There is a well-defined community of interest in the questions of law and fact involved in this case. Questions of law and fact common to the members of the Class and California Sub-Class that predominate over questions that may affect individual Class and California Sub-Class members include:
 - (a) Whether Post's practices and representations related to the marketing, labeling and sales of Shredded Wheat were unfair, deceptive, fraudulent, and/or unlawful in any respect, thereby violating California law;
 - whether Post had a duty to disclose the presence of glyphosate in Shredded (b) Wheat:
 - whether Post had a duty to warn about the dangers associated with glyphosate; (c)
 - Whether Post failed to warn Plaintiff and Class and California Sub-Class (d) Members of the presence of glyphosate in Shredded Wheat and/or of the health effects of ingesting glyphosate in violation of California law with its practices and representations related to the marketing, labeling, and sale of Shredded Wheat;
 - (e) whether Post breached a warranty created through the labeling and marketing of Shredded Wheat;
 - (f) Whether Post's conduct as set forth above economically injured Plaintiff and Class and California Sub-Class Members: and
 - (g) Whether Plaintiff and Class and California Sub-Class Members are entitled to injunctive relief.

III. **Typicality**

Plaintiff Wu's claims are typical of those of the Class and California Sub-Class, as the claims arise from the same course of conduct by Post, and the relief sought within the Class and Sub-Class is common to the Class and Sub-Class members. Plaintiff, like all members of the Class and California Sub-Class, relied on Post's false and misleading representations and purchased Shredded Wheat, or paid more for Shredded Wheat than Plaintiff would have paid if

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the products had been properly labeled and sustained injury from Post's wrongful conduct. Further, there are no defenses available to Post that are unique to Plaintiff.

IV. Adequaev

Plaintiff Wu will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Class and California Sub-Class. Plaintiff is an adequate representative of the Class and California Sub-Class because his interests do not conflict with the interests of the Class and California Sub-Class members he seeks to represent, and he has retained counsel competent and experienced in both consumer protection and class action litigation. Plaintiff and Plaintiff's counsel will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the members of the Class and California Sub-Class. Undersigned counsel has represented consumers in a wide variety of actions where they have sought to protect consumers from fraudulent and deceptive practices.

V. Predominance and Superiority of Class Action

- The prerequisites to maintaining a class action pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(b)(3) are met because questions of law and fact common to each Class Member predominate over any questions affecting only individual members, and a class action is superior to other available methods for fairly and efficiently adjudicating the controversy.
- Individual joinder of the Class and California Sub-Class Members is not 132. practicable, and questions of law and fact common to the Class and California Sub-Class predominate over any questions affecting only individual Class and California Sub-Class Members. Each Class and California Sub-Class Member has been damaged and is entitled to recovery as a result of the violations alleged herein.
- 133. Moreover, because the damages suffered by individual members of the may be relatively small, the expense and burden of individual litigation would make it difficult or impossible for individual Class and California Sub-Class Members to redress the wrongs done to them, while an important public interest will be served by addressing the matter as a class action. Class action treatment will allow those persons similarly situated to litigate their claims in the manner that is most efficient and economical for the parties and the judicial system.

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134. Plaintiff is unaware of any difficulties in managing this case that should preclude class action.

VI. **Declaratory and Injunctive Relief**

Certification also is appropriate under Rule 23(b)(2) because Post acted, or refused to act. on grounds generally applicable to the Class and California Sub-Class, thereby making appropriate the injunctive relief sought on behalf of the Class. Further, given the large number of consumers of Shredded Wheat, allowing individual actions to proceed in lieu of a class action would run the risk of yielding inconsistent and conflicting adjudications.

CAUSES OF ACTION

COUNT I

(Unfair and Deceptive Acts and Practices) On Behalf of the Sub-Class

- 135. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint, as if fully set forth herein verbatim.
- 136. This cause of action is brought pursuant to California's Consumers Legal Remedies Act, Cal. Civ. Code §§ 1750-1785 (the "CLRA").
- Plaintiff and the Class and California Sub-Class Members are "consumers," as the term is defined by California Civil Code § 1761(d), because they bought the falsely labeled Products for personal, family, or household purposes. Post is a "person" under Cal. Civ. Code § 1761(c).
 - 138. The Products are "goods" under Cal. Civ. Code § 1761(a).
- 139. Plaintiff, Class Members, California Sub-Class Members, and Post have engaged in "transactions," as that term is defined by California Civil Code §1761(e).
- 140. The conduct alleged in this Complaint constitutes unfair methods of competition and unfair and deceptive acts and practices for the purposes of the CLRA, and the conduct was undertaken by Post in transactions intended to result in, and which did result in, the sale of goods

to consumers.

