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9	LINITED STA	TES DISTRICT COURT
10		STRICT OF CALIFORNIA
11		
		Case No: 15CV0738 JLS NLS
12		Pleading Type: Class Action
13	JOHN SANDOVAL, on behalf of	COMPLAINT FOR VIOLATIONS OF:
14	himself and all others similarly situated,	CAL. BUS. & PROF. CODE §§17200 et seq.;
15	· ·	CAL. BUS. & PROF. CODE §§17500 et seq.;
16	Plaintiff,	CAL. CIV. CODE §§ 1750 et seq.;
17	v.	BREACH OF EXPRESS WARRANTIES;
18	PHARMACARE US, INC.,	BREACH OF IMPLIED WARRANTIES; and
19	TIME OS, INC.,	15 U.S.C. §§ 2301, et seq.
20	Defendant.	15 O.S.C. 88 2501, et seq.
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22		Demand for Jury Trial
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27 28 general public, by and through undersigned counsel, hereby sues Defendant PharmaCare US, Inc. ("PharmaCare" or "Defendant"), and upon information and belief and investigation of counsel, alleges as follows: I. **JURISDICTION AND VENUE** 1.

Plaintiff John Sandoval, on behalf of himself, all others similarly situated, and the

- This Court has original jurisdiction over this action under 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(2) (The Class Action Fairness Act) because the matter in controversy exceeds the sum or value of \$5,000,000 exclusive of interest and costs and because more than two-thirds of the members of the Class defined herein reside in states other than the state of which Defendant resides.
- Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391 because Defendant conducts business in this District, has an office in this District, and a related case is currently pending in this District. See Kanfer v. PharmaCare US, Inc., No. 3:15cv-00120-H-JLB (S.D. Cal.).
- 3. Additionally, Defendant's subsidiary, Real Health Laboratories, is located in San Diego, California and is responsible for the sale and marketing of IntenseX.

#### II. NATURE OF THE ACTION

- 4. Defendant sells an over-the-counter pill called "IntenseX" (the "Product").
- 5. Defendant claims IntenseX has aphrodisiac properties that increase "Sexual Power and Performance."
- None of the ingredients in the Product, individually or in combination, 6. provide such benefits.
- 7. Plaintiff John Sandoval read, believed, and relied upon Defendant's claims when purchasing the Product during the Class Period, defined herein, and was damaged as a result.
- 8. Plaintiff brings this action challenging Defendant's claims relating to IntenseX on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated under California's Unfair Competition Law, False Advertising Law, and Consumer Legal Remedies Act,

Case 3:15-cv-00738-JLS-NLS Document 1 Filed 04/03/15 Page 4 of 22 1 California's express and implied warranty provisions and Magnuson Moss Warranty Act. Plaintiff seeks in equity an order compelling PharmaCare US, Inc. to (1) 2 9. 3 cease marketing IntenseX using the misleading tactics complained of herein, (2) conduct a corrective advertising campaign, (3) restore the amounts by which Defendant has been 4 5 unjustly enriched, and to (4) destroy all misleading and deceptive materials. Plaintiff further seeks actual and punitive damages, pre- and post-judgment 6 10. interest, attorneys' fees, and costs. 7 8 III. **PARTIES** Defendant PharmaCare US, Inc. is a Delaware corporation with its principal 9 11. 10 place of business located at 101 Montgomery Street, Suite 2050, San Francisco, California 94104. 11 Defendant is registered to do business in California as entity number 12 12. 13 C3217079.

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- 13. Defendant PharmaCare US, Inc. is a manufacturer, distributor, and marketer of a variety of natural health products and supplements.
- Defendant markets its products under a variety of brand names, including 14. "Sambucol," "Skin Doctors," and "Real Health Laboratories."
- 15. IntenseX is sold and marketed under Defendant's "Real Health Laboratories" brand.
- In the "contact us" sections of the PharamaCare US, Inc. website, the Real 16. Health Laboratories website, and the IntenseX website, Defendant's contact address is listed as PO Box 122950 San Diego, California 92112-2950.
- 17. In addition, the contact phone number has a San Diego area code— (858) 997-1156.
- 18. Plaintiff John Sandoval is a resident of California who repeatedly purchased the Product for personal and household consumption.

#### **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS** IV.

19. Defendant has distributed, marketed, and sold IntenseX on a nationwide

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basis, both online and at retail store locations. IntenseX is available in a bottle of 20 tablets and retails for approximately \$9.99.

20. Defendant prominently labels its product under the name "IntenseX" implying that the Product's ingredients will enable "intense sex" despite that the Product is not effective as an aphrodisiac.



