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**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**

ROBERT A. MASON, on behalf of  
himself, all others similarly situated and  
the general public,

Plaintiff,

v.

HEEL, Inc., a New Mexico Corporation

Defendant.

Case No.: **'12CV3056 GPC KSC**

Filed:

CLASS ACTION

**COMPLAINT FOR:**

- 1. VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA  
CONSUMERS LEGAL  
REMEDIES ACT [CIV. CODE §§  
1750, *et seq.*]**
- 2. VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA  
UNFAIR COMPETITION LAW  
[BUS. & PROF. CODE §§ 17200,  
*et seq.*]**
- 3. VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA  
FALSE ADVERTISING LAW  
[BUS & PROF. CODE §§ 17500,  
*et seq.*]**
- 4. BREACH OF EXPRESS  
WARRANTY**
- 5. BREACH OF IMPLIED  
WARARANTY OF  
MERCHANTABILITY**
- 6. VIOLATION OF THE  
MAGNUSON-MOSS  
WARRANTY ACT [15 U.S.C. §§  
2301, *et seq.*]**

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

1 Plaintiff, on behalf of himself, all others similarly situated, and the general  
2 public ("Plaintiff"), alleges against Defendant Heel, Inc. ("Heel" or "Defendant")  
3 the following upon his own knowledge, or where there is no personal knowledge,  
4 upon information and belief and the investigation of his counsel:

5 **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

6 1. This Court has original jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §  
7 1332(d)(2)(A), as amended by the Class Action Fairness Act of 2005, because the  
8 matter in controversy, exclusive of interest and costs, exceeds the sum or value of  
9 \$5,000,000.00 and is a class action where Plaintiff, a member of the class, is from  
10 a different state than Defendant. On information and belief, more than two-thirds  
11 of the members of the class are citizens of a state different from the Defendant.  
12 This Court also has original jurisdiction over the federal claim under the  
13 Magnuson-Moss Warranty Act pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331. This Court has  
14 supplemental jurisdiction over the state law claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367.

15 2. Personal jurisdiction is derived from the fact that the Defendant  
16 conducts business within the State of California and within this judicial district.

17 3. Venue is proper within this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2)  
18 because many of the acts and transactions, including the purchases and sales giving  
19 rise to this action, occurred in this district and because Defendant:

20 (i) is authorized to conduct business in this district and has  
21 intentionally availed itself of the laws and markets within this  
22 district through the promotion, marketing, distribution and sale  
23 of its products in this district;

24 (ii) does substantial business in this district;

25 (iii) advertises to consumers residing in this district; and,

26 (iv) is subject to personal jurisdiction in this district.

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**THE PARTIES**

4. At all times relevant to this matter, Plaintiff Robert A. Mason was a resident of San Jacinto, California.

5. On information and belief, at all times relevant to this matter, Defendant Heel, Incorporated is a New Mexico corporation that maintains its principal place of business, corporate headquarters, and residence in New Mexico.

6. Members of the putative class reside in California.

7. Defendant is the manufacturer and seller of homeopathic products.

8. Defendant produces, markets, and sells homeopathic products throughout the United States, including California.

9. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that at all times herein mentioned the Defendant and Defendant's employees were the agents, servants and employees of the Defendant, acting within the purpose and scope of that agency and employment.

10. In addition to selling its Products on the shelf in major retail stores, Defendant sells its Products directly to consumers online via its website, HeelUSA.com, and product specific websites such as traumeel.us. Defendant also distributes its Products to online third party retailers for sale directly to consumers through online transactions.

**BACKGROUND FACTS**

11. Homeopathy seeks to stimulate the body's ability to heal itself by giving very small doses of highly diluted substances. However, there is "little evidence" that homeopathy is effective, much less that people understand homeopathic dilution principles. See [nccam.nih.gov/sites/nccam.nih.gov/files/homeopathy.pdf](http://nccam.nih.gov/sites/nccam.nih.gov/files/homeopathy.pdf).

12. Homeopathy is premised on two main principles; the principle of similars and the principle of dilutions. Under the "principle of similars" a disease

1 can be cured by a substance that produces similar symptoms in healthy people. *Id.*  
2 Thus, homeopathic drugs are intended to work by causing “aggravation,” or a  
3 temporary worsening of symptoms initially, a fact that is not communicated to  
4 consumers. *See id.*

5 13. Under the “principle of dilutions” the more diluted an ingredient is,  
6 the more effective it becomes. *Id.* This is paradoxical, however, and contrary to  
7 scientific principles, notably chemistry and physics. *Id.* Further, in highly diluted  
8 remedies, there is a very low probability that even a single molecule of the original  
9 substance is present in the product. For example, a level of 12C dilution is the  
10 equivalent to a pinch of salt in both the North and South Atlantic Oceans. *See*  
11 [www.healthguidance.org/entry/12178/1/An-Introduction-to-Homeopathic-](http://www.healthguidance.org/entry/12178/1/An-Introduction-to-Homeopathic-Remedies.html)  
12 [Remedies.html](http://www.healthguidance.org/entry/12178/1/An-Introduction-to-Homeopathic-Remedies.html) (last visited Dec. 14, 2012).

13 14. Homeopathic remedies are not marketed and sold in the United States  
14 in the same manner as when they first originated, approximately 200 years ago.  
15 When homeopathic drugs first originated, people would typically consult with a  
16 licensed homeopathic practitioner, who would compound his or her own  
17 homeopathic remedy, or provide a prescription to the patient. Food and Drug  
18 Administration (“FDA”) Compliance Policy Guide (“CPG”) § 400.400.

19 15. Also, historically, homeopathic drugs were not labeled and there was  
20 no direct-to-consumer advertising. *Id.* Instead, homeopathic remedies were  
21 primarily marketed to licensed homeopathic practitioners. *Id.*

22 16. There was good reason for this historical practice: Homeopathic  
23 drugs are intended to be “‘individualized’ or tailored to each person—it is not  
24 uncommon for different people with the same condition to receive different  
25 treatments.” [nccam.nih.gov/sites/nccam.nih.gov/files/homeopathy.pdf](http://nccam.nih.gov/sites/nccam.nih.gov/files/homeopathy.pdf).

