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	similarly situated			
12				
13	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT			
14	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA			
15				
16	JAMES EASHOO, individually and on CASE NO. 2:15-cv-0			
17	behalf of all others similarly situated, (Assigned to the Honey			
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CASE NO. 2:15-cv-01726-BRO-PJW (Assigned to the Honorable Beverly Reid O'Connell)

CLASS ACTION

NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT

Date: November 9, 2015

Time: 1:30 p.m.

Crtrm: 14 - Spring St. Floor

INC.,

Defendant.

IOVATE HEALTH SCIENCES U.S.A.,

Plaintiff,

VS.

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PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on November 9, 2015, at 1:30 p.m. or as soon thereafter as the matter may be heard in the Courtroom of the Honorable Beverly Reid O'Connell, United States District Court, Central District of California, Central Division, Plaintiff James Eashoo will and hereby does move the Court, pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(e), for the entry of an Order:

- Preliminarily approving the Settlement Agreement between Plaintiff James Eashoo and Defendant Iovate Health Sciences U.S.A., Inc.;
 - 2. Directing notice of the proposed settlement to the Class; and
 - 3. Setting a schedule for the final approval process.

The grounds for this motion are that the proposed settlement is within the necessary range of reasonableness to justify granting preliminary approval.

This motion is based upon this Notice of Motion and Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class Action Settlement, the Declaration of Daniel L. Warshaw, the pleading and papers on file in this action, and such oral and documentary evidence as may be presented at the hearing on this motion.

DATED: October 9, 2015

PEARSON, SIMON & WARSHAW, LLP DANIEL L. WARSHAW **BOBBY POUYA** MATTHEW A. PEARSON ALEXANDER R. SAFYAN

By: /s/ Daniel L. Warshaw DANIEL L. WARSHAW Attorneys for Plaintiff James Eashoo, individually and on behalf of all others

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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

This class action is centered on allegations that Defendant Iovate Health Sciences U.S.A., Inc. ("Iovate") "spiked" its protein supplements with non-protein compounds to artificially inflate the claimed amount of protein contained therein. Rather than litigate this case through class certification and trial, and face the uncertainties that come therewith, Plaintiff James Eashoo ("Plaintiff" or "Eashoo") and Iovate engaged in arm's-length settlement negotiations with the assistance of a respected and experienced neutral, the Honorable Dickran M. Tevrizian (Ret.). As a result of these settlement negotiations, Plaintiff has obtained a nationwide class action Settlement, which provides substantial monetary and injunctive relief to purchasers of Iovate protein supplements and adequately remedies the harm alleged by Plaintiff.

The Settlement Agreement creates a \$2.5 million non-reversionary common fund in which Class Members can participate and obtain refunds for their eligible purchases in three ways: (1) filing a claim using receipts for a 100% refund of the amount(s) shown on the receipt for each Protein Product² up to \$300 per household; (2) filing a claim by submitting proof of purchase to redeem the suggested retail price for each Protein Product up to \$300 per household; or (3) filing a claim without any receipt or proof of purchase to receive \$10.00 per Protein Product up to

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All capitalized terms herein shall have the definitions set forth in the Settlement Agreement unless otherwise stated. The Settlement Agreement is attached to the

Agreement unless otherwise stated. The Settlement Agreement is attached to the Declaration of Daniel L. Warshaw as Exh. 1.

² The term "Protein Products" is defined in the Settlement Agreement and herein as any of the protein supplements distributed by Defendant under any brand name including MuscleTech, Six Star, Epic, or fuel:one during the Class Period. (Settlement Agreement § 1.32.)

 $\mathbf{1} \parallel \$50.00$ per household.

Additionally, the Settlement provides for injunctive relief that requires Iovate to accurately test, measure and disclose the amount of protein in the Protein Products by eliminating amino acids, creatine, and other nitrogen producing non-protein compounds from its protein calculations. This injunctive relief directly addresses the allegations in this lawsuit and ensures that consumers will be able to make informed purchasing decisions regarding the Protein Products.

When weighed against the risks, costs, delay, and uncertainties of continuing the litigation, the Settlement constitutes an excellent result that is fair, adequate, and reasonable, and comports with all of the criteria for preliminary approval. Furthermore, the notice plan contemplated by the Settlement Agreement and detailed herein complies with the applicable law and is the best notice practicable for this case. Accordingly, Plaintiff requests that the Court grant preliminary approval to the proposed Settlement, direct distribution of notice to the Settlement Class, and set a schedule for final approval of the Settlement.

II. FACTUAL AND PROCEDURAL HISTORY

Plaintiff originally filed this class action lawsuit on March 10, 2015. (Dkt. 1 and Declaration of Daniel L. Warshaw ("Warshaw Decl."), ¶ 5.) Plaintiff thereafter filed the operative First Amended Complaint ("FAC") on April 10, 2015. (Dkt. 16.) The FAC alleges causes of action on behalf of Plaintiff and a putative nationwide class of purchasers of Iovate Protein Products since March 10, 2011 for: (1) violation of the California Consumers Legal Remedies Act, Cal. Civ. Code §§ 1770 et seq. ("CLRA"); (2) breach of express warranty; (3) negligent misrepresentation; (4) violations of California's false advertising law, Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17500 et seq. ("FAL"); (5) violation of the Magnuson-Moss Warranty Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 2301, et seq.; and (6) violation of California's unfair competition law, Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17200 et seq. ("UCL").

The crux of Plaintiff's lawsuit is that Iovate engaged in a practice commonly

referred to as "protein spiking," whereby it added creatine, amino acids, and other non-protein ingredients in the Protein Products that falsely registered as proteins under certain nitrogen based protein testing methods. (Dkt. 15, ¶¶ 26-29.) Plaintiff alleged that by counting these non-protein ingredients as proteins, Iovate misled consumers by artificially increasing the claimed protein content of the Protein Products. Plaintiff further alleged that Iovate misrepresented the qualities and benefits of the Protein Products by double counting these amino acids and non-protein compounds towards the amount of protein, and separately claiming that the products contain these compounds "in addition to proteins." (Id., ¶ 30.) Plaintiff alleged that as a result of Iovate's material misrepresentations, Plaintiff and other similarly situated consumers were induced into purchasing or paying more for Iovate's Protein Products than they otherwise would have.

The parties exchanged Rule 26 initial disclosures on April 13, 2015 and engaged in pre-certification discovery. In response to Plaintiff's discovery requests, Iovate has produced over 1,000 pages of documents, relating to the testing, formulation, advertising, promotion, sales, protein content, and protein calculation of the Protein Products. (Warshaw Decl., \P 6.) Plaintiff also took the deposition of Iovate's Rule 30(b)(6) witness, Derek Smith, regarding these same subjects on April 30, 2015. (*Id.*, \P 7.) Iovate took the deposition of Plaintiff James Eashoo on May 5, 2015. (*Id.*, \P 8.)

Iovate filed a Motion to Dismiss on May 11, 2015. (Dkt. 32 and Warshaw Decl., ¶ 9.) After the Motion to Dismiss was filed, the parties continued to meet and confer regarding the arguments raised in the Motion. (Warshaw Decl., ¶ 9.) As a result of these discussions, and in an effort to narrow the issues before the Court, on June 7, 2015, Iovate withdrew its initial Motion to Dismiss. (Dkt. 36 and Warshaw Decl., ¶ 10.) On June 19, 2015, Iovate filed a new Motion to Dismiss, arguing that Plaintiff's claims are preempted by the regulations of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetics Act ("FDCA") relating to the calculation of the protein content

Motion to Dismiss on July 27, 2015, (Dkt. 39 and Warshaw Decl., ¶ 11), and
Defendant filed its Reply on August 3, 2015. (Dkt. 40.) Defendant's Motion to
Dismiss was scheduled to be heard on August 17, 2015. (Dkt. 39 & Warshaw Decl., ¶ 11.)
In May 2015, the parties attended an initial mediation session with Judge
Tevrizian. (Warshaw Decl., ¶ 12.) This initial mediation did not result in a

in dietary supplements. (Dkt. 38.) Plaintiff filed his opposition to Iovate's second

In May 2015, the parties attended an initial mediation session with Judge Tevrizian. (Warshaw Decl., ¶ 12.) This initial mediation did not result in a successful resolution of the case. (*Id.*) However, the parties, with the assistance of Judge Tevrizian, continued to engage in settlement talks. (*See id.*, ¶ 13.) These settlement discussions were robust and hotly contested, and at times it appeared that a Settlement could not be achieved. (*See id.*)

Under Judge Tevrizian's supervision, the parties ultimately reached agreement on the essential terms of a settlement with a full and complete understanding of the relevant facts and circumstances surrounding this litigation. (*See Id.*) The parties filed their Notice of Settlement on August 12, 2015. (Dkt. 41 and Warshaw Decl., ¶ 15.) The parties did not discuss or reach any agreement on attorneys' fees, costs, or incentive awards prior to finalizing the terms of the relief to the Class Members. (Warshaw Decl., ¶ 14.) The parties finalized the Settlement Agreement on September 21, 2015. (*See* Settlement Agreement, Warshaw Decl., at Exh. 1.)

III. SUMMARY OF THE SETTLEMENT

The Settlement Agreement provides for a Non-Reversionary Common Fund that will be used to pay Class Member claims, administration costs, attorneys' fees, and expenses in this litigation. Under the Settlement Agreement, participating Class Members will receive a **one hundred percent** refund up to \$300 if they submit receipts or proof of purchase, or up to \$50 without any receipts or proof of purchase. The Settlement Agreement also provides significant injunctive relief in the form of modifications to the labels of Iovate's Protein Products. The material terms of the

1 | Settlement Agreement are set forth below.

A. Class Member Relief

1. Monetary Relief

Pursuant to the Settlement Agreement, Iovate will provide a refund to Class Members who submit a timely and valid Claim Form. Settlement Class Members will be eligible to obtain monetary relief either with or without proof of purchase paid from the Settlement Fund. The Settlement allows Class Members to choose one of the following claim methods: (1) Settlement Class Members who submit valid receipts showing purchases of one or more Protein Products will receive a 100% refund of the amount(s) shown on the Receipt(s), up to \$300 per household; (2) Settlement Class Members who submit valid proof of purchase other than receipts (e.g. Protein Product labels, SKUs, etc.), will receive a refund for the suggested retail price of each Protein Product, up to \$300 per household; or (3) Settlement Class Members who do not provide a receipt or proof of purchase, but affirm under penalty of perjury that they purchased a Protein Product during the Class Period, will receive \$10.00 per Protein Product, up to \$50.00 per household. (*See* Settlement Agreement § 4.3.2.)

The Settlement Fund created by the Settlement Agreement is designed to maximize the recovery of Class Members. As such, any amounts remaining in the fund after all claims have been paid will be distributed to Class Members who made valid claims. (*See* Settlement Agreement § 4.3.6.) Under no circumstance will any funds revert back to Iovate. (*Id.*)

2. <u>Injunctive Relief</u>

The Settlement also requires Iovate to provide injunctive relief to the Class by modifying the testing, labeling, packaging, and advertising for its Protein Products to insure that the nitrogen content attributed to amino acids, creatine, and other non-protein substances therein are not included in the protein calculation. (*See* Settlement Agreement § 4.1.1.) This injunctive relief is significant because it

directly addresses and remedies the central allegation in Plaintiff's lawsuit—that nitrogen from amino acids, creatine, and other non-protein substances artificially inflated the amount of claimed protein in the Protein Products.

B. Narrowly Tailored Release

The Settlement Agreement contains a narrowly tailored Class Member release that is specifically limited to the claims arising out of or relating to the Complaint during the Class Period. (*Id.* § 6.1.) As set forth herein, these allegations are limited to Plaintiff's claims that Iovate misrepresented and artificially inflated the true protein content of the Protein Products.

C. Cost of Administration and Class Notice

Under the Settlement Agreement, all costs and expenses of administering the Settlement and providing Notice in accordance with the Preliminary Approval Order shall be distributed from the Non-Reversionary Common Fund. (Settlement Agreement § 5.1.1.) The parties have selected Rust Consulting, Inc. ("Rust") as the claims administrator, and Kinsella Media, Inc. ("Kinsella") as the notice provider.

IV. THE COURT SHOULD PRELIMINARILY APPROVE THE SETTLEMENT

A. Standard for Preliminary Approval

Rule 23(e) requires court approval of any settlement of claims of a settlement class. It is well-settled that there is "a strong judicial policy that favors settlements, particularly where complex class action litigation is concerned." *Class Plaintiffs v. City of Seattle*, 955 F.2d 1268, 1276 (9th Cir. 1992); *see also Churchill Vill.*, *L.L.C. v. Gen. Elec.*, 361 F.3d 566, 576 (9th Cir. 2004); *In re Syncor ERISA Litig.*, 516 F.3d 1095, 1101 (9th Cir. 2008).

To grant preliminary approval of a class action settlement, a court need only find that the settlement is within "the range of reasonableness" to justify publishing and sending notice of the settlement to Class Members and scheduling final approval proceedings. *See In re Tableware Antitrust Litig.*, 484 F.Supp.2d 1078,

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1079-80 (N.D. Cal. 2007); Newberg on Class Actions § 13:15 (5th ed.). Preliminary			
approval should be granted where "the proposed settlement appears to be the			
product of serious, informed, non-collusive negotiations, has no obvious			
deficiencies, does not improperly grant preferential treatment to class			
representatives or segments of the class, and falls within the range of possible			
approval." Vasquez v. Coast Valley Roofing, Inc., 670 F.Supp.2d 1114, 1125 (E.D.			
Cal. 2009).			

The approval of a proposed class action settlement "is committed to the sound discretion of the trial judge." Hanlon v. Chrysler Corp., 150 F.3d 1011, 1026 (9th Cir. 1998). In exercising this discretion, however, courts must give "proper deference to the private consensual decision of the parties" because "the court's intrusion upon what is otherwise a private consensual agreement negotiated between the parties to a lawsuit must be limited to the extent necessary to reach a reasoned judgment that the agreement is not the product of fraud or overreaching by, or collusion between, the negotiating parties, and the settlement, taken as a whole, is fair, reasonable and adequate to all concerned." *Id.* at 1027.

In making a preliminary determination of the fairness, reasonableness, and adequacy of a class action settlement, the trial court must balance a number of factors, including:

- (1) the strength of the plaintiff's case; (2) the risk, expense, complexity, and likely duration of further litigation; (3) the risk of maintaining class action status throughout the trial; (4) the amount offered in settlement;
- (5) the extent of discovery completed and the stage of the proceedings;
- (6) the experience and views of counsel; (7) the presence of a governmental participant; and (8) the reaction of the Class Members to the proposed settlement.

Churchill Vill., 361 F.3d at 575; see also Torrisi v. Tucson Elec. Power Co., 8 F.3d 1370, 1375 (9th Cir. 1993). At the preliminary approval stage, a final analysis of the settlement's merits is not warranted. Instead, a more detailed assessment is

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27 28 reserved for final approval, after class notice has been sent and Class Members have had the opportunity to object to, or opt out of, the settlement. See Moore's Fed. Prac. § 23.165 (3d ed. 2009).

В. The Settlement Provides Substantial Relief to the Class and is Well Within the Necessary Range of Reasonableness

The Settlement in this case is fair, reasonable, and adequate and should be approved by the Court because it provides substantial monetary relief and injunctive relief to Settlement Class Members. Significantly, the Settlement Agreement will provide up to \$300 for claimants with proof of purchase and up to \$50 for claimants without proof of purchase, and requires Iovate to modify its testing protocols and procedures to ensure that creatine, amino acids, and other non-protein compounds are not counted towards the protein calculation. As detailed below, the factors to be considered by the Court weigh heavily in favor of preliminary approval, because the Settlement Agreement adequately remedies the false advertising claims alleged by Plaintiff in this class action lawsuit.

The Strength of Plaintiff's Case Compared to the Risk, 1. Expense, Complexity, and Likely Duration of Further Litigation

Although risks and expenses apply to any lawsuit, these elements were significant in this case and weigh strongly in favor of approving the Settlement. As set forth above, Plaintiff's lawsuit alleges that Iovate misled consumers because the Protein Products contained less protein than the represented amount. The basis for Plaintiff's lawsuit was that Iovate added or "spiked" its Protein Products with creatine, amino acids, and other nitrogen based non-protein additives, which falsely registered as proteins under certain testing methods.

Iovate vigorously defended its protein testing methodology and asserted that Plaintiff's claims were without merit. Furthermore, Iovate brought a Motion to

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Dismiss on grounds that its protein testing methods and procedures complied with federal law under the FDCA. Defendant argued that Plaintiff's lawsuit asserting violations of California law were preempted by the FDCA and could not proceed past the pleading stage. Although Plaintiff believes that he would have defeated Iovate's Motion to Dismiss, there was no guarantee that Plaintiff would have overcome the preemption argument. Even if Plaintiff did defeat Iovate's Motion to Dismiss, Iovate was likely going to assert preemption as a defense to class certification and trial.

If the parties did not reach a settlement, Iovate would have undoubtedly asserted additional legal and factual defenses at class certification, summary judgment, and trial. Thus, there was no guarantee that Plaintiff would have been able to certify a nationwide class and obtain any recovery on behalf of the Class Members. Even if Plaintiff prevailed at class ertification and trial, it was uncertain whether he could recover damages in the full amount of the purchase price of the Protein Products, as permitted under the Settlement. See Ivie v. Kraft Foods Global, Inc., 2015 WL 183910, at * 2 (N.D. Cal. Jan. 14, 2015) (advocating for the price premium model for damages rather than awarding the full purchase price of the misbranded products). As such, in the absence of the Settlement, Plaintiff would have faced significant litigation risks and no substantial prospect of obtaining a better result on behalf of the Class Members.

Plaintiff would have also incurred substantial litigation expenses in order to litigate this case through class certification and trial. In addition to ordinary litigation expenses (e.g. filing fees, travel, court reporters, etc.), Plaintiff would have had to incur expert fees and conduct substantial expert discovery in order to demonstrate the Protein Products contained less protein than the amount claimed by Iovate, and Plaintiff's claims could be litigated through trial on a class-wide basis.

Finally, since this case was in its early stages and the Court had not yet set a trial date or pre-trial schedule, Plaintiff would have had to litigate this case for a

lengthy and unknown duration of time in order to prevail at class certification and trial. A successful result at trial may have also resulted in a post-trial appeal by Iovate. Therefore, this Settlement provides complete relief to the Class without the delay and risk of further litigation.

In light of the above, the litigation risks, expense, complexity, and duration of further litigation weigh heavily in favor of granting preliminary approval, especially when weighed against the substantial monetary and injunctive relief provided by the Settlement.

2. The Amount Offered in Settlement

The benefits offered by the Settlement Agreement also weigh heavily in favor of preliminary approval. As detailed above, the Settlement Agreement creates a \$2.5 million Non-Reversionary Common Fund that provides substantial monetary relief to the Class Members. Specifically, claimants can obtain a 100% refund up to \$300 if they provide receipts or proof of purchase of one or more of Iovate's Protein Products. (Settlement Agreement §§ 4.3.2.1, 4.3.2.2.) This relief is arguably more than claimants would have been able to obtain at trial, because it refunds the full purchase price of the Protein Products, rather than limiting damages to the price premium attributable to Iovate's alleged misrepresentations. *See Ivie*, 2015 WL 183910, at * 2.

The Settlement Agreement also allows Class Members without any proof of purchase to receive \$10 per Protein Product, up to \$50 per household, if they swear or affirm under penalty of perjury that they purchased one or more Iovate Protein Products during the Class Period. (Settlement Agreement § 4.3.2.3.) This option for recovery is significant because it ensures that Class Members can participate in a manner that is convenient and does not require them to maintain or submit proof of past purchases.

Class Members will also benefit from injunctive relief that requires Iovate to eliminate nitrogen attributed to amino acids, creatine, and other non-protein 10

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ingredients, from the amount of protein claimed in the Protein Products. (Settlement Agreement § 4.1.1.) This injunctive relief specifically remedies the misrepresentations alleged in the FAC, and ensures that future consumers will make informed decisions relating to the purchase of the Protein Products.

When viewed in light of the risks and costs of further litigation, these remedies constitute an exceptional result for the Class and justify granting preliminary approval of the Settlement.

3. The Risk of Maintaining Class Action Status Through Trial

As set out more fully below, Plaintiff submits that this action could be properly maintained as a class action. However, Iovate would have undoubtedly vigorously opposed class certification, and there was no guarantee that Plaintiff would be able to certify the Class and maintain class action status through trial. These arguments asserted by Iovate in opposition to class certification would have likely included attacks on almost every factor for class certification, including ascertainability, typicality, adequacy of representation, and the existence of common issues. Defendant would have likely argued that common issues did not predominate because of variations in damages and Class Members' reliance on the alleged protein content misrepresentations. (*See* Dkt. 38, Motion to Dismiss, at p. 1 (discussing the purported benefits of the creatine and amino acids added to the Protein Products.)) Plaintiff's ability to maintain class certification status through trial may have also been impacted by an unforeseen intervening change in law.

Although Plaintiff is confident that this action could be certified as a class action, the risk of maintaining class action status throughout trial weighs in favor of preliminary approval.

4. The Extent of Discovery Completed and the Stage of the Proceedings

Although the case is in its early stages, the parties have conducted sufficient discovery to allow them to make an informed decision regarding the legal and

factual sufficiency of the Settlement Agreement. (Warshaw Decl., ¶ 16.) Prior to filing this lawsuit, Plaintiff and his counsel conducted a thorough investigation into the facts of the case, including conducting independent testing of the Protein Products. (Id., ¶ 4.) After Plaintiff filed the lawsuit, the parties exchanged Rule 26 initial disclosures on April 13, 2015. (Id., ¶ 6.) Plaintiff then served Iovate with a Rule 30(b)(6) deposition notice and corresponding requests for production of documents relating to the testing, formulation, advertising, promotion, sales, protein content, and protein calculation of the Protein Products. (Id., ¶ 6.) In response to this discovery, Iovate produced, and Plaintiff reviewed, over 1,000 pages of documents. (Id.) On April 30, 2015, Plaintiff took the deposition of Iovate's Rule 30(b)(6) witness, Derek Smith, regarding the core facts and allegations underlying Plaintiff's claims. (Id., ¶ 7.) Iovate then took the deposition of Plaintiff on May 5, 2015. (Id., ¶ 8.)

The Settlement Agreement further requires Iovate to produce additional confirmatory discovery regarding its sales revenue to verify the financial basis and assumptions in the Settlement Agreement. (Settlement Agreement § 11.1.) In addition to this formal discovery, the parties engaged in the informal exchange of relevant facts and information through the mediation and settlement negotiation process. (Warshaw Decl., ¶ 13.) This discovery and investigation provided the parties and Judge Tevrizian with sufficient evidence and understanding of the facts to evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of Plaintiff's claims, and make an informed decision to enter into the Settlement Agreement. (*Id.*)

5. The Experience and Views of Counsel

Preliminary approval is further justified by the fact that Plaintiff and the Class are represented by counsel from Pearson, Simon & Warshaw, LLP, who have extensive experience in class action litigation, have negotiated numerous other class action settlements, and have the ability to litigate this case on a class-wide basis through trial if the parties failed to reach a fair settlement. (Warshaw Decl., ¶ 17.)

Class Counsel were satisfied with the Settlement Agreement only after conducting

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2 intensive settlement negotiations with the assistance of Judge Tevrizian and 3 thorough investigation into the factual and legal issues raised in this case. (Id., ¶¶ 4 13, 16.) Class Counsel drew on their considerable experience and expertise in 5 negotiating and evaluating the Settlement, and in determining that the Settlement Agreement was reasonable and provided substantive relief to the Class. (See id., ¶¶ 6 13, 17, 18, 23.) 7 8 V. THE COURT SHOULD CERTIFY A SETTLEMENT CLASS 9 FOR SETTLEMENT PURPOSES

Before granting preliminary approval of a settlement, the Court must determine that the proposed Settlement Class is a proper class for settlement purposes. Manual for Complex Litig. (4th ed. 2004) § 21.632; Amchem Prods., 521 U.S. at 620. Certification is appropriate where the proposed class and the proposed class representatives meet the four requirements of Rule 23(a)—numerosity, commonality, typicality and adequacy of representation—and one of the three requirements of Rule 23(b).

Here, Plaintiff seeks certification pursuant to Rules 23(a) and 23(b)(3) on behalf of the Settlement Class, consisting of: "all persons in the United States of America who purchased one or more of Defendant's Protein Products at any time during the [March 10, 2011 and the date of Preliminary Approval]. Excluded from the Settlement Class are any officers, directors, or employees of Iovate, and the immediate family member of any such person. Also excluded from the Settlement Class is any judge who may preside over this case." (Settlement Agreement §§ 1.9, 1.41.) For the reasons set forth below, all of the required elements of class certification are satisfied.

The Requirements of Rule 23(a) Are Satisfied A.

"Rule 23(a) ensures that the named plaintiffs are appropriate representatives of the class whose claims they wish to litigate." Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. v. Dukes, 131 NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT

15165 VENTURA BOULEVARD, SUITE 400 SHERMAN OAKS, CALIFORNIA 91403

- S. Ct. 2541, 2550 (2011). Under Rule 23(a), the party seeking certification must demonstrate that:
 - (1) the class is so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable;
 - (2) there are questions of law or fact common to the class;
 - (3) the claims or defenses of the representative parties are typical of the claims or defenses of the class; and
 - (4) the representative parties will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the class.

9 Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a).

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1. **Numerosity**

Rule 23(a)(1) requires that the class be "so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable." Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a)(1). "Where the exact size of the class is unknown, but general knowledge and common sense indicate that it is large, the numerosity requirement is satisfied." In re Abbott Labs. Norvir Anti-trust Litig., Case Nos. C 04-1511 CW, C 04-4203 CW, 2007 WL 1689899, at *6 (N.D. Cal. June 11, 2007). Here, there are at least thousands of Settlement Class Members, which easily satisfies the numerosity requirement.

2. **Commonality**

Rule 23(a)(2) requires that there be "questions of law or fact common to the class." Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a)(2). "Commonality requires the plaintiff to demonstrate that the Class Members 'have suffered the same injury.'" Dukes, 131 S. Ct. at 2551 (quoting Gen. Tel. Co. of Sw. v. Falcon, 457 U.S. 147, 157 (1982)). Class members' claims "must depend upon a common contention . . . that is capable of classwide resolution—which means that determination of its truth or falsity will resolve an issue that is central to the validity of each one of the claims in one stroke." *Id.* "What matters to class certification . . . is not the raising of common 'questions' even in droves—but, rather the capacity of a classwide proceeding to generate common answers apt to drive the resolution of the litigation." Id.

