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14	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
1.5	FOR THE CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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16	ALESSANDRA BALSER and RUTH	Case No.: 13-cv-05604-R-RZ
	ALESSANDRA BALSER and RUTH KRESHA, Individually and on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated,	Case No.: 13-cv-05604-R-RZ
16	KRESHA, Individually and on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated,	Case No.: 13-cv-05604-R-RZ  NOTICE OF APPEAL
16 17	KRESHA, Individually and on Behalf of	
16 17 18	KRESHA, Individually and on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated,	
16 17 18 19	KRESHA, Individually and on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated,  Plaintiffs,  v.	
16 17 18 19 20	KRESHA, Individually and on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated,  Plaintiffs,	
16 17 18 19 20 21	KRESHA, Individually and on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated,  Plaintiffs,  v.  THE HAIN CELESTIAL GROUP,	
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	KRESHA, Individually and on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated,  Plaintiffs,  v.  THE HAIN CELESTIAL GROUP, INC.,	
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	KRESHA, Individually and on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated,  Plaintiffs,  v.  THE HAIN CELESTIAL GROUP, INC.,	
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	KRESHA, Individually and on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated,  Plaintiffs,  v.  THE HAIN CELESTIAL GROUP, INC.,	
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	KRESHA, Individually and on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated,  Plaintiffs,  v.  THE HAIN CELESTIAL GROUP, INC.,	
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	KRESHA, Individually and on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated,  Plaintiffs,  v.  THE HAIN CELESTIAL GROUP, INC.,	

1 Notice is hereby given that Plaintiffs ALESSANDRA BALSER and RUTH 2 KRESHA, on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, hereby appeal 3 to the United States District Court for the Ninth Circuit from the order of dismissal 4 entered in this action on the 18th day of December, 2013, a true and correct copy 5 of which is attached hereto as Exhibit A. 6 Respectfully submitted, Dated: January 13, 2014 7 8 By: /s/ Elizabeth P. Lin 9 Elizabeth P. Lin (State Bar No. 174663) **THE LIN LAW FIRM, APLC**2705 S. Diamond Bar Blvd., Suite 398 10 Diamond Bar, CA 91765 11 Telephone: (909) 595-5522 Facsimile: (909) 595-5519 elizabethl@thelinlawfirm.com 12 13 Mark P. Kindall (State Bar No. 138703) 14 Robert A. Izard (admitted pro hac vice) Jeffrey S. Nobel (admitted pro hac vice) Nicole A. Veno (admitted pro hac vice) IZARD NOBEL LLP 15 16 29 South Main Street, Suite 305 West Hartford, CT 06107 17 Telephone: (860) 493-6292 Facsimile: (860) 493-6290 18 mkindall@izardnobel.com rizard@izardnobel.com 19 inobel@izardnobel.com nveno@izardnobel.com 20 Attorneys for Plaintiffs-Appellants 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 1

## **EXHIBIT A**

JS-6 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA ALESSANDRA BALSER and RUTH CASE NO. CV 13-05604-R KRESHA, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, ORDER GRANTING DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO DISMISS Plaintiffs, v. THE HAIN CELESTIAL GROUP, INC., Defendant. Alessandra Balser and Ruth Kresha ("Plaintiffs") filed a false advertising class action 

Alessandra Balser and Ruth Kresha ("Plaintiffs") filed a false advertising class action complaint ("Complaint") against The Hain Celestial Group, Inc. ("Defendant") for the use of the word "natural" on over 30 of its products in its Alba Botanica cosmetics line. Defendant filed a motion to dismiss and strike Complaint on October 29, 2013. Having been thoroughly briefed the Court took the matter under submission on December 5, 2013.

On a motion to dismiss, the trial court takes all well-pleaded facts in the Complaint to be true and determines whether, based upon those facts, the Complaint states a claim upon which relief may be granted. Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(b)(6). Although factual assertions are taken as true, the court does not accept legal conclusions as true. *Ashcroft v. Iqbal*, 556 U.S. 662, 678 (2009). Under

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 9(b), claims sounding in fraud must be pleaded with particularity by setting forth the who, what, when, where, and how of the misconduct charged. *Kearns v. Ford Motor Co.*, 567 F.3d 1120, 1124 (9th Cir. 2009). This includes pleading reliance with particularity. *In re Countrywide Fin.Corp. Sec. Litig.*, 588 F. Supp. 2d 1132, 1198–99 (C.D. Cal. 2008). Here, Plaintiffs have not alleged what they believed the representation "natural" to have meant, nor have they sufficiently pled how they relied and were harmed by that representation. Plaintiffs contend that "natural" and "100% vegetarian" are misrepresentations of

Plaintiffs contend that "natural" and "100% vegetarian" are misrepresentations of Defendant's products. False or misleading advertising is judged by whether a reasonable consumer would be likely to be deceived. *Lavie v. Procter & Gamble Co.*, 105 Cal. App. 4th 496, 511 (2003). First, it is undisputed that "natural" is a vague and ambiguous term. Plaintiffs aver that "natural" means: "existing in or produced by nature; not artificial." This definition is implausible as applied to the products at issue: shampoos and lotions do not exist in nature, there are no shampoo trees, cosmetics are manufactured. Thus Plaintiffs cannot plausibly allege they were deceived to believe shampoo was "existing in or produced by nature." *Pelayo v. Nestle USA, Inc.*, 2013 WL 5764644 (C.D. Cal. 2013). Despite Plaintiffs averment that 100% vegetarian means only from vegetable matter, the more common understanding is without animal products, which is how Defendants use the term and Defendants' labels further clarify the meaning of the phrase.

Plaintiffs allege that Alba Botanica's website contains the further misrepresentation of natural: "We make natural, 100% vegetarian personal care products . . . . This means we don't use parabens, sulfates, or phthalates." Compl. 7. Thus Defendant actively defines what its use of natural means, so that no reasonable consumer could be deceived. The website contains a further list of ingredients that are not used in Alba Botanica products. The labels on the cosmetics include an explanation explaining what natural ingredients are added, what ingredients are excluded and a complete list of all ingredients.

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Read as a whole, no reasonable consumer would be misled by the label "natural." Dismissal with prejudice is appropriate when further amendment would be futile. Leadsinger, Inc. v. BMG Music Publ'g, 512 F.3d 522, 532 (9th Cir. 2008). As the defects in Complaint cannot be cured by amendment, dismissal with prejudice is appropriate. IT IS ORDERED that Complaint is dismissed without leave to amend. Dated: December 18, 2013. MANUEL L. REAL UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE