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and the Plaintiff Classes  
9

10 **UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**  
11 **NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**

12  
13 ANA BELEN HAM, individually, and  
on behalf of all others similarly  
14 situated,

15 Plaintiff,

16 vs.

17 THE HAIN CELESTIAL GROUP,  
18 INC.,

19 Defendant.

) **Case No.**

) **CLASS ACTION**

) **COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES,  
INJUNCTIVE RELIEF, AND RESTITUTION**

) **[Jury Trial Demanded]**

20  
21 Representative Plaintiff alleges as follows:

22 **INTRODUCTION**

23 1. This is a class action brought by Representative Plaintiff for herself and on behalf of a  
24 national class of consumers who have purchased food products made by Defendant The Hain  
25 Celestial Group, Inc. and branded as "Earth's Best," that were falsely and misleadingly advertised,  
26 marketed, and labeled as "all natural" but which, in fact, contained one or more synthetic  
27 ingredients.  
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1           2.     Representative Plaintiff, on behalf of herself and persons who purchased these  
 2 products from food retail store locations in the United States at any time during the applicable  
 3 limitations period (hereinafter referred to as the “class members” and/or, dependent on the Claim for  
 4 Relief, one or both of the “classes”) seeks damages, interest thereon, reasonable attorneys’ fees and  
 5 costs, injunctive, restitution, other equitable relief, and disgorgement of all benefits Defendant has  
 6 enjoyed from its unlawful and/or deceptive business practices, as detailed herein.

7           3.     Representative Plaintiff asserts that defendant The Hain Celestial Group, Inc.  
 8 (hereinafter referred to as “Hain Celestial” and/or “Defendant”) knowingly engaged in the unfair,  
 9 unlawful, deceptive, and fraudulent practice of describing and falsely advertising certain “Earth’s  
 10 Best” products as “all natural” when, in fact, they contain the synthetic chemical Sodium Acid  
 11 Pyrophosphate. Those products labeled as “all natural,” but which contain Sodium Acid  
 12 Pyrophosphate (also known as disodium dihydrogen pyrophosphate), for purposes of this Complaint,  
 13 are collectively referred to as the “All Natural Products” or, simply, the “Products.” Those Products  
 14 are listed and/or otherwise shown in Attachment “A” hereto, and are:

- 15           •     Earth’s Best Organic Mini Waffles (Blueberry)
- 16           •     Earth’s Best Organic Mini Waffles (Homestyle)

17           4.     Defendant’s advertising/labeling of these Products as “all natural” is false, dishonest  
 18 and intended to induce consumers to purchase these Products, at a premium price, while ultimately  
 19 failing to meet consumer expectations. Defendant knows reasonable consumers must and do rely on  
 20 Defendant to honestly report the nature of its Products’ ingredients, insofar as consumers lack the  
 21 ability to test or independently ascertain the accuracy of a food product’s label, especially at the  
 22 point of sale. Indeed, in this instance, Defendant played on consumer ignorance to fraudulently  
 23 generate substantial profits and engender unfair competition between itself and competitor  
 24 companies that, unlike Defendant, behave responsibly and honestly toward their customers.

25           5.     Representative Plaintiff brings this action both on her own behalf and on behalf of the  
 26 classes she seeks to represent to redress Defendant’s deceptive, misleading and untrue advertising,  
 27 and unlawful, unfair and fraudulent business acts and practices related to the manufacture,  
 28 marketing, advertising, sale and/or distribution of the All Natural Products listed above.

**JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

6. Jurisdiction is proper in this Court under 28 U.S.C. § 1332 (diversity jurisdiction) and/or 28 U.S.C. § 1331 (controversy arising under United States law). Supplemental jurisdiction to adjudicate issues pertaining to state law is proper in this Court under 28 U.S.C. § 1367.

7. Venue is proper in this Court under 28 U.S.C. § 1391 because the events that give rise to Representative Plaintiff’s claims took place within the Northern District of California and because Defendant sells and distributes the Products in this Judicial District.

**PLAINTIFF**

8. Ms. Ana Belen Ham is an adult individual and resident of San Francisco, California and is referred to in this Complaint as “Representative Plaintiff.”

9. During the relevant time period, Representative Plaintiff purchased and consumed one or more of Defendant’s Products.

10. Representative Plaintiff is, and throughout the entire class period asserted herein, has been very concerned about and tries to avoid consuming foods that are not natural, such as foods using synthetic or artificial chemical ingredients. For this reason, Representative Plaintiff is willing to and has paid a premium for foods that are considered “all natural” and has refrained from buying their counterparts that were not “all natural.” Based on the “all natural” representation on Defendant’s Product labels, Representative Plaintiff and members of both classes reasonably believed the Products they purchased were “all natural” and relied on this representation in making the purchases thereof.

11. Specifically, in the past several years, Representative Plaintiff purchased items such as Hain Celestial’s “Earth’s Best Organic Mini Waffles (Blueberry)” and “Earth’s Best Organic Mini Waffles (Homestyle)” for herself on multiple occasions from grocery stores located in San Francisco, California, after reading and relying on the truthfulness of labels that promised that these Products were “all natural.” Specifically, Representative Plaintiff purchased the Products from the Safeway store in San Francisco on Geary Street and from the Safeway store in San Francisco on Marina Boulevard. In between May 2012 and March 2014, Representative Plaintiff purchased

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1 approximately fifty boxes of the Products. Representative Plaintiff saw and relied on these  
 2 representations each time she purchased the Products. These representations were some of the  
 3 reasons for Representative Plaintiff's purchases, and she consistently relied on the truthfulness of the  
 4 "all natural" representations in making these purchases.

5 12. Representative Plaintiff not only purchased the Products because their labels said they  
 6 were "all natural," but also paid more money for the Products than she would have paid for other  
 7 similar products that were not all natural (i.e., products that admittedly contained man-made,  
 8 synthetic ingredients).

9 13. Had Representative Plaintiff known the truth (i.e., that Defendant's Products were not  
 10 "all natural"), she would not have purchased Defendant's Products, but would have purchased other  
 11 brands of food products that were truly "all natural" or, if such alternatives were not available, would  
 12 have purchased other non-natural food products that were less expensive than Hain Celestial's All  
 13 Natural Products.

14 14. Representative Plaintiff was a "consumer" and "real part[y] in interest," as required to  
 15 bring this action, and as set out in California Civil Code § 1780(a). Moreover, Representative  
 16 Plaintiff suffered damages and injury as a result of Defendant's conduct, as alleged herein.

17 15. As used throughout this Complaint, the term "class members" and/or one or both of  
 18 the "classes" refers to the Representative Plaintiff as well as each and every person eligible for  
 19 membership in one or more of the classes of persons, as further described and defined herein.

20 16. At all times herein relevant, Representative Plaintiff is and was a person within both  
 21 classes of persons, as further described and defined herein.

22 17. Representative Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of herself, individually, and as a  
 23 class action, pursuant to Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, on behalf of all persons  
 24 similarly situated and proximately damaged by the unlawful conduct described herein.

25  
 26 **DEFENDANT**

27 18. At all times herein relevant, The Hain Celestial Group, Inc. is a New York corporation  
 28 with its principal executive offices located in Melville, New York. Upon information and belief,

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1 Defendant advertises, markets, sells and distributes the All Natural Products throughout the United  
2 States, including in this Judicial District.

3  
4 **CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS**

5 19. Representative Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of herself and as a class action on  
6 behalf of the following classes:

7 The "California Class":

8 All residents of California who, on or after May 2, 2010, purchased any of The Hain  
9 Celestial Group Inc.'s "Earth's Best" food products that were labeled "all natural,"  
10 yet contained Sodium Acid Pyrophosphate (aka, disodium dihydrogen  
pyrophosphate).

11 The "National Class":

12 All residents of the United States of America who, on or after May 2, 2010, purchased  
13 any of The Hain Celestial Group, Inc.'s "Earth's Best" food products that were labeled  
14 "all natural," yet contained Sodium Acid Pyrophosphate (aka, disodium dihydrogen  
pyrophosphate).

15 20. Defendant and its officers and directors are excluded from each of the classes.

16 21. This action has been brought and may properly be maintained as a class action under  
17 Federal Rule of Civil Procedure Rule 23 because there is a well-defined community of interest in the  
18 litigation and membership in the proposed classes is easily ascertainable:

19 a. Numerosity: A class action is the only available method for the fair and  
20 efficient adjudication of this controversy. The members of each of the classes  
21 are so numerous that joinder of all members is impractical, if not impossible,  
22 insofar as the Representative Plaintiff is informed and believes and, on that  
23 basis, alleges that the total number of class members in either class is in the  
24 tens of thousands of individuals. Membership in the classes will be  
determined by analysis of point of sale, electronic-mail and/or other  
transactional information, among other records maintained by Hain Celestial  
and/or entities affiliated therewith.