Here, the claims of all Class Members depend upon a common contention that Iovate misrepresented the true amount of protein content in Iovate's Protein Products by engaging in protein "spiking." All Class Members' claims are based upon the same alleged conduct by Iovate, resulting in the litigation of common legal issues. Further, the common questions of law and fact presented in this case could only be efficiently resolved in a classwide proceeding that would generate common answers to those questions.

3. Typicality

Rule 23(a)(3) is satisfied if "the claims or defenses of the representative parties are typical of the claims or defenses of the class." Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a)(3). "Under the rule's permissive standards, representative claims are 'typical' if they are reasonably co-extensive with those of absent Class Members; they need not be substantially identical." *Hanlon*, 150 F.3d at 1020. "The test of typicality is whether other members have the same or similar injury, whether the action is based on conduct which is not unique to the named plaintiffs, and whether other Class Members have been injured by the same course of conduct." *Hanon v. Dataproducts Corp.*, 976 F.2d 497, 508 (9th Cir. 1992) (internal quotations omitted).

Here, Plaintiff is a consumer who purchased the Protein Products as a dietary supplement. Like similarly situated Class Members, Plaintiff relied on Iovate's representations about the protein content and composition of its Protein Products in making his purchase. Plaintiff's experience is not unique, but rather illustrative of the experience of other Class Members. Accordingly, Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the Class.

4. Adequacy of Representation

Rule 23(a)(4) permits class certification only if "the representative parties will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the class." Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a)(4). "This factor requires: (1) that the proposed representative plaintiffs do not have

Therefore, this action is appropriate for class certification for settlement 16

conflicts of interest with the proposed class, and (2) that Plaintiffs are represented by qualified and competent counsel." *Dukes*, 603 F.3d at 614, *rev'd on other grounds*, 131 S. Ct. 2541 (2011) (quoting *Hanlon*, 150 F.3d at 1020).

Plaintiff does not have any conflicts of interest with the proposed Class. Plaintiff's claims are identical to the claims of other Class Members and arise from the same conduct by Iovate. Plaintiff and other Class Members have suffered the same injury, and Plaintiff seeks relief equally applicable and beneficial to the Class. Further, Plaintiff is represented by qualified and competent counsel who have the experience and resources necessary to vigorously pursue this action. (*See* Warshaw Decl., ¶ 17 & Exh. 2 ("Firm Resume").) Plaintiff and his counsel are able to fairly and adequately represent the interests of the Class.

B. The Requirements of Rule 23(b)(3) Are Satisfied

In addition to meeting the prerequisites of Rule 23(a), a class action must satisfy at least one of the three conditions of Rule 23(b). Plaintiff submits that the Settlement Class satisfies Rule 23(b)(3). Under Rule 23(b)(3), a class action may be maintained if: "[1] the court finds that the questions of law or fact common to Class Members predominate over any questions affecting only individual members, and [2] that a class action is superior to other available methods for fairly and efficiently adjudicating the controversy." Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(b)(3).

Here, common questions predominate over any individualized inquiries relating to Class Members. Plaintiff's claims are based upon the same conduct of Iovate: misrepresenting the true protein content and composition of their Protein Products. The class claims predominate over any evidential inquiry as the core misrepresentation relates to the fundamental characteristics of the Protein Products, the amount of protein contained therein. Consumers purchase Protein Products for one reason, protein supplementation. The questions of law and fact surrounding this ultimate issue far outweigh any individualized issues regarding Class Members.

purposes, embodying all the hallmarks, both in form and in substance, of class

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VI. THE SETTLEMENT PROVIDES PROPER NOTICE TO THE

CLASS

actions routinely certified in this Circuit.

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Rule 23(e)(1) states that "[t]he court must direct notice in a reasonable manner to all Class Members who would be bound by a proposed settlement, voluntary dismissal, or compromise." Notice to the class must be "the best notice that is practicable under the circumstances, including individual notice to all members who can be identified through reasonable effort." Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(c)(2)(B); see also Amchem Prods., Inc. v. Windsor, 521 U.S. 591, 617 (1997); Mullane v. Cen. Hanover Bank & Trust Co., 229 U.S. 306, 314 (1950). The notice must contain the following information: (1) the nature of the action; (2) the definition of the class; (3) the class claims, issues, or defenses; (4) that any class member may appear at the fairness hearing through an attorney; (5) that the court will exclude from the class any member who requests exclusion; (6) the time and manner for requesting exclusion; and (7) the binding effect of a judgment on Class Members. Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(c)(2)(B).

Where the identity of specific Class Members is not reasonably available, notice by publication is an acceptable method of providing notice. *See In re Tableware Antitrust Litig.*, 484 F.Supp.2d at 1080 (citing *Manual for Complex Litigation* § 21.311 (4th ed. 2004)); Cal. Civ. Code § 1781 (authorizing notice by publication under the CLRA "if personal notification is unreasonably expensive or it appears that all members of the class cannot be notified personally"). Here, Iovate did not directly sell its Protein Products to Class Members so it does not possess contact information for the Class Members.

The primary means of notice in this case will be notice by publication in print format and via the Internet. Class Counsel and Kinsella have determined that internet advertising is the best method to provide targeted notice to the Class, which 17

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is comprised of younger and Internet savvy consumers. The advertising will be targeted to consumers who are interested in health, fitness, and exercising. The Internet-based portion of the notice plan calls for targeted Internet banner advertisements running for four weeks on several popular health and fitness websites, including: (1) Men's Health; (2) Men's Fitness; (3) Muscle & Fitness; (4) Muscle & Fitness Hers; and (5) Flex. Targeted notice will also be provided through Facebook to individuals who have expressed an interest in health and fitness. By advertising on these websites, the notice is expected to result in 50 million impressions³ that are targeted to reach the Class Members.

In addition to Internet advertising, the notice plan calls for the insertion of quarter-page notices Monday through Thursday for four consecutive weeks in USA Today's Los Angeles and San Francisco regional editions. This print publication plan satisfies the publication requirements of the CLRA.

Plaintiff's counsel will also issue an informational press release over PR Newswire's US1 and National Hispanic newslines. The US1 release will be issued broadly to more than 15,000 media outlets, including newspapers, magazines, national wire services, television, radio, and online media in all 50 states. The Hispanic newsline reaches over 7,000 U.S. Hispanic media contacts including online placement of approximately 100 Hispanic websites nationally.

The content of the notice complies with the requirements of Rule 23(c)(2)(B). As seen in both the Long Form and Short Form notices attached to the Settlement Agreement, the notice describes the nature of the action, states the definition of the class, explains the binding effect of the judgment on Class Members, and provides

[&]quot;Impressions" are defined as the number of times a user was exposed to the advertisement.

all of the necessary information for Class Members to appear at the fairness hearing, file a claim, object to the settlement, and/or exclude themselves from the Class.

Accordingly, the Court should approve the proposed notice plan.

THE COURT SHOULD SET A FINAL APPROVAL HEARING **SCHEDULE**

The last step in the settlement approval process is the final approval hearing, at which the Court may hear all evidence and argument necessary to evaluate the proposed settlement. At that hearing, proponents of the settlement may explain and describe their terms and conditions and offer argument in support of settlement approval. Members of the Class—or their counsel—may be heard in support of or in opposition to the settlement. Plaintiff proposes the following schedule for final approval of the settlement:

Date	Action
Within 30 days after	Commencement of Notice to the Class
entry of the Order	Members ("Notice Date")
Granting Preliminary	
Approval	
45 days after the	Deadline to file Plaintiff's Motion for
Notice Date	Attorneys' Fees, Costs, and Incentive
	Award
60 days after the	Deadline for Class Members to file a claim,
Notice Date	opt-out, or object to the Settlement
	Agreement and Plaintiff's Motion for
	Attorneys' Fees, Costs, and Incentive
	Award
75 days after the	Deadline to file Plaintiff's Motion for Final
Notice Date	Approval of the Settlement Agreement
75 days after the	Deadline for the parties to respond to any
Notice Date	objection to the Settlement Agreement
	and/or Plaintiff's Motion for Attorneys'
	Fees, Costs, and Incentive Award
100 days after the	Final approval/fairness hearing
Notice Date	

VIII. ATTORNEYS' FEES AND COSTS AND ENHANCEMENT **AWARDS**

The Settlement Agreement states that Class Counsel may apply to the Court for an award of attorneys' fees and costs in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the \$2.5 million Non-Reversionary Common Fund (i.e. up to \$625,000) and expenses and verified costs in an amount not to exceed \$15,000.00. (Settlement Agreement, § 9.1.) The Settlement Agreement also allows Plaintiff to apply to the Court for an enhancement award of \$5,000. (Settlement Agreement, § 9.2.) The enhancement award is designed to reward the class representative for his service to the Class, and is consistent with Ninth Circuit precedent that holds enhancement awards cannot be conditioned on class representatives' support for the settlement. See Radcliffe v. Experian Info. Solutions, Inc., 715 F.3d 1157, 1161 (9th Cir. 2013).

The Notice will explain the forthcoming motion for attorneys' fees, costs, and enhancement award so that Class Members will be aware of the proposed requests. The motion for attorneys' fees, costs, and enhancement awards will be filed a reasonable time before the deadline for objections. See In re Mercury Interactive Corp. Sec. Litig., 618 F.3d 988, 995 (9th Cir. 2010) (holding that Class Members should have adequate time to review motion for attorneys' fees before deadline for objections).

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CONCLUSION IX.

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Based on the foregoing, Plaintiff respectfully requests that the Court grant preliminary approval of the Settlement Agreement, approve the proposed notice plan, and establish a final approval hearing schedule.

DATED: October 9, 2015

PEARSON, SIMON & WARSHAW, LLP DANIEL L. WARSHAW **BOBBY POUYA** MATTHEW A. PEARSON ALEXANDER R. SAFYAN

/s/ Daniel L. Warshaw By: DANIEL L. WARSHAW

Attorneys for Plaintiff James Eashoo, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated

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	17acsimic. (616) 766-6104			
10	Attorneys for Plaintiff James Eashoo,			
11	individually and on behalf of all others			
	similarly situated			
12				
13	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT			
14	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA			
15				
16	JAMES EASHOO, individually and on CASE NO. 2:15-cv-0			

CASE NO. 2:15-cv-01726-BRO-PJW (Assigned to the Honorable Beverly Reid O'Connell)

behalf of all others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

VS.

IOVATE HEALTH SCIENCES U.S.A., INC.,

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23 Defendant.

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CLASS ACTION

DECLARATION OF DANIEL L. WARSHAW IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT

Date: November 9, 2015

Time: 1:30 p.m.

Crtrm: 14 - Spring St. Floor

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- I, Daniel L. Warshaw, declare as follows:
- 1. I am an attorney duly licensed to practice law in the State of California and before this Court. I am a partner in the law firm Pearson, Simon & Warshaw, LLP ("PSW"), attorneys or record for Plaintiff James Eashoo ("Plaintiff") and the Class in this case. I make this declaration in support of the Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class Action Settlement. I have personal knowledge of the following matters and, if called to testify concerning them, I could and would do so competently.
- 2. Attached hereto as Exhibit 1 is a true and correct copy of the Settlement Agreement entered into by the parties.
- 3. Attached hereto as Exhibit 2 is a true and correct copy of PSW's firm resume.
- 4. Prior to filing this lawsuit, PSW conducted a thorough investigation into the facts of this case, which included independent third party testing of the protein content of the Protein Products. That testing verified that the amount of protein was less than the amount that Iovate claimed was contained in its Protein Products.
- 5. On March 10, 2015, PSW filed the instant action on behalf of Plaintiff and the Class in the United States District Court, Central District of California.
- 6. The parties exchanged Rule 26 initial disclosures on April 13, 2015, and engaged in pre-certification discovery. In response to Plaintiff's discovery requests, Iovate has produced over 1,000 pages of documents, relating to the testing, formulation, advertising, promotion, sales, protein content, and protein calculation of the Protein Products.
- 7. Plaintiff took the deposition of Iovate's Rule 30(b)(6) witness, Derek Smith, regarding these same subjects on April 30, 2015. However, prior to the deposition, PSW carefully analyzed the documents produced by Iovate.
 - 8. Iovate took the deposition of Plaintiff James Eashoo on May 5, 2015.

- 9. Iovate filed a Motion to Dismiss on May 11, 2015, prior to any settlement discussions. The motion was made on several grounds including preemption, statute of limitations, failure to provide proper notice under the Magnuson-Moss Warranty Act, and failure to comply with Rule 9(b). After the motion was filed, I engaged in further meet and confer discussions with Iovate's counsel in an effort to narrow the issues for the court to decide.
- 10. Based on these discussions Iovate withdrew its Motion to Dismiss, on June 7, 2015, and agreed to file a narrower Motion to Dismiss.
- 11. On June 19, 2015, Iovate re-filed its Motion to Dismiss, arguing that Plaintiff's claims are preempted by the regulations of the Food, Drug and Cosmetics Act ("FDCA"), relating to the calculation of the protein content in dietary supplements. Plaintiff filed his opposition to Iovate's second Motion to Dismiss on July 27, 2015, and was scheduled to be heard on August 17, 2015.
- 12. On May 14, 2015 the parties attended a full day mediation session at JAMS with the Honorable Dickran M. Tevrizian (Ret.). Despite the parties' best efforts, this initial mediation did not result in a successful resolution of the case.
- 13. However, settlement discussions continued over the next three months under the supervision of Judge Tevrizian. The parties exchanged additional information throughout the mediation process. Numerous telephone conferences were held between the parties and Judge Tevrizian until the parties were able to reach an agreement in August 2015 on all major points of the settlement.
- 14. The parties did not discuss or reach any agreement on attorneys' fees, costs, or incentive awards prior to finalizing the terms of the relief to the Class.
- 15. The parties filed their Notice of Settlement on August 12, 2015, after reaching agreement on the essential terms of the settlement on behalf of the Class.
- 16. The parties then engaged in extensive negotiations pertaining to the terms of the settlement agreement. PSW entered into the Settlement Agreement only after conducting a thorough investigation and discovery, into the nature of the

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- action, the size of the Class, Defendant's conduct, Defendant's sales, and the fairness of the individual recovery in this case. This investigation and discovery provided a legal and factual basis to support the adequacy of the settlement.
- 17. PSW has extensive experience in class action litigation, has negotiated numerous other substantial settlements, and has the ability to litigate this case on a class wide basis had the parties failed to reach a fair settlement.
- 18. The attorneys at PSW have decades of experience handling complex consumer class actions, including cases that involve the types of claims asserted in this case. In addition, PSW has served as lead or co-lead counsel in numerous class actions including: *In re TFT-LCD (Flat Panel) Antitrust Litigation*, MDL No. 1827 (N.D. Cal.), *In re Lithium Ion Batteries Antitrust Litigation*, MDL No. 2330 (N.D. Cal.), *In re Credit Default Swaps Antitrust Litigation*, MDL No. 2476 (S.D.N.Y.), *In re Carrier IQ Consumer Privacy Litigation*, MDL No. 2330 (N.D. Cal.); *In re Warner Music Group Corp. Digital Downloads Litigation*, No. CV 12-0559 (N.D. Cal.); *Sciortino, et al. v. PepsiCo, Inc.*, No. 14-cv-478 (N.D. Cal.); *Senne v. Office of the Commissioner of Baseball et al.*, No. 3:14-cv-00608 (N.D. Cal.). *See generally* Exhibit 2 (PSW firm resume).
- 19. I served as co-lead counsel in *Wolph v. Acer America Corp.*, No. C 09-1314 (N.D. Cal.), a nationally certified class action involving defective Acer computers that resulted in a class wide settlement.
- 20. I also played an integral role in *TFT-LCD*, where I negotiated the ESI protocol and managed a document review process that featured nearly 8 million documents in multiple languages and 136 reviewers. The *TFT-LCD* case resulted in an approximate \$560 million class recovery for direct purchaser plaintiffs.
- 21. Additionally, I currently serve as interim co-lead counsel in *In re Warner Music Group Corp. Digital Downloads Litigation*, No. CV 12-0559-RS (N.D. Cal.) and *James v. UMG Recordings, Inc.*, No. CV 11-1613-SI (N.D. Cal.), cases involving allegations of underpaid royalties to recording artists and producers 4

1	for digital downloads of their music. I am also serving as co-lead counsel in				
2	Sciortino v. PepsiCo, which involves allegations that Pepsi beverages violate				
3	California's Proposition 65. In the order granting PSW's contested motion for lead				
4	counsel, the Honorable Edward M. Chen stated:				
5	PSW [] has extensive experience with complex class				
6	action litigation, including trial experience. PSW [has] demonstrated specific expertise in Proposition-65-related				
7	litigation and have shown the ability and willingness to				
8	commit resources to prosecuting this action.				
9	22. My experience, in addition to the other attorneys at PSW, in leading				
10	these aforementioned complex class action lawsuits, makes PSW uniquely qualified				
11	to serve as class counsel in this case.				
12	23. This settlement provides an exceptional result for the class by				
13	providing a full refund of the purchase price of the Protein Products. Coupled with				
14	the strong injunctive relief requiring Iovate to modify its product labels to stop the				
15	practice of protein spiking, this settlement provides benefits to the class that equal or				
16	surpass the result that could be achieved at trial, without risk or delay. Therefore,				
17	based on my experience, and investigation into the facts of this case, I believe that				
18	the Settlement Agreement is fair, reasonable, and adequate, and should be approved				
19	by the Court.				
20	I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of				
21	America that the foregoing is true and correct.				
22	Executed October 9, 2015, in Sherman Oaks, California.				
23					
24	/s/ Daniel L. Warshaw Daniel L. Warshaw				
25	Daniel L. Waishaw				
26					
27					

EXHIBIT 1

1	DANIEL L. WARSHAW (Bar No. 185365)		
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7	Attorneys for Plaintiff James Eashoo		
8	and the Settlement Class		
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4	Tel: (949) 706-6464 Fax: (949) 706-6469		
5	Attorneys for Defendant		
6	IOVATE HEALTH SCIENCES U.S.A. INC.		
7	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
8			
9	CENTRAL DISTRI	CT OF CALIFORNIA	
0	JAMES EASHOO, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,	Case No. 2:15-cv-1726-BRO-PJW	
2	Plaintiff,	CLASS ACTION	
.3	vs. CLASS ACTION SETTLEMEN		
4	IOVATE HEALTH SCIENCES U.S.A., INC.	AGREEMENT	
5	Defendant.		
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CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

This Class Action Settlement Agreement (the "Settlement"), dated September 30, 2015, is made and entered into by and between the Class Representative James Eashoo, on behalf of himself and the Settlement Class, and Defendant Iovate Health Sciences U.S.A. Inc. to settle and compromise this Action and settle, resolve, and discharge the Released Claims, as defined below, according to the terms and conditions herein.

PREAMBLE

- 1. WHEREAS, on March 10, 2015, Plaintiff James Eashoo ("Plaintiff") filed the above-captioned class action lawsuit against Defendant Iovate Health Sciences U.S.A. Inc. ("Defendant") entitled *Eashoo v. Iovate Health Sciences U.S.A.*, *Inc.*, Case No. 2:15-cv-1726-BRO-PJW.
- 2. WHEREAS, on April 10, 2015, Plaintiff filed a First Amended Class Action Complaint.
- 3. WHEREAS, Plaintiff alleges that Defendant has engaged in acts that violate state consumer protections laws (including California's False Advertising Laws ("FAL"), Bus. & Prof. Code §17500 et seq., California's Unfair Competition Laws ("UCL"), and California's Consumer Legal Remedies Act ("CLRA"), Civil Code § 1750 et seq.), as well as the Magnuson-Moss Warranty Act, 15 U.S.C. § 2301 et seq., breach of express warranty, and negligent misrepresentation, and that as a direct result of such violations, Plaintiff and the putative class have suffered monetary damages and also seek equitable remedies.
- 4. WHEREAS, based upon the discovery taken to date, investigation, and evaluation of the facts and law relating to the matters alleged in the pleadings, plus the risks and uncertainties of continued litigation and all factors bearing on the merits of settlement, Plaintiff has agreed to settle the claims asserted in the Action pursuant to provisions of this Settlement.

NOW, THEREFORE, subject to the Final Approval of the Court as required herein and by applicable law and rules, the Settling Parties hereby agree, in

consideration of the mutual promises and covenants contained herein, that any Released Claims against any Released Parties shall be settled, compromised and forever released upon the following terms and conditions.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE SETTLEMENT

1. **DEFINITIONS**

As used in this Class Action Settlement Agreement and the related documents attached hereto as exhibits, the terms set forth below shall have the meanings set forth below.

- 1.1. "Action" means the civil action entitled *Eashoo v. Iovate Health Sciences U.S.A., Inc.*, Case No. 2:15-cv-1726-BRO-PJW, currently pending in the United States District Court for the Central District of California.
- 1.2 "CAFA Notice" means the notice of this Class Action Settlement Agreement to the appropriate federal and state officials in the United States, as provided by the Class Action Fairness Act of 2005, 28 U.S.C. § 1715, and as further described in Paragraph 5.1.4.
- 1.3. "Claim" or "Settlement Claim" means a claim for payment submitted by a Settlement Class Member to the Claims Administrator as provided in this Class Action Settlement Agreement.
- 1.4. "Claim Form" or "Settlement Claim Form" means a claim form, substantially in the form of Exhibit A attached hereto, to be submitted by Claimants seeking payment pursuant to this Class Action Settlement Agreement to the Claims Administrator.
- 1.5. "Claimant" means a Settlement Class Member who submits a claim for payment.
- 1.6. "Claims Administrator" refers to the independent, third-party claims administrator jointly selected by the Parties to provide notice to the Settlement Class, CAFA Notice, and to administer the claims process.

Action

the date the Preliminary Approval Order is entered.

including the attached exhibits.

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1.10. "Class Representative" means James Eashoo. 1.11. "Court" means the United States District Court for the Central District of California.

1.12. "Defendant" means Iovate Health Sciences U.S.A., Inc., as well as its

"Settlement," or "Agreement" means this Class Action Settlement Agreement,

the Action, Daniel L. Warshaw and the law firm of Pearson, Simon & Warshaw, LLP.

"Class Counsel" means the Class Representative's counsel of record in

"Class Period" means the time period between March 10, 2011 through

Settlement Agreement," "Settlement Agreement,"

affiliates, subsidiaries, distributors, parents, partners, principals, administrators, agents, servants, successors, trustees, vendors, subcontractors, coconspirators, buyers, independent contractors, attorneys, representatives, heirs, executors, experts, consultants, and assigns of all of the foregoing persons and entities.

past, present, and future officers, directors, shareholders, employees, predecessors,

- 1.13. "Defendant's Counsel" means Defendant's counsel of record in the Action, Scott J. Ferrell and the law firm known as Newport Trial Group, APC.
- 1.14. "Effective Date" means the first date by which all of the following events shall have occurred: the Court has entered the Final Approval Order and Judgment on the docket in the Action, and (a) the time to appeal from such order has expired and no appeal has been timely filed, (b) if such an appeal has been filed, it has finally been resolved and has resulted in an affirmation of the Final Approval Order and Judgment, or (c) the Court, following the resolution of the appeal, enters a further order or orders approving settlement on the terms set forth herein, and either no further appeal is taken from such order(s) or any such appeal results in affirmation of such order(s). Neither the pendency of the Fee and Cost Application, nor any appeal pertaining

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solely to a decision on the Fee and Cost Application, shall in any way delay or preclude the Final Approval Order and Judgment from becoming final.

- 1.15. "Fee and Cost Application" means the written motion or application by which the Class Representative and/or Class Counsel request that the Court award attorneys' fees, costs, expenses and incentive awards.
- 1.16. "Final Approval Hearing" means the hearing scheduled to take place at least ninety days after the date of entry of the Preliminary Approval Order at which the Court shall: (a) determine whether to grant final approval to this Class Action Settlement Agreement and to certify the Settlement Class; (b) consider any timely objections to this Settlement and all responses thereto; and (c) rule on the Fee and Cost Application.
- 1.17. "Final Approval Order" means the order in which the Court grants final approval of this Class Action Settlement Agreement, certifies the Settlement Class, and authorizes the entry of a final judgment and dismissal of the Action with prejudice.
- 1.18. "Judgment" means the judgment to be entered by the Court pursuant to the Settlement.
- 1.19. "Net Settlement Fund" means the Non-Reversionary Common Fund, as defined herein, less claims administration expenses, notice expenses, any fee award, reimbursement of expenses, any incentive award, and tax expenses.
- 1.20. "Non-Reversionary Common Fund" means the non-reversionary sum of two million five hundred thousand dollars (\$2,500,000) Defendant will pay to settle all claims in the Action pursuant to this Settlement.
- 1.21. "Notice" shall mean a document substantially in the form of Exhibit B hereto, and "Summary Notice," meaning a document substantially in the form of Exhibit C hereto, to be disseminated in accordance with the Preliminary Approval Order, informing Persons who fall within the Settlement Class definition of, among

other things, the pendency of the Action, the material terms of the Proposed Settlement, and their options with respect thereto.

- 1.22 "Notice Date" means the date thirty (30) days after the Court provides Preliminary Approval to the Settlement Agreement, by which the Claims Administrator shall commence dissemination of Notice to the Settlement Class.
- 1.23. "Notice Plan" means the method of providing the Settlement Class with notice of the Class Action Settlement Agreement, as approved by the Court.
- 1.24. "Notice Response Deadline" means the deadline for all members of the Settlement Class to respond to the Notice, which shall be sixty (60) days after the Notice Date.
- 1.25. "Opt-Out Date" means the date that is the end of the period to request exclusion from the Settlement Class established by the Court and set forth in the Notice.
- 1.26. "Participating Claimant" means a Claimant who submits a Qualifying Settlement Claim Form in response to the Notice.
- 1.27. "Parties" means Class Representative James Eashoo and Defendant Iovate Health Sciences U.S.A. Inc. "Party" shall refer to each of them individually.
- 1.28. "Person" means any natural person, individual, corporation, partnership, limited partnership, association, joint stock company, estate, legal representative, trust, unincorporated association, government or any political subdivision or agency thereof, any business or legal entity, and such individual's or entity's spouse, heirs, predecessors, successors, representatives, and assignees.
 - 1.29. "Plaintiff" means James Eashoo.
- 1.30. "Preliminary Approval Order" means the order in which the Court grants its preliminary approval to this Class Action Settlement Agreement and preliminarily certifies the Settlement Class, authorizes dissemination of Notice to the Settlement Class, and appoints the Claims Administrator.