1           17. Now, however, one-size-fits-all, combination homeopathic remedies  
2 are marketed directly to consumers in the over-the-counter (“OTC”) aisles of major  
3 retail stores. CPG § 400.400.

4           18. “Today the homeopathic drug market has grown to become a  
5 multimillion dollar industry in the United States, with a significant increase shown  
6 in the importation and domestic marketing of homeopathic drug products.” *Id.*

7           19. Health care costs in the United States reached almost \$2.6 trillion in  
8 2010, with 10% of that amount spent on retail and prescription drugs.  
9 [www.kaiseredu.org/issue-modules/us-health-care-costs/background-brief.aspx](http://www.kaiseredu.org/issue-modules/us-health-care-costs/background-brief.aspx).  
10 But unless drug manufacturers disclose the complete truth to consumers,  
11 consumers are unable to make informed decisions about where to spend their  
12 limited healthcare dollars. *See id.*

13           20. Most consumers who purchase homeopathic drugs in the OTC aisles  
14 of retail stores are unaware of homeopathic dilution principles, and are merely  
15 seeking a natural alternative to prescription or other OTC non-homeopathic (i.e.,  
16 allopathic) drugs.

17           21. Accordingly, the homeopathic drug industry strives to market its  
18 wares as natural, safe, and effective alternatives to prescription and non-  
19 homeopathic OTC drugs. But this latter category of drugs, which are all  
20 allopathic, have undergone rigorous scrutiny by the FDA and its appointed  
21 scientific committees.

22           22. In contrast, homeopathic drugs undergo no FDA approval of efficacy  
23 or labeling claims. *See* [labels.fda.gov/](http://labels.fda.gov/).

24           23. Indeed, the FDA, itself, has publicly stated that it is aware of no  
25 scientific evidence that homeopathy is effective. *See id.*

26           24. Homeopathic drugs must comply with the minimal requirements set  
27 forth in the CPG. But, the FDA has cautioned that compliance with the CPG, “the  
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1 HPUS, USP, or NF does not establish that [a homeopathic drug] has been shown  
2 by appropriate means to be safe, effective, and not misbranded for its intended  
3 use.” CPG § 400.400.

4 25. On August 26, 2011, the non-profit group, Center for Public Inquiry,  
5 petitioned the FDA to require homeopathic drug manufacturers to undergo the  
6 same efficacy requirements as other OTC products, and to label their drugs with a  
7 disclaimer that states: “The FDA has not determined that this product is safe,  
8 effective, and not misbranded for its intended use.” *See Gallucci v. Boiron, Inc.*,  
9 Case No. 3:11-CV-2039 JAH (S.D. Cal.), Dkt. No. 93-1 at p. 18.

10 26. As a result of other class action litigation, such as the *Gallucci* case,  
11 *supra*, other homeopathic drug manufacturers have voluntarily agreed to  
12 implement a FDA disclaimer similar to the one noted above, along with additional  
13 injunctive relief, such as a dilution disclaimer and explanation of homeopathic  
14 dilution for consumers. *See, e.g., Gallucci*, Dkt. No. 105 at pp. 13-15; Dkt. No.  
15 125 at pp. 9-10. Thus, even those in the industry recognize a need to more  
16 truthfully label homeopathic drugs for the average consumer. *See id.*

17 27. At some point during the class period, and as a result of the *Gallucci*  
18 injunctive relief noted above, Defendant initiated a packaging change to its  
19 homeopathic products, labeling them with the vague and ambiguous phrase, “The  
20 [FDA] does not evaluate homeopathic products.” This disclaimer does not achieve  
21 the same result as the *Gallucci* injunctive relief because it is not linked to any  
22 efficacy statements on Defendant’s Products’ packaging, and does not discuss  
23 dilution at all. Further, Defendant continues to market its Products with false or  
24 deceptive advertising claims that are not addressed by the disclaimer, as more fully  
25 described herein.

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## **FACTS**

28. This is a consumer protection class action lawsuit on behalf of purchasers of Defendant's homeopathic pain relief product lines named Traumeel and Zeel (collectively, the "Products" or the "Pain Relief Products").

29. Defendant manufactures, advertises, distributes and sells its Products in OTC aisles in major retail stores throughout California.

30. Defendant primarily advertises and promotes its Pain Relief Products through labeling claims on the front of the Products' package. Label descriptions on the Products' packaging, taken as a whole, represent that there are various benefits and characteristics to the Products. *See* Ex. 1 for photographs of packaging.

31. Defendant's advertising of its Pain Relief Products is also the subject of an extensive and comprehensive marketing campaign in various media including the Internet. *See* Ex. 2.

32. During the class period, Plaintiff was exposed to and saw Defendant's claims about Traumeel Gel, which claimed, *inter alia*, that the product was a natural and effective remedy for pain relief.

33. During the class period, Plaintiff purchased Defendant's Traumeel Gel Product on various occasions at a GNC store in San Jacinto, California for approximately \$15.00 each purchase. Plaintiff is a consumer as described herein.

34. In purchasing Defendant's Traumeel Gel Product, Plaintiff relied upon various representations Defendant made on the Product's label, including but not limited to: "Doctor Recommended," "Clinically Proven," "Advanced Relief for Muscular Pain & Inflammation," "Proven Safe and Effective for Sports Injuries, Sprains, Bruises," "On The Spot Relief," "Used By Doctors," "Pain Relief" for "Muscular Pain & Joint Pain," "Anti-Inflammatory Analgesic,"



1 “Traumeel® consists of 14 natural ingredients,” and is “a safe, effective formula  
2 used by doctors worldwide.” *See* Ex. 1.

3 35. Defendant’s Product did not work for Plaintiff as advertised.