- 21. Defendant further claims that IntenseX increases "Sexual Power and Performance," and that "IntenseX is designed to intensify your endurance, stamina and sexual performance."
- The Product's label further states that the "fast acting formula quickly 22. dissolves in the body releasing an energy packed blend of potent herbal extracts" and that with the Product a user can "[a]chieve peak performance to maximize the experience when you want it most."
- 23. Additionally, the label claims that the Product is "laboratory quality tested," contains a "proprietary stamina blend," and is "produced using the highest manufacturing standards."
- 24. These labeling claims are false and misleading for the reasons described herein.

# A. The Composition of IntenseX

- 25. IntenseX consists of a blend of small amounts of extracts from herbs, roots, and other organic substances, some of which are purported to have an effect on the human body.
  - 26. The figure below shows the ingredients in IntenseX:

<b>Supplement Fact</b>	ts			
Serving Size: 2 tablets	Servings Per Co	ntainer: 10		
Amount Per Serving	%0	ally Value		
Calcium (as calcium carbonate)	575 mg	58%		
Guarana, 6:1 Extract, containing 88 mg caffeine				
(Paullinia cupana) (seed)	400 mg	t		
Mulra Puama, 4:1 Extract (Ptychopelatum olacoides)(root)	250 mg	†		
Catuaba, 4:1 Extract (Erythroxylum catuaba)(bark)	250 mg	†		
Ginkgo Biloba 24/6% Extract (leaf)	40 mg	†		
PROPRIETARY STAMINA BLEND	200 mg	1		
Avena Sativa (herb), Cordyceps (Cordyceps sinensis)	)			
Ashwaganda (Withania somnifera)(root)				
PROPRIETARY ENERGY BLEND	100 mg	f		
Tribulus Terrestris 40% Extract (herb), American Ginseng 5% Extract				
(Panax quinquefolium)(root), Korean Ginseng 7% Ext	ract (Panax gin:	seng)(root)		
PROPRIETARY WARMING BLEND	200 mg	†		
Ginger (Zingiber officinale) (bark), Cinnamon (Cinnam	nomum casia) (b	ark)		
Nutmeg (Myristica fragrans) (seed), Cayenne (Capsical				
† Percent Daily Values have not been established.		V.1		
Other ingredients: Microcrystalline cellulose, stearic acid, croscarmellose sodium, silicon dioxide, magnesium stearate, and clear coating.				
Storage: Product should be stored in a cool, dry place, away from direct light and heat.				
These statements have not been evaluated by the Food and Drug Administration.  This product is not intended to diagnose, treat, cure, or prevent any disease.				

- 27. IntenseX, by means of its ingredients, claims to increase "Sexual Power & Performance" and suggests to consumers that it is effective as an aphrodisiac drug product.
- 28. This, however, is false and/or misleading because none of the ingredients in IntenseX, individually or in combination, increase male strength and performance or are effective as an aphrodisiac.
- 29. Some of the ingredients in IntenseX include Catuaba, Avena Sativa, Muira Puama, and Tribulus Terrestris.
- 30. According the New York University's Langone Medical Center, "there is as yet no real evidence that [Catuaba, Avena Sativa, Muira Puama, and Tribulus Terrestris]

offer any benefits" for increasing sexual performance or desire. Moreover, the Langone Medical Center has noted that there are no reliable scientific studies to establish that Ginkgo Biloba— another ingredient in IntenseX— improves sexual function. In fact, at least two studies have shown that "ginko failed to improve sexual function to any greater extent than placebo."

- 31. While a few unreplicated scientific studies suggest ingredients in the Product may, in necessary amounts, have benefits to individuals suffering certain specific conditions, many of the ingredients in the Product appear to have never been studied at all or have not otherwise been shown to have any effect on the human body, much less to increase sexual power and performance.
- 32. Further, consuming such random herbs and herbal extracts presents a risk of an allergic or other adverse reaction without any offsetting benefit.

#### **B.** Specific Misrepresentations and Deceptive Acts

- 33. **Misleading supplement name:** Defendant prominently labels their product under the name "IntenseX," falsely implying it is an aphrodisiac.
- 34. **Misleading heading:** Displayed at the top of the Product's front label are the words "Fast Acting!" which misleadingly implies purchasers will receive a benefit quickly, however, the Product provides no benefit, sexual or otherwise, quickly or slowly.
- 35. **Misleading sub-heading:** The front of the Product's label features the misleading sub-heading "Sexual Power & Performance" despite that the Product fails to improve human sexual power and there is no evidence is contributes to human sexual performance.
- 36. **Misleading claim:** The labeling of the Product claims "IntenseX is designed to intensify your endurance, stamina, and sexual performance" despite that the Product fails to intensify or enhance endurance, stamina or sexual performance.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See http://www.med.nyu.edu/content?ChunkIID=21720 (last visited Jan. 5, 2015).

formula quickly dissolves in the body releasing an energy packed blend of potent herbal

extracts" suggesting that the Product provides a benefit quickly, however, it fails to

Misleading claim: The labeling of the Product claims "This fast acting

37.

sexual performance or experience.