25 b. Commonality: The Representative Plaintiff and the members of both classes  
26 share a community of interests in that there are numerous common questions  
27 and issues of fact and law which predominate over questions and issues  
28 solely affecting individual members, including, but not necessarily limited to:

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- 1) Whether Defendant's advertising of the Products was false, deceptive, and/or misleading;
- 2) Whether Defendant knew or should have known that representing the Products as being "all natural" was false advertising thereof;
- 3) Whether Defendant intentionally or negligently misrepresented, concealed or omitted a material fact regarding the true characteristics of the Products;
- 4) Whether Defendant violated California Business and Professions Code § 17500, *et seq.* by engaging in misleading and/or deceptive advertising;
- 5) Whether Defendant violated California Civil Code § 1750 and/or 1770, *et seq.* by representing that the Products had/has characteristics, uses and/or benefits which they do/did not have, and/or representing that these Products were and are of a particular standard, quality or grade, when they were not;
- 6) Whether Defendant violated California Business and Professions Code § 17200, *et seq.* by engaging in unfair, unlawful and/or fraudulent business practices;
- 7) Whether Defendant's misrepresentations, concealment and/or failures to disclose material fact(s) regarding the "all natural" characteristics of the Products is a breach of contract;
- 8) Whether injunctive, corrective and/or declaratory relief is appropriate;
- 9) Whether Defendant's conduct rises to the level sufficient to warrant an award of punitive damages.

c. Typicality: The Representative Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the members of each of the classes. Representative Plaintiff and all members of each of the classes sustained damages arising out of and caused by Defendant's common course of conduct in violation of law, as alleged herein.

d. Adequacy of Representation: The Representative Plaintiff in this class action is an adequate representative of each of the classes in that the Representative Plaintiff has the same interest in the litigation of this case as the members of both classes, is committed to vigorous prosecution of this case and has retained competent counsel who is experienced in prosecuting litigation of this nature. The Representative Plaintiff is not subject to any individual defenses unique from those conceivably applicable to other class members or

1 the classes in their entirety. The Representative Plaintiff anticipates no  
2 management difficulties in this litigation.

- 3 e. Superiority of Class Action: Since the damages suffered by individual class  
4 members, while not inconsequential, may be relatively small, the expense  
5 and burden of individual litigation by each member makes or may make it  
6 impractical for members of each of the classes to seek redress individually  
7 for the wrongful conduct alleged herein. Should separate actions be brought  
8 or be required to be brought, by each individual member of each of the  
9 classes, the resulting multiplicity of lawsuits would cause undue hardship and  
expense for the Court and the litigants. The prosecution of separate actions  
would also create a risk of inconsistent rulings which might be dispositive of  
the interests of other class members who are not parties to the adjudications  
and/or may substantially impede their ability to adequately protect their  
interests.

10 22. This action is also certifiable under the provisions of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure  
11 23(b)(1) and/or 23(b)(2).

12 23. Representative Plaintiff reserves the right to establish sub-classes as appropriate and to  
13 amend the class definitions if discovery and further investigation reveal that the definitions should be  
14 expanded or otherwise modified.

### 15 COMMON FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

16 24. Defendant created its “all natural” product line specifically for people seeking food  
17 made with natural ingredients and, through product and labeling design, as well as a robust  
18 marketing campaign, Defendant preys on parents’ concerns for the well-being of their children.  
19 Defendant’s direct targeting of the parent demographic is illustrated in a variety of ways, including  
20 Defendant’s direct targeting of the parent demographic is illustrated in a variety of ways, including  
21 but not necessarily limited to:

- 22
- 23 a. Use of iconic “Sesame Street” characters on the front of its waffle boxes, on  
24 Defendant’s Facebook page and across its web site;
- 25 b. Use of a child-friendly “Comic” font on its waffle boxes;
- 26 c. Use of primary colors on its waffle box labels;
- 27 d. Small-bite size format of the waffles themselves;
- 28



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- 1 e. References to the “fun” of eating Defendant’s waffles and the quickness and  
2 ease of preparation in various mediums;
- 3 f. A website menu and web content that focus primarily on the benefits to  
4 children of consuming Defendant’s products;
- 5 g. Use of the term “all natural” prominently across the front and back labels of  
6 the waffles’ boxes.

7 25. Furthering its efforts to recruit parents’ support and purchase of its products, as well as  
8 entice environmentally-focused consumers, Defendant’s website offers a video with a soft female  
9 voiceover wherein Defendant claims, *inter alia*, that “for over 25 years, Earth’s Best has been  
10 dedicated to using only the purest natural ingredients, not only because it’s best for children’s  
11 nutrition, but it’s also the best for the world in which they will grow up” and that what Earth’s Best  
12 does in providing ingredients of this character has “never been done before,” all in keeping with its  
13 alleged “pride and mission of wanting to raise generation pure.” [http://www.earthsbest.com/about-  
earths-best/our-mission](http://www.earthsbest.com/about-earths-best/our-mission)

14 26. Moreover, as part of its broad-based social media advertising efforts, Defendant  
15 maintains a Facebook page to increase brand awareness and consumption. Among other enticements,  
16 Defendant provides resources for allegedly healthy eating and asks its Facebook page visitors to  
17 “connect” and follow Defendant on this social medium. Indeed, as of April 26, 2014, Defendant’s  
18 Facebook page showed a total of 215,000 “likes” (a social media expression for positive approval of  
19 a page, posting, or comment), illustrating the reach of Defendant’s mass media advertising efforts.  
20 <https://www.facebook.com/EarthsBestOrganic?ref=nf>

21 27. Throughout the class period, Defendant engaged in the unfair, unlawful, deceptive,  
22 and fraudulent practice of describing and falsely advertising the Products listed heretofore in this  
23 Complaint as “all natural” when, in fact, they contain the synthetic chemical ingredient identified  
24 below. Specifically, these Products contain, or contained at the time Representative Plaintiff  
25 purchased them, one or more non-natural, highly processed ingredients such as Sodium Acid  
26 Pyrophosphate.

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**SODIUM ACID PYROPHOSPHATE**

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28. Sodium Acid Pyrophosphate (hereinafter referred to as “SAPP”), an odorless white powder, also referred to as disodium dihydrogen pyrophosphate and/or disodium pyrophosphate, has various applications—from its use in leather treatment to remove iron stains on hides during processing, to stabilizing hydrogen peroxide solutions against reduction, to facilitating hair removal in hog slaughter, to feather removal from birds in poultry slaughter, to its use in petroleum production.

29. Defendant uses SAPP in its All Natural Products that it sells to consumers, and label the resultant Products “all natural.” Not only is SAPP a synthetic product, but excessive use can lead to imbalanced levels of minerals in the body and bone loss.

30. The Products at issue herein are labeled “all natural,” yet contain the non-natural ingredient listed above.

**DEFENDANT’S STRATEGY TO APPEAL TO HEALTH CONSCIOUS CONSUMERS**

31. Defendant engaged in this fraudulent advertising and marketing scheme because it knew that its target market values “all natural” food products and will pay more for these items due to the association consumers make between “all natural” food products and a wholesome way of life, the perceived higher quality, health and safety benefits of the products, and/or low impact on the environment.

32. As such, Defendant’s “all natural” labeling is central to its marketing of the Products and part of its overall strategy to capture the rapidly expanding natural foods market. As a result, Defendant’s Products command a premium price, using “all natural” claims to distinguish them from its competitors’ food products.

33. As Defendant undoubtedly knows, many American consumers are health-conscious and seek out wholesome, natural foods to keep a healthy diet. Because of this, consumers routinely take nutrition information into consideration in selecting and purchasing food items.

34. Consumers also value “all natural” ingredients for myriad other reasons, including perceived benefits of avoiding disease, helping the environment, assisting local farmers, assisting

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1 factory workers who would otherwise be exposed to synthetic and hazardous substances, and  
2 financially supporting the companies that share these values.

3 35. Product package labels, including nutrition labels, are vehicles that convey nutrition  
4 information to consumers which they can and do use to make purchasing decisions. As noted by  
5 Food and Drug Administration Commissioner Dr. Margaret Hamburg during the FDA's Media  
6 Briefing on Front-of-Pack labeling on October 20, 2009, "[s]tudies show that consumers trust and  
7 believe the nutrition facts information and that many consumers use it to help them build a healthy  
8 diet." <http://www.fda.gov/downloads/NewsEvents/Newsroom/MediaTranscripts/UCM187809.pdf>.