### 4 **THE PAIN RELIEF PRODUCTS**

5 36. Generally, Defendant advertises its Pain Relief Products through  
6 misrepresentations and omissions, including but not limited to, claims that the  
7 Products:

- 8 • provide “Natural” pain relief when, in fact, the Products contain
- 9 large portions of non-natural ingredients;
- 10 • provide “On the Spot” pain relief when, in reality, homeopathic
- 11 products allegedly work by aggravating symptoms initially;
- 12 • are “Proven” or “Clinically Proven” as “Effective” when such
- 13 clinical proof, if it even exists, consists either of biased studies
- 14 performed by investigators compensated by Defendant or its parent
- 15 or subsidiary corporations or studies that fall short of relevant
- 16 agency advertising standards, facts which are not disclosed to
- 17 consumers;
- 18 • as being “Doctor Recommended,” “Used By Doctors,” and “Used
- 19 by Doctors Worldwide,” which is untrue, or even if true, is
- 20 communicated to the public without disclosing whether these
- 21 doctors are allopathic practitioners or homeopathic practitioners.

#### 22 **A. Traumeel (Ointment, Gel, Tablets, and Oral Solution)**

23 37. Through its packaging, Defendant advertises that Traumeel is “Used  
24 By Doctors;” “Doctor Recommended;” “Clinically Proven;” “Proven Safe and  
25 Effective for Sports Injuries, Sprains, Bruises;” provides “On The Spot Relief;”  
26 “Pain Relief That Doesn't Hurt;” “The Natural Science of Pain Relief;” “Pain  
27 Relief You Can Feel Good About!;” “Relieves Minor Joint and Muscular Pain,



1 Naturally;” “Advanced Relief for Muscular Pain & Joint Pain;” “Advanced Relief  
2 for Muscular Pain & Inflammation;” an “Anti-Inflammatory Analgesic;” “consists  
3 of 14 natural ingredients;” and is “a safe, effective formula used by doctors  
4 worldwide.” Ex. 1.

5 38. In purchasing Traumeel, Plaintiff and consumers reasonably relied  
6 upon the various representations Defendant makes on the Product’s packaging  
7 label and its prevalent advertising campaign, including online advertising, as  
8 described herein. *See* Ex. 2 for picture of one of Defendant’s web site pages.

9 39. The purportedly active ingredients in the Traumeel Products include:  
10 Calendula officinalis 1X, Hamamelis virginiana 1X, Arnica montana, radix 3X,  
11 Aconitum napellus 3X, Belladonna 3X, Bellis perennis 1X, Chamommilla 1X,  
12 Echinacea 1X, Echinacea purpurea 1X, Millefolium 1X, Hepar sulphuris  
13 calcareum 8X, Mercurius solubilis 8X, Symphytum officinale 4X, and Hypericum  
14 perforatum 6X. Ex. 3. The inactive ingredients in Traumeel Gel are Carbopol  
15 980, Purified Water, Sodium Hydroxide, Ethanol (27% by volume). *Id.* Traumeel  
16 Ointment includes Cetylstearyl alcohol and Ethanol as inactive ingredients as well,  
17 both of which are not natural since they are synthetic and/or chemically reduced.  
18 *See id.*

19 40. However, the active ingredients, even if they were otherwise effective,  
20 are so greatly diluted as to be effectively non-existent in the Product such that the  
21 Product is ineffective for its intended uses.

22 41. The active ingredients used in Traumeel provide no health benefits.  
23 Moreover, at the stupendously high dilutions used to prepare the product, the odds  
24 are astronomically high that even a single molecule derived from the original  
25 “extract” of the “active ingredients” could be present in the Product sold to  
26 consumers. As some of the Pain Relief Products are applied externally, most or all  
27  
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1 of the purported active ingredients will never permeate the skin due to the  
2 exceptionally small amount of active ingredients actually present in the Products.

3 42. Defendant knows there are no or just trace amounts of active  
4 ingredients present in the Products and therefore must be aware that the Products  
5 cannot relieve any symptoms for which the Defendant advertises them.

6 43. Defendant's Products also contain synthetic ingredients, and therefore  
7 do not provide "Natural" pain relief. For example, Ethanol is synthetically  
8 produced and, as a major constituent of the Products, its presence means the  
9 Products are not "Natural." Carbopol 980, Cetylstearyl alcohol, magnesium  
10 stearate, and sodium hydroxide, which make up the remaining major portions of  
11 what constitutes the Products, are also not "Natural." *See* Ex. 3.

12 44. The back of Traumeel Gel package claims it contains "14 natural  
13 ingredients." Ex. 1 (language appears upside down). But on the back of the  
14 Traumeel X package, which contains the very same 14 ingredients, Defendant  
15 admits that some of the same 14 ingredients are actually not natural. *Id.* (there is  
16 no asterisk next to Hepar Sulphuris Calcareum and Mercurius Solubilis, which  
17 admits they are not "\* Natural Ingredients"). Accordingly, the Products are falsely  
18 or deceptively advertised to consumers.

19 45. Defendant's Products also contain non-HPUS ingredients, whereby  
20 they are not homeopathic drugs. *See id.* (Traumeel X package, referring to  
21 dilutions of "H" and "N" for chamomile, calendula, and Echinacea, for example).

22 46. Defendant's misleading and deceptive business activity also includes  
23 encouraging retailers to sell the Products in the OTC aisle of retail chain drug  
24 stores next to allopathic, FDA monograph-approved OTC drugs, thus enhancing  
25 consumer confusion as to the true nature of Defendant's Products.

26 47. Defendant does not explain to consumers the nature of homeopathic  
27 medicine or the method of measurement used for the ingredients its Products. For  
28

1 example, Defendant fails to state what the dilution levels of X, C, K and similar  
2 dilution levels mean, in a language understandable to an average consumer.

3 48. Defendant is also free to label Indications of Use without any  
4 regulatory oversight, a fact that is not disclosed to consumers.

5 49. In addition, Defendant's Products do not relieve pain, much less,  
6 provide "Advanced Relief" for pain. Defendant has even gone so far as to  
7 advertise Traumeel by comparing it to anti-inflammatory drugs like ibuprofen  
8 (NSAIDs), claiming that Traumeel is faster, more effective, and has no side  
9 effects.

10 50. Defendant's Products also do not provide "On The Spot Relief" for  
11 pain because homeopathy allegedly works by initially aggravating one's  
12 symptoms, a fact that is not disclosed to consumers.

13 51. Defendant's claims are also misleading and false because the Products  
14 have not been "Clinically Proven" or "Proven ... Effective" by credible scientific  
15 evidence suitable to meet relevant, federal agency advertising standards.