- provide any benefit.

  38. **Misleading claim:** The labeling of the Product states "Achieve peak performance to maximize the experience when you want it most" suggesting the Product will improve your sexual performance or experience despite having no effect on human
- 39. **Misleading claim:** The labeling of the Product claims it is "Laboratory Quality Tested." This statement implies that the Product has passed and met laboratory tests and standards that support its claims, when in fact the Product does not work as advertised.
- 40. **Misleading claim:** The labeling of the Product claims it is a "Proprietary Stamina Blend." This statement implies that the ingredients which constitute the Product have been chosen based on scientific research in order to increase stamina. In fact, none of the ingredients in the Product, individually or in combination, increases stamina.
- 41. **Misleading claim:** The labeling of the Product claims it is "Produced using the highest manufacturing standards." This statement implies that the Product met standards that support its claims, when in fact the Product does not work as advertised.
- 42. **Misleading claim:** The labeling of the Product contains directions for "Recommended Use" that states "recommended use is one to two tablets 30-60 minutes before benefit is desired." This statement implies that the Product is efficacious and provides real benefits within a specific amount of time. The Product, however, does not provide any benefit, nor does it do so within the specified time period.

#### C. <u>IntenseX is a Misbranded Drug</u>

43. The labeling described above, including but not limited to "IntenseX," "Sexual Power & Performance," and "IntenseX" is designed to intensify your endurance, stamina, and sexual performance" alone and in context with other labeling claims and

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27 28 packaging graphics, evidence the Product's intended use as an aphrodisiac, to arouse or increase sexual desire or energy, or improve sexual performance.

- 44. Pursuant to Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 310.528 (21 C.F.R. § 310.528) any OTC drug product that is labeled, represented, or promoted for use as an aphrodisiac, like IntenseX, is regarded as a "new drug" within the meaning of section 201(p) of the FDCA (located at 21 U.S.C. § 355(p)).
- 45. The FDCA requires any new drug to have an application approved by the Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") before the drug can be marketed to the public, and further that the drug's label be approved by the FDA prior to marketing or selling the drug to the public. See, generally, id.; 21 U.S.C. §§ 355(a), (b) [New Drug Application], (j) [Abbreviated New Drug Application, for generic drugs].
- 46. Defendant's Product violates Section 505(a) of the FDCA since the adequacy of the labeled directions for its "aphrodisiac" uses has not been approved by the FDA prior to the Product being marketed to the public (see 21 U.S.C. § 355(a)).<sup>2</sup> Accordingly, the Product is misbranded under section 502(f)(1) of the FDCA (located at 21 U.S.C. § 352).
- 47. Further, IntenseX includes Ginseng, Muira Puma, and Catuaba. The FDA has specifically found these are not safe and effective for OTC use as an aphrodisiac. 21 C.F.R. § 310.528. The FDA bars these false, misleading, and unsupported by scientific data label claims. Id. Thus, based on the evidence currently available, any OTC drug product containing ingredients for use as an aphrodisiac, including IntenseX, cannot be generally recognized as safe and effective, and instead are misbranded new drugs. See id.
- 48. Although Defendant labels its IntenseX product as a dietary supplement, the Product is really a misbranded aphrodisiac drug product. Specifically, federal regulations prohibit Defendant from making "disease claims" on dietary supplements. See 21 C.F.R.

In addition to proving effectiveness, the manufacturer of a new drug must also prove the drug's safety, sufficient to meet FDA standards. 21 U.S.C. § 355(d).

- 49. In addition, Defendant violates 21 U.S.C. 343(r)(6), which requires, among other things, that all structure function claims are truthful and not misleading, based on competent scientific evidence, and prominently provide a specified disclaimer explaining that the FDA has not evaluated the structure function claim. *See also* Cal. Health & Safety Code § 110670 (incorporating requirements of 21 U.S.C. § 343(r)(6)).
- 50. California Health and Safety Code, Division 104, Part 5, contains the Sherman, Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Law ("Sherman Law"). Cal. Health & Safety Code §§ 109875-111915. The Sherman Law imposes identical requirements to the federal FDCA: "All nonprescription drug regulations and regulations for new drug applications under the FDCA are the regulations of this State." Cal. Health & Safety Code §§ 110110-110111, 110115. The Sherman Law also defines a "drug" as "any article other than food, that is used or intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of human beings or any other animal." Cal. Health & Safety Code § 109925(c).
- 51. In effect, the Sherman Law requires that Federal Law is followed, and where it is not, such a violation of Federal law also violates the Sherman Law.
- 52. The Sherman Law is explicitly authorized by the FDCA because it imposes identical requirements. 21 U.S.C. § 343-1.
- 53. Plaintiff and members of the Class would not have purchased IntenseX if it were known to them that the Product is misbranded pursuant to California's Sherman Law and FDA regulations.