9 36. The prevalence of claims about nutritional content on food packaging in the United  
10 States has increased in recent years as manufacturers have sought to provide consumers with  
11 nutrition information and thereby influence their purchasing decisions. Indeed, a substantial  
12 percentage of food products sold in the United States have a health claim or a qualified health claim  
13 on the food package, and even more have nutrient content claims on their packaging.

14 37. Consumers attribute a wide range of benefits to foods made entirely of natural  
15 ingredients. Consumers perceive "all natural" foods to be higher quality, healthier, safer to eat and  
16 less damaging to the environment.

17 38. Catering to consumers' tastes for natural foods is tremendously advantageous for  
18 businesses. In 2008, foods labeled with the word "natural" produced \$22.3 billion in sales, a 10%  
19 increase from 2007, and a 37% increase from 2004.  
20 [http://www.nielsen.com/us/en/newswire/2009/natural-beats-organic-in-food-](http://www.nielsen.com/us/en/newswire/2009/natural-beats-organic-in-food-sales-according-to-nielsen-tms-healthy-eating-report.html)  
21 [sales-according-to-nielsen-tms-healthy-eating-report.html](http://www.nielsen.com/us/en/newswire/2009/natural-beats-organic-in-food-sales-according-to-nielsen-tms-healthy-eating-report.html). In 2009, sales increased again with  
22 products labeled "natural" producing \$22.8 billion in sales.  
23 [http://www.nielsen.com/us/en/newswire/2010/healthy-eating-trends-pt-1-commitment-trumps-the-](http://www.nielsen.com/us/en/newswire/2010/healthy-eating-trends-pt-1-commitment-trumps-the-economic-pinch.html)  
24 [economic-pinch.html](http://www.nielsen.com/us/en/newswire/2010/healthy-eating-trends-pt-1-commitment-trumps-the-economic-pinch.html).

25 39. It was in an effort to capture the growing demand and to entice consumers to purchase  
26 its Products that Defendant committed the unlawful acts detailed in this Complaint.

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1 40. Consumers lack the ability to test or independently ascertain the accuracy of a food  
2 product label, especially at the point of sale. Reasonable consumers must and do rely on the  
3 company to honestly report the nature of a food product's ingredients.

4 41. Moreover, not having the specialized food chemistry and regulatory knowledge  
5 necessary to make independent determinations thereof, a reasonable consumer would interpret the  
6 fine print ingredient label in a way to be consistent with the front label representation.

7 42. Defendant intends for consumers to rely upon its Products' labels, and reasonable  
8 consumers do, in fact, so rely. Those labels are the only available source of information consumers  
9 can use to make decisions on whether to buy "all natural" food products.

10 43. As a result of its false and misleading labeling, Defendant was able to sell its Products  
11 to thousands, if not tens of thousands, of consumers throughout the United States and to profit  
12 handsomely from these transactions.

13  
14 **DEFINITION OF "ALL NATURAL"**

15 44. Representing that a food product or ingredient is "all natural" is a statement of fact,  
16 and this term has been defined by federal governmental agencies that regulate food companies such  
17 as Defendant.

18 45. Merriam Webster Dictionary defines the terms as follows:  
19 • "all" means "the whole amount" and "nothing but"  
20 • "natural" means "existing in nature and not made or caused by  
21 people" and "not having any extra substances or chemicals added: not  
22 containing anything artificial"

23 <http://www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary>.

24 46. A reasonable consumer would rely on the definitions in the preceding paragraph in  
25 makes food purchasing decisions.

26 47. Specifically, the FDA has established a policy and defined the outer boundaries of the  
27 use of the term "natural." According to this agency, at the very least, a product is not "natural" if it  
28 contains color, artificial flavors, or synthetic substances. *See*

[www.fda.gov/downloads/ForConsumers/ConsumerUpdates/UCM199361.pdf](http://www.fda.gov/downloads/ForConsumers/ConsumerUpdates/UCM199361.pdf).

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48. Pursuant to 7 C.F.R. § 205.2, an ingredient is synthetic if it is:

[a] substance that is formulated or manufactured by a chemical process or by a process that chemically changes a substance extracted from naturally occurring plant, animal, or mineral sources, except that such term shall not apply to substances created by naturally occurring biological processes.

49. Similarly, the USDA’s Food Safety and Inspection Service (“FSIS”) defines a “natural” product as a product that does not contain any artificial or synthetic ingredient and does not contain any ingredient that is more than “minimally processed”:

Minimal processing may include: (a) those traditional processes used to make food edible or to preserve it or to make it safe for human consumption, e.g., smoking, roasting, freezing, drying, and fermenting, or (b) those physical processes which do not fundamentally alter the raw product and/or which only separate a whole, intact food into component parts, e.g., grinding meat, separating eggs into albumen and yolk, and pressing fruits to produce juices.

Relatively severe processes, e.g., solvent extraction, acid hydrolysis, and chemical bleaching would clearly be considered more than minimal processing. . . .

*See* USDA FSIS, Food Standards and Labeling Policy Book, available at [www.fsis.usda.gov/OPPDE/larc/Policies/Labeling\\_Policy\\_Book\\_082005.pdf](http://www.fsis.usda.gov/OPPDE/larc/Policies/Labeling_Policy_Book_082005.pdf).

50. A reasonable consumer’s understanding of the term “natural” comports with these federal definitions.

51. A reasonable consumer would also expect that Defendant’s Products are what Defendant identify them as on the Product labels (i.e., that they are “all natural,” with no synthetic substances).

**DEFENDANT’S MISREPRESENTATIONS**

52. Throughout the class period, Defendant prominently and repeatedly included the phrase “all natural” on the labels of the Products at issue here, thereby cultivating a wholesome, healthful and socially conscious image in an effort to promote the sale of these Products, even though they were not “all natural.”

53. Defendant made these false, misleading, and deceptive representations by labeling them in the manner detailed in the paragraphs below, and as shown in Attachment “A” hereto. From

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1 an advertising “best practices” perspective, Defendant made maximum use of the available space on  
2 the Products’ packaging to announce the Products’ alleged “all natural” character.

3 54. Defendant represents the Products to consumers as “all natural.” The phrases “all  
4 natural” appear multiple times on the Products’ labels. *See* Attachment “A” hereto.

5

6 **DEFENDANT’S KNOWLEDGE OF THE FALSITY OF ITS ADVERTISING**

7 55. Defendant knew what representations it made regarding the Products, insofar as all of  
8 those representations appeared on the Products’ packages.

9 56. Defendant also knew what ingredients were added to each Product, since it  
10 manufactured the Products, and then listed all of the Product ingredients on the Product packages.  
11 *See* Attachment “A” hereto.

12 57. Defendant is governed by and knew the federal regulations that control the labeling of  
13 the Products and, thus, was aware that some of the ingredients have been federally-declared to be  
14 synthetic substances and/or require extensive processing to be used in food. Defendant retained  
15 expert nutritionists, food chemists, and other scientists, and spent much time and money in  
16 developing its own food technologies, such that it was aware that the synthetic substances used in the  
17 Products are not natural and never were.

18 58. Despite this knowledge, Defendant hid its wrongdoing and distracted consumers from  
19 further investigation by vis-à-vis advertisements on its website, on Facebook, and on the Product’s  
20 packaging.

21 59. As such, Defendant knew all the facts demonstrating that the Products contain  
22 synthetic substances and that the Products are falsely labeled, and that, by its website’s further false  
23 statements, consumers would rely on these misrepresentations to their detriment.

24 60. The misrepresentations and omissions were uniform and were communicated to  
25 Representative Plaintiff and to each member of each class at every point of purchase and  
26 consumption.

27 61. Since Representative Plaintiff and the members of the classes are not at fault for  
28 failing to discover Defendant’s wrongs before now and, thus, had no actual or presumptive

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1 knowledge of facts sufficient to put them on inquiry, and since, to this day, Defendant has concealed  
2 and suppressed the true characteristics of the Products, Defendant's continuing concealment tolls the  
3 applicable statute of limitations.

4  
5 **RELIANCE OF DEFENDANT'S FALSE REPRESENTATIONS**

6 62. Consumers frequently rely on food label representations and information in making  
7 purchase decisions.

8 63. Each time Representative Plaintiff and the class members purchased the All Natural  
9 Products, Representative Plaintiff and the class members saw the Products' packages and, thus, also  
10 saw the false, misleading, and deceptive representations detailed above, yet did not receive  
11 disclosure of the facts concealed as detailed above.

12 64. Representative Plaintiff and the class members were among the intended recipients of  
13 Defendant's deceptive representations and omissions.

14 65. Representative Plaintiff and the class members reasonably relied to their detriment on  
15 Defendant's misleading representations and omissions.

16 66. Defendant's false, misleading, and deceptive misrepresentations and omissions were  
17 intended to deceive and mislead, and are likely to continue to deceive and mislead, Representative  
18 Plaintiff, class members, reasonable consumers, and the general public.