16 52. Similarly, Defendant's claims of "Doctor Recommended," "Used By  
17 Doctors," and "used by doctors worldwide" are false and deceptive because they  
18 do not meet federal agency endorsement standards. These claims are further false  
19 and deceptive because a reasonable consumer is likely to believe the Products are  
20 used, endorsed, or recommended by doctors practicing allopathic medicine.  
21 Defendant does not distinguish whether the doctors, if any, are homeopathic  
22 practitioners or allopathic practitioners.

23 53. The Federal Trade Commission ("FTC") enforces OTC drug  
24 advertising and applies the same standards as any consumer product: a  
25 "reasonable consumer" standard. The FTC requires OTC drug advertising to be  
26 truthful, non-deceptive, fair, and for manufacturers to contain evidence that backs  
27 up their claims.

54. At all times relevant herein, Defendant had a duty to disclose additional information to purchasing consumers, to correct all misunderstandings its omissions and misrepresentations created in the minds of those consumers.

55. Traumeel is sold in ointment, gel, tablet, and oral solution (and with a Tablet-ointment combination pack) with prices for each package ranging from \$13.49 to \$24.99. Hence, Defendant's unfair and deceptive practices have enriched them by millions of dollars, at the expense of tens of thousands of Americans.

56. Absent the misrepresentations and omissions described herein, which are material to an average consumer, Plaintiff and other consumers would not have purchased the Traumeel Products.

57. In purchasing Products that were falsely or deceptively advertised, Plaintiff suffered injury in fact in the form of the lost purchase price of the Products.

58. Plaintiff seeks justice for himself and similarly-situated consumers of Traumeel, by means of this action to enjoin the ongoing deceptive practices described herein.

**B. Zeel**

59. Zeel is the Pain Relief Product that Defendant markets primarily toward the older adult; whereas Traumeel is marketed for the younger, more active adult seeking a pain relief product.

60. The purportedly active ingredients of Zeel Tablets and Zeel Ointment (together, "Zeel") are: Silicea 6X, Arnica montana, radix 1X, Rhus toxicodendron 1X, Sulphur 6X, Sanguinaria canadensis 3X, Cartilago suis 4X, Embryo suis 4X, Runiculus umbilicalis suis 4X, Placenta suis 4X, Dulcamara 2X, Symphytum officinale 8X, alpha-Lipoicum acidum 6X, Coenzyme A 6X, Nadidum 6X, and Natrum oxalaceticum 6X. *See* Ex. 2. However, the active ingredients, even if they

1 were otherwise effective, are so greatly diluted as to be effectively non-existent,  
2 such that the Zeel is ineffective for its intended uses. Nevertheless, Defendant  
3 claims that the Products contain active ingredients, by gram weight, which will  
4 relieve pain.

5 61. Defendant advertises Zeel as a “Doctor Recommended,” “Clinically  
6 Proven,” “Advanced Relief for Arthritic Pain & Stiffness,” “Proven ... Effective for  
7 Joint Mobility,” “Natural Cox 2 Alternative,” among other representations. Ex. 1.

8 62. In purchasing Zeel, consumers reasonably relied on these and similar  
9 claims Defendant made on its Products’ packaging.

10 63. Defendant’s claims are misleading and false because the Products  
11 have not been “Proven ... Effective for Joint Mobility” and are not “Clinically  
12 Proven” according to scientific evidence suitable to meet relevant federal  
13 advertising standards.

14 64. In addition, Defendant’s advertising claim, “Natural Cox 2  
15 Alternative,” seeks to take advantage of widely publicized dangers of certain Cox-  
16 2 inhibitors such as Vioxx and Celebrex. However, Cox-2 is itself natural as it is  
17 an enzyme naturally produced by the body and its genes exist in human DNA.  
18 Therefore, this language is confusing and deceptive for the consumer.

19 65. Defendant’s claims that the Products are “Doctor Recommended” are  
20 false and deceptive for implying a type of and level of physician endorsement that  
21 does not exist. For example, in addition to the way Defendant’s market their  
22 Products as OTC alternatives, a reasonable consumer is likely to believe the  
23 Products are used, endorsed, or recommended by doctors practicing allopathic  
24 medicine. Further, Defendant does not distinguish whether the doctors endorsing  
25 its Products, if any, are homeopathic practitioners or allopathic practitioners,  
26 omitting material information from consumers.

1           66. Further, Defendant's claims are expert endorsements and do not meet  
2 the relevant, federal agency expert endorsement standards due to Defendant's  
3 misrepresentations and omissions.

4           67. Defendant's representations are also false and deceptive because the  
5 Products contain synthetic ingredients and, therefore, do not provide "Natural"  
6 pain relief. For example, Zeel contains Coenzyme A, which is a synthetic, as well  
7 as Ethanol, Magnesium stearate and Cetylstearyl alcohol, all of which are  
8 synthetically made or chemically reduced. Thus, Defendant's repeated use of the  
9 word "Natural" implies a quality to the Products that is false and deceptive.

10           68. In addition, Defendant's advertising is false and deceptive because the  
11 Products do not relieve pain, much less, provide "Advanced Relief" for arthritic  
12 pain and stiffness.

13           69. Defendant's Products are intended to initially aggravate symptoms  
14 under the homeopathic principle of the law of similars, a fact that is not disclosed  
15 to consumers.

16           70. Defendant's misleading and deceptive business activity includes  
17 marketing the Products in the OTC aisle of retail chain drug stores next to  
18 allopathic, FDA monograph-approved OTC drugs, thus enhancing consumer  
19 confusion as to the true nature of Defendant's Products.

20           71. Defendant also knows there are no or just trace amounts of active  
21 ingredients present in Zeel and therefore must be aware that Zeel cannot relieve  
22 any symptoms for which Defendant advertises the Product. Zeel's efficacy, if any,  
23 is attributable to nothing more than the placebo effect, with zero or a trace of the  
24 claimed active ingredients in the Products. As some forms of Zeel are also  
25 intended for topical application, there is little to no chance that the minute  
26 quantities of the "active ingredients" in the Products, if any, will permeate the skin  
27 whereby they can have any effect on pain relief or joint stiffness.