- 1.31 "Proof of Purchase" means the packaging, label, SKU or other evidence from the Protein Products that the Claims Administrator deems sufficient to establish that a Claimant purchased the Protein Products.
- 1.32. "Protein Products" means any of the protein supplements distributed by Defendant under any brand name including MuscleTech, Six Star, Epic, or fuel:one during the Class Period.
- 1.33. "Publication Notice" means the long-form and short-form notices, substantially in the form of Exhibits B and C attached hereto. The long-form Publication Notice and the short-form Publication Notice will be published as set forth in the Preliminary Approval Order.
- 1.34. A "Qualifying Settlement Claim Form" shall mean a Claim Form that is fully completed, properly executed and timely returned to the Claims Administrator on or before the Notice Response Deadline by a Settlement Class Member. A "Qualifying Settlement Claim Form" must be either returned with a postmark via U.S. mail or via online through the Class Settlement Website to be created and maintained by the Claims Administrator, at the Participating Claimant's discretion.
- 1.35 "Receipt" shall mean documentary evidence establishing the purchase of one or more Protein Products, the date of purchase and the purchase price.
- 1.36. "Released Claims" means all of the claims alleged in the First Amended Class Action Complaint filed in the Action.
- 1.37. "Released Parties" and "Released Persons" means Defendant, its parent companies, subsidiary companies, affiliated companies, past, present, and future officers (as of the Effective Date), directors, shareholders, employees, predecessors, affiliates, parents, subsidiaries, joint partners, distributors, principals, insurers, administrators, agents, servants, successors, trustees, vendors, subcontractors, coconspirators, buyers, independent contractors, attorneys, representatives, heirs, executors, experts, consultants, and assigns of all of the foregoing persons and entities.
 - 1.38. "Releasing Parties" means all Settlement Class Members.

- 1.39. "Request for Exclusion" means a valid request for exclusion from a member of the Settlement Class. To be valid, a request for exclusion must (a) be submitted by the member of the Settlement Class; (b) be submitted to the Claims Administrator and postmarked by a date no later than the Notice Response Deadline; (c) contain the submitter's name, address and telephone number; and (d) otherwise comply with the instructions set forth in the Notice.
- 1.40. "Settlement" means the settlement set forth in this Class Action Settlement Agreement.
- 1.41. "Settlement Class" means, collectively, all persons in the United States of America who purchased one or more of Defendant's Protein Products at any time during the Class Period. Excluded from the Settlement Class are any officers, directors, or employees of Defendant, and the immediate family member of any such person. Also excluded is any judge who may preside over this case.
- 1.42. "Settling Parties" means, collectively, Defendant, the Class Representative, and all Settlement Class Members.
- 1.43. "Settlement Class Member" means any member of the Settlement Class who does not submit a timely and valid Request for Exclusion.
- 1.44. "Valid Claim" means a claim for reimbursement submitted by a Settlement Class Member that satisfies all the criteria for submission of a Qualifying Settlement Claim Form.
- 1.45. The singular of any defined term includes the plural, and the plural of any defined term includes the singular.

2. DENIAL OF WRONGDOING AND LIABILITY

2.1. Defendant denies the material factual allegations and legal claims asserted by the Class Representative in the Action, including any and all charges of wrongdoing or liability arising out of any of the conduct, statements, acts or omissions alleged, or that could have been alleged, in the Action.

3. THE BENEFITS OF SETTLEMENT

3.1. Class Counsel and the Class Representative recognize and acknowledge the expense and length of continued proceedings that would be necessary to prosecute the Action against Defendant through trial and appeals. Class Counsel also has taken into account the uncertain outcome and the risk of any litigation, especially in complex actions such as this Action, as well as the difficulties and delays inherent in such litigation. Class Counsel is mindful of the inherent problems of proof and possible defenses to the claims asserted in the Action. Class Counsel believes that the proposed settlement set forth in this Class Action Settlement Agreement confers substantial benefits upon the Settlement Class. Based on their evaluation of all of these factors, the Class Representative and Class Counsel have determined that the Class Action Settlement Agreement is in the best interests of the Class Representative and the Settlement Class.

4. SETTLEMENT CONSIDERATION

4.1. **Injunctive Relief**

- 4.1.1. Defendant will provide the Settlement Class injunctive relief by way of modification of the testing, label, packaging, and advertising for Protein Products to ensure that the nitrogen content attributed to amino acids, creatine, and other non-protein substances therein are not included in the protein calculation.
- 4.1.2. Defendant shall provide sufficient confirmation of the implementation of its updated testing procedures, labels, and advertisements for Protein Products prior to the Effective Date.
- 4.1.3. To the extent that any state and/or federal statute, regulation, policies, and/or code may at any time impose other, further, different and/or conflicting obligations or duties on Defendant at any time with respect to the Protein Products, this Class Action Settlement Agreement and any Judgment which may be entered pursuant thereto, as well as the Court's continuing jurisdiction with respect to implementation and enforcement of the terms of this Class Action Settlement

Agreement, shall cease as to the Settlement Class's and Defendant's conduct covered by that statute, regulation and/or code as of the effective date of such statute, regulation, and/or code.

4.2. Non-Reversionary Common Fund

- 4.2.1. The amount of the Non-Reversionary Common Fund is two million five hundred thousand dollars (\$2,500,000). None of the money paid into the Non-Reversionary Common Fund will revert to Defendant under any circumstances.
- 4.2.2. No later than three (3) business days after entry of the Preliminary Approval Order, Defendant shall make a deposit of two million five hundred thousand dollars (\$2,500,000) into an escrow account to be established and managed by the Claims Administrator.
- 4.2.3. Refunds to Settlement Class Members provided under Paragraph 4.3 will be paid from the Net Settlement Fund.
- 4.2.4. Any taxes and tax expenses related to the fund shall be taken from the Net Settlement Fund.
- 4.2.5. The amounts deposited by Defendant into the Non-Reversionary Common Fund are to be released from escrow for funding the Class Action Settlement Agreement only upon the Effective Date.
- 4.2.6. If for some reason the Court does not approve the Class Action Settlement Agreement, the entirety of the Non-Reversionary Common Fund shall be returned to Defendant within fifteen (15) business days of the Court's order denying Final Approval.

4.3. Refunds to Class Members

4.3.1. The Non-Reversionary Common Fund shall provide for a full refund for any of the Protein Products purchased by any member of the Settlement Class from any retailer who makes a claim within the timeframe to make a Valid Claim, subject to the household cap set forth in Paragraph 4.3.2.2 and 4.3.2.3. Adequate and customary procedures and standards will be used by the Claims Administrator to

prevent the payment of fraudulent claims and to pay only legitimate claims including requiring all Claimants to provide certifications as to their purchases.

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- 4.3.2. The amount of the refund for any claim shall be determined as follows:
- For any Participating Claimant who provides a Receipt, the 4.3.2.1. Participating Claimant shall be entitled to a refund of the amount(s) shown on the receipt, subject to a cap of \$300.00 per household.
- 4.3.2.2 For any Participating Claimant who provides Proof of Purchase; the Participating Claimant shall be entitled to the suggested retail price of the Protein Product as determined by information on the packaging, such as a bar or SKU code, subject to a cap of \$300.00 per household. 4.3.2.3 For any Participating Claimant who does not provide Proof of Purchase or Receipts, but who swears or affirms under penalty of perjury that he or she purchased a Protein Product during the Class Period, the actual amount paid to each Participating Claimant will be \$10.00 per Protein Product, with a cap of \$50.00 per household.
- 4.3.3. Participating Claimants can make a claim for a combination of Receipts or Proof of Purchase. Participating Claimants cannot combine claims with Receipts or Proof of Purchase with claims without Receipts or Proof of Purchase. A cap of \$300 per household shall apply to any combination of claims including claims with Receipts, claims with Proof of Purchase, and claims without any Receipts or Proof of Purchase.
- 4.3.4. Payment will be made directly to the Participating Claimant by first class mail after entitlement to payment has been verified, and in no event more than six months after the close of the timeframe to make a Valid Claim, unless Class Counsel permits an extension of time.
- 4.3.5. Payments to Participating Claimants may be subject to pro rata reduction if the aggregate number of claims exceeds the Net Settlement Fund.
- 4.3.6. If all eligible Valid Claims have been paid and funds remain in the Net Settlement Fund 270 days following the close of the Effective Date, Class Counsel

shall direct the Claims Administrator to distribute one hundred (100) percent of any remaining funds to Participating Claimants as a supplemental distribution. The remaining funds shall first be distributed to Participating Claimants who have provided valid claims with Receipts or Proof of Purchase in excess of \$300, up to the full amount of their qualifying purchases of the Protein Products. Funds remaining thereafter shall be distributed on a *pro rata basis* to Participant Claimants. In the event that there are remaining funds subsequent to the aforementioned distributions to Participating Claimants that are insufficient to justify a further distribution, the remaining monies in the Net Settlement Fund shall be provided to Public Health Law & Policy (dba ChangeLab Solutions), a cy pres recipient. Under no circumstances shall the remaining funds revert to Defendant or Class Counsel.

5. ADMINISTRATION AND NOTICE

5.1.1. All costs and expenses of administering the Class Action Settlement Agreement and providing Notice in accordance with the Preliminary Approval Order (the "Administrative Costs") shall be distributed from the Non-Reversionary Common Fund.

5.1.2. Appointment and Retention of Claims Administrator

- 5.1.2.1. The parties retained a Claims Administrator to implement the terms of the Class Action Settlement Agreement.
- 5.1.2.2. The Claims Administrator will facilitate the notice process by assisting the Parties in the implementation of the Notice Plan, as well as CAFA Notice, although Defendant shall retain ultimate responsibility for effecting CAFA Notice within the required time.
- 5.1.2.3. The costs of the Claims Administrator will be paid from the Non-Reversionary Common Fund.

5.1.3. Class Settlement Website

5.1.3.1. The Claims Administrator will create and maintain the Class Settlement Website, to be activated within fifteen (15) days of the entry of the

- 5.1.3.2. Defendant shall prominently place a link to the Class Settlement Website on Defendant's corporate website.
- 5.1.3.3. The Class Settlement Website will terminate (be removed from the internet) and no longer be maintained by the Claims Administrator thirty (30) days after either (a) the Effective Date or (b) the date on which the Class Action Settlement Agreement is terminated or otherwise not approved by a court, whichever is later. The Claims Administrator will then transfer ownership of the URL to Defendant.
- 5.1.3.4. All costs and expenses related to the Class Settlement Website shall be distributed from the Non-Reversionary Common Fund.

5.1.4. **CAFA Notice**

- 5.1.4.1. The Parties agree that the Claims Administrator shall serve notice of the settlement that meets the requirements of CAFA, 28 U.S.C. § 1715, on the appropriate federal and state officials no later than ten (10) days after the filing of this Class Action Settlement Agreement with the Court.
- Notwithstanding the foregoing, Defendant shall have ultimate 5.1.4.2. responsibility to ensure that CAFA Notice is, in fact, effectuated consistent with the statutory requirements.

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- Defendant will file a certification with the Court stating the date(s) on which the CAFA Notices were sent. Defendant will provide Class Counsel with any substantive responses received in response to any CAFA Notice.
- The class notice shall conform to all applicable requirements of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the United States Constitution (including the Due Process Clauses), and any other applicable law, and shall otherwise be in the manner and form agreed upon by the Parties and approved by the Court. The class notice
- Within thirty (30) days after preliminary approval by the Court of this Class Action Settlement Agreement, the Claims Administrator shall provide
- The Notice Plan will include direct notice to any Settlement Class
- Defendant shall prominently place a link to the Class Settlement Website on Defendant's corporate website.
- 5.1.5.5. The Parties agree to the content of these notices substantially in the forms attached to this Agreement as Exhibits B and C.

5.1.6. **Taxes**

- 5.1.6.1. Settlement Class Members, the Class Representative, and Class Counsel shall be responsible for paying any and all federal, state, and local taxes due on any payments made to them pursuant to the Class Action Settlement Agreement.
- 5.1.6.2. Taxes due in connection with the Non-Reversionary Common Fund and Net Settlement Fund prior to distribution to the Settlement Class shall be paid by the Claims Administrator from the Net Settlement Fund.

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6. RELEASES

6.1. Upon the Effective Date, the Class Representative and each of the Settlement Class Members will be deemed to have, and by operation of the Judgment will have fully, finally, and forever released, relinquished, and discharged the Released Parties from all Released Claims during the Class Period.

7. CLASS CERTIFICATION

- 7.1.1. The Parties agree that, for settlement purposes only, this Action shall be certified as a class action pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23 with Class Representative serving as class representative and Class Counsel as counsel for the Settlement Class.
- 7.1.2. In the event the Class Action Settlement Agreement is terminated or for any reason the Class Action Settlement Agreement is not effectuated, the certification of the Settlement Class shall be vacated and the Action shall proceed as if the Settlement Class had not been certified.

8. SETTLEMENT HEARING

8.1. Promptly after execution of this Class Action Settlement Agreement, the Parties will submit the Class Action Settlement Agreement together with its Exhibits to the Court and will request that the Court grant preliminary approval of the Class Action Settlement Agreement as of the date of which the settlement shall be deemed as "filed" within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. § 1715, issue the Preliminary Approval Order, and schedule a hearing on whether the Class Action Settlement Agreement should be granted final approval and whether the Fee Application should be granted ("Settlement Hearing").

8.2. Procedures for Objecting to the Class Action Settlement Agreement

8.2.1. Settlement Class Members shall have the right to appear and show cause, if they have any reason why the terms of this Class Action Settlement Agreement should not be given Final Approval, subject to each of the subprovisions in Paragraph 8.2. Any objection to this Class Action Settlement Agreement, including any of its

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terms or provisions, must be in writing, filed with the Court, with a copy served on Class Counsel, Counsel for Defendant, and the Claims Administrator at the addresses set forth in the Class Notice, and postmarked no later than the Notice Response Deadline. Settlement Class Members may object either on their own or through an attorney hired at their own expense.

8.2.2. If a Settlement Class Member hires an attorney to represent him or her at the Final Approval Hearing, he or she must do so at his or her own expense. No Settlement Class Member represented by an attorney shall be deemed to have objected to the Class Action Settlement Agreement unless an objection signed by the Settlement Class Member is also filed with the Court and served upon Class Counsel, Counsel for Defendant, and the Claims Administrator at the addresses set forth in the Class Notice no later than the Notice Response Deadline.

8.2.3. Any objection regarding or related to the Class Action Settlement Agreement shall contain a caption or title that identifies it as "Objection to Class Settlement in *Eashoo v. Iovate Health Sciences U.S.A. Inc.*, No. 2:15-cv-01726-BRO-PJW" and also shall contain the following information: (i) the objector's name, address, and telephone number, (ii) the name, address, and telephone number of any attorney for the objector with respect to the objection; (iii) the factual basis and legal grounds for the objection, including any documents sufficient to establish the basis for their standing as a Settlement Class Member, e.g., Receipt, Proof of Purchase, or verification under oath as to the approximate date(s) and location(s) of their purchase(s) of the Protein Products; and (iv) identification of the case name, case number, and court for any prior class action lawsuit in which the objector and the objector's attorney (if applicable) has objected to a proposed class action settlement, the general nature of such prior objection(s), and the outcome of said prior objection(s). If an objecting party chooses to appear at the hearing, no later than the Notice Response Deadline, a notice of intention to appear, either in person or through

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8.2.4. If a Settlement Class Member wishes to present witnesses or evidence at the Final Approval Hearing in support of a timely and validly submitted objection, all witnesses must be identified in the objection, and true and correct copies of all supporting evidence must be appended to, or filed and served with, the objection. Failure to identify witnesses or provide copies of supporting evidence in this manner waives any right to introduce such testimony or evidence at the Final Approval Hearing. While the declaration described above is prima facie evidence that the objector is a member of the Settlement Class, Plaintiff or Defendant or both may take discovery regarding the matter, subject to Court approval.

- 8.2.5. Any Settlement Class Member who fails to comply with the applicable provisions of the preceding paragraphs concerning their objection shall waive and forfeit any and all rights he or she may have to object, appear, present witness testimony, and/or submit evidence, shall be barred from appearing, speaking, and introducing any testimony or evidence at the Final Approval Hearing, and shall be bound by all the terms of this Class Action Settlement Agreement and by all proceedings, orders and judgments in the Action.
- 8.2.6. Any Settlement Class Member who does not object to the Class Action Settlement Agreement is deemed to be a Settlement Class Member and bound by the Class Action Settlement Agreement or any further orders of the Court in this Action.

8.3. Right to Respond to Objections

8.3.1. Class Counsel and Defendant shall have the right, but not the obligation, to respond to any objection no later than seven (7) days prior to the Final Approval Hearing. The Settling Party so responding shall file a copy of the response with the Court, and shall serve a copy, by regular mail, hand or overnight delivery, to the objector (or counsel for the objector) and to counsel for Plaintiff and Defendant.

8.4. **Opt Outs**

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- 8.4.1. Any Settlement Class Member who does not wish to participate in this Class Action Settlement Agreement must write to the Claims Administrator stating an intention to be "excluded" from this Class Action Settlement Agreement by the Opt-Out Date. This written Request for Exclusion must be sent via first class United States mail to the Claims Administrator at the address set forth in the Class Notice and postmarked no later than the Notice Response Deadline. The Request for Exclusion must be personally signed by the Class Member. So-called "mass" or "class" opt-outs shall not be allowed.
- 8.4.2. Any Settlement Class Member who does not request exclusion from the Settlement has the right to object to the Settlement as set forth in paragraphs 8.2.1 to 8.2.7 above. If a Class Member submits a written Request for Exclusion, he or she shall be deemed to have complied with the terms of the opt-out procedure and shall not be bound by the Class Action Settlement Agreement if approved by the Court. However, any objector who has not timely requested exclusion from the Settlement will be bound by the terms of the Class Action Settlement Agreement and by all proceedings, orders and judgments in the Action.

9. ATTORNEYS' FEES, COSTS, AND EXPENSES AND INCENTIVE AWARDS

- 9.1. Class Counsel may apply to the Court for an award of attorneys' fees in an amount not to exceed twenty five percent (25%) of the \$2.5 million Non-Reversionary Common Fund (i.e. up to \$625,000) and expenses and verified costs in an amount not to exceed \$15,000.00.
- 9.2. Plaintiff may apply to the Court for an enhancement award of \$5,000 for his service as a Class Representative.
- 9.3 A payment of attorneys' fees, costs, expenses and the enhancement award shall be paid from the Non-Reversionary Common Fund. Defendant agrees not to oppose or submit any evidence or argument challenging or undermining such application for attorneys' fees, costs, or enhancement award that does not exceed the

- 9.4. Attorneys' fees and costs that are approved by the Court shall be paid from the Non-Reversionary Common Fund no later than fifteen (15) days after Effective Date, and only in the event that the Effective Date occurs.
- 9.5 Any incentive payments awarded by the Court will be taken from the Non-Reversionary Common Fund.

10. CONDITIONS FOR EFFECTIVE DATE; EFFECT OF TERMINATION

- 10.1. The Effective Date of this Class Action Settlement Agreement shall be the date as defined in Paragraph 1.14.
- 10.2. If this Class Action Settlement Agreement is not approved by the Court or the Settlement is terminated or fails to become effective in accordance with the terms of this Class Action Settlement Agreement, the Settling Parties will be restored to their respective positions in the Action as of the date the Motion for Preliminary Approval is filed. In such event, the terms and provisions of this Class Action Settlement Agreement will have no further force and effect with respect to the Settling Parties and will not be used in this Action or in any other proceeding for any purpose, and any Judgment or order entered by the Court in accordance with the terms of this Class Action Settlement Agreement will be treated as vacated.
- 10.3. No order of the Court or modification or reversal on appeal of any order of the Court concerning any award of attorneys' fees, expenses, or costs to Class Counsel will constitute grounds for cancellation or termination of this Class Action Settlement Agreement.

11. CONFIRMATORY DISCOVERY

11.1. This Class Action Settlement Agreement is conditioned upon Defendant providing sufficient confirmatory discovery to confirm the wholesale revenues during the Class Period.

12. DISPUTE RESOLUTION

12.1. If any dispute arises out of the Settlement, the Settling Parties agree that they will attempt to resolve such disputes by way of mediation with the Honorable Dickran M. Tevrizian (Ret.) before seeking the Court's intervention. If for any reason Judge Tevrizian is unavailable or has a conflict of interest, the Settling Parties will agree on a substitute neutral so that this portion of the Class Action Settlement Agreement can be enforced without seeking Court intervention.

13. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- 13.1. The Parties acknowledge that it is their intent to consummate this Class Action Settlement Agreement, and they agree to cooperate to the extent reasonably necessary to effectuate and implement all terms and conditions of this Class Action Settlement Agreement and to exercise their best efforts to accomplish the foregoing terms and conditions of this Class Action Settlement Agreement.
- 13.2. The Parties intend the Settlement to be a final and complete resolution of all disputes between them with respect to the Action. The Settlement compromises claims that are contested and will not be deemed an admission by any Settling Party as to the merits of any claim or defense. The Parties agree that the consideration provided to the Settlement Class and the other terms of the Settlement were negotiated in good faith by the Parties, and reflect a settlement that was reached voluntarily after consultation with competent legal counsel.
- 13.3. Neither this Class Action Settlement Agreement nor the Settlement, nor any act performed or document executed pursuant to or in furtherance of this Class Action Agreement or the Settlement is or may be deemed to be or may be used as an admission of, or evidence of, the validity of any Released Claims, or of any wrongdoing or liability of Defendant; or is or may be deemed to be or may be used as an admission of, or evidence of, any fault or omission of Defendant in any civil, criminal, or administrative proceeding in any court, administrative agency or other tribunal. Any party to this Action may file this Class Action Settlement Agreement

Settlement Agreement.

 any defense or counterclaim, including without limitation those based on principles of res judicata, collateral estoppel, release, good faith settlement, judgment bar or reduction, or any other theory of claim preclusion or issue preclusion or similar defense or counterclaim.

13.4. All agreements made and orders entered during the course of the Action relating to the confidentiality of information will survive this Class Action

and/or the Judgment in any action that may be brought against it in order to support

- 13.5. Any and all Exhibits to this Class Action Settlement Agreement are material and integral parts hereof and are fully incorporated herein by this reference.
- 13.6. This Class Action Settlement Agreement may be amended or modified only by a written instrument signed by or on behalf of all Parties or their respective successors-in-interest.
- 13.7. This Class Action Settlement Agreement and any Exhibits attached hereto constitute the entire agreement among the Parties, and no representations, warranties, or inducements have been made to any Party concerning this Class Action Settlement Agreement or its Exhibits other than the representations, warranties, and covenants covered and memorialized in such documents. Except as otherwise provided herein, the Parties will bear their own respective costs.
- 13.8. Class Counsel, on behalf of the Settlement Class, are expressly authorized by the Class Representative to take all appropriate action required or permitted to be taken by the Settlement Class pursuant to this Class Action Settlement Agreement to effectuate its terms, and are expressly authorized to enter into any modifications or amendments to this Class Action Settlement Agreement on behalf of the Settlement Class that Class Counsel deem appropriate.
- 13.9. Each counsel or other Person executing this Class Action Settlement Agreement or any of its Exhibits on behalf of any Party hereby warrants that such Person has the full authority to do so.

- 13.10. This Class Action Settlement Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts. All executed counterparts and each of them will be deemed to be one and the same instrument. A complete set of original counterparts will be filed with the Court.

 13.11. This Class Action Settlement Agreement will be binding upon, and inure to the benefit of, the successors and assigns of the Settling Parties.

 13.12. Except as provided herein, the Court will retain jurisdiction with respect to implementation and enforcement of the terms of this Class Action Settlement
 - 13.13. None of the Settling Parties, or their respective counsel, will be deemed the drafter of this Class Action Settlement Agreement or its Exhibits for purposes of construing the provisions thereof. The language in all parts of this Class Action Settlement Agreement and its Exhibits will be interpreted according to its fair meaning, and will not be interpreted for or against any of the Settling Parties as the drafter thereof.

Agreement, and all parties hereto submit to the jurisdiction of the Court for purposes

13.14. This Class Action Settlement Agreement shall be deemed the "proposed agreement" filed with the Court within the meaning of 15 U.S.C. § 1715 as of the date on which Preliminary Approval is granted by the Court.

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of implementing and enforcing the Settlement.

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1	13.15. This Class Action Settlement Agreement and any Exhibits hereto will be		
2	construed and enforced in accordance with, and governed by, the internal, substantive		
3	laws of the State of California without giving effect to that State's choice-of-law		
4	principles.		
5	$\Lambda \subset \Lambda$		
6	Dated: September 2015		
7	James Hashoo		
8			
9	Detect. Centeral 2015		
10	Dated: September, 2015 Roch Vaillancourt, General Counsel On behalf of Iovate Health Sciences U.S.A. Inc.		
11	On behalf of Iovate Health Sciences U.S.A. Inc.		
12	APPROVED AS TO FORM:		
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14	Dated: September 21, 2015		
15	Daniel L. Warshaw Attorney for Plaintiff James Eashoo and the		
16	Class		
17			
18	Dated: September, 2015 Scott J. Ferrell		
19	Attorney for Defendant Iovate Health Sciences U.S.A. Inc.		
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1	13.15. This Class Action Settlement Agreement and any Exhibits hereto will be		
2	construed and enforced in accordance with, and governed by, the internal, substantive		
3	laws of the State of California without giving effect to that State's choice-of-law		
4	principles.		
5			
6	Dated: September, 2015		
7		James Eashoo	
8			
9	Dated: September 30, 2015	Lah ()	
10	Dated. September <u>30</u> , 2013	Roch Vaillancourt, General Counsel On behalf of Iovate Health Sciences U.S.A. Inc.	
11		On benait of lovate Health Sciences U.S.A. Inc.	
12	APPROVED AS TO FORM:		
13			
14	Dated: September, 2015		
15		Daniel L. Warshaw Attorney for Plaintiff James Eashoo and the	
16		Class	
17	Datadi Cantambar 30, 2015	100000 -	
18	Dated: September 30, 2015	Scott J. Ferrell	
19		Attorney for Defendant Iovate Health Sciences U.S.A. Inc.	
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CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

EXHIBIT A

FARIBAULT, MN 55021-9140

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IMPORTAN1	LEGAL MATERIALS				
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< <city>> <<state2< th=""><td>·</td><td>Address:</td><td></td></state2<></city>	·	Address:			
		City:			
		State: Zip	Code:		
	IOVATE SETTLEN	MENT CLAIM FORM			
	nt, you must accurately complete this Claim ould result in a reduction or denial of you		<u>, 2016</u> .		
CLASS MEMBER	INFORMATION				
Name:					
Mailing Address:			_		
City:		State: Zip	Code:		
Telephone:	(Email Address (optional)	:		
Claim Option					
File Claim W	ith Receipt to Recover Full Purchase Pr	ice Up To \$300 Per Hou	sehold (must submit valid receipt)		
	File Claim With Proof of Purchase to Recover Suggested Retail Price Up to \$300 Per Household (must submit valid proof of purchase).				
File a Claim	With No Receipt or Proof of Purchase to	Recover \$10 Per Prod	uct Up to \$50 Per Household.		