19 67. Defendant's deceptive representations and omissions are material in that a reasonable  
20 person would attach importance to such information and would be induced to act upon such  
21 information in making purchase decisions. As such, Representative Plaintiff's and class members'  
22 reliance upon such representations and omissions may be presumed as a matter of law. The  
23 materiality of those representations and omissions also establishes causation between Defendant's  
24 conduct and the injuries sustained by Representative Plaintiff and members of both classes.

25 68. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's unfair and wrongful conduct, as set  
26 forth herein, Representative Plaintiff and class members (1) were misled into purchasing the  
27 Products, (2) received a product that failed to meet their reasonable expectations and Defendant's  
28 promises, (3) paid a sum (indeed, a premium sum) of money for a product that was not as

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1 represented and, thus, were deprived of the benefit of the bargain because the purchased Products  
2 had less value than what was represented by Defendant, (4) ingested a substance that was other than  
3 what was represented by Defendant and that Representative Plaintiff and class members did not  
4 expect or give informed consent to, (5) ingested a product that did not bring about the health benefits  
5 Defendant promised, and which may be harmful to health and, *inter alia*, (6) were forced to  
6 unwittingly support a company that contributes to environmental, ecological, or health damage and  
7 denied the benefit of supporting companies that sell “all natural” foods and contribute to  
8 environmental sustainability and better health.

9 69. Defendant, at all times, knew that Representative Plaintiff and class members would  
10 consider the Products’ allegedly “all natural” characteristics to be material in their decision to  
11 purchase them and would rely upon the misrepresentations and/or omissions of Defendant.  
12 Defendant’s concealment, misbranding and non-disclosure were intended to influence consumers’  
13 purchasing decisions and were done with reckless disregard for the rights of consumers.  
14 Representative Plaintiff’s and class members’ reliance and resultant substantial monetary loss were  
15 reasonably foreseeable by Defendant.

16 70. This action is brought to redress and end Defendant’s pattern of unfair and wrongful  
17 conduct. Indeed, without an award of damages and injunctive relief by this Court, Defendant is  
18 likely to continue to injure consumers and harm the public interest.

19 71. In fact, as of the date of filing this Complaint, retail stores in the United States and  
20 California are selling the Products at issue and labeled “all natural.” Even if, during the pendency of  
21 this litigation, Defendant elected to remove the “all natural” labeling from the Products, Defendant is  
22 not presently enjoined from putting the “all natural” representation back on its labels at any time it so  
23 decides. Accordingly, Representative Plaintiff seeks declaratory and injunctive relief to ensure  
24 Defendant has, in fact, removed any and all of the “all natural” representations from labels on the  
25 Products still available for purchase, and to prevent Defendant from making the “all natural”  
26 representation on the Product labels in the future as long as the Products continue to contain  
27 synthetic ingredients.

28



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**FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF**  
**Deceptive Advertising Practices**  
**(California Business & Professions Code §§ 17500, et seq.)**  
***(for the California Class Only)***

72. Representative Plaintiff incorporates in this cause of action each and every allegation of the preceding paragraphs, with the same force and effect as though fully set forth herein.

73. California Business & Professions Code § 17500 prohibits “unfair, deceptive, untrue or misleading advertising.”

74. Defendant violated California Business & Professions Code § 17500 when it represented, through its false and misleading advertising, and other express representations, that Defendant’s All Natural Products possessed characteristics and a value that they did not actually have.

75. Defendant’s deceptive practices were specifically designed to induce Representative Plaintiff and members of the California class to purchase the Products. Defendant engaged in broad-based marketing efforts to reach Representative Plaintiff and California class members and to induce them to purchase these Products. Defendant was successful in masking its dishonesty insofar as it did induce Representative Plaintiff and members of the California class to unwittingly purchase the Products.

76. Representative Plaintiff and members of the California class would not have purchased and consumed the Products had it not been for Defendant’s misrepresentations of material facts. Representative Plaintiff and members of the California class were denied the benefit of the bargain when they decided to purchase the Products over competitor products (which are less expensive, actually contain “all natural” ingredients and/or do not unlawfully claim to be “all natural”). Had Representative Plaintiff and members of the California class been aware of these false and misleading advertising tactics, they would have paid less than what they did pay for these Products, or they would not have purchased the Products at all.

77. The above acts of Defendant, in disseminating said misleading and deceptive representations and statements throughout the State of California to consumers, including Representative Plaintiff and members of the California class, were and are likely to deceive

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1 reasonable consumers by obfuscating the nature of the ingredients of the All Natural Products, all  
2 in violation of California Business and Professions Code § 17500, *et seq.*

3 78. In making and disseminating the statements alleged herein, Defendant knew or should  
4 have known that the statements were untrue or misleading, and acted in violation of California  
5 Business & Professions Code § 17500, *et seq.*

6 79. To this day, Defendant continues to engage in unlawful, unfair and deceptive practices  
7 in violation of California Business & Professions Code § 17500. Specifically, Defendant continues  
8 to use advertising on its packaging and on its website that is deceptive to induce consumers to  
9 purchase the All Natural Products.

10 80. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's unlawful conduct in violation of  
11 California Business & Professions Code § 17500, Representative Plaintiff and members of the  
12 California class, pursuant to California Business and Professions Code § 17535, are entitled to an  
13 Order of this Court enjoining such future wrongful conduct on the part of Defendant, and requiring  
14 Defendant to fully disclose the true nature of its misrepresentations.

15 81. Additionally, Representative Plaintiff and members of the California class request an  
16 Order requiring Defendant to disgorge its ill-gotten gains and/or award full restitution of all monies  
17 wrongfully acquired by Defendant by means of such acts of false advertising, plus interest and  
18 attorneys' fees.

19 **SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF**  
20 **Consumers Legal Remedies Act**  
21 **(California Civil Code § 1750, *et seq.*)**  
22 ***(for the California Class Only)***

23 82. Representative Plaintiff incorporates in this cause of action each and every allegation  
24 of the preceding paragraphs, with the same force and effect as though fully set forth herein.

25 83. Representative Plaintiff brings this action pursuant to California's Consumer Legal  
26 Remedies Act ("CLRA"); California Civil Code § 1750, *et seq.*

27 84. The CLRA provides that "unfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive  
28 acts or practices undertaken by any person in a transaction intended to result or which results in  
the sale or lease of goods or services to any consumer are unlawful."

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1 85. The All Natural Products are “goods,” as defined by the CLRA in California Civil  
2 Code § 1761(a).

3 86. Each Defendant is a “person,” as defined by the CLRA in California Civil Code  
4 § 1761(c).

5 87. Representative Plaintiff and members of the California class are “consumers,” as  
6 defined by the CLRA in California Civil Code § 1761(d).

7 88. Purchases of the All Natural Products by Representative Plaintiff and members of the  
8 California class are “transactions,” as defined by California Civil Code § 1761(e).

9 89. Defendant engaged in unfair and deceptive acts declared unlawful by the CLRA by  
10 knowingly and intentionally mislabeling the All Natural Products when, in fact, these Products  
11 contain one or more artificial man-made ingredients (i.e., that do not occur in nature).

12 90. Representing that its Products had/has characteristics, uses and/or benefits which they  
13 did/do not have, and representing that these Products were and are of a particular standard, quality,  
14 or grade, when they were, in fact, of another standard, quality and/or grade, constituted and  
15 continues to constitute an unfair or deceptive trade practice under the provisions of California Civil  
16 Code §§ 1770(a)(5) and 1770(a)(7).

17 91. Defendant violated the CLRA by representing and advertising that these Products, as  
18 discussed above, were “all natural.” Defendant knew, however, that this was not the case and that, in  
19 reality, these Products contained one or more synthetic chemical ingredients.

20 92. Representative Plaintiff and members of California class reasonably and justifiably  
21 relied on Defendant’s misrepresentations in purchasing these misbranded Products. Had the  
22 Products been honestly advertised and labeled, Representative Plaintiff and members of  
23 California class would not have purchased them and/or would have paid less than what they did  
24 pay for these Products.

25 93. Representative Plaintiff and members of California class were unaware of the  
26 existence of facts that Defendant suppressed and failed to disclose and, had the facts been known,  
27 would not have purchased the Products and/or purchased them at the prices at which they were  
28 offered.

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1 94. Representative Plaintiff and the members of the California class have been directly and  
2 proximately injured by Defendant's conduct. Such injury may, but does not necessarily include and  
3 is not limited to, the purchase of the Products and/or the purchase of the Products at the prices at  
4 which they were offered.