1           72. Zeel is sold in 100-count boxes and 50-gram tubes of ointment. The  
2 price is approximately \$18.99 per 100-tablet package and \$20.99 per 50-gram  
3 ointment container. Hence, Defendant' unfair and deceptive practices have  
4 enriched them by millions of dollars, at the expense of tens of thousands of  
5 Americans.

6           73. At all times relevant herein, Defendant had a duty to disclose  
7 additional information to purchasing consumers, to correct all misunderstandings  
8 its omissions and misrepresentations created in the minds of those consumers.

9           74. Absent the misrepresentations and omissions described herein, which  
10 were material to the average consumer, purchasing consumers would not have  
11 purchased Zeel.

12           75. Plaintiff seeks justice for himself and similarly-situated consumers, by  
13 means of this action to enjoin the ongoing deceptive practices described herein.

14           **C. Allegations as to all Products**

15           76. Defendant's marketing and promotion of the Products was supported  
16 by false and misleading claims containing material omissions and  
17 misrepresentations.

18           77. When purchasing the Products, Plaintiff and the class were seeking  
19 pain remedies that would provide the benefits and had the endorsements, proof of  
20 efficacy, and characteristics that Defendant marketed, promised, represented and  
21 warranted.

22           78. Plaintiff and the class purchased the Products believing they had the  
23 qualities they sought, based on the Products' deceptive or false labeling, but the  
24 Products were actually unacceptable to them as they did not possess the benefits,  
25 endorsements, proof, and characteristics as advertised.

26           79. Moreover, like all reasonable consumers and members of the class,  
27 Plaintiff considers a label's compliance with federal law a material factor in his  
28



1 purchasing decisions. Plaintiff is generally aware that the federal government  
2 carefully regulates OTC products and therefore has come to trust that information  
3 conveyed on packaged OTC product labels is truthful, accurate, complete, and  
4 fully in accordance and compliance with federal law. As a result, Plaintiff trusts he  
5 can compare competing products on the basis of their labeling claims, to make a  
6 purchasing decision.

7 80. Like all reasonable consumers and members of the classes, Plaintiff  
8 would not purchase an OTC product he knew was misbranded under federal law,  
9 *see* 21 U.S.C. § 343, which the federal government prohibits selling, *id.* § 331, and  
10 which carries with its sale criminal penalties, *id.* § 333. Plaintiff could not trust  
11 that the label of a product misbranded under federal law is truthful, accurate and  
12 complete.

13 81. Similarly, like all reasonable consumers and members of the class,  
14 Plaintiff would not purchase an OTC product he knew was an illegally marketed  
15 new drug for which the FDA has not determined its safety and efficacy.

16 82. In light of the foregoing, reasonable consumers, including Plaintiff  
17 and other members of the class, were and are likely to be deceived by Defendant's  
18 advertising and marketing practices as detailed herein.

19 83. Further, Plaintiff and other members of the class purchased the  
20 Products instead of competing products based on the false statements,  
21 misrepresentations and omissions described herein.

22 84. Instead of receiving a product that had the benefits, advantages,  
23 endorsements, proof, and characteristics as advertised, Plaintiff and other members  
24 of the class received a product worth much less, or which was worthless, since the  
25 Products do not work; cause no effect or effects reverse of that advertised; and did  
26 not possess the characteristics, benefits, endorsements, and proof of efficacy, as  
27 advertised by Defendant.

1        85. Plaintiff lost money as a result of Defendant's deception in that  
2 Plaintiff did not receive what he had paid for.

3        86. Plaintiff altered his position to his detriment and suffered damages in  
4 an amount equal to the amount he paid for the Products over the class period.

5                    **CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS**

6        87. Pursuant to Rules 23(a), (b)(3) and/or (b)(2) of the Federal Rules of  
7 Civil Procedure, Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of himself and a California  
8 consumer class, initially defined as follows:

9        All purchasers of Heel, Inc.'s homeopathic Pain Relief Products,  
10 including, but not limited to, Traumeel and Zeel, and all  
11 iterations/variations of the aforementioned products, for personal or  
12 household use and not for resale, in California from December 21,  
13 2008 to the present (the "Class Period"). Excluded from the  
14 consumer class are governmental entities, the Defendant, any entity  
15 in which the Defendant has a controlling interest, its employees,  
16 officers, directors, legal representatives, heirs, successors and wholly  
17 or partly owned subsidiaries or affiliated companies, including parent  
18 corporations, class counsel and their employees; and the judicial  
19 officers and their immediate family members and associated court  
20 staff assigned to this case.

21        88. The proposed Class is so numerous that individual joinder of all its  
22 members is impracticable. Due to the nature of the trade and commerce involved,  
23 however, Plaintiff believes the total number of Class members is at least in the tens  
24 of thousands, if not hundreds of thousands of persons in the State of California.  
25 While the exact number and identities of the Class members are unknown at this  
26 time, such information can be ascertained through appropriate investigation and  
27  
28

1 discovery. The disposition of the claims of the Class members in a single class  
2 action will provide substantial benefits to all parties and to the Court.

3 89. Pursuant to Rule 23(b)(2), Defendant has acted or refused to act on  
4 grounds generally applicable to the Class, thereby making final injunctive relief or  
5 corresponding declaratory relief and damages as to its Products appropriate with  
6 respect to the Class as a whole. In particular, Defendant has failed to disclose the  
7 true nature of the Products being marketed and distributed, as detailed herein.

8 90. There is a well-defined community of interest in the questions of law  
9 and fact involved affecting the Plaintiff and the Class and these common questions  
10 of fact and law include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 11 a. Whether the claims discussed above are true, misleading, or  
12 reasonably likely to deceive;
- 13 b. Whether Defendant's alleged conduct violates public policy;
- 14 c. Whether the alleged conduct constitutes violations of the laws  
15 asserted herein;
- 16 d. Whether Defendant engaged in false or misleading advertising;
- 17 e. Whether the Plaintiff and Class members are entitled to  
18 declaratory and injunctive relief.

19 91. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the members of the Class.  
20 Plaintiff and all members of the Class have been similarly affected by the  
21 Defendant's common course of conduct since they all relied on Defendant's  
22 representations concerning its Products and purchased the Products based on those  
23 representations.