141. Post's false and fraudulent representations and omissions have violated, and

continue to violate the CLRA because they extend to transactions that are intended to result, or

have resulted, in the sale of goods to consumers, including Plaintiff and Class and California

Sub-Class Members. Specifically, Post has misrepresented the true nature, quality, and

ingredients of Shredded Wheat and failed to adequately warn of and disclose the presence of

glyphosate in Shredded Wheat and/or the health effects of ingesting glyphosate, thereby

disseminating representations or omissions that are false, deceptive, and likely to mislead a

reasonable consumer, such as Plaintiff and Class and California Sub-Class Members.

142. Post misrepresented and/or omitted facts about the presence of glyphosate in Shredded Wheat and the health effects of ingesting glyphosate, which were and are material to Plaintiff's and Class and California Sub-Class Members' decisions to purchase Shredded Wheat.

143. Post's conduct violates Cal. Civ. Code § 1770(a)(5), which prohibits "[r]epresenting that goods . . . have . . . characteristics [or] benefits . . . which they do not have," and Cal. Civ. Code § 1770(a)(7), which prohibits: "[r]epresenting that goods . . . are of a particular standard, quality, or grade . . . if they are of another," causing injury to Plaintiff and Class and California Sub-Class Members.

- 144. As a result of engaging in such conduct, Post has violated California Civil Code § 1770(a)(5), (a)(7), and (a)(9).
- 145. Plaintiff served Post with notice of its CLRA violations by certified mail, return receipt requested, on June 22, 2016. After the requisite thirty days, if Post has still failed to provide relief for its CLRA violations, Plaintiff will amend to seek damages.
- 146. Plaintiff and Class and California Sub-Class Members seek preliminary injunctive relief, and permanent injunctive relief against Post's unfair and deceptive acts and conduct.
- 147. Pursuant to California Civil Code § 1780(a)(2) and (a)(5), Plaintiff seeks an order of this Court that includes, but is not limited to, an order enjoining Post from continuing to engage in unlawful, unfair, or fraudulent business practices or any other act prohibited by law.

- 148. Plaintiff and Class and California Sub-Class Members may be irreparably harmed and/or denied an effective and complete remedy if such an order is not granted.
- 149. The unfair and deceptive acts and practices of Post, as described above, present a serious threat to Plaintiff and the other members of the Class and California Sub-Class.
 - 150. THEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for relief as set forth below.

COUNT II

(Violations of California's False Advertising Law) On Behalf of the Sub-Class

- 151. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint, as if fully set forth herein verbatim.
- 152. This cause of action is brought pursuant to California's False Advertising Law (the "FAL"), Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17500 et seq.
- 153. Such acts of Post, as described above, and each of them constitute unlawful, deceptive, and fraudulent business acts and practices.
- 154. At all material times, Post engaged in a scheme of offering Shredded Wheat for sale to Plaintiff and the other members of the Class and California Sub-Class by way of distributing to the public, *inter alia*, commercial marketing and advertising, the World Wide Web (Internet), the Product packaging and labeling, and other promotional materials and offered for sale Shredded Wheat on a nationwide basis, including in California.
- 155. The misrepresentations and non-disclosures by Post of the material facts detailed above constitute false and misleading advertising, and therefore constitute a violation of Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17500, et seq.
- 156. Said advertisements and inducements were made nationwide, including within the State of California, and come within the definition of advertising contained in the FAL in that such promotional materials were intended as inducements to purchase Post's Shredded Wheat and are statements disseminated by Post to Plaintiff and Class and California Sub-Class

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Members. Post knew, or in the exercise of reasonable care should have known, that these representations were misleading and deceptive.