PURCHASE INFORMATION (For purchases made between March 10, 2011 and, 2015)			
BRAND	PRODUCT	NUMBER PURCHASED	COST (FOR CLAIMS WITH RECEIPT)
Six Star	Whey Protein Plus Elite Series		
Six Star	Whey Protein Plus Professional Strength Elite Series		
Six Star	Whey Protein Isolate Elite Series		
Six Star	Whey Protein Isolate Professional Strength Elite Series		
Six Star	Casein Elite Series		
Six Star	Casein Professional Strength Elite Series		
Six Star	Muscle Building Milkshake Elite Series		







	TOTAL	
Fuel One	Gainer	
Fuel One	Complex-1	
Sam's Club	Whey Isolate Plus	
Sam's Club	Whey Protein Plus	
EPIQ	Gainer	
EPIQ	Isolate	
MuscleTech	Nitro Isolate 65 Pro Series	
MuscleTech	Anabolic Halo Performance Series	
MuscleTech	Phase8 Performance Series	
MuscleTech	Nitro-Tech Hardcore Pro Series	
MuscleTech	Nitro-Tech Performance Series	
MuscleTech	MassTech	
MuscleTech	MassTech Performance Series	
Six Star	Protein Bars	
Six Star	100% Whey Isolate Protein Gel	
Six Star	Recovery Protein Elite Series	
Six Star	Mass Gainer Professional Strength Elite Series	
Six Star	Muscle Building Milkshake Professional Strength Elite Series	

CERTIFICATION AND SIGNA	ATURE						
personally completed this Claim Form and <u>I certify under penalty of perjury that the information I provided in this Claim Form is true, correct and complete to the best of my knowledge</u> .							
Signature	Type/Print Name	///					

Upon completion, please mail your completed Claim Form, along with any Receipts and/or Proofs of Purchase, to:

IOVATE SETTLEMENT CLAIMS ADMINISTRATOR PO BOX 2441 FARIBAULT, MN 55021-9140

Please note that the Claims Administrator has the right to audit all Claims submitted for validity.

EXHIBIT B

Case 2:15-cv-01726-BRO-PJW Document 44-1 Filed 10/09/15 Page 35 of 68 Page ID

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

NOTICE OF PROPOSED CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT

If You Bought MuscleTech, Six Star, EPIQ, or fuel:one Protein Products Between March 10, 2011, and , 2015 You Could Get a Cash Payment Up to \$300 From a Class Action Settlement

The District Court has authorized this Notice. The Court expresses no views as to the merits of Plaintiffs' claims. This is *not* a solicitation from a lawyer. You are not being sued.

This Notice is to inform you that a class action lawsuit brought on behalf of Consumers that purchased certain Iovate Health Sciences, U.S.A., Inc. ("Iovate" or "Defendant") protein products is currently pending. A proposed Settlement of the lawsuit has been reached with Iovate.

If you bought Muscle Tech, Six Star, EPIQ, or fuel:one Protein Products Between March 10, 2011, and , 2015 your legal rights are affected whether or not you act. Please read this Notice carefully.

YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS AND OPTIONS IN THIS SETTLEMENT DUE D				
SUBMIT A CLAIM FORM	If you would like to receive a payment from this Settlement, you must submit a paper or online Claim Form by the due date listed.	SUBMITTED BY , 2016		
EXCLUDE YOURSELF FROM THE CLASS	You may choose to exclude yourself from the Settlement by submitting a written request by the due date listed. This option will allow you to pursue claims against Iovate by filing your own lawsuit at your own expense. However, you will not be able to participate, or receive money from the Settlement.	SUBMITTED BY , 2016		
OBJECT TO THE SETTLEMENT	You may write to the Court if you do not like the proposed Settlement by the due date listed. You must be a member of and remain in the Class to submit an objection.			
DO NOTHING	If you are a member of the Settlement Class and you do nothing, you will not receive any money from the Settlement and will be bound by the terms and conditions of the proposed Settlement, if approved. You will not be able to sue Iovate for the claims in this lawsuit.			

- These rights and options, and the deadlines to exercise them, are further explained in this Notice.
- The Court in charge of this case still has to approve the proposed Settlement. Payments will be made if the Court approves the Settlement and after any appeals are resolved.
- Unless otherwise stated, the capitalized terms in this Notice are defined in the Settlement Agreement that is available at www.IovateSettlement.com.

BASIC INFORMATION

1. What is the class action about?

This class action lawsuit was filed by Plaintiff James Eashoo, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated, against Defendant Iovate. The lawsuit alleges that between March 10, 2011 and ________, 2015, Defendant engaged in a practice known as "protein spiking," whereby its protein products were "spiked" with amino acids, creatine, and other non-protein ingredients, which Plaintiff claims falsely registered as proteins. Plaintiff alleges that as a result of this practice, Defendant's protein products contained less protein than what Defendant represented. The protein products at issue in this case are sold under the brand names MuscleTech, Six Star, EPIQ, and fuel:one. See Question 4 for further discussion of the protein products involved in this class action.

2. Why is there a Settlement?

Defendant has agreed to settle to avoid the expense, inconvenience, and inherent risk of litigation. Plaintiff and his attorneys agree that the proposed Settlement is in the best interests of the Class because it substantially benefits the Class while avoiding the risk, expense, and delay of pursuing the case through trial and any appeals. The Court has not decided in favor of either side in the case. Defendant denies all material factual allegations and legal claims asserted in the class action, including any and all charges of wrongdoing or liability arising out of any conduct, statements, acts or omissions alleged.

Case 2:15-cv-01726-BRO-PJW Document 44-1 Filed 10/09/15 Page 36 of 68 Page ID

3. Who is included in the Settlement?

4. What Iovate protein products are part of the Settlement?

This class action involves protein supplements manufactured by Iovate, including protein shakes and beverages, both in liquid (ready to drink) and powdered form, as well as, bars and gels sold under the brand names MuscleTech, Six Star, Fuel One, and EPIQ (collectively referred to as the "Protein Products"). A complete list of applicable Protein Products included in the Settlement is as follows:

PROTEIN PRODUCT LIST			
BRAND	PRODUCT		
Six Star	Whey Protein Plus Elite Series		
Six Star	Whey Protein Plus Professional Strength Elite Series		
Six Star	Whey Protein Isolate Elite Series		
Six Star	Whey Protein Isolate Professional Strength Elite Series		
Six Star	Casein Elite Series		
Six Star	Casein Professional Strength Elite Series		
Six Star	Muscle Building Milkshake Elite Series		
Six Star	Muscle Building Milkshake Professional Strength Elite Series		
Six Star	Mass Gainer Professional Strength Elite Series		
Six Star	Recovery Protein Elite Series		
Six Star	100% Whey Isolate Protein Gel		
Six Star	Protein Bars		
MuscleTech	MassTech Performance Series		
MuscleTech	MassTech		
MuscleTech	Nitro-Tech Performance Series		
MuscleTech	Nitro-Tech Hardcore Pro Series		
MuscleTech	Phase8 Performance Series		
MuscleTech	Anabolic Halo Performance Series		
MuscleTech	Nitro Isolate 65 Pro Series		
EPIQ	Isolate		
EPIQ	Gainer		
Fuel One	Complex-1		
Fuel One	Gainer		

5. What if I am not sure whether I am included in the Settlement?

If you are not sure whether you are included in the Class, you may call 1-866-759-6512 with questions or visit www. IovateSettlement.com. You may also write with questions to the Claims Administrator at the address listed in Question 16.

THE SETTLEMENT BENEFITS

6. What does the proposed Settlement provide?

Iovate has agreed to pay \$2.5 million for the benefit of the Class into a common fund. This fund will used to pay all members of the Class that submit timely and valid Claim Forms for purchases of Protein Products ("Participating Claimants"), claims administration expenses, notice expenses, any attorneys' fee and expense reimbursement award, any incentive award, and tax expenses.

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Participating Claimants can recover up to \$300 per household for claims with valid Receipts or Proof of Purchase, or \$50 without Receipts or proof of purchase. Class members can file claims under the following options:

Option 1: Participating Claimants who provide valid Receipts, will receive a refund of the amount(s) shown on the receipt(s), subject to a cap of \$300.00 per household.

Option 2: Participating Claimants who provide valid Proof of Purchase, such as an image of packaging, label, SKU or other evidence deemed sufficient by the Claims Administrator, will receive a refund of the suggested retail price of the Protein Products shown in the Proof of Purchase, subject to a cap of \$300.00 per household.

Participating Claimants <u>can</u> submit a Claim Form which contains a combination of Receipts and Proof of Purchase (Options 1 and 2 above) to substantiate a Claim.

Participating Claimants <u>cannot</u> combine a Claim without a Receipt or Proof of Purchase (Option 3 above) with a Claim that contains Receipts or Proof of Purchase (Options 1 or 2 above).

Multiple Participating Claimants from the same household <u>can</u> submit more than one Claim Form, subject to the cap of \$300.00 per household. If multiple claims are filed from the same household exceeding \$300 will be subject to a pro rata reduction.

The Settlement also requires Defendant to modify the testing, labeling, packaging, and advertising for applicable Protein Products to ensure that amino acids, creatine and other members of the Class that submit timely and valid Claim Forms for purchases of Protein Products ("Participating Claimants") non-protein substances are not included in the protein calculation.

7. How can I get a payment from the Settlement?

In order to receive a payment in the Settlement, you must file a Claim. You can access the Claim Form online at www.IovateSettlement.com or by calling 1-866-759-6512. You can submit the Claim From online, or via mail to the address provided on the Claim Form.

8. How much will my payment be?

Payments to individual Class Members will depend on the type and amount of claims as described in Question 7 above. Claims are subject to the household caps of \$300 per household for claims with Receipts or Proof of Purchase, and \$50 per household for claims without Receipts or Proof of Purchase. Payments may be subject to *pro rata* reduction if the total purchases represented in all valid Claims exceeds the available settlement funds. This means each Participating Claimant's recovery would be reduced based on the same percentage as all other class members.

9. What am I giving up by Remaining in the Class?

By submitting a Claim Form or not taking any action, you remain in the Settlement Class give up your right to sue Iovate for the claims being resolved by this Settlement, if the Court approves the proposed Settlement as final. The specific claims you are giving up are described in the First Amended Complaint filed on April 10, 2015 and the Settlement Agreement. Copies of the First Amended Complaint and Settlement Agreement can be obtained at www.IovateSettlement.com, by calling 1-8##-####, or by written request to the Claims Administrator at the address listed in Question 16. If you do not want to be part of the Settlement Class and give up your rights, you must exclude yourself by following the instructions set forth in Question 10 below.

EXCLUDING YOURSELF FROM THE SETTLEMENT

10. How can I exclude myself from the Settlement Class?

To exclude yourself from the proposed Settlement, you must send a letter stating that you want to be excluded from the Class in *Eashoo v. Iovate Health Sciences U.S.A.*, *Inc.* A request for exclusion must (a) be submitted by a member of the Class; (b) contain the Class Member's name, address, and telephone number; and (c) be submitted to the Claims Administrator at the address listed in Question 16, postmarked by 2016.

Case 2:15-cv-01726-BRO-PJW Document 44-1 Filed 10/09/15 Page 38 of 68 Page ID OBJECTING TO THE SETTLEMENT

Objecting to the set technical

11. How can I tell the Court that I object to the proposed Settlement terms?

Class Members who do not exclude themselves from the Settlement have a right to object to the proposed Settlement. Objections must be filed with the Court, with a copy served on Class Counsel, Counsel for Defendant, and the Claims Administrator at the addresses below, postmarked no later than 2016.

Clerk of the Court	Class Counsel	Defendant's Counsel	Claims Administrator
	Daniel L. Warshaw	Scott J. Ferrell	Iovate Settlement Claims
	Pearson, Simon & Warshaw, LLP 15165 Ventura Blvd., Suite 400 Sherman Oaks, CA 91403	Newport Trial Group, APC 4100 Newport Pl Dr., #800, Newport Beach, CA 92660	Administrator P.O. Box 2441 Faribault, MN 55021

The written Objection must contain:

- 1) A caption or title that identifies the writing as an "Objection to Class Settlement in *Eashoo v. Iovate Health Sciences U.S.A. Inc.*, No. 2:15-cv-01726-BRO-PJW";
- 2) Your name, address, and telephone number;
- 3) The name, address, and telephone number of any attorney you've hired to represent you with respect to the objection;
- 4) The factual and legal grounds for the objection, including any documents sufficient to establish the basis for your standing as a Class Member (Example: Receipt, Proof of Purchase, or verification under oath a to the approximate date(s) and locations(s) of your purchase(s) of the Protein Products); and
- 5) Identification of the case name, case number, and court for any prior class action lawsuit in which you and your attorney (if applicable) has objected to a proposed class action settlement, the general nature of such objection(s), and the outcome of said objection(s).

Further information regarding the necessary content and form of a written objection is available in paragraph 8.2 of the Settlement Agreement. A copy of the Settlement can be found at www.IovateSettlement.com.

The Court will consider the objections from Class Members. If you intend to appear at the Final Approval Hearing, you must also file with the Court a notice of your intention to appear, either in person or through an attorney, no later than 2016. Your notice of intention must list the name, address, telephone number, facsimile number, and email address of the attorney, if any, who will appear. If you hire an attorney to represent you at the Final Approval Hearing, you must do so at your own expense.

DO NOTHING AND REMAIN IN THE CLASS

12. What happens if I do nothing?

If you are member of the Settlement Class and you do nothing, you will not receive any money from the Settlement and will be bound by the terms and conditions of the proposed Settlement, if approved. You will not be able to sue Iovate or its related entities for the claims in this lawsuit.

THE PARTIES REPRESENTING YOU

13. Who represents the Settlement Class?

<u>Class Representative</u>. For the purposes of the Settlement, the Court has appointed Plaintiff James Eashoo to serve as the Class Representative. Plaintiff may apply to the Court for an enhancement award of \$5,000 for his service as a Class Representative.

<u>Class Counsel</u>. The Court has appointed Daniel L. Warshaw, Bobby Pouya, Alexander R. Safyan, and Matthew A. Pearson, of Pearson, Simon & Warshaw, LLP, as legal counsel for the Class. Their contact information is available in Question 11 above.

From the start of the lawsuit to the present, Class Counsel have not received any payment for the services they provided in prosecuting the case or obtaining the Settlement, nor have they been reimbursed for any out-of-pocket expenses. When they ask the Court to approve the Settlement, they will also make a motion to the Court for an award of attorneys' fees in an amount not to exceed \$625,000 (25% of the Non-Reversionary Common Fund) and up to \$15,000 in verified costs and

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expenses. Any attorneys' fees and costs awarded by the Court will be paid from the Non-Reversionary Common Fund. The Class will not have to pay anything toward the fees or expenses of Class Counsel. Class Counsel will seek final approval of the Settlement on behalf of all Class Members.

The Motion for Attorneys' Fees, Costs, and Enhancement Awards will be filed on or before [Date], and will be made available for review online at www.IovateSettlement.com.

THE FINAL APPROVAL HEARING

14. When and where will the Court hold a hearing on the fairness of the proposed Settlement?

15. Do I have to attend the Final Approval Hearing? May I speak at the hearing?

You do not need to attend this hearing to receive a benefit in the Settlement, if approved. You may attend the hearing, but it is not required, to have a comment or objection considered by the Court. If you would like to attend the hearing, please see Question 11 above for additional details and requirements.

FOR MORE INFORMATION

16. Where do I get additional information?

This Notice provides only a summary of the matters relating to the proposed Settlement. For more detailed information, you may wish to review the Settlement Agreement. You can view the Settlement Agreement and get more information at www. IovateSettlement.com. You can also get more information by calling the Claims Administrator toll-free 1-866-759-6512 or write with questions to:

Iovate Settlement Claims Administrator P.O. Box 2441 Faribault, MN 55021 RUST EMAIL

Please do not contact the court or Iovate Health Sciences with questions about the Settlement.

EXHIBIT C

If You Bought any MuscleTech, Six Star, EPIQ, or fuel:one Protein Products between March 10, 2011 and , 2015,

You Could Get Up to \$300 From a Class Action Settlement.

A Settlement has been reached with Iovate Health Sciences U.S.A., Inc. ("Iovate"), concerning the marketing of certain protein products sold under the brand names MuscleTech, Six Star, EPIQ and fuel:one. The lawsuit claims Iovate misrepresented that certain protein products had higher levels of protein than what was actually contained in the products. As a result, the protein products contained less protein than what was represented on labels, packaging, and in advertising. Iovate Health Sciences denies these claims and denies any wrongdoing.

Who is included in the Settlement?

Anyone who bought one or more eligible MuscleTech, Six Star, EPIQ, fuel:one protein products between March 10, 2011 to ______, 2015 is included in the Settlement. The Settlement applies to protein shakes and beverages, both in liquid (ready to drink) and powdered form, as well as, bars and gels. A complete list of included products and additional information regarding who is included in the Settlement is available at www.lovateSettlement.com or by calling 1-866-759-6512.

What does the Settlement provide?

The Settlement provides for the creation of a \$2.5 million Settlement Fund that will be used to pay money to eligible Class Members, attorneys' fees and costs, and a class representative incentive award. Iovate has also agreed to change some of its business practices, including modifying its testing, labeling, packaging, and advertising of the amount protein contained in the Protein Products.

Eligible Class Members who file timely and valid claims may receive: (1) up to \$300 per household if they file valid claim with proof of purchase, or (2) up to \$50 per household if they file a valid claim without proof of purchase. Payment amounts may be reduced proportionally if the total amount of claims is greater than the money available. Additional details are provided in the Settlement Agreement available at www.lovateSettlement.com.

How can I get a payment?

You must submit a Claim Form online at www.IovateSettlement.com or via mail on or before **Month 00, 2015**. The payment amount you receive will be based in part on the quantity and price of the products you purchased, whether you have proof of purchase, and the total number of claims made.

What are my rights?

Even if you do nothing you will be bound by the Court's decisions. If you want to retain your right to sue Iovate yourself, you must exclude yourself from the Settlement on or before **Month 00, 0000**. If you stay in the Settlement, you may object to it on or before **Month 00, 0000**.

The Court will hold a hearing on **Month 00, 0000** to consider whether to approve the Settlement, and to determine plaintiff's request for attorneys' fees up to \$625,000, costs not to exceed \$15,000 and an incentive award up to \$5,000. You or your own lawyer may appear and speak at the hearing at your own expense, but you do not have to do so.

For More Information or a Claim Form: 1-866-759-6512 www.lovateSettlement.com

EXHIBIT 2



PEARSON | SIMON - WARSHAW LLP

LOS ANGELES OFFICE 15165 VENTURA BOULEVARD, SUITE 400 SHERMAN OAKS, CALIFORNIA 91403 TEL (818) 788-8300 FAX (818) 788-8104 WWW.PSWLAW.COM SAN FRANCISCO OFFICE
44 MONTGOMERY STREET, SUITE 2450
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94104
TEL (415) 433-9000
FAX (415) 433-9008
WWW.PSWLAW.COM

Pearson, Simon & Warshaw, LLP ("PSW") is an AV-rated civil litigation firm with offices in Los Angeles and San Francisco. The firm specializes in complex litigation, including state coordination cases and federal multidistrict litigation. Its attorneys have extensive experience in antitrust, securities, consumer protection, and unlawful employment practices. The firm handles both national and multi-national class actions that present cutting edge issues in both substantive and procedural areas. PSW attorneys understand how to litigate difficult and large cases in an efficient and cost effective manner, and they have used these skills to obtain outstanding results for their clients, both through trial and negotiated settlement. They are recognized in their field for excellence and integrity, and are committed to seeking justice for their clients.

CASE PROFILES

PSW attorneys currently hold, or have held, a leadership role in the following representative cases:

- In re Keurig Green Mountain Single-Serving Coffee Antitrust Litigation, Southern District of New York, MDL No. 2542. In June 2014, Judge Vernon S. Broderick appointed PSW to serve as interim co-lead counsel on behalf of indirect purchaser plaintiffs in this multidistrict class action litigation. The case arises from the alleged unlawful monopolization of the United States market for single-serve coffee packs by Keurig Green Mountain, Inc. Keurig's alleged anticompetitive conduct includes acquiring competitors, entering into exclusionary agreements with suppliers and distributors to prevent competitors from entering the market, engaging in sham patent infringement litigation, and redesigning the single-serve coffee pack products in the next version of its brewing system to lock out competitors' products.
- In re Credit Default Swaps Antitrust Litigation, Southern District of New York, MDL No. 2476. PSW represents the Los Angeles County Employee Retirement Association ("LACERA") in a class action on behalf of all purchasers and sellers of Credit Default Swaps ("CDS") against thirteen of the world's largest banks. The

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lawsuit alleges that the banks along with other defendants who control the market infrastructure for CDS trading have conspired for years to restrain the efficient trading of CDS, thereby inflating the cost to trade CDS. The alleged antitrust conspiracy has resulted in economic harm in the tens of billions of dollars to institutional investors such as pension funds, mutual funds, and insurance companies who use CDS to hedge credit risks on their fixed income portfolios. The action has been consolidated with nine other class action lawsuits that are assigned to the Honorable Denise Cote of the Southern District of New York. On December 13, 2013, Judge Cote appointed PSW as Co-Lead Counsel for the plaintiff class and its client, LACERA, as lead plaintiff for the class.

- In re Lithium Ion Batteries Antitrust Litigation, Northern District of California, MDL No. 2420. PSW attorneys currently serve as interim co-lead counsel for direct purchaser plaintiffs in this multidistrict class action litigation arising from the price-fixing of lithium ion batteries. The case involves allegations of collusive activity by a cartel made up of the world's largest manufacturers of lithium ion batteries, which are used in everything from cellular phones to cameras, laptops and tablet computers. PSW filed one of the earliest cases on behalf of the direct purchasers and successfully argued before the Joint Panel on Multidistrict Litigation ("JPML") for consolidation of the cases in the Northern District of California. PSW, along with its co-counsel, organized a leadership structure of three firms, winning appointment by Judge Gonzalez Rogers as co-lead counsel for the putative class of direct purchasers on May 17, 2013.
- In Re: Warner Music Group Corp. Digital Downloads Litigation, Northern District of California, Case No. 12-cv-00559. PSW attorneys served as interim co-lead counsel, and partner Bruce L. Simon served as chairman of the five-firm executive committee, in this putative nationwide class action on behalf of recording artists and producers who alleged that they were systematically underpaid royalties by the record company Warner Music Group. In a groundbreaking class action settlement, PSW secured both past relief and future relief in perpetuity for eligible class members who receive royalties from Warner Music Group.
- James v. UMG Recordings, Inc., Northern District of California, Case No. 11-cv-01613. PSW partner Daniel L. Warshaw currently serves as interim co-lead counsel in this putative nationwide class action on behalf of recording artists and producers who allege that they have been systematically underpaid royalties by the record company UMG.

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- In re Carrier IQ Consumer Privacy Litigation, Northern District of California, MDL No. 2330. PSW attorneys currently serve as interim co-lead counsel in this putative nationwide class action on behalf of consumers who allege privacy violations arising from software installed on their mobile devices that was logging text messages and other sensitive information.
- Sciortino, et al. v. PepsiCo, Inc., Northern District of California, Case No. 14-cv-0478. PSW attorneys currently serve as interim co-lead counsel in this putative California class action on behalf of consumers who allege that PepsiCo failed to warn them that certain of its sodas contain excess levels of a chemical called 4-Methylimidazole in violation of Proposition 65 and California consumer protection statutes.
- Senne, et al. v. Office of the Commissioner of Baseball, Northern District of California, Case No. 14-cv-0608. PSW attorneys currently serve as interim co-lead counsel in this putative nationwide class action and FLSA collective action on behalf of minor league baseball players who allege that Major League Baseball and its member franchises violated FLSA and state wage and hour laws by failing to pay minor league baseball players minimum wage and overtime.
- In re TFT-LCD (Flat Panel) Antitrust Litigation, Northern District of California, MDL No. 1827. PSW partner Bruce L. Simon served as co-lead counsel for the direct purchaser plaintiffs in In re TFT-LCD (Flat Panel) Antitrust Litigation, a multidistrict litigation arising from the price-fixing of thin film transistor liquid crystal display panels. Worldwide, the TFT-LCD industry is a multi-billion dollar industry, and many believe that this proceeding was one of the largest price-fixing cases in the United States. Over \$405 million in settlements had already been approved before trial. Mr. Simon served as co-lead trial counsel, successfully marshaled numerous witnesses, and presented the opening argument. On July 3, 2012, PSW obtained a jury verdict of \$87 million before trebling against the sole remaining defendant in the case, Toshiba Corporation and its related entities. PSW later settled with Toshiba and AU Optronics to bring the total to \$473 million in settlements. In 2013, California Lawyer Magazine awarded Mr. Simon a California Lawyer of the Year Award for his work in the TFT-LCD case.
- In re Potash Antitrust Litigation (No. II), Northern District of Illinois, MDL No. 1996. PSW partner Bruce L. Simon served as interim co-lead counsel for the plaintiffs in this multidistrict litigation arising from the price-fixing of potash sold in the United States. After defeating a motion to dismiss, Defendants appealed, and Mr.

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Simon argued before an *en banc* panel of the Seventh Circuit Court of Appeals. In an 8-0 decision, the *en banc* panel reversed the first panel decision and affirmed the denial of Defendants' motion to dismiss. *Minn-Chem, Inc. v. Agrium Inc.*, 683 F. 3d 845 (7th Cir. 2012). On June 12, 2012, the Court approved a \$90 million class settlement on behalf of direct purchaser plaintiffs.