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### V. RELIANCE AND INJURY

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- 54. Mr. Sandoval purchased IntenseX approximately fourteen months ago in Costa Mesa, California for \$9.99.
- 55. When purchasing IntenseX, Mr. Sandoval and the Class were seeking a product that had the aphrodisiac qualities promised on the Product's label, namely, a high quality and effective aphrodisiac that enhanced male sexual power and performance.
- 56. When deciding to purchase IntenseX, Plaintiff read and relied on the following deceptive claims contained on the packaging of IntenseX. These statements were made by Defendant directly on the packaging of IntenseX at the time Plaintiff purchased IntenseX:
  - a) the Product's name, "IntenseX"
  - b) "Sexual Power and Performance"
  - c) "IntenseX is designed to intensify your endurance, stamina, and sexual performance"
  - d) "This fast acting formula quickly dissolves in the body releasing an energy packed blend of potent herbal extracts"
  - e) "Achieve peak performance to maximize the experience when you want it most"
  - f) "Laboratory Quality Tested"
  - g) "Proprietary Stamina Blend"
  - h) "Produced using the highest manufacturing standards"
- 57. Based on these representations, Plaintiff believed IntenseX had powerful aphrodisiac qualities and would improve his sexual power and performance.
- 58. Plaintiff believed IntenseX had the qualities he sought based on these deceptive labeling claims, but the Product was actually unsatisfactory to Plaintiff for the reasons described herein, *i.e.*, the Product did not deliver the purported benefits, there is no evidence the ingredients in IntenseX provide the claimed benefits, and the

consumption of IntenseX is potentially dangerous, which is an unfair and unreasonable risk considering it provides no benefit.

- 59. IntenseX costs more than similar products, in particular caffeine pills, without misleading labeling, and would have cost less absent the false and misleading statements.
- 60. Plaintiff would not have been willing to purchase the Product absent its false and misleading claims. Nor would he have purchase IntenseX had he known it is misbranded under California and Federal law.
- 61. For these reasons, IntenseX has no value and should not be consumed by any one.
- 62. Instead of receiving a product that had actual beneficial qualities, the Product Plaintiff and the Class received was one which does not provide the claimed benefits.
- 63. Plaintiff and the Class lost money as a result of Defendant's deceptive claims and practices in that they did not receive what they paid for when purchasing IntenseX.
- 64. Plaintiff and the Class altered their position to their detriment and suffered damages in an amount equal to the amount they paid for the Product.
- 65. The senior officers and directors of Defendant allowed IntenseX to be sold with full knowledge or reckless disregard that the challenged claims are fraudulent, unlawful, and misleading.

#### VI. CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

- 66. Plaintiff brings this action, pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 23, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated (the "Class"). The Class is defined as:
  - All persons in the United States (excluding officers, directors, and employees of Defendant) who purchased IntenseX primarily for personal, family, or household use, and not for resale since January 1, 2004.

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- 67. The members in the proposed Class are so numerous that individual joinder of all members is impracticable, and the disposition of the claims of all Class members in a single action will provide substantial benefits to the parties and Court.
  - Questions of law and fact common to Plaintiff and the Class include: 68.
  - whether Defendant contributed to, committed, and/or is responsible for the a) conduct alleged herein;
  - whether Defendant's conduct constitutes the violations of law alleged b) herein;
  - whether Defendant acted willfully, recklessly, negligently, or with gross c) negligence in the violations of law alleged herein; and
  - whether Class members are entitled to compensatory, injunctive, and/or d) other equitable relief.
- 69. Plaintiff's claims are typical of Class members' claims in that they are based on the same underlying facts, events, and circumstances relating to Defendant's conduct.
- Absent Defendant's deceptive claims, Plaintiff and the Class members 70. would not have purchased IntenseX.
- Plaintiff will fairly and adequate represent and protect the interests of the 71. Class, has no interests incompatible with the interests of the Class, and has retained counsel competent and experienced in class action litigation.
- 72. The Class is sufficiently numerous, as the Class contains at least hundreds of thousands of members who purchased IntenseX across the United States.
- Class treatment is superior to other options for resolution of the controversy 73. because the relief sought for each Class member is small such that, absent representative litigation, it would be infeasible for Class members to redress the wrongs done to them.
- 74. Questions of law and fact common to the Class predominate over any questions affecting only individual Class members.
- 75. Defendant has acted on ground applicable to the Class, thereby making appropriate final injunctive and declaratory relief concerning the Class as a whole.

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76. Class treatment is appropriate under Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a) and both Fed. R.
Civ. P. 23(b)(2) and 23(b)(3). Plaintiff does not contemplate class notice if the Class is
certified under Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(b)(2), which does not require notice. Plaintiff
contemplates notice via publication if the Class is certified under Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(b)(3)
or if the Court determines class notice is required notwithstanding that notice is not
required under Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(b)(2). Plaintiff will, if notice is required, confer with
Defendant and seek to present the Court with a stipulation and proposed order on the
details of a class notice plan.