- 157. Consumers, including Plaintiff and Class and California Sub-Class Members, necessarily and reasonably relied on these materials concerning Post's Shredded Wheat. Consumers, including Plaintiff and the Class and California Sub-Class members, were among the intended targets of such representations.
- The above acts of Post did and were likely to deceive reasonable consumers, 158. including Plaintiff and the other members of the Class and California Sub-Class, by obfuscating the nature, quality, and/or ingredients of Shredded Wheat, in violation of the "misleading" prong of the FAL.
- 159. The business practices alleged above are unlawful under the CLRA, which forbids misleading and deceptive advertising.
- Plaintiff and the other members of the Class and California Sub-Class have 160. suffered injury in fact and have lost money or property as a result of Post's violations of the FAL.
- As a result, Post has been unjustly enriched at the expense of Plaintiff and the other members of the Class and California Sub-Class. Plaintiff and the Class and California Sub-Class, pursuant to California Business and Professions Code § 17535, are entitled to an order of this Court enjoining such future conduct on the part of Post, and such other orders and judgments which may be necessary to disgorge Post's ill-gotten gains and restore to any person in interest any money paid for its falsely labeled Shredded Wheat as a result of the wrongful conduct of Post.
 - 162. THEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for relief as set forth below.

COUNT III

(Violation of California's Unfair Competition Law) On Behalf of the Sub-Class

Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in the 163. preceding paragraphs of this Complaint, as if fully set forth herein verbatim.

- 164. This cause of action is brought pursuant to California's Unfair Competition Law (the "UCL"), Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200 et seq.
- 165. By committing the acts and practices alleged herein, Post has engaged in deceptive, unfair, and unlawful business practices in violation of the UCL.
- 166. Plaintiff has standing to pursue this claim as she has suffered injury in fact and has lost money or property as a result of Post's actions as set forth above. Class and California Sub-Class Members also have suffered injury in fact and have lost money or property as a result of Post's actions as set forth above.
- 167. The violation of any law constitutes an "unlawful" business practice under Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200.
- 168. Each of Post's false representations alleged herein violates 21 U.S.C. § 331; Cal. Civ. Code § 1709; Cal. Civ. Code § 1750 et seq.; Cal. Com. Code § 2313; and Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17500 et seq.
- 169. Post has violated the UCL's proscription against engaging in unlawful conduct as a result of its violations of (i) the CLRA, as alleged above, and (ii) the FAL, as alleged above.
- 170. In addition, Post has violated the UCL's proscription against engaging in unlawful conduct as a result of its violations of the Sherman Law, Cal. Health & Safety Code § 109875 et seq., which forbids misbranding of any food, Id. at § 110398, such as by false or misleading labeling, Id. at § 111730.
- 171. The Sherman Law defines a "person" as "any individual, firm, partnership, trust, corporation, limited liability company, company, estate, public or private institution, association, organization, group, city, county, city and county, political subdivision of this state, other governmental agency within the state, and any representative, agent, or agency of any of the foregoing." Cal. Health & Safety Code § 109995. Post is a "person" within the meaning of the Sherman Law.
- 172. As more fully described herein, Post's misleading marketing, advertising, packaging, and labeling of Shredded Wheat is likely to deceive a reasonable consumer. Indeed,

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Plaintiff and the other Class and California Sub-Class members were unquestionably deceived regarding the characteristics of Post's Shredded Wheat, as Post's marketing, advertising, packaging, and labeling of Shredded Wheat misrepresents and/or omits the true nature, quality, and/or ingredients of Shredded Wheat.

- 173. There is no benefit to consumers or competition from deceptively marketing and labeling products. Indeed, the harm to consumers and competition is substantial. Plaintiff and the other members of the Class and California Sub-Class who purchased the Products suffered a substantial injury as alleged herein.
- 174. Plaintiff and the other members of the Class and California Sub-Class who purchased Shredded Wheat had no way of reasonably knowing that the Products they purchased were not as marketed, advertised, packaged, and labeled. Thus, they could not have reasonably avoided the injury each of them suffered.
- 175. Post's acts and omissions alleged above constitute unfair business practices under Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200 because the gravity of the consequences of Post's conduct as described above outweighs any justification, motive, or reason therefor, particularly considering the available legal alternatives which exist in the marketplace, and such conduct is immoral, unethical, unscrupulous, offends established public policy, or is substantially injurious to Plaintiff and the other members of the Class and California Sub-Class. Post's false and misleading representations and omissions also violate legislatively declared policy as they have violated numerous state and federal laws. Moreover, the gravity of the harm to Plaintiff and Class and California Sub-Class members resulting from Post's conduct outweighs Post's legitimate reasons, justifications, and/or motives for engaging in such deceptive acts and practices, if any
- 176. Each false and misleading representation and omission constitutes fraudulent business practices under Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200 because the representations and omissions were false. Post's representations and deceptive concealment were fraudulent under the statute because they were misleading and were likely to and did deceive the reasonable consumer, including Plaintiff and the Class and California Sub-Class Members.