5 95. Insofar as Defendant's conduct violated California Civil Code § 1770(a)(5),  
6 Representative Plaintiff and members of the California class are entitled to (pursuant to California  
7 Civil Code § 1780, *et seq.*) and do seek injunctive relief to end Defendant's violations of the  
8 California Consumers Legal Remedies Act.

9 96. Moreover, Defendant's conduct is malicious, fraudulent, and wanton. Defendant  
10 intentionally misled and withheld material information from consumers to increase the sale of its  
11 Products.

12 97. Pursuant to California Civil Code § 1782(a), Representative Plaintiff on her own  
13 behalf, and on behalf of members of the California class, has notified Defendant of the alleged  
14 violations of the Consumer Legal Remedies Act. If, after 30 days from the date of the notification  
15 letter, Defendant has failed to provide appropriate relief for the violations, Representative Plaintiff  
16 will amend this Complaint to seek compensatory, monetary and punitive damages, in addition to  
17 equitable and injunctive relief, and will further request that this Court enter such Orders or  
18 judgments as may be necessary to restore to any person in interest any money which may have been  
19 acquired by means of such unfair business practices, and for such other relief as provided in  
20 California Civil Code § 1780 and the Prayer for Relief.

21  
22 **THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF**  
23 **Common Law Fraud**  
***(for the California and Nationwide Classes)***

24 98. Representative Plaintiff incorporates in this cause of action each and every allegation  
25 of the preceding paragraphs, with the same force and effect as though fully set forth herein.

26 99. Defendant willfully, falsely, and knowingly misrepresented material facts relating to  
27 the character and quality of the Products. These misrepresentations are contained in various media  
28 advertising and packaging disseminated or caused to be disseminated by Defendant, and such

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1 misrepresentations were reiterated and disseminated by officers, agents, representatives, servants, or  
2 employees of Defendant, acting within the scope of their authority, and employed by Defendant to  
3 merchandise and market the Products.

4 100. Defendant's misrepresentations were the type of misrepresentations that are material  
5 (i.e., the type of misrepresentations to which a reasonable person would attach importance and would  
6 be induced to act thereon in making purchase decisions).

7 101. Defendant knew that the misrepresentations alleged herein were false at the time it  
8 made them and/or acted recklessly in making such misrepresentations.

9 102. Defendant intended that Representative Plaintiff and members of both classes rely on  
10 the misrepresentations alleged herein and purchase the Products.

11 103. Representative Plaintiff and members of both classes reasonably and justifiably relied  
12 on Defendant's misrepresentations when purchasing the Products, were unaware of the existence of  
13 facts that Defendant suppressed and failed to disclose, and, had the facts been known, would not  
14 have purchased the Products and/or purchased them at the prices at which they were offered.

15 104. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's wrongful conduct, Representative  
16 Plaintiff and members of both classes have suffered and continue to suffer economic losses and other  
17 general and specific damages, including, but not necessarily limited to, the monies paid to  
18 Defendant, and any interest that would have accrued on those monies, all in an amount to be proven  
19 at trial.

20 105. Moreover, in that, at all times herein mentioned, Defendant intended to cause or acted  
21 with reckless disregard of the probability of causing damage to Representative Plaintiff and members  
22 of both classes, and because Defendant was guilty of oppressive, fraudulent and/or malicious  
23 conduct, Representative Plaintiff and members of both classes are entitled to an award of exemplary  
24 or punitive damages against Defendant in an amount adequate to deter such conduct in the future.

25  
26  
27  
28

**FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF**

**Negligent Misrepresentation  
(for the California and Nationwide Classes)**

106. Representative Plaintiff incorporates in this cause of action each and every allegation of the preceding paragraphs, with the same force and effect as though fully set forth herein.

107. Defendant, directly or through its agents and employees, made false representations to Representative Plaintiff and members of both classes.

108. Defendant owed a duty to Representative Plaintiff and members of both classes to disclose the material facts set forth above about the Products.

109. In making the representations, and in doing the acts alleged above, Defendant acted without any reasonable grounds for believing the representations were true, and intended by said representations to induce the reliance of Representative Plaintiff and members of both classes.

110. Representative Plaintiff and members of both classes reasonably and justifiably relied on Defendant’s misrepresentations when purchasing the All Natural Products, were unaware of the existence of facts that Defendant suppressed and failed to disclose and, had the facts been known, would not have purchased the Products and/or purchased them at the price at which they were offered.

111. As a direct and proximate result of these misrepresentations, Representative Plaintiff and members of both classes have suffered and continue to suffer economic losses and other general and specific damages, including but not limited to the amounts paid for the All Natural Products, and any interest that would have accrued on those monies, all in an amount to be proven at trial.

**FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF**

**Breach of Express Warranty  
(for the California Class Only)**

112. Representative Plaintiff incorporates in this cause of action each and every allegation of the preceding paragraphs, with the same force and effect as though fully set forth herein.

113. By advertising and selling the Products at issue here as “all natural,” Defendant made promises and affirmations of fact on these Products’ packaging, and through its marketing and advertising, as described above. This marketing and advertising constitutes express warranties and

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1 became part of the basis of the bargain between Representative Plaintiff and members of the  
2 California class, on the one hand, and Defendant, on the other.

3 114. Defendant purports, through its advertising, to create express warranties of the  
4 Products at issue here as “all natural” by making the affirmation of fact, and promising that these  
5 Products were and are “all natural.”

6 115. Despite express warranties about the “all natural” character of these Products, the All  
7 Natural Products contain one or more synthetic chemical ingredients, as discussed above.

8 116. Defendant breached express warranties about these Products and their qualities  
9 because these Products do not conform to Defendant’s affirmations and promises to be “all natural.”

10 117. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant’s breach of express warranty,  
11 Representative Plaintiff and members of the California class were harmed in the amount of the  
12 purchase price they paid for these Products. Moreover, Representative Plaintiff and members of both  
13 classes have suffered and continue to suffer economic losses and other general and specific damages,  
14 including but not limited to the amounts paid for the All Natural Products, and any interest that  
15 would have accrued on those monies, all in an amount to be proven at trial.

16  
17 **SIXTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF**  
18 **Breach of Contract**  
***(for the California and Nationwide Classes)***

19 118. Representative Plaintiff incorporates in this claim for relief each and every allegation  
20 of the preceding paragraphs, with the same force and effect as though fully set forth herein.

21 119. Representative Plaintiff and members of both classes had a valid contract, supported  
22 by sufficient consideration, pursuant to which Defendant was obligated to provide food products  
23 which were, in fact, “all natural,” as represented by Defendant.

24 120. Defendant materially breached its contract with Representative Plaintiff and members  
25 of both classes by providing the Products, which were not “all natural.”

26 121. As a result of Defendant’s breach, Representative Plaintiff and members of both  
27 classes were damaged in that they received a product with less value than the amount paid.  
28 Moreover, Representative Plaintiff and members of both classes have suffered and continue to suffer



1 economic losses and other general and specific damages, including but not limited to the amounts  
2 paid for the All Products, and any interest that would have accrued on those monies, all in an  
3 amount to be proven at trial.

4  
5 **SEVENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF**

6 **Unfair Business Practices**  
7 **(California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200-17208)**  
8 **(for the California Class Only)**

9 122. Representative Plaintiff incorporates in this claim for relief each and every allegation  
10 of the preceding paragraphs, with the same force and effect as though fully set forth herein.

11 123. Representative Plaintiff brings this claim seeking equitable and injunctive relief to stop  
12 Defendant’s misconduct, as complained of herein, and to seek restitution of the amounts  
13 Defendant acquired through the unfair, unlawful, and fraudulent business practices described herein.

14 124. Defendant’s knowing conduct, as alleged herein, constitutes an “unfair” and/or  
15 “fraudulent” business practice, as set forth in California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200-  
16 17208. Representative Plaintiff also asserts a violation of public policy by Defendant by withholding  
17 material facts from consumers.

18 125. Defendant’s conduct was and continues to be fraudulent, because directly or through  
19 its agents and employees, Defendant made false representations to Representative Plaintiff and  
20 members of the California class that were likely to deceive them. The false representations made  
21 through labeling of the Products as “all natural” were and are likely to deceive reasonable  
22 California purchasers, such as the Representative Plaintiff and members of the California class, into  
23 purchasing the Products.

24 126. There were reasonable alternatives available to Defendant to further Defendant’s  
25 legitimate business interests, other than the conduct described herein.

26 127. Defendant’s misrepresentations of material facts, as set forth herein, also constitute an  
27 “unlawful” practice because they, *inter alia*, violate California Civil Code §§ 1572, 1573, 1709,  
28 1710, 1711 and 1770, as well as the common law. Further, Defendant’s misrepresentations violate  
California’s Sherman Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Law (“Sherman Law”) which provides that

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1 “[a]ny food is misbranded if its labeling is false or misleading in any particular.” California  
2 Health and Safety code, Division 104, Part 5, Article 6 § 110660.