# VII. <u>CAUSES OF ACTION</u>

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

### California Unfair Competition Law, Unlawful Prong Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17200 et seq.

- 77. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates the allegations elsewhere in the Complaint as if set forth in full herein.
- 78. Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200 prohibits any "unlawful, unfair or fraudulent business act or practice."
- 79. The business practices and omissions of Defendant as alleged herein constitute "unlawful" business acts and practices in that Defendant's conduct violates the False Advertising Law, the Consumer Legal Remedies Act, and breaches California's express and implied warranty provisions and Magnuson Moss Warranty Act.
- 80. Defendant's conduct is further "unlawful" because it violates the FDCA and its implementing regulations in the following ways:
  - a) Defendant's deceptive statements violate 21 U.S.C. §§ 343(a) and 352, which deem a food or drug (including nutritional supplements) misbranded when the label contains a statement that is "false or misleading in any particular";
  - b) Defendant's deceptive statements are *per se* false and misleading because the FDA has ruled there is a lack of adequate data to establish general

- c) Defendant's deceptive statements violate 21 C.F.R § 310.528(b), which mandates that any OTC product that is labeled, represented, or promoted for use as an aphrodisiac, like IntenseX, is regarded as a "new drug" within the meaning of 21 U.S.C. § 355(p), but Defendant does not have new drug approval for IntenseX or its labeling, as required under the FDCA and its implementing regulations. Accordingly, Defendant's Product is misbranded under section 502(f)(1) of the FDCA;
- d) Defendant violates 21 C.F.R. § 101.93 because IntenseX's labeling leads reasonable consumers to believe that the Product can treat or cure maladies including premature ejaculation, erectile dysfunction, and diminished libido;
- e) Defendant's Product also violates the FDCA because, as an unapproved new drug and aphrodisiac, IntenseX is not generally recognized as safe and effective in the absence of a new drug application as set forth in the FDCA and its implementing regulations. 21 C.F.R. § 310.528(a).
- 81. Defendant's conduct is further "unlawful" because it violates the California Sherman Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Law, *see* Cal. Health & Safety Code § 109875-111900, which incorporates the provisions of the FDCA. *See id.* §§ 110110-110115.
- 82. In accordance with Bus. & Prof. Code § 17203, Plaintiff seeks an order enjoining Defendant from continuing to conduct business through unlawful, unfair, and fraudulent acts and practices, and to commence a corrective advertising campaign.
- 83. Plaintiff also seeks an order for the disgorgement and restitution of all monies from the sale of the Product, which were acquired through its unlawful acts of unfair competition.

#### **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**

# California Unfair Competition Law, Unfair and Fraudulent Prongs Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17200 et seq.

- 84. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates the allegations elsewhere in the Complaint as if set forth in full herein.
- 85. California Business and Professions Code § 17200 prohibits any "unlawful, unfair or fraudulent business act or practice."
- 86. The acts, omissions, misrepresentations, practices, and non-disclosures of Defendant as alleged herein also constitute "unfair" business acts and practices under the UCL in that their conduct is immoral, unethical, unscrupulous, or substantially injurious to consumers, offends public policy by seeking to profit from male vulnerability to false or deceptive virility or aphrodisiac claims, and the utility of their conduct, if any, does not outweigh the gravity of the harm to Defendant's victims.
- 87. The acts, omissions, misrepresentations, practices, and non-disclosures of Defendant as alleged herein constitute "fraudulent" business acts and practices under the UCL in that Defendant's claims are false, misleading, and have a tendency to deceive the Class and the general public, as detailed herein.
- 88. Defendant profited from its sales of the fraudulently, falsely, and deceptively advertised Product to unwary consumers.
- 89. In accordance with Cal. Bus. & Prof Code § 17203, Plaintiff seeks an order enjoining Defendant from continuing to conduct business through unfair acts and practices and to commence a corrective advertising campaign.
- 90. Plaintiff also seeks an order for the disgorgement and restitution of all monies from the sale of the Product, which were acquired through acts of unfair and fraudulent competition.

#### THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

#### California's False Advertising Law

Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17500 et seq.

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91. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates the allegations elsewhere in the Complaint as if set forth in full herein.

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- 92. In violation of California Business and Professions Code § 17500 et seq., the advertisements, labeling, policies, acts, and practices described herein were designed to, and did, result in the purchase and use of IntenseX.
- 93. Defendant knew and reasonably should have known that the labeling claims on the Product were untrue or misleading.
- Defendant profited from its sale of the falsely and deceptively advertised 94. Product to unwary consumers.
- 95. As a result, Plaintiff, the Class, and the general public are entitled to injunctive and equitable relief, restitution, and an order for the disgorgement of the funds by which Defendants were unjustly enriched.

#### FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

#### California's Consumer Legal Remedies Act

#### Cal. Civ. Code §§ 1750, et seq.

- Plaintiff realleges and incorporates the allegations elsewhere in the 96. Complaint as if set forth in full herein.
- The CLRA prohibits deceptive practices in connection with the conduct of a 97. business that provides goods, property, or services primarily for personal, family, or household purposes.
- 98. Defendant's false and misleading labeling and other policies, acts, and practices were designed to, and did, induce the purchase and use of Defendant's Product for personal, family, or household purposes by Plaintiff and Class members, and violated and continue to violate the following sections of the CLRA:
  - a) § 1770(a)(5): representing that goods have characteristics, uses, or benefits

which they do not have;

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b) § 1770(a)(7): representing that goods are of a particular standard, quality, or grade if they are of another;

 c) § 1770(a)(9): advertising goods with intent not to sell them as advertised; and

 d) § 1770(a)(16): representing the subject of a transaction has been supplied in accordance with a previous representation when it has not.

99. Defendant profited from its sale of the falsely, deceptively and unlawfully advertised Product to unwary consumers.

100. As a result, Plaintiff and the Class have suffered irreparable harm; and seek restitution and actual damages in the amount of the total retail sales price of the Product sold throughout the Class period to all Class members, punitive damages in an amount sufficient to deter and punish, injunctive relief in the form of modified advertising and a corrective advertising plan, a complete prohibition on IntenseX's sale, or the sale of any other unlawful unapproved aphrodisiac drug.

101. Pursuant to California Civil Code § 1782, in or around February 2015, Plaintiff notified Defendant in writing by certified mail of the particular violations of § 1770 of the Act as to the Product and demanded that Defendant rectify the problems

associated with the actions detailed above and give notice to all affected consumers of its intent to so act.

102. Defendant's wrongful business practices regarding the Product constituted, and constitute, a continuing course of conduct in violation of the CLRA since Defendant is still representing that the Product has characteristics, uses, benefits, and abilities which are false and misleading, and have injured Plaintiff and the Class.

103. As Defendant failed to implement remedial measures, Plaintiff and the Class seek injunctive relief under Civil Code § 1782(d), enjoining the above described wrongful conduct by Defendant, as well as, actual and punitive damages for their CLRA claims.

#### FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

**Breach of Express Warranty** 

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- 104. Plaintiff repeats, realleges, and incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained elsewhere in this Complaint, as if fully set forth herein.
- 105. On the Product's label and through Defendant's marketing campaign as described above, Defendant made affirmations of fact or promises, or description of goods, which formed "part of the basis of the bargain" at the time of purchase in that Plaintiff and the Class purchased the Product in reasonable reliance on those affirmations. Cal. Com. Code § 2313(1). Those affirmations of fact or promises, or descriptions of the goods are fully described in  $\P\P$  20-23, 33-42, 56 of this Complaint.
- 106. Defendant breached its express warranties with Plaintiff and the Class by selling a Product which did not and cannot provide the benefits described above.
- 107. As a result of Defendant's breach of their warranties, Plaintiff and the Class were damaged in the amount of the purchase price of the Product.

#### SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

#### **Breach of Implied Warranty of Merchantability**

- 108. Plaintiff repeats, realleges, and incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained elsewhere in this Complaint, as if fully set forth herein.
- 109. Defendant, through its acts and omissions set forth herein, in the sale, marketing and promotion of the Product, made representations to Plaintiff and the Class, on the Product's label, that the Product provides certain claimed benefits or properties that in essence increase "Sexual Power and Performance." Those representations are fully described in  $\P$  20-23, 33-42, 56 of this Complaint.
- 110. Plaintiff and the Class bought the Product manufactured, advertised, and sold by Defendant, as described herein.
- 111. Defendant is a merchant with respect to the goods of this kind which were sold to Plaintiff and the Class, and there was in the sale to Plaintiff and other members of the Class an implied warranty that those goods were merchantable.

- 112. Defendant breached that implied warranty, however, in that the Product did and does not provide the purported benefits, as set forth in detail herein.
- 113. As an actual and proximate result of Defendant's conduct, Plaintiff and the Class did not receive goods as impliedly warranted by Defendant to be merchantable in that they did not conform to the promises and affirmations made on the container or label of the goods.
- 114. Plaintiff and Class have sustained damages as a proximate result of the foregoing breach of implied warranty in the amount of the Product's purchase price.