- In re Dynamic Random Access Memory (DRAM) Antitrust Litigation, Northern District of California, MDL No. 1486. PSW partner Bruce L. Simon served as cochair of discovery and as a member of the trial preparation team in this multidistrict litigation arising from the price-fixing of DRAM, a form of computer memory. Mr. Simon was responsible for supervising and coordinating the review of almost a terabyte of electronic documents, setting and taking depositions, establishing and implementing protocols for cooperation between the direct and indirect plaintiffs as well as the Department of Justice, presenting oral arguments on discovery matters, working with defendants on evidentiary issues in preparation for trial, and preparation of a comprehensive pretrial statement. Shortly before the scheduled trial, class counsel reached settlements with the last remaining defendants, bringing the total value of the class settlements to over \$325 million.
- In re Methionine Antitrust Litigation, Northern District of California, MDL No. 1311. PSW partner Bruce L. Simon served as co-lead counsel in this nationwide antitrust class action involving a conspiracy to fix prices of, and allocate the markets for, methionine. Mr. Simon was personally responsible for many of the discovery aspects of the case including electronic document productions, coordination of document review teams, and depositions. Mr. Simon argued pretrial motions, prepared experts, and assisted in the preparation of most pleadings presented to the Court. This action resulted in over \$100 million in settlement recovery for the Class.
- In re Sodium Gluconate Antitrust Litigation, Northern District of California, MDL No. 1226. PSW partner Bruce L. Simon served as class counsel in this consolidated antitrust class action arising from the price-fixing of sodium gluconate. Mr. Simon was selected by Judge Claudia Wilken to serve as lead counsel amongst many other candidates for that position, and successfully led the case to class certification and settlement.
- In re Citric Acid Antitrust Litigation, Northern District of California, MDL No. 1092. PSW partner Bruce L. Simon served as class counsel in antitrust class actions against Archer-Daniels Midland Co. and others for their conspiracy to fix the prices of citric acid, a food additive product. Mr. Simon was one of the principal attorneys involved

in discovery in this matter. This proceeding resulted in over \$80 million settlements for the direct purchasers.

- Olson v. Volkswagen of America, Inc., Central District of California, Case No. CV07-05334. PSW attorneys brought this class action lawsuit against Volkswagen alleging that the service manual incorrectly stated the inspection and replacement intervals for timing belts on Audi and Volkswagen branded vehicles equipped with a 1.8 liter turbo-charged engine. This case resulted in a nationwide class settlement.
- Swain et al. v. Eel River Sawmills, Inc. et al., California Superior Court, DR-01-0216. George S. Trevor and Bruce L. Simon served as lead trial counsel for a class of former employees of a timber company whose retirement plan was lost through management's investment of plan assets in an Employee Stock Ownership Plan. Mr. Trevor and Mr. Simon negotiated a substantial settlement on the eve of trial resulting in a recovery of approximately 40% to 50% of plaintiffs' damages after attorneys' fees and costs.
- In re Digital Microwave Securities Litigation, Northern District of California, C-90-20241. George S. Trevor was one of the principal attorneys for a plaintiff class alleging fraud in the financial reporting of a public company. Defendants included the accounting firm Arthur Andersen. Mr. Trevor negotiated a settlement of nearly \$20 million, despite the absence of any director's and officer's liability insurance.
- In re Hawaiian and Guamanian Cabotage Antitrust Litigation, Western District of Washington, MDL No. 1972. PSW partner Bruce L. Simon served as interim co-lead counsel for the plaintiffs in this multidistrict litigation arising from violations of the federal antitrust laws with respect to domestic ocean shipping services between the continental United States and Hawaii and/or between the continental United States and the Territory of Guam.
- In re Homestore Litigation, Central District of California, Master File No. 01-11115. PSW attorneys served as liaison counsel and class counsel for plaintiff CalSTRS in this securities class action. The case resulted in over \$100 million in settlements to the Class.
- *In re MP3.Com, Inc., Securities Litigation*, Southern District of California, Master File No. 00-CV-1873. PSW attorneys served as defense counsel in this class action involving alleged securities violations under Rule 10b-5.

- In re Ivan F. Boesky Securities Litigation, Southern District of New York, MDL No. 732. George S. Trevor, while at the firm of Gold & Bennett, was one of the principal attorneys representing a class of former shareholders of the Pacific Lumber Company. The case was consolidated with numerous other shareholder class actions before the Honorable Milton Pollack. Mr. Trevor personally took numerous depositions and examined Michael Milken pursuant to Mr. Milken's settlement agreement with the Pacific Lumber class. He was also part of the trial team in New York when the case settled the evening before trial. The resulting settlement of \$144 million was estimated to be the fourth largest securities litigation settlement at the time.
- In re Automotive Refinishing Paint Cases, Alameda County Superior Court, Judicial Council Coordination Proceeding No. 4199. PSW attorneys served as class counsel with other law firms in this coordinated antitrust class action alleging a conspiracy by defendants to fix the price of automotive refinishing products.
- In re Beer Antitrust Litigation, Northern District of California, Case No. 97-20644 SW. PSW partner Bruce L. Simon served as primary counsel in this antitrust class action brought on behalf of independent micro-breweries against Anheuser-Busch, Inc., for its attempt to monopolize the beer industry in the United States by denying access to distribution channels.
- In re Commercial Tissue Products Public Entity Indirect Purchaser Antitrust Litigation, San Francisco Superior Court, Judicial Counsel Coordination Proceeding No. 4027. PSW partner Bruce L. Simon served as co-lead counsel for the public entity purchaser class in this antitrust action arising from the price-fixing of commercial sanitary paper products.
- *Hart v. Central Sprinkler Corporation*, Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC176727. PSW attorneys served as class counsel in this consumer class action arising from the sale of nine million defective fire sprinkler heads. This case resulted in a nationwide class settlement valued at approximately \$37.5 million.
- Rueda v. Schlumberger Resources Management Services, Inc., Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC235471. PSW attorneys served as class counsel with other law firms representing customers of the Los Angeles Department of Water & Power ("LADWP") who had lead leaching water meters installed on their properties. The Court granted final approval of the settlement whereby defendant would pay \$1.5 million to a cy pres fund to benefit the Class and to make grants to LADWP to assist in implementing a replacement program to the effected water meters.

- In re Louisiana-Pacific Corp. Inner-Seal OSB Trade Practices Litigation, Northern District of California, MDL No. 1114. PSW partner Bruce L. Simon worked on this nationwide product defect class action brought under the Lanham Act. The proposed class was certified, and a class settlement was finally approved by Chief Judge Vaughn Walker.
- *In re iPod nano Cases*, Los Angeles County Superior Court, Judicial Counsel Coordination Proceeding No. 4469. PSW attorneys were appointed co-lead counsel for this class action brought on behalf of California consumers who own defective iPod nanos. The case resulted in a favorable settlement.
- *Unity Entertainment Corp. v. MP3.Com*, Central District of California, Case No. 00-11868. PSW attorneys served as defense counsel in this class action alleging copyright infringement.
- *Vallier v. Jet Propulsion Laboratory*, Central District of California, Case No. CV97-1171. PSW attorneys served as lead counsel in this toxic tort action involving 50 cancer victims and their families.
- Nguyen v. First USA N.A., Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC222846.
 PSW attorneys served as class counsel on behalf of approximately four million First USA credit card holders whose information was sold to third party vendors without their consent. This case ultimately settled for an extremely valuable permanent injunction plus disgorgement of profits to worthy charities.
- Morales v. Associates First Financial Capital Corporation, San Francisco Superior Court, Judicial Council Coordination Proceeding No. 4197. PSW attorneys served as class counsel in this case arising from the wrongful sale of credit insurance in connection with personal and real estate-secured loans. This case resulted in an extraordinary \$240 million recovery for the Class.
- *In re AEFA Overtime Cases*, Los Angeles County Superior Court, Judicial Council Coordination Proceeding No. 4321. PSW attorneys served as class counsel in this overtime class action on behalf of American Express Financial Advisors, which resulted in an outstanding classwide settlement.

- *Khan v. Denny's Holdings, Inc.*, Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC177254. PSW attorneys settled a class action lawsuit against Denny's for non-payment of overtime wages to its managers and general managers.
- Kosnik v. Carrows Restaurants, Inc., Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC219809. PSW attorneys settled a class action lawsuit against Carrows Restaurants for non-payment of overtime wages to its assistant managers and managers.
- Castillo v. Pizza Hut, Inc., Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC318765. PSW attorneys served as lead class counsel in this California class action brought by delivery drivers who claimed they were not adequately compensated for use of their personally owned vehicles. This case resulted in a statewide class settlement.
- Baker v. Charles Schwab & Co., Inc., Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC286131. PSW attorneys served as class counsel for investors who were charged a fee for transferring out assets between June 1, 2002 and May 31, 2003. This case resulted in a nationwide class settlement.
- Eallonardo v. Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer, Inc., Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC286950. PSW attorneys served as class counsel on behalf a nationwide class of consumers who purchased DVDs manufactured by defendants. Plaintiffs alleged that defendants engaged in false and misleading advertising relating to the sale of its DVDs. This case resulted in a nationwide class settlement.
- Gaeta v. Centinela Feed, Inc., Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. BC342524. PSW attorneys served as defense counsel in this class action involving alleged failures to pay wages, overtime, employee expenses, waiting time penalties, and failure to provide meal and rest periods and to furnish timely and accurate wage statements.
- Leiber v. Consumer Empowerment Bv A/K/A Fasttrack, Central District of California, Case No. CV 01-09923. PSW attorneys served as defense counsel in this class action involving copyrighted music that was made available through a computer file sharing service without the publishers' permission.
- Higgs v. SUSA California, Inc., Los Angeles County Superior Court Case No. BC372745. PSW attorneys are serving as co-lead class counsel representing California consumers who entered into rental agreements for the use of self-storage facilities owned by defendants. In this certified class action, plaintiffs allege that

defendants wrongfully denied access to the self-storage facility and/or charged excessive pre-foreclosure fees.

- Fournier v. Lockheed Litigation, Los Angeles County Superior Court. PSW attorneys served as counsel for 1,350 residents living at or near the Skunks-Works Facility in Burbank. The case resolved with a substantial confidential settlement for plaintiffs.
- Nasseri v. CytoSport, Inc., Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 439181. PSW attorneys are serving as class counsel on behalf of a nationwide class of consumers who purchase CytoSport's popular protein powders, ready to drink protein beverages, and other "supplement" products. Plaintiffs allege that these supplements contain excessive amounts of lead, cadmium and arsenic in amounts that exceed Proposition 65 and negate CytoSport's health claims regarding the products.

ATTORNEY PROFILES

PARTNERS

CLIFFORD H. PEARSON

Clifford H. Pearson is a civil litigator and business lawyer focusing on complex litigation, class actions and business law. In 2013, Mr. Pearson was named by the *Daily Journal* as one of the Top 100 lawyers in California. He was instrumental in negotiating settlements that totaled \$473 million in *In re TFT-LCD (Flat Panel) Antitrust Litigation*, an antitrust case in the Northern District of California that alleged a decade-long conspiracy to fix the prices of TFT-LCD panels, and over \$90 million in *In re Potash Antitrust Litigation*, an antitrust case in the Northern District of Illinois that alleged price fixing by Russian, Belarusian and North American producers of potash, a main ingredient used in fertilizer.

Before creating the firm in 2006, Mr. Pearson was a partner at one of the largest firms in the San Fernando Valley, where he worked for 22 years. There, he represented aggrieved individuals, investors and employees in a wide variety of contexts, including toxic torts, consumer protection and wage and hour cases. Over his 32-year career, Mr. Pearson has successfully negotiated substantial settlements on behalf of consumers, small businesses and companies. In recognition of his outstanding work on behalf of clients, Mr. Pearson has been regularly selected by his peers as a Super Lawyer (representing the top 5% of practicing lawyers in Southern California). He has also attained Martindale-Hubbell's highest rating (AV) for legal ability and ethical standards.

Mr. Pearson is an active member of the American Bar Association, Canadian Bar Association, Los Angeles County Bar Association, Consumer Attorneys of California, Consumer Attorneys Association of Los Angeles, Association of Business Trial Lawyers and a Practitioner of Foreign Law in British Columbia, Canada.

Current Cases:

- *In re Credit Default Swaps Antitrust Litigation* (S.D.N.Y.)
- In re Lithium Ion Batteries Antitrust Litigation (N.D. Cal.)
- In re Polyurethane Foam Antitrust Litigation (N.D. Ohio)
- James v. UMG Recordings, Inc. (N.D. Cal.)

Education:

- Whittier Law School, Los Angeles, California J.D. 1981
- University of Miami, Miami, Florida M.B.A. 1978
- Carleton University, Ontario, Canada B.A. 1976

Bar Admissions:

- California
- Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals
- U.S. District Court, Central District of California
- U.S. District Court, Eastern District of California
- U.S. District Court, Northern District of California
- U.S. District Court, Southern District of California

Professional Associations and Memberships:

- American Bar Association
- Association of Business Trial Lawyers
- Canadian Bar Association
- Consumer Attorneys Association of Los Angeles
- Consumer Attorneys of California
- Los Angeles County Bar Association

BRUCE L. SIMON

Bruce L. Simon has led Pearson, Simon & Warshaw, LLP to national prominence. Mr. Simon specializes in complex cases involving antitrust, consumer fraud and securities. He has served as lead counsel in many business cases with national and global impact.

In 2013, Mr. Simon was chosen as one of the Top 100 attorneys in California by the Daily Journal. He received a CLAY award from California Lawyer magazine as one of the attorneys of the year for his work in the *In re TFT-LCD (Flat Panel) Antitrust Litigation* trial and settlements. and was also selected as one of the seven finalists for Consumer Attorneys of California's Consumer Attorney of the Year award. Mr. Simon was included in the Top 100 for Super Lawyers, and has been selected as a Super Lawyer ten years in a row. He also received a Trial Lawyer Excellence award in Chicago from the Law Bulletin for the settlement reached in *In re Potash Antitrust Litigation (II)*. He has attained Martindale-Hubbell's highest rating (AV) for legal ability and ethical standards.

Mr. Simon was co-lead class counsel in *In re TFT-LCD (Flat Panel) Antitrust Litigation*, a case where he and the firm obtained \$473 million in settlements. He was also co-lead trial counsel in that case and obtained an \$87 million jury verdict before trebling. *TFT-LCD* is considered to be one of the largest antitrust MDL class actions in the United States.

Mr. Simon was also co-lead counsel in *In re Potash Antitrust Litigation (II)*, a case which challenged a decades old international cartel that controlled one of the primary ingredients in fertilizer. The case resulted in \$90 million in settlements for the direct purchasers. Before the case settled, a panel of the Seventh Circuit reversed the trial court's upholding of the complaint. However, the Seventh Circuit later granted plaintiffs' counsel's *en banc* petition. The *en banc* panel issued a unanimous 8-0 decision denying the defendants' motion to dismiss. The opinion issued by the Court is one of the most significant decisions regarding the scope of international antirust conspiracies.

Mr. Simon also recently represented a generic brand drug company in an individual case alleging that the brand name manufacturer had filed false citizens petitions to delay the entry of the generic drug unto the market. The case resulted in a significant confidential settlement right before trial.

Current Cases:

Mr. Simon currently serves as co-lead counsel or on the executive committee in the following cases:

- In re Keurig Green Mountain Single-Serving Coffee Antitrust Litigation (S.D.N.Y.)
- In re Credit Default Swaps Antitrust Litigation (S.D.N.Y.)
- *In re Lithium Ion Batteries Antitrust Litigation* (N.D. Cal.)
- In re Carrier IQ, Inc., Consumer Privacy Litigation (N.D. Cal.)
- In re Optical Disk Drive Products Antitrust Litigation (N.D. Cal.)

Reported Cases:

• Minn-Chem, Inc. et al. v. Agrium Inc., et al., 683 F.3d 845 (7th Cir. 2012)

Education:

- University of California, Hastings College of the Law, San Francisco, California J.D. –
 1980
- University of California, Berkeley, California A.B. 1977

Bar Admissions:

- California
- Supreme Court of the United States
- Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals
- Seventh Circuit Court of Appeals
- U.S. District Court, Central District of California
- U.S. District Court, Eastern District of California
- U.S. District Court, Northern District of California
- U.S. District Court, Southern District of California

Recent Publications:

- Matthew Bender Practice Guide: California Unfair Competition and Business Torts, LexisNexis, with Justice Conrad L. Rushing and Judge Elia Weinbach (Updated 2013)
- The Questionable Use of Rule 11 Motions to Limit Discovery and Eliminate Allegations in Civil Antitrust Complaints in the United States, ABA International Cartel Workshop February 2012, with Aaron M. Sheanin
- Class Action for Health Professionals, chapter from Advocacy Strategies for Health and Mental Health Professionals, Springer Publishing Co., 2011, with Thomas K. Boardman, Stuart L. Lustig, Editor

- The Collaboration Between Public Entities and Private Counsel: Prosecuting Cases that Otherwise Might Not Be Brought, Competition, Vol. 19, Issue 2 (Fall 2010), with William J. Newsom
- Strategies for Contending with the Continued Decline in Civility in the Legal Profession, Consumer Attorneys of California, Don L. Galine Hawaii Seminar, November 30, 2010, with Alexander R. Safyan.
- The Ownership/Control Exception to Illinois Brick in Hi-Tech Component Cases: A Rule That Recognizes the Realities of Corporate Price Fixing, ABA International Cartel Workshop February 2014, with Aaron M. Sheanin
- Reverse Engineering Your Antitrust Case: Plan for Trial Even Before You File Your Case, Antitrust, Vol. 28, No. 2, Spring 2014 with Thomas K. Boardman

Professional Associations and Memberships:

- California State Bar Antitrust and Unfair Competition Section, Advisor and Past Chair
- ABA Antitrust Section Plaintiffs Task Force, Co-Chair
- ABA International Cartel Workshop, Steering Committee
- American Association for Justice, Business Torts Section, Past Chair
- Cambridge Antitrust Forum
- Hastings College of the Law, Board of Directors
- Public Justice Foundation
- Bar Association of San Francisco

DANIEL L. WARSHAW

Daniel L. Warshaw is a civil litigator and trial lawyer who focuses on complex litigation, class actions and consumer protection. Mr. Warshaw has held a lead role in numerous state and federal class actions, and obtained significant recoveries for class members in many cases. These cases have included, among other things, antitrust violations, high-technology products, automotive parts and false and misleading advertising. Mr. Warshaw has also represented employees and employers in a variety of class actions, including wage and hour, misclassification and other Labor Code violations.

Mr. Warshaw played an integral role in *In re TFT-LCD (Flat Panel) Antitrust Litigation*, where he negotiated the ESI protocol and managed a document review process that featured nearly 8 million documents in multiple languages and 136 reviewers. He currently serves as interim co-lead counsel in a series of groundbreaking class actions involving the alleged underpayment of royalties to artists, producers and directors in the music and film industries. These cases have received significant attention in the press, and Mr. Warshaw has been profiled by the *Daily Journal* for his work in the digital download music cases. In recognition of his outstanding work, Mr. Warshaw has been selected by his peers as a Super Lawyer (representing the top 5% of practicing lawyers in Southern California) every year since 2005. He has also attained Martindale-Hubbell's highest rating (AV) for legal ability and ethical standards.

Mr. Warshaw has assisted in the preparation of two Rutter Group practice guides: *Federal Civil Trials & Evidence* and *Civil Claims and Defenses*. Since 2012, Mr. Warshaw has served as the Chair of the Plaintiffs' Class Action Forum sponsored by Cambridge International Forums, Inc. The purpose of the Forum is to facilitate a high-level exchange of ideas and indepth dialogue on class action litigation.

Current Cases:

- *In re Lithium Ion Batteries Antitrust Litigation* (N.D. Cal.)
- In re Carrier IQ, Inc., Consumer Privacy Litigation (N.D. Cal.)
- James v. UMG Recordings, Inc. (N.D. Cal.)
- Higgins v. Paramount Pictures Corp. (and related cases) (LA Sup. Ct.)
- Sciortino, et al. v. PepsiCo, Inc. (N.D. Cal.)

Education:

- Whittier Law School, Los Angeles, California J.D. 1996
- University of Southern California B.A. 1992

Bar Admissions:

- California
- Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals
- U.S. District Court, Central District of California
- U.S. District Court, Eastern District of California
- U.S. District Court, Northern District of California
- U.S. District Court, Southern District of California

Professional Associations and Memberships:

- American Bar Association
- Association of Business Trial Lawyers
- Consumer Attorneys Association of Los Angeles
- Consumer Attorneys of California
- Los Angeles County Bar Association

SENIOR COUNSEL

GEORGE S. TREVOR

George S. Trevor has focused his practice for the past 26 years representing investors in securities class actions, securities arbitrations and complex business litigation. Since joining Pearson, Simon & Warshaw, LLP in 2009 as Senior Counsel, Mr. Trevor has been the senior attorney on a number of the firm's important cases. Those include *In re Lehman Securities and ERISA Litigation*, where the firm represents California public entities that purchased Lehman securities prior to its bankruptcy. In 2012, Mr. Trevor was lead trial counsel for the City of South San Francisco in a suit challenging the California Board of Equalizations' long-standing interpretation of the Bradley-Burns Local Sales Tax Act. Following a months' long bench trial in the San Francisco Superior Court, Mr. Trevor obtained a judgment ordering the BOE to revise its practices in the allocation of local sales tax.

Mr. Trevor also represents bankruptcy trustees as special litigation counsel against former directors, professionals and financial institutions, and recently obtained a substantial settlement on behalf of an investor plaintiff class against a national bank alleged to have aided and abetted a Ponzi scheme.

Prior to joining Pearson, Simon & Warshaw, LLP, Mr. Trevor was managing partner of Trevor & Weixel LLP. Mr. Trevor's significant cases at Trevor & Weixel included a class action brought on behalf of former employees of Eel River Sawmills. Mr. Trevor was instrumental in obtaining a \$5 million settlement for a class of approximately 400 workers who had lost significant amounts promised to them under the company's Employee Stock Ownership Plan. Mr. Trevor was lead trial counsel in a multi-claimant securities arbitration against a brokerage firm tried in New Orleans in 2007-2008. Following twenty days of hearing and immediately prior to the panel's decision, Mr. Trevor negotiated substantial settlements on behalf of all claimants.

Mr. Trevor also practiced for 11 years Gold & Bennett. Among his cases there was a class action brought on behalf of the former shareholders of the Pacific Lumber Company. In 1985, Charles Hurwitz launched a hostile takeover of Pacific Lumber. Mr. Hurwitz, assisted by Michael Milken and Ivan Boesky, succeeded in forcing a shareholder buyout at \$40 per share. The class action complaint alleged that the buyout was obtained through the dissemination of fraudulent offering materials to shareholders. On the eve of trial, Mr. Hurwitz agreed to a \$52 million settlement. Combined with other settlements, the Pacific Lumber shareholders received over \$140 million in additional compensation for their shares, one of the largest recoveries in securities litigation at the time. Mr. Trevor was also instrumental in the recovery of \$19.2 million by the shareholders of Digital Microwave Corporation. Mr. Trevor has litigated cases against hedge funds, real estate limited partnerships, software and hardware companies, alternative energy companies and accounting firms, among others.

Current Cases:

- In re Credit Default Swaps Antitrust Litigation (S.D.N.Y.)
- *In re Lehman Securities & ERISA Litigation* (S.D.N.Y.)
- City of South San Francisco v. Board of Equalization (S.F. Sup. Court)
- *In re Ivan F. Boesky Securities Litigation* (S.D.N.Y.)
- In re Adobe Systems, Inc. Securities Litigation (N.D. Cal.)
- In re Digital Microwave Corp. Securities Litigation (N.D. Cal.)
- *Lilley v. Charren* (Kenetech Corporation) (N.D. Cal.)
- Daniels v. Centennial Group, Inc. (Orange Sup. Court)

Education:

- University of California, Hastings College of the Law, San Francisco, California J.D., 1986
- University of California, Berkeley, California A.B. 1980 (Phi Beta Kappa, High Honors in Rhetoric and Distinction in General Scholarship).

Bar Admissions

- California
- Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals
- U.S. District Court, Central District of California
- U.S. District Court, Northern District of California
- U.S. District Court, District of Arizona

Reported Cases

- Musick Peeler & Garrett v. Wausau Ins., 508 U.S. 286 (1993)
- *Lippitt v. Raymond James*, 340 F.3d 1033 (9th Cir. 2003)
- Daniels v. Centennial Group, 16 Cal. App. 4th 467 (Cal. Ct. App. 1993)
- Boston Telecommunications v. Deloitte Touche, 278 F. Supp 2d 1041 (N.D. Cal. 2003)
- In re Silicon Graphics, 970 F.Supp 746 (N.D. Cal. 1997)
- *Lilley v. Charren*, 936 F.Supp 708 (N.D. Cal. 1996)
- *In re Digital Microwave Corp. Securities Litigation*, 1992 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 18469 (N.D. Cal. 1992)
- In re Adobe Systems, Inc. Securities Litigation, 767 F. Supp. 1023 (N.D. Cal. 1991)

Professional Associations and Memberships

- American Bar Association, Member, 1992 present
- Committee of Business and Corporate Litigation
- Public Investors Bar Association, Member, 2000 present

OF COUNSEL

AARON M. SHEANIN

Aaron M. Sheanin, Of Counsel to Pearson, Simon & Warshaw, LLP, has extensive experience in complex litigation matters in federal and state courts, including the prosecution of antitrust and consumer class actions. He has litigated numerous securities fraud and corporate governance cases on behalf of individual and institutional investors, and has advised state pension funds and private institutions with respect to securities and antitrust matters. Mr. Sheanin also has experience litigating telecommunications, employment discrimination, defective product, and bankruptcy matters.

Mr. Sheanin was actively involved in all aspects of *In re TFT-LCD (Flat Panel) Antitrust Litigation*, and was an integral member of the trial team. For his work on that case, Mr. Sheanin was nominated by the Consumer Attorneys of California as a finalist for Consumer Attorney of the Year. Mr. Sheanin served as co-lead counsel in *In re American Express Financial Advisors Securities Litigation* (\$100 million settlement), as co-lead counsel on behalf of lead plaintiff the Kansas Public Employees' Retirement System in the securities class action *Scheiner v. i2 Technologies* (\$84.85 million in settlements), and as co-chair of the discovery committee in *In re Natural Gas Antitrust Cases* (\$160 million in settlements).

From 2002 to 2011, Mr. Sheanin gained extensive experience prosecuting class actions and other complex cases as an associate and a partner with Girard Gibbs LLP and as an associate with Lieff, Cabraser, Heimann & Bernstein, LLP. From 1999 to 2001, Mr. Sheanin was a *pro se* law clerk for the United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit.