3 128. Finally, Defendant’s conduct violates the FDA’s policy concerning what is  
4 “natural,” as set forth throughout this Complaint, although Representative Plaintiff does not  
5 seek to enforce any of the state law claims raised herein so as to impose any standard of  
6 conduct that exceeds that which would violate the FDA policy concerning, or definitions of  
7 what is “natural.”

8 129. Defendant’s conduct in making the representations described herein constitutes a  
9 knowing failure to adopt policies in accordance with and/or adherence to applicable laws, as set forth  
10 herein, all of which are binding upon and burdensome to its competitors. This conduct engenders an  
11 unfair competitive advantage for Defendant, thereby constituting an unfair business practice under  
12 California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200-17208.

13 130. In addition, Defendant’s conduct was, and continues to be, unfair, in that its injury to  
14 countless purchasers of the Products is substantial, and is not outweighed by any countervailing  
15 benefits to consumers or to competitors.

16 131. Moreover, Representative Plaintiff and members of the California class could not have  
17 reasonably avoided such injury, given that Defendant failed to disclose the Products’ true  
18 characteristics at any point. Representative Plaintiff and members of the California class purchased  
19 the Products in reliance on the representations made by Defendant, as alleged herein.

20 132. Representative Plaintiff and members of the California class have been directly and  
21 proximately injured by Defendant’s conduct in ways including, but not necessarily limited to, the  
22 monies paid to Defendant for Products that lack the characteristics advertised, interest lost on those  
23 monies, and their unwitting support of a business enterprise that promotes deception and undue  
24 greed to the detriment of health- and environmentally-conscious consumers.

25 133. As a result of the business acts and practices described above, Representative  
26 Plaintiff and members of the California class, pursuant to California Business and Professions  
27 Code § 17203, are entitled to an Order enjoining such future wrongful conduct on the part of  
28 Defendant and such other Orders and judgments which may be necessary to disgorge Defendant’s

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1 ill-gotten gains and to restore to any person in interest any money paid for the All Natural  
2 Products as a result of the wrongful conduct of Defendant.

3 134. Defendant has clearly established a policy of accepting a certain amount of collateral  
4 damage, as represented by the damages to the Representative Plaintiff and members of the California  
5 class herein alleged, as incidental to its business operations, rather than accept the alternative costs of  
6 full compliance with fair, lawful, and honest business practices, ordinarily borne by its responsible  
7 competitors and as set forth in legislation and the judicial record.

8  
9 **EIGHTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF**  
10 **Quasi-Contract/Unjust Enrichment**  
*(for the California and Nationwide Classes)*

11 135. Representative Plaintiff incorporates in this cause of action each and every allegation  
12 of the preceding paragraphs, with the same force and effect as though fully set forth herein.

13 136. As alleged herein, Defendant intentionally and/or recklessly made false representations  
14 to Representative Plaintiff and members of both classes to induce them to purchase the Products.  
15 Representative Plaintiff and members of both classes reasonably relied on these false representations  
16 when purchasing the Products.

17 137. Representative Plaintiff and members of both classes did not receive all of the benefits  
18 promised by Defendant, and paid more to Defendant for the Products than they otherwise would  
19 and/or should have paid.

20 138. Defendant's conduct in enticing Representative Plaintiff and members of both classes  
21 to purchase Defendant's Products through Defendant's false and misleading packaging, as described  
22 in this Complaint, is unlawful because the statements contained on the Product labels are untrue.  
23 Defendant took monies from Representative Plaintiff and members of both classes for Products  
24 promised to be "all natural," even though the Products were not "all natural" as detailed in this  
25 Complaint. Defendant has been unjustly enriched at the expense of Representative Plaintiff and  
26 members of both classes as a result of the unlawful conduct alleged herein, thereby creating a quasi-  
27 contractual obligation on Defendant to restore these ill-gotten gains to Representative Plaintiff and  
28 member of both classes.

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1 139. It would be inequitable and unconscionable for Defendant to retain the profit, benefit  
2 and/or other compensation it obtained from its deceptive, misleading, and unlawful conduct alleged  
3 herein.

4 140. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's unjust enrichment, Representative  
5 Plaintiff and members of both classes are entitled to restitution of, disgorgement of, and/or the  
6 imposition of a constructive trust upon all profits, benefits, and other compensation obtained by  
7 Defendant from its deceptive, misleading, and unlawful conduct as alleged herein.

8  
9 **RELIEF SOUGHT**

10 **WHEREFORE, the Representative Plaintiff**, on behalf of herself and each of the proposed  
11 **Plaintiff classes**, prays for judgment and the following specific relief against **Defendant**, as follows:

12 1. That the Court declare, adjudge and decree that this action is a proper class action and  
13 certify each of the proposed classes and/or any other appropriate subclasses under F.R.C.P. Rule  
14 23(b)1, (b)(2) and/or (b)(3);

15 2. That Defendant is found to have violated California Business & Professions Code §  
16 17200, *et seq.*, § 17500, *et seq.*, and California Civil Code § 1750, *et seq.*, and § 1790, *et seq.*, as to  
17 the Representative Plaintiff and class members;

18 3. That Defendant be found to have breached its contracts with Representative Plaintiff  
19 and members of both classes;

20 4. That the Court further enjoin Defendant, ordering it to cease and desist from unlawful  
21 activities in further violation of California Business and Professions Code § 17200, *et seq.*;

22 5. For a preliminary and permanent injunction enjoining Defendant from  
23 advertising, representing, or otherwise holding out for sale within the United States of  
24 America, any products which contain Sodium Acid Pyrophosphate (also known as disodium  
25 dihydrogen pyrophosphate) as being "all natural";

26 6. For an Order requiring Defendant to provide a form of corrective advertising to  
27 correct the misrepresentations, misstatements and omissions made in the marketing,  
28 advertising, packaging and other promotional materials related to its All Natural Products;

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1 7. For an award of restitution and disgorgement of Defendant's excessive and ill-  
2 gotten revenues to Representative Plaintiff and members of the California class;

3 8. For an Order requiring an accounting for, and imposition of a constructive trust upon,  
4 all monies received by Defendant as a result of the unfair, misleading, fraudulent and unlawful  
5 conduct alleged herein;

6 9. For an award to Representative Plaintiff and to members of both classes of  
7 compensatory damages in an amount to be proven at trial;

8 10. For an award of pre- and post-judgment interest on the amount of any and all  
9 economic losses, at the prevailing legal rate;

10 11. For an award to Representative Plaintiff and to members of both classes of punitive  
11 and/or exemplary damages;

12 12. For an award of reasonable attorneys' fees, pursuant to California Code of Civil  
13 Procedure § 1021.5 and/or California Civil Code §§ 1780(d) and 1794(d);

14 13. For costs of suit and any and all other such relief as the Court deems just and proper;  
15 and

16 14. For all other Orders, findings and determinations identified and sought in this  
17 Complaint.