#### **SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

# Violation of the Magnuson-Moss Warranty Act 15 U.S.C. §§ 2301, et seq. ("MMWA")

- 115. Plaintiff repeats, re-alleges, and incorporates the allegations contained in the paragraphs elsewhere in this Complaint, as if fully set forth herein.
- 116. Plaintiff brings this cause of action individually and on behalf of the members of the Class against Defendant.
- 117. Plaintiff and the Class assert all state law warranty claims arising under the laws of the State of California, as allowed under section 2310(d) of the MMWA.
- 118. Defendant's Product is a consumer product as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 2301(1), which costs more than \$5.00.
- 119. Plaintiff and Class members are consumers as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 2301(3).
- 120. Defendant is a supplier and warrantor as defined in 15 U.S.C. §§ 2301(4), (5). In connection with the sale of the Product, Defendant issued written warranties as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 2301(6)(A), by making representations regarding the Product's efficacy. These statements are listed at ¶¶ 20-23, 33-42, 56 of this Complaint (the "Express Warranties").

- 121. In fact, the Product does not conform to the Express Warranties because the Express Warranties are false and/or deceptive, whereby Defendant breached the Express Warranties made to Plaintiff and the Class.
- 122. Plaintiff and Class members were injured as a direct and proximate result of Defendant's breach because they would not have purchased the Product absent the Express Warranties, which formed part of the basis of the bargain.
- 123. By reason of Defendant's breach of warranties, Defendant violated the statutory rights due to Plaintiff and Class members pursuant to the Magnuson-Moss Warranty Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 2301 *et seq.*, thereby damaging Plaintiff and Class members.
- 124. Plaintiff and the Class seek damages, equitable relief, and attorney's fees and costs pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §§ 2310(d)(1), (2).

#### VIII. PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, on behalf of himself, all others similarly situated, and the general public, prays for judgment against Defendant as follows:

- A. An order confirming that this class action is properly maintainable as a nationwide class action as defined above, appointing Plaintiff John Sandoval and his undersigned counsel to represent the Class, and requiring Defendant to bear the cost of class notice;
- B. An Order compelling Defendant to conduct a corrective advertising campaign;
- C. An Order requiring Defendant to disgorge all monies, revenues, and profits obtained by means of any wrongful act or practice;
- D. An Order compelling Defendant to destroy all misleading and deceptive advertising materials, labels, and unapproved new drugs;
- E. An Order requiring Defendant to pay restitution to restore all funds acquired by means of any act or practice declared by this Court to be an unlawful, unfair, or fraudulent business act or practice, untrue or misleading advertising, plus pre-and post-judgment interest thereon;

1	F.	An award of pre-judgment and post-judgment interest;				
2	G.	An award of attorneys' fees and costs;				
3	H.	Actual and punitive damages of at least \$5 million;				
4	I.	Such other and further relief as this Court may deem just, equitable or				
5		proper.				
6		IX. <u>JURY DEMAND</u>				
7	Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable.					
8						
9	DATED: A	pril 3, 2015 Respectfully Submitted,				
10		/s/ Gregory S. Weston				
11		THE WESTON FIRM GREGORY S. WESTON				
12		PAUL K. JOSEPH				
13		1405 Morena Blvd., Suite 201 San Diego, CA 92110				
14		Telephone: (619) 798-2006 Facsimile: (480) 247-4553				
15		Counsel for Plaintiff and the Proposed				
16		Class				
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<ul><li>23</li><li>24</li></ul>						
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# Case 3:15-cv-00738-JLS NLS Pocument 1 E-iled 04/03/15 Page 1 of 1