Current Cases:

- In re Credit Default Swaps Antitrust Litigation (S.D.N.Y.)
- *In re Lithium Ion Batteries Antitrust Litigation* (N.D. Cal.)
- In re Optical Disc Drive Products Antitrust Litigation (N.D. Cal.)
- In re NCAA Grant-In-Aid Antitrust Litigation (N.D. Cal.)
- *In re Capacitors Antitrust Litigation* (N.D. Cal.)
- In re Fresh & Process Potatoes Antitrust Litigation (D. Idaho)
- *In re Polyurethane Foam Antitrust Litigation* (N.D. Ohio)

Education:

- Columbia University School of Law, New York, New York J.D. 1999
- University of California, Berkeley, Berkeley, California A.B. 1993

Bar Admissions:

- California
- New York
- New Jersey
- Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals

- Second Circuit Court of Appeals
- U.S. District Court, Central District of California
- U.S. District Court, Eastern District of California
- U.S. District Court, Northern District of California
- U.S. District Court, Southern District of California
- U.S. District Court, District of Colorado

Publications and Presentations:

- Appellate Courts Grapple with the Foreign Trade Antitrust Improvements Act, Competition: The Journal of the Antitrust and Unfair Competition Law Section of the State Bar of California, Vol. 23, No. 2 (Fall 2014), with Craig C. Corbitt.
- The Ownership/Control Exception to Illinois Brick in Hi-Tech Component Cases: A Rule That Recognizes the Realities of Corporate Price Fixing, ABA International Cartel Workshop February 2014, with Bruce L. Simon
- The Questionable Use of Rule 11 Motions to Limit Discovery and Eliminate Allegations in Civil Antitrust Complaints in the United States, ABA International Cartel Workshop February 2012, with Bruce L. Simon
- American Bar Association, Task Force on Contingent Fees (Tort Trial and Insurance Practice Section)
- "California Class Actions Practice and Procedure" (Matthew Bender, 1st Ed. 2003), contributing author

Professional Associations and Memberships:

- California State Bar Antitrust and Unfair Competition Section, Executive Committee
- Antitrust Section of the San Francisco Bar Association, Executive Committee
- American Bar Association
- New York Bar Association

ROBERT G. RETANA

Robert G. Retana is an accomplished litigator, with both civil and criminal experience and a long history of community involvement. After graduating from law school, Mr. Retana worked as a civil litigator at the Heller Ehrman firm in San Francisco, where he handled large, complex litigation as well as several *pro bono* matters. From 1994-1998, he served as an Assistant District Attorney for the City and County of San Francisco, where he was the Assistant Supervisor of the Misdemeanor Trial Division and a member of the Felony Domestic Violence Unit. As an Assistant District Attorney, Mr. Retana tried dozens of cases and handled hundreds of hearings. He then worked as a litigator at Cotchett Pitre & Simon, where he handled complex cases, including class actions, securities and antitrust cases, on the plaintiff's side. Mr. Retana next worked as an attorney for the Administrative Office of the Courts, in the Litigation Management Unit, where he handled litigation for and gave legal advice to judges, courts and court staff. Before joining Pearson, Simon & Warshaw, LLP, Mr. Retana was a named partner at Oliver, Sabec & Retana, where he handled litigation and intellectual property matters. Mr. Retana has also served as a Judge Pro Tem in San Mateo County.

At Pearson, Simon & Warshaw, LLP, Mr. Retana was a member of the trial team in *In re TFT-LCD (Flat Panel) Antitrust Litigation*. He worked extensively on the briefing of summary judgment motions and on the motions for preliminary and final approval of the settlements reached therein. He was actively involved in the trial of that case, including the examination of witnesses. As part of that trial team, Mr. Retana was nominated along with other lawyers from the firm by the Consumer Attorneys of California as a finalist for the Consumer Attorney of the Year Award.

Mr. Retana is currently counsel in two proposed class actions involving complex allegations of aiding and abetting Ponzi schemes. One involves primarily Latinos in Los Angeles who invested in a company known as "Financial Plus" that targeted members of the Latino community. A substantial settlement was reached in that matter with a national bank that is alleged to have aided and abetted the Ponzi scheme operator. The other is brought on behalf of the trustee of an investment company whose assets were looted by its managers with the knowledge and assistance of its bank.

Mr. Retana has been featured as a speaker at events related to educating the public about investment scams. For example, in March of 2013, he spoke about avoiding Ponzi schemes and financial fraud at Univision's *Feria Financiera*, *Plan Prosperidad 2013*, held at the University of Southern California. In the Fall of 2013, he was featured as a legal expert in a video produced by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA) regarding investment fraud in the Latino community.

Current Cases:

- *In re Lithium Ion Batteries Antitrust Litigation* (N.D. Cal.)
- In re Carrier IQ, Inc., Consumer Privacy Litigation (N.D. Cal.)
- In re Keurig Green Mountain Single-Serving Coffee Antitrust Litigation (S.D.N.Y.)
- Uecker v. Wells Fargo Capital Finance, LLC (Bankr. N.D. Cal.)

Education:

- University of California, Boalt Hall, Berkeley, California J.D. 1990
- Columbia College, New York, New York B.A. 1984

Bar Admissions:

- California
- Supreme Court of the United States
- Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals
- U.S. District Court, Central District of California
- U.S. District Court, Eastern District of California
- U.S. District Court, Northern District of California
- U.S. District Court, Southern District of California

Professional Associations and Memberships:

- San Francisco Lawyers Committee for Civil Rights, Member
- San Francisco La Raza Lawyers Association, former Board Member

- La Raza Centro Legal, former Board Member and former Board President
- BALIF, Member
- American Bar Association
- San Mateo County Bar Association
- Association of Business Trial Lawyers

ASSOCIATES

BORBY POUYA

Bobby Pouya is a civil litigator and trial lawyer in the firm's Los Angeles office, focusing on complex litigation, class actions and consumer protection. Mr. Pouya has been an attorney with Pearson, Simon & Warshaw since 2006, and has extensive experience in representing clients in a variety of contexts. He has served as a primary member of the litigation team in multiple cases that resulted in class certification or a classwide settlement, including cases that involved high-technology products, consumer safety and false and misleading advertising. Mr. Pouya's success has earned him recognition by his peers as a Super Lawyers Rising Star (representing the top 2.5% of lawyers in Southern California age 40 or younger or in practice for 10 years or less) every year since 2008.

Mr. Pouya currently serves as one of the attorneys representing direct purchaser plaintiffs in several MDL antitrust cases, including *In re Polyurethane Foam Antitrust Litigation* (N.D. Ohio) and *In re Fresh and Processed Potatoes Antitrust Litigation* (D. Idaho). Mr. Pouya is actively involved in the prosecution of these cases, and works closely with lead counsel on all aspects of litigation strategy. Mr. Pouya earned his Juris Doctorate from Pepperdine University School of Law in 2006, where he received a certificate in dispute resolution from the prestigious Straus Institute for Dispute Resolution and participated on the interschool trial and mediation advocacy teams, the Dispute Resolution Law Journal and the Moot Court Board.

Current Cases:

- *In re Polyurethane Foam Antitrust Litigation* (N.D. Ohio)
- Senne, et al. v. Office of the Commissioner of Baseball (N.D. Cal.)
- Higgins v. Paramount Pictures Corp. (and related cases) (L.A. Sup. Ct.)
- Sciortino, et al. v. PepsiCo, Inc. (N.D. Cal.)

Education:

- Pepperdine University School of Law, Malibu, California J.D. 2006
- University of California, Santa Barbara, California B.A., with honors 2003

Recent Publications:

• Central District Local Rules Hinder Class Certification, Daily Journal, April 9, 2013, with Alexander R. Safyan

Bar Admissions:

- California
- Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals
- U.S. District Court, Central District of California
- U.S. District Court, Eastern District of California
- U.S. District Court, Northern District of California
- U.S. District Court, Southern District of California

Professional Associations and Memberships:

- Consumer Attorneys Association of Los Angeles
- Consumer Attorneys of California
- Los Angeles County Bar Association
- San Fernando Valley Bar Association

VERONICA W. GLAZE

Veronica W. Glaze is an associate in the firm's Los Angeles office, focusing on antitrust, consumer and business litigation. Ms. Glaze was a member of the trial team in *In re TFT-LCD* (*Flat Panel*) *Antitrust Litigation*, and was actively involved in representing the direct purchaser plaintiffs at all stages of the case. In 2013, Ms. Glaze was recognized by Consumer Attorneys of California as a finalist for its "Consumer Attorney of the Year" award for her work in the case. Ms. Glaze also worked on key aspects of the direct purchaser plaintiffs' case in *In re Potash Antitrust Litigation (II)*, an MDL antitrust case that alleged price fixing by Russian, Belarusian and North American producers of potash. While at Pearson, Simon, & Warshaw, Ms. Glaze has become particularly adept at managing the electronic review of documents at all stages of litigation. She has also gained extensive experience managing the review of foreign language documents and resolving discovery issues concerning the use of translations throughout the litigation process.

Ms. Glaze matriculated at Pomona College in Claremont, California and received her Bachelor of Arts in English Literature, with minors in Black Studies and Politics. She earned her Juris Doctorate in 2008 from Pepperdine University School of Law. While in law school, Mrs. Glaze was a member of Pepperdine's Moot Court Board and worked as a research assistant to Professor Carol A. Chase. Ms. Glaze is also a former law clerk for the Legal Aid Foundation of Los Angeles.

Current Cases:

- In re Lithium Ion Batteries Antitrust Litigation (N.D. Cal.)
- In re Fresh and Processed Potatoes Antitrust Litigation (D. Idaho)
- In re Credit Default Swaps Antitrust Litigation (S.D.N.Y.)

Education:

- Pepperdine University School of Law, Malibu, California J.D. 2008
- Pomona College, Claremont, California B.A. 2004

Bar Admissions:

- California
- U.S. District Court, Northern District of California
- U.S. District Court, Central District of California

Professional Associations and Memberships:

- John M. Langston Bar Association, Board Member
- Black Women Lawyers Association of Los Angeles, Scholarship Committee Member
- Consumer Attorneys of California, Member
- Los Angeles County Bar Association, Member
- Consumer Attorneys Association of Los Angeles, Member
- San Fernando Valley Bar Association, Member

Honors and Awards:

- Consumer Attorneys of California's Consumer Attorney of the Year, award finalist, 2013
- John M. Langston Bar Association's President's Award, 2013

ALEXANDER R. SAFYAN

Alexander Safyan is an associate in the firm's Los Angeles office, focusing on antitrust, consumer and business litigation. Mr. Safyan has worked on many of the firm's class actions, including drafting complex complaints, motions and discovery. Mr. Safyan has also served as the principal attorney on some of the firm's non-class cases, representing both individuals and companies in contract disputes. In recognition of his work on behalf of clients, Mr. Safyan has been selected by his peers as a Super Lawyers Rising Star (representing the top 2.5% of lawyers in Southern California age 40 or younger or in practice for 10 years or less) every year since 2013.

Mr. Safyan is a prolific writer, having been published several times by the *Daily Journal* and co-authored papers and presentations with some of the firm's senior attorneys. Further, Mr. Safyan published a law review comment titled *A Call for International Regulation of the Thriving "Industry" of Death Tourism*, which has been cited by multiple other publications. Mr. Safyan earned his Bachelor of Arts degree, *cum laude*, in political science from the University of Southern California in 2008. He earned his Juris Doctorate, *cum laude*, from Loyola Law School Los Angeles in 2011, graduating as a member of the Order of the Coif.

Current Cases:

- James v. UMG Recordings, Inc. (N.D. Cal.)
- Sciortino, et al. v. PepsiCo, Inc. (N.D. Cal.)
- In re Credit Default Swaps Antitrust Litigation (S.D.N.Y.)
- Higgins v. Paramount Pictures Corp. (and related cases) (L.A. Sup. Ct.)

Education:

- Loyola Law School Los Angeles, Los Angeles, California J.D., cum laude 2011
- University of Southern California, Los Angeles, California B.A., cum laude 2008

Recent Publications:

• A Call for International Regulation of the Thriving "Industry" of Death Tourism, 33 Loy. L.A. Int'l & Comp. L. Rev. 287 (2011)

- Brantley v. NBC Uni: Tying Consumers' Hands in Bringing Antitrust Tying Claims, Daily Journal, April 12, 2012, with Clifford H. Pearson
- Central District Local Rules Hinder Class Certification, Daily Journal, April 9, 2013, with Bobby Pouya
- Strategies for Contending with the Continued Decline in Civility in the Legal Profession, Consumer Attorneys of California, Don L. Galine Hawaii Seminar, November 30, 2010, with Bruce L. Simon

Bar Admissions:

- California
- Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals
- U.S. District Court, Central District of California
- U.S. District Court, Northern District of California
- U.S. District Court, Southern District of California

Professional Associations and Memberships:

- American Bar Association
- Association of Business Trial Lawyers, Young Lawyers Division
- Consumer Attorneys Association of Los Angeles
- Los Angeles County Bar Association

MICHAEL H. PEARSON

Michael H. Pearson is an associate in the firm's Los Angeles office, focusing on antitrust, personal injury and business litigation. Mr. Pearson has represented clients in high-stakes personal injury, mass tort and product liability cases.

Mr. Pearson received his Bachelor of Science degree from Tulane University in 2008, majoring in Finance with an Energy Specialization. He received his Juris Doctorate from Loyola Law School Los Angeles in 2011. Mr. Pearson is an active member in a number of legal organizations, including the American, Los Angeles County and San Fernando Valley Bar Associations, Consumer Attorneys of California, the Consumer Attorneys Association of Los Angeles and the Association of Business Trial Lawyers.

Current Cases:

- In re Credit Default Swaps Antitrust Litigation (S.D.N.Y.)
- In re Cathode Ray Tube (CRT) Antitrust Litigation (N.D. Cal.)

Education:

- Loyola Law School Los Angeles, Los Angeles, California J.D. 2011
- Tulane University, New Orleans, Louisiana B.S. magna cum laude 2008

Bar Admissions:

California

- Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals
- U.S. District Court, Central District of California
- U.S. District Court, Eastern District of California
- U.S. District Court, Northern District of California
- U.S. District Court, Southern District of California

Professional Associations and Memberships:

- American Bar Association
- Association of Business Trial Lawyers
- Consumer Attorneys Association of Los Angeles
- Consumer Attorneys of California
- Los Angeles County Bar Association
- San Fernando Valley Bar Association

BENJAMIN E. SHIFTAN

Benjamin E. Shiftan is a litigator in the firm's San Francisco office. Since joining the firm in 2014, Mr. Shiftan has focused on complex class action litigation, including antitrust, product defect, and consumer protection cases.

Prior to joining the firm, Mr. Shiftan litigated complex bad faith insurance cases for a national law firm. Before that, Mr. Shiftan served as a law clerk to the Honorable Peter G. Sheridan, United States District Court for the District of New Jersey, and worked for a mid-sized firm in San Diego.

Mr. Shiftan graduated from the University of San Diego School of Law in 2009. While in law school, he served as Lead Articles Editor of the San Diego International Law Journal and competed as a National Team Member on the Moot Court Board. Mr. Shiftan won the school's Paul A. McLennon, Sr. Honors Moot Court Competition. At graduation, he was one of ten students inducted into the Order of the Barristers. Mr. Shiftan graduated from the University of Virginia in 2006.

Current Cases:

- In re NCAA Grant-In-Aid Cap Antitrust Litigation (N.D. Cal.)
- *In re Lithium Ion Batteries Antitrust Litigation* (N.D. Cal.)
- In re Keurig Green Mountain Single-Serve Coffee Antitrust Litigation (N.D. Cal.)

Education:

- University of San Diego School of Law, San Diego, CA J.D. 2009
- University of Virginia, Charlottesville, VA B.A. 2006

Bar Admissions:

- California
- Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals

- U.S. District Court, Central District of California
- U.S. District Court, Eastern District of California
- U.S. District Court, Northern District of California
- U.S. District Court, Southern District of California

Professional Associations and Memberships:

• San Francisco County Bar Association

MATTHEW A. PEARSON

Matthew A. Pearson is an associate in the firm's Los Angeles office focusing on antitrust, personal injury and business litigation. Mr. Pearson has represented clients in variety of different matters including toxic tort litigation, business litigation, products liability, and high-stakes personal injury matters.

Mr. Pearson received his Bachelor of Science degree from the University of Arizona in 2010, majoring in Business Management. He received his Juris Doctorate from Whittier Law School in 2013. Mr. Pearson is an active member in a number of legal organizations, including the American Bar Association, American Association for Justice, Association of Business Trial Lawyers, Consumer Attorneys Association of Los Angeles, Consumer Attorneys of California, and the Los Angeles County Bar Association.

Current Cases:

• In re Credit Default Swaps Antitrust Litigation (S.D.N.Y.)

Education:

- Whittier Law School, California J.D. 2013
- University of Arizona: Eller College of Management B.S.– 2010

Bar Admissions:

- California
- Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals
- U.S. District Court, Central District of California
- U.S. District Court, Eastern District of California
- U.S. District Court, Northern District of California
- U.S. District Court, Southern District of California

Professional Associations and Memberships:

- American Bar Association
- American Association for Justice
- Association of Business Trial Lawyers
- Consumer Attorneys Association of Los Angeles
- Consumer Attorneys of California
- Los Angeles County Bar Association

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 8 9 CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA **10** 11 JAMES EASHOO, individually and on CASE NO. 2:15-cv-01726-BRO-PJW behalf of all others similarly situated, 12 **CLASS ACTION** 13 Plaintiff, [PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING 14 MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY VS. 15 APPROVAL OF CLASS ACTION IOVATE HEALTH SCIENCES U.S.A., **SETTLEMENT 16** INC., **17** November 9, 2015 Date: Defendant. Time: 1:30 p.m. **18** Dept.: 14 - Spring St. Floor 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 **26** 27 28

The Court, having reviewed the Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class Action Settlement ("Motion"), the evidence and argument provided by the parties, and the pleadings and other papers on file in this action, hereby GRANTS preliminary approval to the Class Action Settlement Agreement attached hereto as Exhibit 1, as detailed below.

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

- For purposes of this Order, except as otherwise set forth herein, the Court adopts and incorporates the definitions contained in the Settlement Agreement.
- 2. The Court hereby grants preliminary approval to the Settlement Agreement, subject to a hearing on the final approval of the settlement (the "Fairness Hearing"), on behalf of the following Class:

All persons in the United States of America who purchased one or more of Defendant Iovate Health Sciences, Inc.'s Protein Products¹ at any time between March 10, 2011 and the date of this Order.

- 3. The Court finds that the Settlement Agreement falls within the range of reasonableness. The Court further finds that there is a sufficient basis for notifying the Class of the proposed Settlement Agreement and for enjoining Class Members from proceeding in any other action arising from or relating to this litigation pending the conclusion of the Fairness Hearing.
 - 4. The Fairness Hearing will be conducted to determine the following:
- a. Whether the proposed Settlement Agreement is fair, reasonable, and adequate and should be granted final approval;
 - b. Whether final judgments should be entered dismissing the claims

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¹All capitalized terms herein shall have the definitions set forth in the Settlement Agreement filed herewith unless otherwise stated. The Settlement Agreement is attached hereto as Exhibit 1.

1 of the Class against Iovate with prejudice; and

- c. Such other matters as the Court may deem appropriate.
- 5. The Court appoints Rust Consulting, Inc. as the Claims Administrator.
- 6. The Court finds that the forms of notice to the Class Members regarding the pendency of this class action, and the methods of dissemination to the Class Members in accordance with the terms of this Order, constitute valid, due, and sufficient notice to the Class Members pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23, California Civil Code section 1781(d), the United States Constitution, and any other applicable law.
- 7. The Court approves the form and content of the Claim Form, Long Form Notice, and Summary Published Notice attached to the Settlement Agreement as Exhibits A-C, respectively.
- 8. The first date on which the Summary Notice is published in a newspaper of general circulation in California shall be no later than 30 days after entry of this Order (the "Notice Date").
- 9. On or before the Notice Date, the Claims Administrator shall establish the Case Website, which will allow Class Members the ability to obtain information and documents about the settlement, including the Claim Form, Long Form Notice, Summary Published Notice, the Settlement Agreement, and (when it becomes available) Plaintiff's Motion for Attorneys' Fees, Costs, and Incentive Award.
- 10. Commencing on or before the Notice Date, the Claims Administrator shall arrange for publication of the Summary Published Notice, in the form attached to the Settlement Agreement as Exhibit C, as follows: four quarter-page notices once a week for four consecutive weeks in *USA Today's* California edition.
- 11. On or before the Notice Date, the Claims Administrator will issue an informational press release over PR Newswire's US1 and National Hispanic newslines.
 - 12. Commencing on or before the Notice Date, the Claims Administrator

1	shall create Internet banner notices on several websites including: (1) Men's Health		
2	(2) Men's Fitness; (3) Muscle & Fitness; (4) Muscle & Fitness Hers; and (5) Flex.		
3	Additionally, the Claims Administrator shall create advertisements on Facebook and		
4	Twitter targeted to users with interests such as "Bodybuilding," "Weight training,"		
5	"Muscle & Fitness" or similar terms targeted to reach potential Class Members.		
6	These Internet notices will allow access to the Case Website. Counsel for the		
7	parties and the Claims Administrator may direct notice via additional websites that		
8	are targeted to reach potential Class Members.		
9	13. On or before the Notice Date, the Claims Administrator shall establish		
10	a case-specific Facebook page and a case-specific Twitter account, which will give		
11	Class Members access to information about the settlement.		
12	14. On or before the Notice Date, the Claims Administrator shall establish		
13	a toll-free telephone number, which will provide answers to frequently asked		
14	questions and give Class Members the ability to request information to be mailed		
15	directly to them.		
16	15. Counsel for the parties are hereby authorized to utilize all reasonable		
17	procedures in connection with the administration of the Settlement which are not		
18	materially inconsistent with either this Order or the terms of the Settlement		
19	Agreement.		
20	16. The Court adopts the following schedule in order to effectuate the final		
21	approval of the Settlement Agreement:		
22	a. Plaintiff's Motion for Attorneys' Fees, Costs, and Incentive		
23	Award shall be filed on or before (45 days after the Notice Date);		
24	b. Class Members shall have until (60 days after		
25	the Notice Date) to file claims, opt-out or exclude themselves, object to the		
26	Settlement Agreement, or respond to Plaintiff's Motion for Attorneys' Fees, Costs,		
27	and Incentive Award;		
28	c. Plaintiff shall file his Motion for Final Approval of the		
	865179.1 4 [PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF CLASS ACTION		

Settlement Agreement on or before (75 days after the Notice			
Date);			
d. Plaintiff shall respond to any objection to the Settlement			
Agreement and/or Plaintiff's Motion for Attorneys' Fees, Costs, and Incentive			
Award on or before (75 days after the Notice Date); and			
e. The Fairness Hearing shall be held on at			
(100 days after the Notice Date).			
17. The hearing date and/or time for the Fairness Hearing may be moved			
sua sponte by the Court or pursuant to a stipulation by the parties subject to Court			
approval without providing additional notice to the Class Members.			
18. Class Members shall, upon final approval of the Settlement Agreement,			
be bound by the terms and provision of the Settlement Agreement so approved,			
including but not limited to the releases, waivers, and covenants described in the			
Settlement Agreement, whether or not such person or entity objected to the			
Settlement Agreement and whether or not such person or entity makes a claim upon			
the settlement funds.			
19. In the event that this Order conflicts with the Settlement Agreement			
regarding the form and manner of providing notice to the Class, this Order shall			
control. All provisions of the Settlement Agreement regarding the form and manner			
of providing notice to the Class shall remain in full force and effect unless otherwise			
expressly modified herein.			
20. All further proceedings in this litigation are hereby stayed except for			
any actions required to effectuate the Settlement Agreement.			
IT IS SO ORDERED.			
DATED: , 2015			
Honorable Beverly Reid O'Connell			
United States District Judge			
65179.1 5 [PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT			

EXHIBIT 1

1	DANIEL L. WARSHAW (Bar No. 185365)		
2	dwarshaw@pswlaw.com BOBBY POUYA (Bar No. 245527)		
3	bpouya@pswlaw.com MATTHEW A. PEARSON (Bar No. 291484)		
4	mapearson@pswlaw.com PEARSON, SIMON & WARSHAW, Ll	LP	
5	15165 Ventura Boulevard, Suite 400 Sherman Oaks, California 91403		
6	Telephone: (818) 788-8300 Facsimile: (818) 788-8104		
7	Attorneys for Plaintiff James Eashoo		
8	and the Settlement Class		
9	NEWPORT TRIAL GROUP		
10	A Professional Corporation Scott J. Ferrell, Bar No. 202091		
11	sferrell@trialnewport.com David W. Reid, Bar No. 267382 dreid@trialnewport.com		
12	Richard H. Hikida, Bar No. 196149 rhikida@trialnewport.com		
13	4100 Newport Place Drive, Ste. 800 Newport Beach, CA 92660		
14	Tel: (949) 706-6464 Fax: (949) 706-6469		
15			
16	Attorneys for Defendant IOVATE HEALTH SCIENCES U.S.A. IN	NC.	
17			
18	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
19	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
20	AANGEG FAGUOO : 1: :1 II		
21	JAMES EASHOO, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,	Case No. 2:15-cv-1726-BRO-PJW	
22	Plaintiff,	CLASS ACTION	
23	VS.	CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT	
24	IOVATE HEALTH SCIENCES U.S.A., INC.	AGREEMENT	
25 26	Defendant.		
27			
28			

CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

1 | 3 | 3 | 4 | S | 5 | d

This Class Action Settlement Agreement (the "Settlement"), dated September 30, 2015, is made and entered into by and between the Class Representative James Eashoo, on behalf of himself and the Settlement Class, and Defendant Iovate Health Sciences U.S.A. Inc. to settle and compromise this Action and settle, resolve, and discharge the Released Claims, as defined below, according to the terms and conditions herein.