177. Post's violations continue to this day.

178. Pursuant to California Business and Professions Code § 17203, Plaintiff and the other members of the Class and California Sub-Class seek an order of this Court that includes, but is not limited to, an order enjoining such future conduct on the part of Post and such other orders and judgments which may be necessary to disgorge Post's ill-gotten gains and to restore to any person in interest any money paid for Post's falsely labeled Shredded Wheat as a result of the wrongful conduct of Post.

179. THEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for relief as set forth below.

COUNT IV

(Based on Breach of Express Warranty) On Behalf of the Class and Sub-Class

- 180. Post provided Plaintiff Wu and other members of the Class and California Sub-Class with written express warranties including, but not limited to, warranties that Shredded Wheat is "Natural," "100% Natural," and "100% Natural Whole Grain Wheat."
- 181. These affirmations of fact or promises by Post relate to the goods and became part of the basis of the bargain.
- 182. Plaintiff Wu and members of the Class and California Sub-Class purchased Shredded Wheat believing it to conform to the express warranties.
- 183. Post breached these warranties. This breach resulted in damages to Plaintiff Wu and other members of the Class and California Sub-Class, who bought Shredded Wheat but did not receive the goods as warranted.
- 184. As a proximate result of the breach of warranties by Post, Plaintiff Wu and the other members of the Class and California Sub-Class did not receive goods as warranted. Plaintiff Wu and the members of the Class and California Sub-Class therefore have been injured and have suffered damages in an amount to be proven at trial. Among other things, Plaintiff and members of the Class and California Sub-Class did not receive the benefit of the bargain and have suffered other injuries as detailed above. Moreover, had Plaintiff Wu and the Class and

California Sub-Class members known the true facts, they would not have purchased Shredded Wheat, or would have purchased Shredded Wheat on different terms.

185. THEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for relief as set forth below.

COUNT V

(Unjust Enrichment) On Behalf of the Class and Suh-Class

- 186. As a result of Post's deceptive, fraudulent, and misleading labeling, advertising, marketing, and sales of Shredded Wheat, Post was enriched at the expense of Plaintiff Wu and the other members of the Class and California Sub-Class through the payment of the purchase price, or for the payment of a price higher than otherwise would have been paid, for Shredded Wheat.
- 187. As a result of Post's failure to warn about the presence of glyphosate and about the dangers associated with glyphosate, Post was enriched at the expense of Plaintiff Wu and the other members of the Class and California Sub-Class through the payment of the purchase price, or for the payment of a price higher than otherwise would have been paid, for Shredded Wheat.
- 188. Under the circumstances, it would be against equity and good conscience to permit Post to retain the ill-gotten benefits that it received from Plaintiff Wu and the other members of the Class and California Sub-Class, in light of the fact that the Shredded Wheat purchased by Plaintiff Wu and the other members of the Class and California Sub-Class were not what Post purported them to be. Thus, it would be unjust or inequitable for Post to retain the benefit without restitution to Plaintiff Wu and the other members of the Class and California Sub-Class for the monies paid to Post for Shredded Wheat.
 - 189. THEREFORE, Plaintiff Wu prays for relief as set forth below.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff Wu demands judgment on behalf of himself and the proposed Class and California Sub-Class providing such relief as follows:

- A. An order certifying that this action is properly brought and may be maintained as a class action, that Plaintiff be appointed the class representative, and that Plaintiff's counsel be appointed counsel for the Class and California Sub-Class;
- B. An order declaring Post's conduct to be in violation of applicable law and enjoining Post from pursuing the unlawful acts and practices alleged herein by adequately disclosing the presence of glyphosate in the Products and of the health effects of ingesting glyphosate;
- C. An order requiring Post to engage in a corrective advertising campaign to inform the public concerning the true nature of Shredded Wheat, including a recall of the products;
- D. Restitution, disgorgement, refund, and/or other monetary damages, together with costs, disbursements, including reasonable attorneys' fees pursuant to the applicable statutes and prejudgment interest at the maximum rate allowable by law;
- E. Restitution to the Class and California Sub-Class pursuant to California Business and Professions Code §§ 17203 and 17535;
- F. Disgorgement to the Class and California Sub-Class pursuant to California Business and Professions Code §§ 17203 and 17535;
- G. Damages, together with costs and disbursements, including reasonable attorneys' fees, pursuant to the applicable statutes. Plaintiff does not seek, in this Complaint, damages under the CLRA;
- H. Monetary damages, including but not limited to any compensatory, incidental, or consequential damages in an amount to be determined at trial, together with prejudgment interest at the maximum rate allowable by law with respect to the claims alleged;
 - 1. Statutory damages in the maximum amount provided by law;
- J. Punitive damages in accordance with proof and in an amount consistent with applicable precedent;
- K. An award to Plaintiff and Class and California Sub-Class Members of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; and