24 92. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests  
25 of the Class. Plaintiff has retained counsel with substantial experience in handling  
26 complex class action litigation in general and scientific claims, including for  
27 homeopathic drugs, in particular. Plaintiff and his counsel are committed to  
28

1 vigorously prosecuting this action on behalf of the Class and have the financial  
2 resources to do so.

3 93. Plaintiff and the members of the Class suffered and will continue to  
4 suffer harm as a result of the Defendant's unlawful and wrongful conduct. A class  
5 action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication  
6 of the present controversy. Individual joinder of all members of the Class is  
7 impracticable. Even if individual Class members had the resources to pursue  
8 individual litigation, it would be unduly burdensome to the courts in which the  
9 individual litigation would proceed. Individual litigation magnifies the delay and  
10 expense to all parties in the court system of resolving the controversies engendered  
11 by Defendant's course of conduct. The class action device allows a single court to  
12 provide the benefits of unitary adjudication, judicial economy, and the fair and  
13 efficient handling of all Class members' claims in a single forum. The conduct of  
14 this action as a class action conserves the resources of the parties and of the  
15 judicial system and protects the rights of the class members. Furthermore, for  
16 many, if not most, a class action is the only feasible mechanism that allows an  
17 opportunity for legal redress and justice.

18 94. Adjudication of individual Class members' claims with respect to the  
19 Defendant would, as a practical matter, be dispositive of the interests of other  
20 members not parties to the adjudication, and could substantially impair or impede  
21 the ability of other class members to protect their interests.

22 ///

23 ///

24 ///

25 ///

26 ///

27 ///

**FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**  
**VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA'S CONSUMERS LEGAL REMEDIES**  
**ACT**

*California Civil Code §§ 1750, et seq.*

**(On Behalf of Plaintiff and the Class, as Against Defendant)**

95. Plaintiff repeats, realleges and incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained above as if fully set forth herein.

96. This cause of action is brought pursuant to the Consumers Legal Remedies Act, California Civil Code § 1750, *et seq.* (the "Act"). Plaintiff and the members of the Class are consumers as defined by California Civil Code § 1761(d). The Products are goods within the meaning of the Act.

97. Defendant violated and continue to violate the Act by engaging in the following practices proscribed by California Civil Code §1770(a) in transactions with Plaintiff and the Class which were intended to result in, and did result in, the sale of the Products:

- Representing that [the Products have]...characteristics, ingredients, uses, benefits or quantities which [the Products] do not have. (Civ. Code, § 1770, subd. (a) (5).)

- Representing that [the Products] are of a particular standard, quality or grade... if they are of another. (Civ. Code, § 1770, subd. (a) (7).)

- Advertising [Products] ...with intent not to sell them as advertised. (Civ. Code, § 1770, subd. (a) (9).)

- Representing that [the Products] have been supplied in accordance with a previous representation when it has not. (Civ. Code, § 1770, subd. (a) (16).)

98. Defendant violated the Act by representing through advertising of the Products as described above, when they knew, or should have known, that the representations and advertisements were false or misleading.

1           99. Plaintiff and members of the Class reasonably relied upon the  
2 Defendant's representations as to the quality and attributes of the Products.

3           100. Plaintiff and other members of the Class were deceived by  
4 Defendant's representations about the quality and attributes of the Products,  
5 including but not limited to the purported benefits of the Products, taken as a  
6 whole, that their Products provide, *inter alia*, Defendant advertise their Products  
7 are effective in relieving various symptoms and ailments. *See* Exs. 1-2, for other  
8 false claims. Plaintiff and other Class members would not have purchased the  
9 Products had they known the Defendant's claims were untrue, and had they known  
10 the true nature of the Products.

11           101. Pursuant to section 1782 *et seq.* of the Act, Plaintiff notified the  
12 Defendant in writing by certified mail of the particular violations of § 1770 of the  
13 Act as to their Products and demanded the Defendant rectify the problems  
14 associated with the actions detailed above and give notice to all affected consumers  
15 of its intent to so act. Defendant's wrongful business practices regarding the  
16 Products constituted, and constitute, a continuing course of conduct in violation of  
17 the California's Consumers Legal Remedies Act since Defendant are still  
18 representing that the Products have characteristics, uses, benefits, and abilities  
19 which are false and misleading, and have injured Plaintiff and the Class. A copy of  
20 Plaintiff's letter is attached as Exhibit 4 hereto.

21           102. Pursuant to California Civil Code § 1780(a), Plaintiff and the Class  
22 seek an order of this Court enjoining the Defendant from continuing to engage in  
23 unlawful, unfair, or deceptive business practices and any other act prohibited by  
24 law.

25           103. Pursuant to California Civil Code § 1782(d), Plaintiff and the Class  
26 seek a Court order enjoining the above-described wrongful acts and practices of  
27 the Defendant with respect to their Products.  
28

**SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**

**VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA UNFAIR COMPETITION LAW**

*California Business and Professions Code §§ 17200, et seq.*

**(On Behalf of Plaintiff and the Class, as Against Defendant)**

104. Plaintiff repeats, realleges and incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained above as if fully set forth herein.

105. California's Unfair Competition Law, Business and Professions Code § 17200 (the "UCL") prohibits any "unfair, deceptive, untrue or misleading advertising." For the reasons discussed above, Defendant has engaged in unfair, deceptive, untrue and misleading advertising in violation of the UCL.

106. The UCL also prohibits any "unlawful... business act or practice." Defendant violated the UCL's prohibition against engaging in unlawful acts and practices by, *inter alia*, making the representations and omissions of material facts, as set forth more fully herein, and by violating among others, California Civil Code §§ 1572, 1573, 1709, 1710, 1711, 1770, California Health and Safety Code §§ 109875, *et seq.* ("Sherman Law"), Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 12601, *et seq.* ("Fair Packaging and Labeling Act"), California Commercial Code § 2313(1), and the common law. Such conduct is ongoing and continues to this date. *See* Exs. 2-3.

107. Plaintiff and the Class reserve the right to allege other violations of law which constitute other unlawful business acts or practices.