18 **JURY DEMAND**

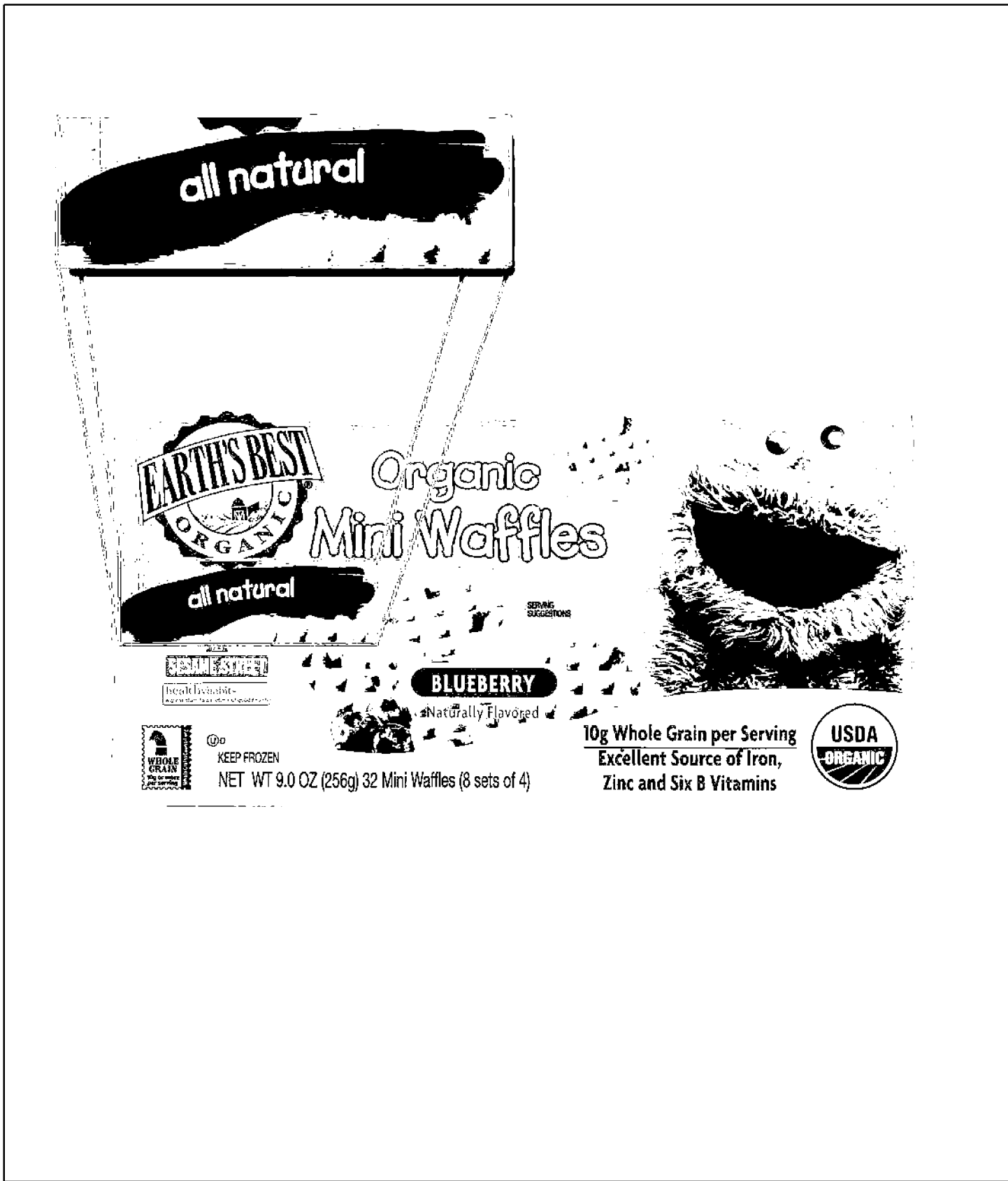
19 Representative Plaintiff and members of each of the classes hereby demand trial by jury on  
20 all issues triable of right by jury.

22 Dated: May 2, 2014

**SCOTT COLE & ASSOCIATES, APC**

24 By: /s/ Scott Edward Cole  
25 Scott Edward Cole, Esq.  
26 Attorneys for Representative Plaintiff  
27 and the Plaintiff Classes  
28

**ATTACHMENT A**



Organic Blueberry Mini Waffles  
(Front Label View)



**INGREDIENTS:** Organic Whole Wheat Flour, Water, Organic Evaporated Cane Syrup, Organic Canola And/or Organic Soybean Oil, Leavening (Sodium Acid Pyrophosphate, Sodium Bicarbonate, Monocalcium Phosphate), Organic Blueberry Puree, Organic Pear Juice Concentrate, Organic Wheat Bran, Organic Soy Lecithin, Natural Flavor, Citric Acid, Sea Salt, Sodium Alginate, Sodium Bicarbonate, Organic Elderberry Juice Concentrate, Dicalcium Phosphate, Zinc Sulphate, Niacinamide, Reduced Iron, Vitamin B12, Riboflavin, Pyridoxine Hydrochloride, Thiamine Mononitrate, Folic Acid.

**CONTAINS: WHEAT AND SOY INGREDIENTS.  
PROCESSED IN A FACILITY THAT USES MILK AND EGGS.**

**NEW Earth's Best Sesame Street** frozen children's foods are all-natural superior nutrition that's convenient for parents, and delicious and fun for young children. Whole Grain Organic Mini Waffles contain 10g whole grain per serving, and are made with no artificial flavors, colors or preservatives, or potentially harmful pesticides. Specially formulated with iron, zinc and six B vitamins, and no genetically engineered ingredients, hydrogenated oils or trans fat.

Nutrition Facts	
Serving Size 32g (1 mini waffle)	
Servings Per Container 8	
Amount Per Serving	
% Daily Value*	Calories from Fat 20
<b>Total Fat</b>	20g
Saturated Fat	0g
Cholesterol	0mg
Sodium	140mg
<b>Total Carbohydrate</b>	16g
Dietary Fiber	2g
Sugars	2g
Protein	2g

**ORGANIC:** Organic means that the crop is grown without synthetic pesticides, herbicides, fungicides, or other synthetic chemicals. Organic also means that the crop is grown without synthetic fertilizers. Organic does not mean that the crop is grown without any synthetic substances. Some synthetic substances are allowed in organic production, such as certain pesticides, herbicides, and fungicides. Organic does not mean that the crop is grown without any synthetic substances. Some synthetic substances are allowed in organic production, such as certain pesticides, herbicides, and fungicides.

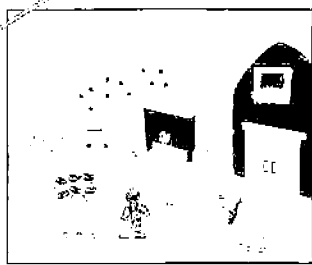
**CONTAINS: WHEAT AND SOY INGREDIENTS.  
PROCESSED IN A FACILITY THAT USES MILK AND EGGS.**



## Organic Mini Waffles

Get a Wake-a-Good Start to a Lifetime of Good Health!

- Mark Our the Earth's Best Difference.
- Organic ingredients grown without potentially harmful pesticides
  - No artificial flavors, colors or preservatives
  - No Genetically Engineered Ingredients
  - No Hydrogenated Oils - No Trans Fat
  - Whole grains that are not stripped of their naturally occurring nutrients.
  - Iron to help transport oxygen throughout your body
  - Zinc to boost your body's ability to fight infection
  - B Vitamins to unlock energy in carbohydrates.
- For special offers & coupons, join the Earth's Best Family at [www.earthsbest.com](http://www.earthsbest.com)



**NEW Earth's Best Sesame Street** frozen children's foods are all-natural superior nutrition that's convenient for parents, and delicious and fun for young children. Whole Grain Organic Mini Waffles contain 10g whole grain per serving, and are made with no artificial flavors, colors or preservatives, or potentially harmful pesticides. Specially formulated with iron, zinc and six B vitamins, and no genetically engineered ingredients, hydrogenated oils or trans fat.

**Blueberry fun!** As a healthy alternative to syrup, provide your children with low fat yogurt to spread on top of their waffles. Top with some colorful slices of fruit.

**Circle shape hunt!** Point to the waffles and ask your children, "What shape are these waffles?" Then, after breakfast, encourage them to look for other objects that are shaped like a circle!

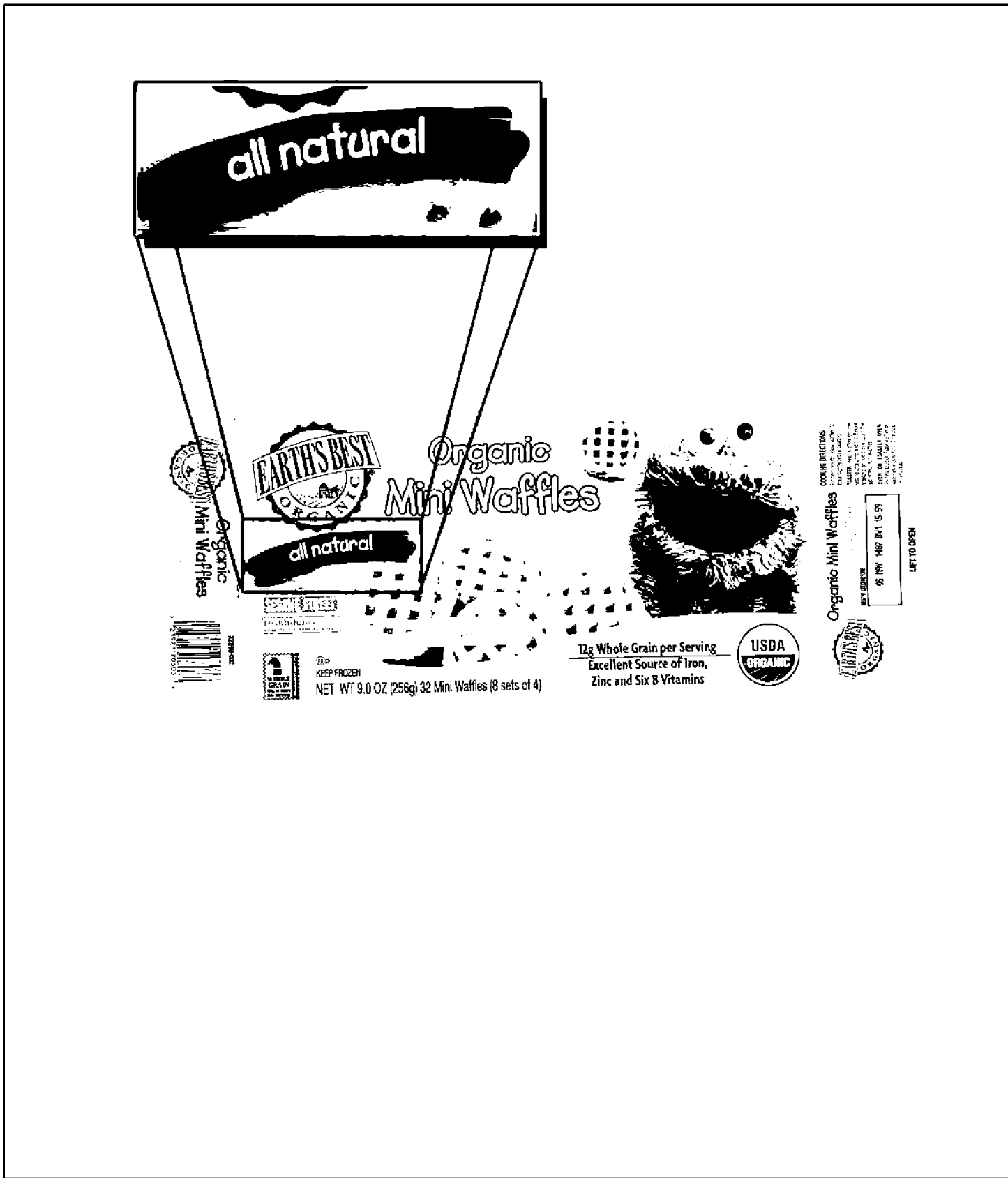
When you're ready to cook, simply heat in the microwave for 2 minutes.