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1	L. For such other and further relief as may be deemed just, necessary, or proper.			
2	JURY DEMAND			
3				
4	Plaintiff hereby demands a jury trial on all issues so triable.			
5	RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED AND DATED this 22 nd day of June, 2016.			
6	/s/ Michael F. Ram			
7	Michael F. Ram			
8	RAM, OLSON, CEREGHINO & KOPCZYNSKI LLP			
9	Attorneys for Plaintiff and Proposed Class and California Sub-Class			
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EXHIBIT A

EXHIBIT I



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The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September, 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS	STRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)	DEFENDANTS		
Andy Wu		POST FOODS, LLC and POST HOLDINGS, INC.,		
(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)		County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE LAND INVOLVED.		
(c) Attorney's (Firm Name,	Address, and Telephone Number)	Attorneys (If Known)		
•	04805 / RAM, OLSON, et. al.			
	Suite 1800, San Francisco, California 9410 ICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)			
1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	(Place an "X" in One Box Only) (U.S. Government Not a Party)	III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (Place an "X" in One Box for Plainting (For Diversity Cases Only) And One Box for Defendant) PTF DEF Citizen of This State 1 1 1 Incorporated or Principal Place 4 4 4		
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	66 4 Diversity	of Business In This State Citizen of Another State		
	(Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)	Citizen or Subject of a		
IV. NATURE OF SUIT				
□ 110 Insurance □ 120 Marine □ 130 Miller Act □ 140 Negotiable Instrument □ 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment □ 151 Medicare Act □ 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excl. Veterans) □ 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits □ 160 Stockholders' Suits □ 190 Other Contract □ 195 Contract Product Liability □ 196 Franchise REAL PROPERTY □ 210 Land Condemnation □ 220 Foreclosure □ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment □ 240 Torts to Land □ 245 Tort Product Liability □ 290 All Other Real Property	PERSONAL INJURY 310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers' Liability 340 Marine 340 Marine 345 Marine Product Liability 350 Motor Vehicle 355 Motor Vehicle 365 Other Personal Product Liability 368 Asbestos Person Injury Product Liability 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage Product Liability 368 Asbestos Person Injury Product Liability 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage Product Liability 385 Property Damage Product Liability 368 Asbestos Person Injury Product Liability 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage Product Liability 385 Property Damage Product Liability 365 Personal Injury PERSONAL PROPEE 370 Other Fraud Property Damage Product Liability 385 Property Damage Souther Souther Praud 380 Other Personal 380 Other Personal Property Damage Product Liability 385 Property Damage Product Liability 385 Property Damage Product Liability 385 Property Damage Souther Souther Praud 380 Other Prau	G20 Other Food & Drug G25 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 G25 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 G25 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 G25 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 G25 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 G25 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 G25 Commerce G25 Drug Related Seizure of PROPERTY RIGHTS G25 Commerce G25 Drug Related Seizure G25 Drug Relations G25 Drug Related Seizure G25 Drug PROPERTY RIGHTS G25 Drug Related Seizure G25 Drug Related Seizure G25 Drug PROPERTY RIGHTS G25 Drug Related Seizure G25 Drug PROPERTY RIGHTS G25 Drug Property Drug Property PROPERTY RIGHTS G25 Drug Property Drug		
☑1 Original ☐ 2 F	tate Court Appellate Court	Appeal to District Reinstated or Reopened Appeal to District Appeal to District Appeal to District Appeal to District Multidistrict Litigation Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment		
VI. CAUSE OF ACTION		are filing (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity):		
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:		DEMAND \$ CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint: JURY DEMAND: Yes No		
VIII. RELATED CAS IF ANY	E(S) (See instructions): JUDGE	DOCKET NUMBER		
DATE 06/22/2016	SIGNATURE OF A	TTORNEY OF RECORD		
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY RECEIPT #	AMOUNT APPLYING IFP	JUDGE MAG. JUDGE		