108. California Business and Professions Code § 17200 also prohibits any "unfair... business act or practice."

109. Defendant's acts, omissions, misrepresentations, practices and nondisclosures as alleged herein also constitute "unfair" business acts and practices within the meaning of the UCL in that its conduct is substantially injurious to consumers, offends public policy, and is immoral, unethical, oppressive, and



1 unscrupulous as the gravity of the conduct outweighs any alleged benefits  
2 attributable to such conduct. Such conduct is ongoing and continues to this date.

3 110. Plaintiff alleges violations of consumer protection, unfair competition  
4 and truth in advertising laws in California and other states resulting in harm to  
5 consumers. Plaintiff asserts violation of the public policy of engaging in false and  
6 misleading advertising, unfair competition and deceptive conduct towards  
7 consumers. This conduct constitutes violations of the unfair prong of the UCL.  
8 Such conduct is ongoing and continues to this date.

9 111. There were reasonably available alternatives to further Defendant's  
10 legitimate business interests, other than the conduct described herein.

11 112. The UCL also prohibits any "fraudulent business act or practice."

12 113. Defendant's claims, nondisclosures (i.e., omissions), and misleading  
13 statements, as more fully set forth above, were false, misleading and/or likely to  
14 deceive the consuming public within the meaning of the UCL. Such conduct is  
15 ongoing and continues to this date.

16 114. Defendant's conduct caused and continues to cause substantial injury  
17 to Plaintiff and the other members of the Class. Plaintiff has suffered injury in fact  
18 as a result of Defendant's unfair conduct.

19 115. Defendant has thus engaged in unlawful, unfair and fraudulent  
20 business acts and practices and false advertising, entitling Plaintiff to injunctive  
21 relief against Defendant, as set forth in the Prayer for Relief.

22 116. Pursuant to Business and Professions Code § 17203, Plaintiff seeks an  
23 order requiring Defendant to immediately cease such acts of unlawful, unfair and  
24 fraudulent business practices and requiring Defendant to engage in a corrective  
25 advertising campaign.

1           117. Plaintiff also seeks an order for the disgorgement and restitution of all  
2 monies from the sale of Defendant's Products, which were unjustly acquired  
3 through acts of unlawful, unfair, and/or fraudulent competition.

4                           **THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION**

5                   **VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA FALSE ADVERTISING LAW**

6                   *California Business and Professions Code §§ 17500, et seq.*

7                   **(On Behalf of Plaintiff and the Class, as Against Defendant)**

8           118. Plaintiff repeats, realleges and incorporates by reference each and  
9 every allegation contained above as if fully set forth herein.

10           119. Plaintiff has standing to pursue this claim as Plaintiff has suffered  
11 injury in fact as a result of Defendant's actions as set forth herein. Specifically,  
12 prior to the filing of this action, Plaintiff purchased the Products in reliance upon  
13 Defendant's marketing claims. Plaintiff used the Products as directed, but the  
14 Products did not work as advertised, nor provided any of the promised benefits.

15           120. Defendant's business practices as alleged herein constitute unfair,  
16 deceptive, untrue, and misleading advertising pursuant to California Business and  
17 Professions Code §§ 17500, *et seq.* because Defendant has advertised their  
18 Products in a manner that is untrue or misleading, or that is known to Defendant to  
19 be untrue or misleading.

20           121. Defendant's wrongful business practices have caused injury to  
21 Plaintiff and the Class.

22           122. Pursuant to section 17535 of the California Business and Professions  
23 Code, Plaintiff and the Class seek an order of this court enjoining the Defendant  
24 from continuing to engage in deceptive business practices, false advertising, and  
25 any other act prohibited by law, including those set forth in the complaint.  
26  
27  
28

123. Plaintiff also seeks an order for the disgorgement and restitution of all monies from the sale of Defendant's Products, which were unjustly acquired through acts of unlawful, unfair, deceptive and/or fraudulent competition.

#### **FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

##### **BREACH OF EXPRESS WARRANTY**

**(On Behalf of Plaintiff and all Class Members, as Against Defendant)**

124. Plaintiff repeats, realleges and incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained above as if fully set forth herein.

125. On the Products' labels and through their marketing campaign as described above, Defendant made affirmations of fact or promises, or description of goods, which formed "part of the basis of the bargain" at the time of purchase. *See* Ex. 2, Misrepresentation Chart (containing statement alleged to be warranties).

126. The warranties were breached because the Products did not live up to their warranties, and that breach caused injury in the form of the lost purchase price for the Products. *See* Cal. Com. Code § 2313(1); *see also* *Zwart v. Hewlett-Packard Co.*, 2011 WL 3740805 (N.D. Cal., Aug. 23, 2011) (holding that online assertions can create warranties).

127. As a result of Defendant's breach of their warranties, Plaintiff and the Class have been damaged in the amount of the purchase price of the Products they purchased.

#### **FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

##### **BREACH OF IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY**

**(On Behalf of Plaintiff and the Class, as Against Defendant)**

128. Plaintiff repeats, realleges and incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained above as if fully set forth herein.

129. Defendant, through their acts and omissions as set forth herein, in their sale, marketing and promotion of their Products, made representations to

1 Plaintiff and the members of the Class that their Products provide the claimed  
2 health benefits, among other representations. *See* Ex. 2, Misrepresentation Chart.

3 130. Plaintiff and the Class bought the Products manufactured, advertised  
4 and sold by Defendant.

5 131. Defendant is a merchant with respect to the goods of this kind which  
6 were sold to Plaintiff and the Class, and there was in the sale to Plaintiff and other  
7 members of the Class an implied warranty that those goods were merchantable.

8 132. However, Defendant breached that warranty implied in the sale of  
9 goods in that their Products do not provide the purported claimed health benefits,  
10 as set forth in detail herein.

11 133. As a result of Defendant's conduct, Plaintiff and the Class did not  
12 receive goods as impliedly warranted by Defendant to be merchantable in that they  
13 did not conform to the promises and affirmations made on the container or label of  
14 the goods.

15 134. Plaintiff and the Class have sustained damages as a proximate result  
16 of the foregoing breach of implied warranty in an amount to be determined at trial.

17 **SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

18 **VIOLATION OF THE MAGNUSON-MOSS WARRANTY ACT,**

19 **15 U.S.C. §§ 2301, *et. seq.***

20 **(On Behalf of Plaintiff and the Class, as Against Defendant)**

21 135. Plaintiff repeats, realleges and incorporates by reference each and  
22 every allegation contained above as if fully set forth herein.