PREAMBLE

- 1. WHEREAS, on March 10, 2015, Plaintiff James Eashoo ("Plaintiff") filed the above-captioned class action lawsuit against Defendant Iovate Health Sciences U.S.A. Inc. ("Defendant") entitled *Eashoo v. Iovate Health Sciences U.S.A.*, *Inc.*, Case No. 2:15-cv-1726-BRO-PJW.
- 2. WHEREAS, on April 10, 2015, Plaintiff filed a First Amended Class Action Complaint.
- 3. WHEREAS, Plaintiff alleges that Defendant has engaged in acts that violate state consumer protections laws (including California's False Advertising Laws ("FAL"), Bus. & Prof. Code §17500 et seq., California's Unfair Competition Laws ("UCL"), and California's Consumer Legal Remedies Act ("CLRA"), Civil Code § 1750 et seq.), as well as the Magnuson-Moss Warranty Act, 15 U.S.C. § 2301 et seq., breach of express warranty, and negligent misrepresentation, and that as a direct result of such violations, Plaintiff and the putative class have suffered monetary damages and also seek equitable remedies.
- 4. WHEREAS, based upon the discovery taken to date, investigation, and evaluation of the facts and law relating to the matters alleged in the pleadings, plus the risks and uncertainties of continued litigation and all factors bearing on the merits of settlement, Plaintiff has agreed to settle the claims asserted in the Action pursuant to provisions of this Settlement.

NOW, THEREFORE, subject to the Final Approval of the Court as required herein and by applicable law and rules, the Settling Parties hereby agree, in

consideration of the mutual promises and covenants contained herein, that any Released Claims against any Released Parties shall be settled, compromised and forever released upon the following terms and conditions.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE SETTLEMENT

1. **DEFINITIONS**

As used in this Class Action Settlement Agreement and the related documents attached hereto as exhibits, the terms set forth below shall have the meanings set forth below.

- 1.1. "Action" means the civil action entitled *Eashoo v. Iovate Health Sciences U.S.A., Inc.*, Case No. 2:15-cv-1726-BRO-PJW, currently pending in the United States District Court for the Central District of California.
- 1.2 "CAFA Notice" means the notice of this Class Action Settlement Agreement to the appropriate federal and state officials in the United States, as provided by the Class Action Fairness Act of 2005, 28 U.S.C. § 1715, and as further described in Paragraph 5.1.4.
- 1.3. "Claim" or "Settlement Claim" means a claim for payment submitted by a Settlement Class Member to the Claims Administrator as provided in this Class Action Settlement Agreement.
- 1.4. "Claim Form" or "Settlement Claim Form" means a claim form, substantially in the form of Exhibit A attached hereto, to be submitted by Claimants seeking payment pursuant to this Class Action Settlement Agreement to the Claims Administrator.
- 1.5. "Claimant" means a Settlement Class Member who submits a claim for payment.
- 1.6. "Claims Administrator" refers to the independent, third-party claims administrator jointly selected by the Parties to provide notice to the Settlement Class, CAFA Notice, and to administer the claims process.

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- Action Settlement Agreement," "Settlement Agreement," "Settlement," or "Agreement" means this Class Action Settlement Agreement,

including the attached exhibits.

- "Class Counsel" means the Class Representative's counsel of record in the Action, Daniel L. Warshaw and the law firm of Pearson, Simon & Warshaw, LLP.
- "Class Period" means the time period between March 10, 2011 through the date the Preliminary Approval Order is entered.
 - 1.10. "Class Representative" means James Eashoo.
- 1.11. "Court" means the United States District Court for the Central District of California.
- 1.12. "Defendant" means Iovate Health Sciences U.S.A., Inc., as well as its past, present, and future officers, directors, shareholders, employees, predecessors, affiliates, subsidiaries, distributors, parents, partners, principals, administrators, agents, servants, successors, trustees, vendors, subcontractors, coconspirators, buyers, independent contractors, attorneys, representatives, heirs, executors, experts, consultants, and assigns of all of the foregoing persons and entities.
- 1.13. "Defendant's Counsel" means Defendant's counsel of record in the Action, Scott J. Ferrell and the law firm known as Newport Trial Group, APC.
- 1.14. "Effective Date" means the first date by which all of the following events shall have occurred: the Court has entered the Final Approval Order and Judgment on the docket in the Action, and (a) the time to appeal from such order has expired and no appeal has been timely filed, (b) if such an appeal has been filed, it has finally been resolved and has resulted in an affirmation of the Final Approval Order and Judgment, or (c) the Court, following the resolution of the appeal, enters a further order or orders approving settlement on the terms set forth herein, and either no further appeal is taken from such order(s) or any such appeal results in affirmation of such order(s). Neither the pendency of the Fee and Cost Application, nor any appeal pertaining

solely to a decision on the Fee and Cost Application, shall in any way delay or preclude the Final Approval Order and Judgment from becoming final.

1.15. "Fee and Cost Application" means the written motion or application by which the Class Representative and/or Class Counsel request that the Court award attorneys' fees, costs, expenses and incentive awards.

objections to this Settlement and all responses thereto; and (c) rule on the Fee and

1.16. "Final Approval Hearing" means the hearing scheduled to take place at least ninety days after the date of entry of the Preliminary Approval Order at which the Court shall: (a) determine whether to grant final approval to this Class Action Settlement Agreement and to certify the Settlement Class; (b) consider any timely

Cost Application.

prejudice.

1.17. "Final Approval Order" means the order in which the Court grants final approval of this Class Action Settlement Agreement, certifies the Settlement Class, and authorizes the entry of a final judgment and dismissal of the Action with

1.18. "Judgment" means the judgment to be entered by the Court pursuant to the Settlement.

1.19. "Net Settlement Fund" means the Non-Reversionary Common Fund, as defined herein, less claims administration expenses, notice expenses, any fee award, reimbursement of expenses, any incentive award, and tax expenses.

1.20. "Non-Reversionary Common Fund" means the non-reversionary sum of two million five hundred thousand dollars (\$2,500,000) Defendant will pay to settle all claims in the Action pursuant to this Settlement.

1.21. "Notice" shall mean a document substantially in the form of Exhibit B hereto, and "Summary Notice," meaning a document substantially in the form of Exhibit C hereto, to be disseminated in accordance with the Preliminary Approval Order, informing Persons who fall within the Settlement Class definition of, among

other things, the pendency of the Action, the material terms of the Proposed Settlement, and their options with respect thereto.

- 1.22 "Notice Date" means the date thirty (30) days after the Court provides Preliminary Approval to the Settlement Agreement, by which the Claims Administrator shall commence dissemination of Notice to the Settlement Class.
- 1.23. "Notice Plan" means the method of providing the Settlement Class with notice of the Class Action Settlement Agreement, as approved by the Court.
- 1.24. "Notice Response Deadline" means the deadline for all members of the Settlement Class to respond to the Notice, which shall be sixty (60) days after the Notice Date.
- 1.25. "Opt-Out Date" means the date that is the end of the period to request exclusion from the Settlement Class established by the Court and set forth in the Notice.
- 1.26. "Participating Claimant" means a Claimant who submits a Qualifying Settlement Claim Form in response to the Notice.
- 1.27. "Parties" means Class Representative James Eashoo and Defendant Iovate Health Sciences U.S.A. Inc. "Party" shall refer to each of them individually.
- 1.28. "Person" means any natural person, individual, corporation, partnership, limited partnership, association, joint stock company, estate, legal representative, trust, unincorporated association, government or any political subdivision or agency thereof, any business or legal entity, and such individual's or entity's spouse, heirs, predecessors, successors, representatives, and assignees.
 - 1.29. "Plaintiff" means James Eashoo.
- 1.30. "Preliminary Approval Order" means the order in which the Court grants its preliminary approval to this Class Action Settlement Agreement and preliminarily certifies the Settlement Class, authorizes dissemination of Notice to the Settlement Class, and appoints the Claims Administrator.

- 1.31 "Proof of Purchase" means the packaging, label, SKU or other evidence from the Protein Products that the Claims Administrator deems sufficient to establish that a Claimant purchased the Protein Products.
- 1.32. "Protein Products" means any of the protein supplements distributed by Defendant under any brand name including MuscleTech, Six Star, Epic, or fuel:one during the Class Period.
- 1.33. "Publication Notice" means the long-form and short-form notices, substantially in the form of Exhibits B and C attached hereto. The long-form Publication Notice and the short-form Publication Notice will be published as set forth in the Preliminary Approval Order.
- 1.34. A "Qualifying Settlement Claim Form" shall mean a Claim Form that is fully completed, properly executed and timely returned to the Claims Administrator on or before the Notice Response Deadline by a Settlement Class Member. A "Qualifying Settlement Claim Form" must be either returned with a postmark via U.S. mail or via online through the Class Settlement Website to be created and maintained by the Claims Administrator, at the Participating Claimant's discretion.
- 1.35 "Receipt" shall mean documentary evidence establishing the purchase of one or more Protein Products, the date of purchase and the purchase price.
- 1.36. "Released Claims" means all of the claims alleged in the First Amended Class Action Complaint filed in the Action.
- 1.37. "Released Parties" and "Released Persons" means Defendant, its parent companies, subsidiary companies, affiliated companies, past, present, and future officers (as of the Effective Date), directors, shareholders, employees, predecessors, affiliates, parents, subsidiaries, joint partners, distributors, principals, insurers, administrators, agents, servants, successors, trustees, vendors, subcontractors, coconspirators, buyers, independent contractors, attorneys, representatives, heirs, executors, experts, consultants, and assigns of all of the foregoing persons and entities.
 - 1.38. "Releasing Parties" means all Settlement Class Members.

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- 1.39. "Request for Exclusion" means a valid request for exclusion from a member of the Settlement Class. To be valid, a request for exclusion must (a) be submitted by the member of the Settlement Class; (b) be submitted to the Claims Administrator and postmarked by a date no later than the Notice Response Deadline; (c) contain the submitter's name, address and telephone number; and (d) otherwise comply with the instructions set forth in the Notice.
- 1.40. "Settlement" means the settlement set forth in this Class Action Settlement Agreement.
- 1.41. "Settlement Class" means, collectively, all persons in the United States of America who purchased one or more of Defendant's Protein Products at any time during the Class Period. Excluded from the Settlement Class are any officers, directors, or employees of Defendant, and the immediate family member of any such person. Also excluded is any judge who may preside over this case.
- 1.42. "Settling Parties" collectively, means, Defendant, Class the Representative, and all Settlement Class Members.
- 1.43. "Settlement Class Member" means any member of the Settlement Class who does not submit a timely and valid Request for Exclusion.
- 1.44. "Valid Claim" means a claim for reimbursement submitted by a Settlement Class Member that satisfies all the criteria for submission of a Qualifying Settlement Claim Form.
- 1.45. The singular of any defined term includes the plural, and the plural of any defined term includes the singular.

2. DENIAL OF WRONGDOING AND LIABILITY

Defendant denies the material factual allegations and legal claims asserted by the Class Representative in the Action, including any and all charges of wrongdoing or liability arising out of any of the conduct, statements, acts or omissions alleged, or that could have been alleged, in the Action.

3. THE BENEFITS OF SETTLEMENT

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Class Counsel and the Class Representative recognize and acknowledge the expense and length of continued proceedings that would be necessary to prosecute the Action against Defendant through trial and appeals. Class Counsel also has taken into account the uncertain outcome and the risk of any litigation, especially in complex actions such as this Action, as well as the difficulties and delays inherent in such litigation. Class Counsel is mindful of the inherent problems of proof and possible defenses to the claims asserted in the Action. Class Counsel believes that the proposed settlement set forth in this Class Action Settlement Agreement confers substantial benefits upon the Settlement Class. Based on their evaluation of all of these factors, the Class Representative and Class Counsel have determined that the Class Action Settlement Agreement is in the best interests of the Class Representative and the Settlement Class.

SETTLEMENT CONSIDERATION

Injunctive Relief 4.1.

- 4.1.1. Defendant will provide the Settlement Class injunctive relief by way of modification of the testing, label, packaging, and advertising for Protein Products to ensure that the nitrogen content attributed to amino acids, creatine, and other nonprotein substances therein are not included in the protein calculation.
- 4.1.2. Defendant shall provide sufficient confirmation of the implementation of its updated testing procedures, labels, and advertisements for Protein Products prior to the Effective Date.
- 4.1.3. To the extent that any state and/or federal statute, regulation, policies, and/or code may at any time impose other, further, different and/or conflicting obligations or duties on Defendant at any time with respect to the Protein Products, this Class Action Settlement Agreement and any Judgment which may be entered pursuant thereto, as well as the Court's continuing jurisdiction with respect to implementation and enforcement of the terms of this Class Action Settlement

Agreement, shall cease as to the Settlement Class's and Defendant's conduct covered by that statute, regulation and/or code as of the effective date of such statute, regulation, and/or code.

4.2. Non-Reversionary Common Fund

- 4.2.1. The amount of the Non-Reversionary Common Fund is two million five hundred thousand dollars (\$2,500,000). None of the money paid into the Non-Reversionary Common Fund will revert to Defendant under any circumstances.
- 4.2.2. No later than three (3) business days after entry of the Preliminary Approval Order, Defendant shall make a deposit of two million five hundred thousand dollars (\$2,500,000) into an escrow account to be established and managed by the Claims Administrator.
- 4.2.3. Refunds to Settlement Class Members provided under Paragraph 4.3 will be paid from the Net Settlement Fund.
- 4.2.4. Any taxes and tax expenses related to the fund shall be taken from the Net Settlement Fund.
- 4.2.5. The amounts deposited by Defendant into the Non-Reversionary Common Fund are to be released from escrow for funding the Class Action Settlement Agreement only upon the Effective Date.
- 4.2.6. If for some reason the Court does not approve the Class Action Settlement Agreement, the entirety of the Non-Reversionary Common Fund shall be returned to Defendant within fifteen (15) business days of the Court's order denying Final Approval.

4.3. Refunds to Class Members

4.3.1. The Non-Reversionary Common Fund shall provide for a full refund for any of the Protein Products purchased by any member of the Settlement Class from any retailer who makes a claim within the timeframe to make a Valid Claim, subject to the household cap set forth in Paragraph 4.3.2.2 and 4.3.2.3. Adequate and customary procedures and standards will be used by the Claims Administrator to

prevent the payment of fraudulent claims and to pay only legitimate claims including requiring all Claimants to provide certifications as to their purchases.

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4.3.2. The amount of the refund for any claim shall be determined as follows:

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receipt, subject to a cap of \$300.00 per household.

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- For any Participating Claimant who provides a Receipt, the 4.3.2.1. Participating Claimant shall be entitled to a refund of the amount(s) shown on the
- 4.3.2.2 For any Participating Claimant who provides Proof of Purchase; the Participating Claimant shall be entitled to the suggested retail price of the Protein Product as determined by information on the packaging, such as a bar or SKU code, subject to a cap of \$300.00 per household. 4.3.2.3 For any Participating Claimant who does not provide Proof of Purchase or Receipts, but who swears or affirms under penalty of perjury that he or she purchased a Protein Product during the Class Period, the actual amount paid to each Participating Claimant will be \$10.00 per Protein Product, with a cap of \$50.00 per household.
- 4.3.3. Participating Claimants can make a claim for a combination of Receipts or Proof of Purchase. Participating Claimants cannot combine claims with Receipts or Proof of Purchase with claims without Receipts or Proof of Purchase. A cap of \$300 per household shall apply to any combination of claims including claims with Receipts, claims with Proof of Purchase, and claims without any Receipts or Proof of Purchase.
- 4.3.4. Payment will be made directly to the Participating Claimant by first class mail after entitlement to payment has been verified, and in no event more than six months after the close of the timeframe to make a Valid Claim, unless Class Counsel permits an extension of time.
- 4.3.5. Payments to Participating Claimants may be subject to pro rata reduction if the aggregate number of claims exceeds the Net Settlement Fund.
- 4.3.6. If all eligible Valid Claims have been paid and funds remain in the Net Settlement Fund 270 days following the close of the Effective Date, Class Counsel

shall direct the Claims Administrator to distribute one hundred (100) percent of any remaining funds to Participating Claimants as a supplemental distribution. The remaining funds shall first be distributed to Participating Claimants who have provided valid claims with Receipts or Proof of Purchase in excess of \$300, up to the full amount of their qualifying purchases of the Protein Products. Funds remaining thereafter shall be distributed on a *pro rata basis* to Participant Claimants. In the event that there are remaining funds subsequent to the aforementioned distributions to Participating Claimants that are insufficient to justify a further distribution, the remaining monies in the Net Settlement Fund shall be provided to Public Health Law & Policy (dba ChangeLab Solutions), a cy pres recipient. Under no circumstances shall the remaining funds revert to Defendant or Class Counsel.

5. ADMINISTRATION AND NOTICE

5.1.1. All costs and expenses of administering the Class Action Settlement Agreement and providing Notice in accordance with the Preliminary Approval Order (the "Administrative Costs") shall be distributed from the Non-Reversionary Common Fund.

5.1.2. Appointment and Retention of Claims Administrator

- 5.1.2.1. The parties retained a Claims Administrator to implement the terms of the Class Action Settlement Agreement.
- 5.1.2.2. The Claims Administrator will facilitate the notice process by assisting the Parties in the implementation of the Notice Plan, as well as CAFA Notice, although Defendant shall retain ultimate responsibility for effecting CAFA Notice within the required time.
- 5.1.2.3. The costs of the Claims Administrator will be paid from the Non-Reversionary Common Fund.

5.1.3. Class Settlement Website

5.1.3.1. The Claims Administrator will create and maintain the Class Settlement Website, to be activated within fifteen (15) days of the entry of the

- 5.1.3.2. Defendant shall prominently place a link to the Class Settlement Website on Defendant's corporate website.
- 5.1.3.3. The Class Settlement Website will terminate (be removed from the internet) and no longer be maintained by the Claims Administrator thirty (30) days after either (a) the Effective Date or (b) the date on which the Class Action Settlement Agreement is terminated or otherwise not approved by a court, whichever is later. The Claims Administrator will then transfer ownership of the URL to Defendant.
- 5.1.3.4. All costs and expenses related to the Class Settlement Website shall be distributed from the Non-Reversionary Common Fund.

5.1.4. **CAFA Notice**

- 5.1.4.1. The Parties agree that the Claims Administrator shall serve notice of the settlement that meets the requirements of CAFA, 28 U.S.C. § 1715, on the appropriate federal and state officials no later than ten (10) days after the filing of this Class Action Settlement Agreement with the Court.
- 5.1.4.2. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Defendant shall have ultimate responsibility to ensure that CAFA Notice is, in fact, effectuated consistent with the statutory requirements.

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- All costs and expenses related to the CAFA Notice shall be
- Defendant will file a certification with the Court stating the date(s) on which the CAFA Notices were sent. Defendant will provide Class Counsel with any substantive responses received in response to any CAFA Notice.
- The class notice shall conform to all applicable requirements of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the United States Constitution (including the Due Process Clauses), and any other applicable law, and shall otherwise be in the manner and form agreed upon by the Parties and approved by the Court. The class notice shall constitute the best notice that is practicable under the circumstances.
- Within thirty (30) days after preliminary approval by the Court of this Class Action Settlement Agreement, the Claims Administrator shall provide
- The Notice Plan will include direct notice to any Settlement Class
- Defendant shall prominently place a link to the Class Settlement Website on Defendant's corporate website.
- 5.1.5.5. The Parties agree to the content of these notices substantially in the forms attached to this Agreement as Exhibits B and C.

5.1.6. **Taxes**

- 5.1.6.1. Settlement Class Members, the Class Representative, and Class Counsel shall be responsible for paying any and all federal, state, and local taxes due on any payments made to them pursuant to the Class Action Settlement Agreement.
- 5.1.6.2. Taxes due in connection with the Non-Reversionary Common Fund and Net Settlement Fund prior to distribution to the Settlement Class shall be paid by the Claims Administrator from the Net Settlement Fund.

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6. RELEASES

6.1. Upon the Effective Date, the Class Representative and each of the Settlement Class Members will be deemed to have, and by operation of the Judgment will have fully, finally, and forever released, relinquished, and discharged the Released Parties from all Released Claims during the Class Period.

7. CLASS CERTIFICATION

- 7.1.1. The Parties agree that, for settlement purposes only, this Action shall be certified as a class action pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23 with Class Representative serving as class representative and Class Counsel as counsel for the Settlement Class.
- 7.1.2. In the event the Class Action Settlement Agreement is terminated or for any reason the Class Action Settlement Agreement is not effectuated, the certification of the Settlement Class shall be vacated and the Action shall proceed as if the Settlement Class had not been certified.

8. SETTLEMENT HEARING

8.1. Promptly after execution of this Class Action Settlement Agreement, the Parties will submit the Class Action Settlement Agreement together with its Exhibits to the Court and will request that the Court grant preliminary approval of the Class Action Settlement Agreement as of the date of which the settlement shall be deemed as "filed" within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. § 1715, issue the Preliminary Approval Order, and schedule a hearing on whether the Class Action Settlement Agreement should be granted final approval and whether the Fee Application should be granted ("Settlement Hearing").

8.2. Procedures for Objecting to the Class Action Settlement Agreement

8.2.1. Settlement Class Members shall have the right to appear and show cause, if they have any reason why the terms of this Class Action Settlement Agreement should not be given Final Approval, subject to each of the subprovisions in Paragraph 8.2. Any objection to this Class Action Settlement Agreement, including any of its

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terms or provisions, must be in writing, filed with the Court, with a copy served on Class Counsel, Counsel for Defendant, and the Claims Administrator at the addresses set forth in the Class Notice, and postmarked no later than the Notice Response Deadline. Settlement Class Members may object either on their own or through an attorney hired at their own expense.

8.2.2. If a Settlement Class Member hires an attorney to represent him or her at the Final Approval Hearing, he or she must do so at his or her own expense. No Settlement Class Member represented by an attorney shall be deemed to have objected to the Class Action Settlement Agreement unless an objection signed by the Settlement Class Member is also filed with the Court and served upon Class Counsel, Counsel for Defendant, and the Claims Administrator at the addresses set forth in the Class Notice no later than the Notice Response Deadline.

8.2.3. Any objection regarding or related to the Class Action Settlement Agreement shall contain a caption or title that identifies it as "Objection to Class Settlement in *Eashoo v. Iovate Health Sciences U.S.A. Inc.*, No. 2:15-cv-01726-BRO-PJW" and also shall contain the following information: (i) the objector's name, address, and telephone number, (ii) the name, address, and telephone number of any attorney for the objector with respect to the objection; (iii) the factual basis and legal grounds for the objection, including any documents sufficient to establish the basis for their standing as a Settlement Class Member, e.g., Receipt, Proof of Purchase, or verification under oath as to the approximate date(s) and location(s) of their purchase(s) of the Protein Products; and (iv) identification of the case name, case number, and court for any prior class action lawsuit in which the objector and the objector's attorney (if applicable) has objected to a proposed class action settlement, the general nature of such prior objection(s), and the outcome of said prior objection(s). If an objecting party chooses to appear at the hearing, no later than the Notice Response Deadline, a notice of intention to appear, either in person or through

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 an attorney, must be filed with the Court and list the name, address, telephone number, facsimile number, and email address of the attorney, if any, who will appear.

- 8.2.4. If a Settlement Class Member wishes to present witnesses or evidence at the Final Approval Hearing in support of a timely and validly submitted objection, all witnesses must be identified in the objection, and true and correct copies of all supporting evidence must be appended to, or filed and served with, the objection. Failure to identify witnesses or provide copies of supporting evidence in this manner waives any right to introduce such testimony or evidence at the Final Approval Hearing. While the declaration described above is prima facie evidence that the objector is a member of the Settlement Class, Plaintiff or Defendant or both may take discovery regarding the matter, subject to Court approval.
- 8.2.5. Any Settlement Class Member who fails to comply with the applicable provisions of the preceding paragraphs concerning their objection shall waive and forfeit any and all rights he or she may have to object, appear, present witness testimony, and/or submit evidence, shall be barred from appearing, speaking, and introducing any testimony or evidence at the Final Approval Hearing, and shall be bound by all the terms of this Class Action Settlement Agreement and by all proceedings, orders and judgments in the Action.
- 8.2.6. Any Settlement Class Member who does not object to the Class Action Settlement Agreement is deemed to be a Settlement Class Member and bound by the Class Action Settlement Agreement or any further orders of the Court in this Action.

8.3. Right to Respond to Objections

8.3.1. Class Counsel and Defendant shall have the right, but not the obligation, to respond to any objection no later than seven (7) days prior to the Final Approval Hearing. The Settling Party so responding shall file a copy of the response with the Court, and shall serve a copy, by regular mail, hand or overnight delivery, to the objector (or counsel for the objector) and to counsel for Plaintiff and Defendant.

8.4. **Opt Outs**

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- Any Settlement Class Member who does not wish to participate in this Class Action Settlement Agreement must write to the Claims Administrator stating an intention to be "excluded" from this Class Action Settlement Agreement by the Opt-Out Date. This written Request for Exclusion must be sent via first class United States mail to the Claims Administrator at the address set forth in the Class Notice and postmarked no later than the Notice Response Deadline. The Request for Exclusion must be personally signed by the Class Member. So-called "mass" or "class" opt-outs shall not be allowed.
- 8.4.2. Any Settlement Class Member who does not request exclusion from the Settlement has the right to object to the Settlement as set forth in paragraphs 8.2.1 to 8.2.7 above. If a Class Member submits a written Request for Exclusion, he or she shall be deemed to have complied with the terms of the opt-out procedure and shall not be bound by the Class Action Settlement Agreement if approved by the Court. However, any objector who has not timely requested exclusion from the Settlement will be bound by the terms of the Class Action Settlement Agreement and by all proceedings, orders and judgments in the Action.

ATTORNEYS' FEES, COSTS, AND EXPENSES AND INCENTIVE **AWARDS**

- 9.1. Class Counsel may apply to the Court for an award of attorneys' fees in an amount not to exceed twenty five percent (25%) of the \$2.5 million Non-Reversionary Common Fund (i.e. up to \$625,000) and expenses and verified costs in an amount not to exceed \$15,000.00.
- Plaintiff may apply to the Court for an enhancement award of \$5,000 for his service as a Class Representative.
- A payment of attorneys' fees, costs, expenses and the enhancement 9.3 award shall be paid from the Non-Reversionary Common Fund. Defendant agrees not to oppose or submit any evidence or argument challenging or undermining such application for attorneys' fees, costs, or enhancement award that does not exceed the

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amounts set forth in this Settlement Agreement. Defendant will bear its own

attorneys' fees, costs and expenses.

Attorneys' fees and costs that are approved by the Court shall be paid from the Non-Reversionary Common Fund no later than fifteen (15) days after Effective Date, and only in the event that the Effective Date occurs.

Any incentive payments awarded by the Court will be taken from the 9.5 Non-Reversionary Common Fund.

CONDITIONS FOR EFFECTIVE DATE; EFFECT OF 10.