Whole Grain Organic Mini Waffles are made with organic whole grain flour and organic cane syrup.

Organic Whole Grain Organic Mini Waffles are made with organic whole grain flour and organic cane syrup. They are also made with organic blueberry puree and organic pear juice concentrate.



## Organic Blueberry Mini Waffles (Back Label View)



Organic Homestyle Mini Waffles  
(Front Label View)

**INGREDIENTS:** Organic Whole Wheat Flour, Water, Organic Canola And/or Organic Soybean Oil, Organic Evaporated Cane Syrup, Contains 2% Or Less Of: Leavening (Sodium Acid Pyrophosphate, Sodium Bicarbonate, Monocalcium Phosphate), Organic Wheat Bran, Organic Pear Juice Concentrate, Organic Soy Lecithin, Organic Flavor, Sea Salt, Zinc Sulphate, Niacinamide, Reduced Iron, Vitamin B12, Riboflavin, Pyridoxine Hydrochloride, Thiamin Mononitrate, Folic Acid.

**NEW Earth's Best Sesame Street** frozen children's foods are all-natural superior nutrition that's convenient for parents, and delicious and fun for young children. Whole Grain Organic Mini Waffles contain 12g whole grain per serving, and are made with no artificial flavors, colors or preservatives, or potentially harmful pesticides. Specially formulated with iron, zinc and six B vitamins, and no genetically engineered ingredients, hydrogenated oils or trans fat.

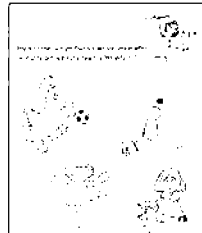
Nutrition Facts	
Per 1/2 Cup (12g)	
<b>Total Fat</b>	10g
<b>Total Carbohydrate</b>	20g
<b>Protein</b>	2g
<b>Total Sugar</b>	10g
<b>Total Fiber</b>	1g
<b>Total Iron</b>	100%
<b>Total Zinc</b>	100%
<b>Total Vitamin B12</b>	100%
<b>Total Riboflavin</b>	100%
<b>Total Pyridoxine</b>	100%
<b>Total Thiamin</b>	100%
<b>Total Folic Acid</b>	100%



### Organic Mini Waffles

**NEW Earth's Best Sesame Street** frozen children's foods are all-natural superior nutrition that's convenient for parents, and delicious and fun for young children. Whole Grain Organic Mini Waffles contain 12g whole grain per serving, and are made with no artificial flavors, colors or preservatives, or potentially harmful pesticides. Specially formulated with iron, zinc and six B vitamins, and no genetically engineered ingredients, hydrogenated oils or trans fat.

- Organic ingredients that are naturally healthy and delicious.
- No artificial flavors, colors or preservatives.
- No Genetically Engineered ingredients.
- No Hydrogenated Oils, or Trans Fat.
- Whole grains to support the speed of their metabolism and energy.
- No potentially harmful pesticides.
- No potentially harmful pesticides, hydrogenated oils or trans fat.



Earth's Best Sesame Street frozen children's foods are all-natural superior nutrition that's convenient for parents, and delicious and fun for young children. Whole Grain Organic Mini Waffles contain 12g whole grain per serving, and are made with no artificial flavors, colors or preservatives, or potentially harmful pesticides. Specially formulated with iron, zinc and six B vitamins, and no genetically engineered ingredients, hydrogenated oils or trans fat.



Organic Homestyle Mini Waffles (Back Label View)

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS

Ham, Ana Belen

(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff San Francisco (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)

(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number) (see attachment)

DEFENDANTS

The Hain Celestial Group, Inc.,

County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)

NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.

Attorneys (If Known) N/A

II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

- 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff, 2 U.S. Government Defendant, 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party), 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)

III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff and One Box for Defendant)

- Citizen of This State, Citizen of Another State, Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country, PTF DEF, Incorporated or Principal Place of Business In This State, Incorporated and Principal Place of Business In Another State, Foreign Nation

IV. NATURE OF SUIT (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

Table with 5 columns: CONTRACT, REAL PROPERTY, TORTS, CIVIL RIGHTS, PRISONER PETITIONS, FORFEITURE/PENALTY, LABOR, IMMIGRATION, BANKRUPTCY, SOCIAL SECURITY, FEDERAL TAX SUITS, OTHER STATUTES. Includes various legal categories like Insurance, Motor Vehicle, Personal Injury, etc.

V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

- 1 Original Proceeding, 2 Removed from State Court, 3 Remanded from Appellate Court, 4 Reinstated or Reopened, 5 Transferred from Another District, 6 Multidistrict Litigation

VI. CAUSE OF ACTION

Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity):

Brief description of cause: Common Law Fraud; Negligent Misrepresentation; Breach of Contract; Quasi-Contract/Unjust Enrichment

VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:

CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER RULE 23, F.R.Cv.P. DEMAND \$ CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint: JURY DEMAND: Yes No

VIII. RELATED CASE(S) IF ANY

(See instructions): JUDGE DOCKET NUMBER

DATE 05/02/2014 SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD /s/ Scott Edward Cole

IX. DIVISIONAL ASSIGNMENT (Civil L.R. 3-2)

(Place an "X" in One Box Only) SAN FRANCISCO/OAKLAND SAN JOSE EUREKA

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

### Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- I.(a) Plaintiffs-Defendants.** Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
- (b) County of Residence.** For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys.** Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".
- II. Jurisdiction.** The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.Cv.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.  
 United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here.  
 United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.  
 Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.  
 Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; **NOTE: federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.**)
- III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties.** This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- IV. Nature of Suit.** Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If the nature of suit cannot be determined, be sure the cause of action, in Section VI below, is sufficient to enable the deputy clerk or the statistical clerk(s) in the Administrative Office to determine the nature of suit. If the cause fits more than one nature of suit, select the most definitive.
- V. Origin.** Place an "X" in one of the six boxes.  
 Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.  
 Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.  
 Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.  
 Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date.  
 Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.  
 Multidistrict Litigation. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407. When this box is checked, do not check (5) above.
- VI. Cause of Action.** Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. **Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity.** Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553 Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service
- VII. Requested in Complaint.** Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.  
 Demand. In this space enter the actual dollar amount being demanded or indicate other demand, such as a preliminary injunction.  
 Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.
- VIII. Related Cases.** This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases, if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

**Date and Attorney Signature.** Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA  
Ham v. The Hain Celestial Group, Inc.,**

**Civil Cover Sheet Attachment**

**- I(c) Attorneys (*Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number*):**

Scott Edward Cole, Esq. (S.B. #160744)  
Molly A. DeSario, Esq. (S.B. #230763)  
Stephen Noel Ilg, Esq. (S.B. #275599)  
SCOTT COLE & ASSOCIATES, APC  
1970 Broadway, Ninth Floor  
Oakland, CA 94612  
(510) 891-9800