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

purpose of initiating the civil de					
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS John Sandoval			DEFENDANTS PharmaCare US, Inc.		
John Sandovai			FilalillaCare 03,	IIIC.	
a) a	077				
<b>(b)</b> County of Residence of	f First Listed Plaintiff <u>C</u> XCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CA	Orange County, CA	County of Residence		San Diego County
(Ez	ACEIT IIV U.S. I LAIIVIII T CA	1323)	(IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)  NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF		
			THE TRAC	Γ OF LAND INVOLVED.	
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, A	Address, and Telephone Numbe	r)	Attorneys (If Known)		
The Weston Firm 1405 Morena Blvd., Suite	201			'18	5CV0738 JLS NLS
(619) 798-2006	, 201				
II. BASIS OF JURISDI	ICTION (Place on "Y" in C	One Roy Only)	 ICITIZENSHIP OF P	PRINCIPAL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plainti
		me Box Only)	(For Diversity Cases Only)		and One Box for Defendant)
☐ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	☐ 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)			TF DEF  【 1 □ 1 Incorporated or Pr	PTF DEF
	(0.00	,,		of Business In	F
☐ 2 U.S. Government	■ 4 Diversity		Citizen of Another State	1 2	
Defendant	(Indicate Citizensh	ip of Parties in Item III)		of Business In	Another State
			Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	<b>1</b> 3 ☐ 3 Foreign Nation	□ 6 □ 6
IV. NATURE OF SUIT	$\Gamma$ (Place an "X" in One Box Or	ıly)	Porcigii Country		
CONTRACT		ORTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES
☐ 110 Insurance ☐ 120 Marine	PERSONAL INJURY  ☐ 310 Airplane	PERSONAL INJURY  ☐ 365 Personal Injury -	☐ 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881	☐ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 ☐ 423 Withdrawal	<ul><li>☐ 375 False Claims Act</li><li>☐ 400 State Reapportionment</li></ul>
☐ 130 Miller Act	☐ 315 Airplane Product	Product Liability	☐ 690 Other	28 USC 157	☐ 410 Antitrust
☐ 140 Negotiable Instrument☐ 150 Recovery of Overpayment☐	Liability ☐ 320 Assault, Libel &	☐ 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical		PROPERTY RIGHTS	☐ 430 Banks and Banking ☐ 450 Commerce
& Enforcement of Judgment  151 Medicare Act	Slander  ☐ 330 Federal Employers'	Personal Injury Product Liability		☐ 820 Copyrights ☐ 830 Patent	<ul><li>460 Deportation</li><li>470 Racketeer Influenced and</li></ul>
☐ 152 Recovery of Defaulted	Liability	☐ 368 Asbestos Personal		☐ 840 Trademark	Corrupt Organizations
Student Loans (Excludes Veterans)	☐ 340 Marine ☐ 345 Marine Product	Injury Product Liability	LABOR	SOCIAL SECURITY	☐ 480 Consumer Credit☐ 490 Cable/Sat TV
☐ 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits	Liability  ☐ 350 Motor Vehicle	PERSONAL PROPERTY 370 Other Fraud	7 710 Fair Labor Standards Act	☐ 861 HIA (1395ff) ☐ 862 Black Lung (923)	☐ 850 Securities/Commodities/ Exchange
☐ 160 Stockholders' Suits	☐ 355 Motor Vehicle	371 Truth in Lending	☐ 720 Labor/Management	□ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g))	☐ 890 Other Statutory Actions
☐ 190 Other Contract☐ 195 Contract Product Liability☐	Product Liability  360 Other Personal	☐ 380 Other Personal Property Damage	Relations ☐ 740 Railway Labor Act	☐ 864 SSID Title XVI ☐ 865 RSI (405(g))	<ul><li>891 Agricultural Acts</li><li>893 Environmental Matters</li></ul>
☐ 196 Franchise	Injury  ☐ 362 Personal Injury -	☐ 385 Property Damage Product Liability	☐ 751 Family and Medical Leave Act		☐ 895 Freedom of Information Act
	Medical Malpractice		☐ 790 Other Labor Litigation		☐ 896 Arbitration
REAL PROPERTY  ☐ 210 Land Condemnation	CIVIL RIGHTS  ☐ 440 Other Civil Rights	PRISONER PETITIONS Habeas Corpus:	☐ 791 Employee Retirement Income Security Act	FEDERAL TAX SUITS  ☐ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff	□ 899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of
☐ 220 Foreclosure	☐ 441 Voting	☐ 463 Alien Detainee		or Defendant)	Agency Decision
☐ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment☐ 240 Torts to Land☐	☐ 442 Employment ☐ 443 Housing/	☐ 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence		□ 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	☐ 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes
☐ 245 Tort Product Liability ☐ 290 All Other Real Property	Accommodations  445 Amer. w/Disabilities -	☐ 530 General☐ 535 Death Penalty	IMMIGRATION	-	
2507 III Guiler Reun Froperty	Employment	Other:	☐ 462 Naturalization Application	n	
	☐ 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other	☐ 540 Mandamus & Other ☐ 550 Civil Rights	☐ 465 Other Immigration Actions		
	☐ 448 Education	☐ 555 Prison Condition☐ 560 Civil Detainee -			
		Conditions of Confinement			
V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" is	n One Roy Only)	Commement			
		Remanded from	4 Reinstated or	Ferred from	rict
	ite Court	Appellate Court	Reopened Anoth (specify	er District Litigation	1
	Cite the U.S. Civil Sta	ntute under which you are f	iling (Do not cite jurisdictional sta	tutes unless diversity):	
VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO	DN Brief description of ca	ness Act, 28 U.S.C. S	ec. 1332(d)(2)		
		sumer Protection Stat			
VII. REQUESTED IN		IS A CLASS ACTION	DEMAND \$	,	if demanded in complaint:
COMPLAINT:	UNDER RULE 2	.5, r.K.CV.P.	5,000,000.00	JURY DEMAND	: ☐ Yes 🕱 No
VIII. RELATED CASI IF ANY	E(S) (See instructions):	JUDGE Marilyn L. Hu	ıff	DOGWETT WITH THE 2.	15-cv-00120
DATE		SIGNATURE OF ATTOR		DOCKET NUMBER 3:	10 04 00120
04/03/2015		/s/ Gregory S. We			
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY			<del></del>		
RECEIPT # AM	MOUNT	APPLYING IFP	JUDGE	MAG. JU	DGE