TERMINATION

- 10.1. The Effective Date of this Class Action Settlement Agreement shall be the date as defined in Paragraph 1.14.
- If this Class Action Settlement Agreement is not approved by the Court or the Settlement is terminated or fails to become effective in accordance with the terms of this Class Action Settlement Agreement, the Settling Parties will be restored to their respective positions in the Action as of the date the Motion for Preliminary Approval is filed. In such event, the terms and provisions of this Class Action Settlement Agreement will have no further force and effect with respect to the Settling Parties and will not be used in this Action or in any other proceeding for any purpose, and any Judgment or order entered by the Court in accordance with the terms of this Class Action Settlement Agreement will be treated as vacated.
- 10.3. No order of the Court or modification or reversal on appeal of any order of the Court concerning any award of attorneys' fees, expenses, or costs to Class Counsel will constitute grounds for cancellation or termination of this Class Action Settlement Agreement.

CONFIRMATORY DISCOVERY 11.

11.1. This Class Action Settlement Agreement is conditioned upon Defendant providing sufficient confirmatory discovery to confirm the wholesale revenues during the Class Period.

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12. DISPUTE RESOLUTION

12.1. If any dispute arises out of the Settlement, the Settling Parties agree that they will attempt to resolve such disputes by way of mediation with the Honorable Dickran M. Tevrizian (Ret.) before seeking the Court's intervention. If for any reason Judge Tevrizian is unavailable or has a conflict of interest, the Settling Parties will agree on a substitute neutral so that this portion of the Class Action Settlement Agreement can be enforced without seeking Court intervention.

13. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- 13.1. The Parties acknowledge that it is their intent to consummate this Class Action Settlement Agreement, and they agree to cooperate to the extent reasonably necessary to effectuate and implement all terms and conditions of this Class Action Settlement Agreement and to exercise their best efforts to accomplish the foregoing terms and conditions of this Class Action Settlement Agreement.
- 13.2. The Parties intend the Settlement to be a final and complete resolution of all disputes between them with respect to the Action. The Settlement compromises claims that are contested and will not be deemed an admission by any Settling Party as to the merits of any claim or defense. The Parties agree that the consideration provided to the Settlement Class and the other terms of the Settlement were negotiated in good faith by the Parties, and reflect a settlement that was reached voluntarily after consultation with competent legal counsel.
- 13.3. Neither this Class Action Settlement Agreement nor the Settlement, nor any act performed or document executed pursuant to or in furtherance of this Class Action Agreement or the Settlement is or may be deemed to be or may be used as an admission of, or evidence of, the validity of any Released Claims, or of any wrongdoing or liability of Defendant; or is or may be deemed to be or may be used as an admission of, or evidence of, any fault or omission of Defendant in any civil, criminal, or administrative proceeding in any court, administrative agency or other tribunal. Any party to this Action may file this Class Action Settlement Agreement

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27 28 and/or the Judgment in any action that may be brought against it in order to support any defense or counterclaim, including without limitation those based on principles of res judicata, collateral estoppel, release, good faith settlement, judgment bar or reduction, or any other theory of claim preclusion or issue preclusion or similar defense or counterclaim.

- 13.4. All agreements made and orders entered during the course of the Action relating to the confidentiality of information will survive this Class Action Settlement Agreement.
- 13.5. Any and all Exhibits to this Class Action Settlement Agreement are material and integral parts hereof and are fully incorporated herein by this reference.
- 13.6. This Class Action Settlement Agreement may be amended or modified only by a written instrument signed by or on behalf of all Parties or their respective successors-in-interest.
- 13.7. This Class Action Settlement Agreement and any Exhibits attached hereto constitute the entire agreement among the Parties, and no representations, warranties, or inducements have been made to any Party concerning this Class Action Settlement Agreement or its Exhibits other than the representations, warranties, and covenants covered and memorialized in such documents. Except as otherwise provided herein, the Parties will bear their own respective costs.
- 13.8. Class Counsel, on behalf of the Settlement Class, are expressly authorized by the Class Representative to take all appropriate action required or permitted to be taken by the Settlement Class pursuant to this Class Action Settlement Agreement to effectuate its terms, and are expressly authorized to enter into any modifications or amendments to this Class Action Settlement Agreement on behalf of the Settlement Class that Class Counsel deem appropriate.
- 13.9. Each counsel or other Person executing this Class Action Settlement Agreement or any of its Exhibits on behalf of any Party hereby warrants that such Person has the full authority to do so.

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1	13.15. This Clas	ss Action Settleme	ent Agreement ar	nd any Exhibits h	nereto will be
2	construed and enforced	l in accordance wi	ith, and governed	d by, the internal	l, substantive
3	laws of the State of (California withou	t giving effect t	to that State's c	hoice-of-law
4	principles.				
5	201		$\Lambda \subset$	\mathcal{A}	
6	Dated: September,		mes Hashoo	<u></u>	Marie Carlo
7		Jai	mies itasiioo		
8					
9	Dated: September	, 2015			
10		Ro Or	och Vaillancourt, n behalf of Iovate	General Counse Health Science	el s U.S.A. Inc.
11 12			1		
13	APPROVED AS TO 1	FORM:			
14	D-4-1-G-4-1 71	2015	Day Maked	'. a .1	
15	Dated: September <u>21</u> ,	Da	miel L. Warshay	(4)) V	
16		(At Cl	torney for Plair ass	ntiff James Eas	hoo and the
17					
18	Dated: September		ott J. Ferrell		
19		At II	torney for Defer S.A. Inc.	ndant Iovate Hea	alth Sciences
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- 22 -CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

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Case 2:15-cv-01726-BRO-PJW Document 44-2 Filed 10/09/15 Page 30 of 41 Page ID #:604

- 1			
1	13.15. This Class Action Settle	ement Agreement and any Exhibits hereto will be	
2	construed and enforced in accordance with, and governed by, the internal, substantive		
3	laws of the State of California with	hout giving effect to that State's choice-of-law	
4	principles.		
5			
6	Dated: September, 2015	In the second se	
7		James Eashoo	
8			
9	Dated: September 30, 2015	Lah ()	
10		Roch Vaillancourt, General Counsel On behalf of Iovate Health Sciences U.S.A. Inc.	
11		On behan of lovate freath Sciences U.S.A. Inc.	
12	APPROVED AS TO FORM:		
13			
14	Dated: September, 2015	Daniel L. Warshaw	
15		Attorney for Plaintiff James Eashoo and the Class	
16		Class	
17	Dated: September 30, 2015	Tool	
18		Scott J. Ferrell Attorney for Defendant Joyate Health Sciences	
19		Attorney for Defendant Iovate Health Sciences U.S.A. Inc.	
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CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

EXHIBIT A

IOVA CEASECT 2 EMERCIVE QUAIT MS6 A BIRN ON STRING TO RDOCUMENT 44-2 Filed 10/09/15 Pageo 22 PFITTAL USE ONLY PO BOX 2441 FARIBAULT, MN 55021-9140 01 IMPORTANT LEGAL MATERIALS - <<SequenceNo>> Page 1 of 2 << Name 1>> <<Name2>> If the pre-printed information to the left is not correct <<Name3>> or if there is no pre-printed information, please check the box and complete the information below: <<Name4>> <<Address 1>> <<Address2>> Name: _ <<City>> <<State>> <<Zip 10>> Address: ___ <<CountryName>> City: ___ State: ____ Zip Code: ____ __ **IOVATE SETTLEMENT CLAIM FORM** To receive a payment, you must accurately complete this Claim Form and submit it NO LATER THAN , 2016. Failure to do so could result in a reduction or denial of your claim. **CLASS MEMBER INFORMATION** Name: Mailing Address: City: State: Zip Code: Email Address (optional): Telephone:

PURCHASE INFORMATION (For purchases made between March 10, 2011 and, 2015)			
BRAND	PRODUCT	NUMBER PURCHASED	COST (FOR CLAIMS WITH RECEIPT)
Six Star	Whey Protein Plus Elite Series		
Six Star	Whey Protein Plus Professional Strength Elite Series		
Six Star	Whey Protein Isolate Elite Series		
Six Star	Whey Protein Isolate Professional Strength Elite Series		
Six Star	Casein Elite Series		
Six Star	Casein Professional Strength Elite Series		
Six Star	Muscle Building Milkshake Elite Series		

File a Claim With No Receipt or Proof of Purchase to Recover \$10 Per Product Up to \$50 Per Household.

File Claim With Receipt to Recover Full Purchase Price Up To \$300 Per Household (must submit valid receipt)

File Claim With Proof of Purchase to Recover Suggested Retail Price Up to \$300 Per Household (must submit



Claim Option

valid proof of purchase).





	TOTAL	
Fuel One	Gainer	
Fuel One	Complex-1	
Sam's Club	Whey Isolate Plus	
Sam's Club	Whey Protein Plus	
EPIQ	Gainer	
EPIQ	Isolate	
MuscleTech	Nitro Isolate 65 Pro Series	
MuscleTech	Anabolic Halo Performance Series	
MuscleTech	Phase8 Performance Series	
MuscleTech	Nitro-Tech Hardcore Pro Series	
MuscleTech	Nitro-Tech Performance Series	
MuscleTech	MassTech	
MuscleTech	MassTech Performance Series	
Six Star	Protein Bars	
Six Star	100% Whey Isolate Protein Gel	
Six Star	Recovery Protein Elite Series	
Six Star	Mass Gainer Professional Strength Elite Series	
Six Star	Muscle Building Milkshake Professional Strength Elite Series	

CERTIFICATION AND SIGNATURE						
I personally completed this Claim Form and <u>I certify under penalty of perjury that the information I provided in this Claim Form is true, correct and complete to the best of my knowledge</u> .						
Signature	Type/Print Name	//				

 $Upon\ completion,\ please\ mail\ your\ completed\ Claim\ Form,\ along\ with\ any\ Receipts\ and/or\ Proofs\ of\ Purchase,\ to:$

CERTIFICATION AND SIGNATURE

IOVATE SETTLEMENT CLAIMS ADMINISTRATOR
PO BOX 2441
FARIBAULT, MN 55021-9140

Please note that the Claims Administrator has the right to audit all Claims submitted for validity.

EXHIBIT B

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

NOTICE OF PROPOSED CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT

If You Bought MuscleTech, Six Star, EPIQ, or fuel:one Protein Products Between March 10, 2011, and , 2015 You Could Get a Cash Payment Up to \$300 From a Class Action Settlement

The District Court has authorized this Notice. The Court expresses no views as to the merits of Plaintiffs' claims. This is *not* a solicitation from a lawyer. You are not being sued.

This Notice is to inform you that a class action lawsuit brought on behalf of Consumers that purchased certain Iovate Health Sciences, U.S.A., Inc. ("Iovate" or "Defendant") protein products is currently pending. A proposed Settlement of the lawsuit has been reached with Iovate.

If you bought MuscleTech, Six Star, EPIQ, or fuel:one Protein Products Between March 10, 2011, and , 2015 your legal rights are affected whether or not you act. Please read this Notice carefully.

YOUR LEGAL	DUE DATE	
SUBMIT A CLAIM FORM	If you would like to receive a payment from this Settlement, you must submit a paper or online Claim Form by the due date listed.	SUBMITTED BY , 2016
EXCLUDE YOURSELF FROM THE CLASS	You may choose to exclude yourself from the Settlement by submitting a written request by the due date listed. This option will allow you to pursue claims against Iovate by filing your own lawsuit at your own expense. However, you will not be able to participate, or receive money from the Settlement.	SUBMITTED BY , 2016
OBJECT TO THE SETTLEMENT	You may write to the Court if you do not like the proposed Settlement by the due date listed. You must be a member of and remain in the Class to submit an objection.	FILED AND SUBMITTED BY , 2016
DO NOTHING	If you are a member of the Settlement Class and you do nothing, you will not receive any money from the Settlement and will be bound by the terms and conditions of the proposed Settlement, if approved. You will not be able to sue Iovate for the claims in this lawsuit.	

- These rights and options, and the deadlines to exercise them, are further explained in this Notice.
- The Court in charge of this case still has to approve the proposed Settlement. Payments will be made if the Court approves the Settlement and after any appeals are resolved.
- Unless otherwise stated, the capitalized terms in this Notice are defined in the Settlement Agreement that is available at www.IovateSettlement.com.

BASIC INFORMATION

1. What is the class action about?

This class action lawsuit was filed by Plaintiff James Eashoo, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated, against Defendant Iovate. The lawsuit alleges that between March 10, 2011 and ________, 2015, Defendant engaged in a practice known as "protein spiking," whereby its protein products were "spiked" with amino acids, creatine, and other non-protein ingredients, which Plaintiff claims falsely registered as proteins. Plaintiff alleges that as a result of this practice, Defendant's protein products contained less protein than what Defendant represented. The protein products at issue in this case are sold under the brand names MuscleTech, Six Star, EPIQ, and fuel:one. See Question 4 for further discussion of the protein products involved in this class action.

2. Why is there a Settlement?

Defendant has agreed to settle to avoid the expense, inconvenience, and inherent risk of litigation. Plaintiff and his attorneys agree that the proposed Settlement is in the best interests of the Class because it substantially benefits the Class while avoiding the risk, expense, and delay of pursuing the case through trial and any appeals. The Court has not decided in favor of either side in the case. Defendant denies all material factual allegations and legal claims asserted in the class action, including any and all charges of wrongdoing or liability arising out of any conduct, statements, acts or omissions alleged.

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3. Who is included in the Settlement?

4. What Iovate protein products are part of the Settlement?

This class action involves protein supplements manufactured by Iovate, including protein shakes and beverages, both in liquid (ready to drink) and powdered form, as well as, bars and gels sold under the brand names MuscleTech, Six Star, Fuel One, and EPIQ (collectively referred to as the "Protein Products"). A complete list of applicable Protein Products included in the Settlement is as follows:

PROTEIN PRODUCT LIST			
BRAND	PRODUCT		
Six Star	Whey Protein Plus Elite Series		
Six Star	Whey Protein Plus Professional Strength Elite Series		
Six Star	Whey Protein Isolate Elite Series		
Six Star	Whey Protein Isolate Professional Strength Elite Series		
Six Star	Casein Elite Series		
Six Star	Casein Professional Strength Elite Series		
Six Star	Muscle Building Milkshake Elite Series		
Six Star	Muscle Building Milkshake Professional Strength Elite Series		
Six Star	Mass Gainer Professional Strength Elite Series		
Six Star	Recovery Protein Elite Series		
Six Star	100% Whey Isolate Protein Gel		
Six Star	Protein Bars		
MuscleTech	MassTech Performance Series		
MuscleTech	MassTech		
MuscleTech	Nitro-Tech Performance Series		
MuscleTech	Nitro-Tech Hardcore Pro Series		
MuscleTech	Phase8 Performance Series		
MuscleTech	Anabolic Halo Performance Series		
MuscleTech	Nitro Isolate 65 Pro Series		
EPIQ	Isolate		
EPIQ	Gainer		
Fuel One	Complex-1		
Fuel One	Gainer		

5. What if I am not sure whether I am included in the Settlement?

If you are not sure whether you are included in the Class, you may call 1-866-759-6512 with questions or visit www. IovateSettlement.com. You may also write with questions to the Claims Administrator at the address listed in Question 16.

THE SETTLEMENT BENEFITS

6. What does the proposed Settlement provide?

Iovate has agreed to pay \$2.5 million for the benefit of the Class into a common fund. This fund will used to pay all members of the Class that submit timely and valid Claim Forms for purchases of Protein Products ("Participating Claimants"), claims administration expenses, notice expenses, any attorneys' fee and expense reimbursement award, any incentive award, and tax expenses.

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Participating Claimants can recover up to \$300 per household for claims with valid Receipts or Proof of Purchase, or \$50 without Receipts or proof of purchase. Class members can file claims under the following options:

Option 1: Participating Claimants who provide valid Receipts, will receive a refund of the amount(s) shown on the receipt(s), subject to a cap of \$300.00 per household.

Option 2: Participating Claimants who provide valid Proof of Purchase, such as an image of packaging, label, SKU or other evidence deemed sufficient by the Claims Administrator, will receive a refund of the suggested retail price of the Protein Products shown in the Proof of Purchase, subject to a cap of \$300.00 per household.

Option 3: Participating Claimants who do not provide Receipts or Proof of Purchase, but swears or affirms under penalty of perjury that they purchased Protein Products between March 10, 2011 and ________, 2015, will receive \$10.00 per Protein Product, subject to a cap of \$50.00 per household.

Participating Claimants <u>can</u> submit a Claim Form which contains a combination of Receipts and Proof of Purchase (Options 1 and 2 above) to substantiate a Claim.

Participating Claimants <u>cannot</u> combine a Claim without a Receipt or Proof of Purchase (Option 3 above) with a Claim that contains Receipts or Proof of Purchase (Options 1 or 2 above).

Multiple Participating Claimants from the same household <u>can</u> submit more than one Claim Form, subject to the cap of \$300.00 per household. If multiple claims are filed from the same household exceeding \$300 will be subject to a pro rata reduction.

The Settlement also requires Defendant to modify the testing, labeling, packaging, and advertising for applicable Protein Products to ensure that amino acids, creatine and other members of the Class that submit timely and valid Claim Forms for purchases of Protein Products ("Participating Claimants") non-protein substances are not included in the protein calculation.

7. How can I get a payment from the Settlement?

In order to receive a payment in the Settlement, you must file a Claim. You can access the Claim Form online at www.IovateSettlement.com or by calling 1-866-759-6512. You can submit the Claim From online, or via mail to the address provided on the Claim Form.

8. How much will my payment be?

Payments to individual Class Members will depend on the type and amount of claims as described in Question 7 above. Claims are subject to the household caps of \$300 per household for claims with Receipts or Proof of Purchase, and \$50 per household for claims without Receipts or Proof of Purchase. Payments may be subject to *pro rata* reduction if the total purchases represented in all valid Claims exceeds the available settlement funds. This means each Participating Claimant's recovery would be reduced based on the same percentage as all other class members.

9. What am I giving up by Remaining in the Class?

By submitting a Claim Form or not taking any action, you remain in the Settlement Class give up your right to sue Iovate for the claims being resolved by this Settlement, if the Court approves the proposed Settlement as final. The specific claims you are giving up are described in the First Amended Complaint filed on April 10, 2015 and the Settlement Agreement. Copies of the First Amended Complaint and Settlement Agreement can be obtained at www.IovateSettlement.com, by calling 1-8##-####, or by written request to the Claims Administrator at the address listed in Question 16. If you do not want to be part of the Settlement Class and give up your rights, you must exclude yourself by following the instructions set forth in Question 10 below.

EXCLUDING YOURSELF FROM THE SETTLEMENT

10. How can I exclude myself from the Settlement Class?

To exclude yourself from the proposed Settlement, you must send a letter stating that you want to be excluded from the Class in *Eashoo v. Iovate Health Sciences U.S.A.*, *Inc.* A request for exclusion must (a) be submitted by a member of the Class; (b) contain the Class Member's name, address, and telephone number; and (c) be submitted to the Claims Administrator at the address listed in Question 16, postmarked by 2016.

Case 2:15-cv-01726-BRO-PJW Document 44-2 Filed 10/09/15 Page 38 of 41 Page ID OBJECTING TO THE SETTLEMENT

11. How can I tell the Court that I object to the proposed Settlement terms?

Class Members who do not exclude themselves from the Settlement have a right to object to the proposed Settlement. Objections must be filed with the Court, with a copy served on Class Counsel, Counsel for Defendant, and the Claims Administrator at the addresses below, postmarked no later than 2016.

Clerk of the Court	Class Counsel	Defendant's Counsel	Claims Administrator
	Daniel L. Warshaw	Scott J. Ferrell	Iovate Settlement Claims
	Pearson, Simon & Warshaw, LLP 15165 Ventura Blvd., Suite 400 Sherman Oaks, CA 91403	Newport Trial Group, APC 4100 Newport Pl Dr., #800, Newport Beach, CA 92660	Administrator P.O. Box 2441 Faribault, MN 55021

The written Objection must contain:

- 1) A caption or title that identifies the writing as an "Objection to Class Settlement in *Eashoo v. Iovate Health Sciences U.S.A. Inc.*, No. 2:15-cv-01726-BRO-PJW";
- 2) Your name, address, and telephone number;
- 3) The name, address, and telephone number of any attorney you've hired to represent you with respect to the objection;
- 4) The factual and legal grounds for the objection, including any documents sufficient to establish the basis for your standing as a Class Member (Example: Receipt, Proof of Purchase, or verification under oath a to the approximate date(s) and locations(s) of your purchase(s) of the Protein Products); and
- 5) Identification of the case name, case number, and court for any prior class action lawsuit in which you and your attorney (if applicable) has objected to a proposed class action settlement, the general nature of such objection(s), and the outcome of said objection(s).

Further information regarding the necessary content and form of a written objection is available in paragraph 8.2 of the Settlement Agreement. A copy of the Settlement can be found at www.IovateSettlement.com.

The Court will consider the objections from Class Members. If you intend to appear at the Final Approval Hearing, you must also file with the Court a notice of your intention to appear, either in person or through an attorney, no later than 2016. Your notice of intention must list the name, address, telephone number, facsimile number, and email address of the attorney, if any, who will appear. If you hire an attorney to represent you at the Final Approval Hearing, you must do so at your own expense.

DO NOTHING AND REMAIN IN THE CLASS

12. What happens if I do nothing?

If you are member of the Settlement Class and you do nothing, you will not receive any money from the Settlement and will be bound by the terms and conditions of the proposed Settlement, if approved. You will not be able to sue Iovate or its related entities for the claims in this lawsuit.

THE PARTIES REPRESENTING YOU

13. Who represents the Settlement Class?

<u>Class Representative</u>. For the purposes of the Settlement, the Court has appointed Plaintiff James Eashoo to serve as the Class Representative. Plaintiff may apply to the Court for an enhancement award of \$5,000 for his service as a Class Representative.

<u>Class Counsel</u>. The Court has appointed Daniel L. Warshaw, Bobby Pouya, Alexander R. Safyan, and Matthew A. Pearson, of Pearson, Simon & Warshaw, LLP, as legal counsel for the Class. Their contact information is available in Question 11 above.

From the start of the lawsuit to the present, Class Counsel have not received any payment for the services they provided in prosecuting the case or obtaining the Settlement, nor have they been reimbursed for any out-of-pocket expenses. When they ask the Court to approve the Settlement, they will also make a motion to the Court for an award of attorneys' fees in an amount not to exceed \$625,000 (25% of the Non-Reversionary Common Fund) and up to \$15,000 in verified costs and

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expenses. Any attorneys' fees and costs awarded by the Court will be paid from the Non-Reversionary Common Fund. The Class will not have to pay anything toward the fees or expenses of Class Counsel. Class Counsel will seek final approval of the Settlement on behalf of all Class Members.

The Motion for Attorneys' Fees, Costs, and Enhancement Awards will be filed on or before [Date], and will be made available for review online at www.IovateSettlement.com.

THE FINAL APPROVAL HEARING

14. When and where will the Court hold a hearing on the fairness of the proposed Settlement?

15. Do I have to attend the Final Approval Hearing? May I speak at the hearing?

You do not need to attend this hearing to receive a benefit in the Settlement, if approved. You may attend the hearing, but it is not required, to have a comment or objection considered by the Court. If you would like to attend the hearing, please see Question 11 above for additional details and requirements.

FOR MORE INFORMATION

16. Where do I get additional information?

This Notice provides only a summary of the matters relating to the proposed Settlement. For more detailed information, you may wish to review the Settlement Agreement. You can view the Settlement Agreement and get more information at www. IovateSettlement.com. You can also get more information by calling the Claims Administrator toll-free 1-866-759-6512 or write with questions to:

Iovate Settlement Claims Administrator P.O. Box 2441 Faribault, MN 55021 RUST EMAIL

Please do not contact the court or Iovate Health Sciences with questions about the Settlement.

EXHIBIT C

If You Bought any MuscleTech, Six Star, EPIQ, or fuel:one Protein Products between March 10, 2011 and , 2015,

You Could Get Up to \$300 From a Class Action Settlement.

A Settlement has been reached with Iovate Health Sciences U.S.A., Inc. ("Iovate"), concerning the marketing of certain protein products sold under the brand names MuscleTech, Six Star, EPIQ and fuel:one. The lawsuit claims Iovate misrepresented that certain protein products had higher levels of protein than what was actually contained in the products. As a result, the protein products contained less protein than what was represented on labels, packaging, and in advertising. Iovate Health Sciences denies these claims and denies any wrongdoing.

Who is included in the Settlement?

Anyone who bought one or more eligible MuscleTech, Six Star, EPIQ, fuel:one protein products between March 10, 2011 to ______, 2015 is included in the Settlement. The Settlement applies to protein shakes and beverages, both in liquid (ready to drink) and powdered form, as well as, bars and gels. A complete list of included products and additional information regarding who is included in the Settlement is available at www.lovateSettlement.com or by calling 1-866-759-6512.

What does the Settlement provide?

The Settlement provides for the creation of a \$2.5 million Settlement Fund that will be used to pay money to eligible Class Members, attorneys' fees and costs, and a class representative incentive award. Iovate has also agreed to change some of its business practices, including modifying its testing, labeling, packaging, and advertising of the amount protein contained in the Protein Products.

Eligible Class Members who file timely and valid claims may receive: (1) up to \$300 per household if they file valid claim with proof of purchase, or (2) up to \$50 per household if they file a valid claim without proof of purchase. Payment amounts may be reduced proportionally if the total amount of claims is greater than the money available. Additional details are provided in the Settlement Agreement available at www.lovateSettlement.com.

How can I get a payment?

You must submit a Claim Form online at www.IovateSettlement.com or via mail on or before **Month 00, 2015**. The payment amount you receive will be based in part on the quantity and price of the products you purchased, whether you have proof of purchase, and the total number of claims made.

What are my rights?

Even if you do nothing you will be bound by the Court's decisions. If you want to retain your right to sue Iovate yourself, you must exclude yourself from the Settlement on or before **Month 00, 0000**. If you stay in the Settlement, you may object to it on or before **Month 00, 0000**.

The Court will hold a hearing on **Month 00, 0000** to consider whether to approve the Settlement, and to determine plaintiff's request for attorneys' fees up to \$625,000, costs not to exceed \$15,000 and an incentive award up to \$5,000. You or your own lawyer may appear and speak at the hearing at your own expense, but you do not have to do so.

For More Information or a Claim Form: 1-866-759-6512 www.lovateSettlement.com