23 136. Plaintiff brings this claim individually and on behalf of the members  
24 of the Class. Plaintiff asserts state law warranty claims arising under the laws of  
25 the State of California.

26 137. In addition, Defendant's Products are consumer products as defined in  
27 15 U.S.C. § 2301(1).  
28

1           138. Plaintiff and the other Class members are consumers as defined in 15  
2 U.S.C. § 2301(3).

3           139. Defendant is a supplier and warrantor as defined in 15 U.S.C. §§  
4 2301(4) and (5).

5           140. In connection with the sale of the Products, Defendant issued written  
6 warranties as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 2301(6), which warranted that the Products  
7 offer relief from various ailments and symptoms, and possessed certain attributes  
8 and qualities, as described herein, when in fact, these Products do not provide  
9 relief for any of these ailments or symptoms.

10           141. By breaching the express written warranties as described herein,  
11 Defendant violated the statutory rights of Plaintiff and Class members pursuant to  
12 the Magnuson-Moss Warranty Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 2301 et seq., thereby damaging  
13 Plaintiff and other Class members.

14           142. Plaintiff notified the Defendant in writing of their claims and that the  
15 Plaintiff is acting on behalf of the Classes. *See* Ex. 4.

16                                   **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

17           143. Wherefore, Plaintiff, on behalf of himself, all others similarly situated  
18 and the general public, pray for judgment against the Defendant as to each and  
19 every cause of action, including:

- 20           A.    An order declaring this action to be a proper Class Action and  
21                requiring Defendant to bear the costs of Class notice;  
22           B.    An order awarding declaratory and injunctive relief as permitted  
23                by law or equity, including enjoining Defendant from continuing  
24                the unlawful practices as set forth herein;  
25           C.    An order awarding restitution and disgorgement of Defendant's  
26                revenues from the Products to Plaintiff and the proposed Class  
27                members, under the UCL and FAL;  
28

- 1 D. An order awarding damages under Plaintiff and the Class’  
2 warranty claims for relief;
- 3 E. An order compelling Defendant to engage in a corrective  
4 advertising campaign to inform the public concerning the true  
5 nature of their Products;
- 6 F. An order awarding attorneys’ fees and costs to Plaintiff and the  
7 Class;
- 8 G. An order providing for all other such equitable relief as may be  
9 just and proper.

10 **JURY DEMAND**

11 Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

12  
13 Dated: December 21, 2012 /s/ Ronald A. Marron

14 By: Ronald A. Marron

15  
16 **LAW OFFICES OF RONALD A.  
MARRON, APLC**

17 RONALD A. MARRON

18 ALEXIS WOOD

19 SKYE RESENDES

20 3636 4<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Suite 202

21 San Diego, California 92103

22 Telephone: (619) 696-9006

23 Facsimile: (619) 564-6665

24 *Attorneys for Plaintiff and the Proposed  
25 Class*



## CIVIL COVER SHEET

12CV3056 GPC KSC

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM)

**I. (a) PLAINTIFFS**

ROBERT A. MASON, on behalf of himself, all others similarly situated and the general public

(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Riverside  
(EXCEPT IN U S PLAINTIFF CASES)

(c) Attorney's (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number)

Law Offices of Ronald A. Marron, APLC  
3636 Fourth Ave., Suite 202, San Diego, CA 92103  
(619) 696-9006

**DEFENDANTS**

HEEL, Inc., a New Mexico Corporation

County of Residence of First Listed Defendant  
(IN U S PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)

NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE LAND INVOLVED

Attorneys (If Known)

**II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION** (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

- ☐ 1 U S Government Plaintiff  
☐ 2 U S Government Defendant  
☐ 3 Federal Question (U S Government Not a Party)  
☒ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)

**III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES** (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff and One Box for Defendant)

- |   |                                       |                            |   |                            |                                       |
|---|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|---|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
|   | PTF                                   | DEF                        |   | PTF                        | DEF                                   |
| Citizen of This State                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | Incorporated or Principal Place of Business In This State     | <input type="checkbox"/> 4 | <input type="checkbox"/> 4            |
| Citizen of Another State                | <input type="checkbox"/> 2            | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | Incorporated and Principal Place of Business In Another State | <input type="checkbox"/> 5 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 5 |
| Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country | <input type="checkbox"/> 3            | <input type="checkbox"/> 3 | Foreign Nation  | <input type="checkbox"/> 6 | <input type="checkbox"/> 6            |

**IV. NATURE OF SUIT** (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

CONTRACT	TORTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES
<input type="checkbox"/> 110 Insurance <input type="checkbox"/> 120 Marine <input type="checkbox"/> 130 Miller Act <input type="checkbox"/> 140 Negotiable Instrument <input type="checkbox"/> 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment <input type="checkbox"/> 151 Medicare Act <input type="checkbox"/> 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excl Veterans) <input type="checkbox"/> 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits <input type="checkbox"/> 160 Stockholders' Suits <input type="checkbox"/> 190 Other Contract <input type="checkbox"/> 195 Contract Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 196 Franchise	<b>PERSONAL INJURY</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 310 Airplane <input type="checkbox"/> 315 Airplane Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 320 Assault, Libel & Slander <input type="checkbox"/> 330 Federal Employers' Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 340 Marine <input type="checkbox"/> 345 Marine Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 350 Motor Vehicle <input type="checkbox"/> 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 360 Other Personal Injury <b>PERSONAL INJURY</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 362 Personal Injury - Med Malpractice <input type="checkbox"/> 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability <b>PERSONAL PROPERTY</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 370 Other Fraud <input type="checkbox"/> 371 Truth in Lending <input type="checkbox"/> 380 Other Personal Property Damage <input type="checkbox"/> 385 Property Damage Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 610 Agriculture <input type="checkbox"/> 620 Other Food & Drug <input type="checkbox"/> 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 <input type="checkbox"/> 630 Liquor Laws <input type="checkbox"/> 640 R R. & Truck <input type="checkbox"/> 650 Airline Regs <input type="checkbox"/> 660 Occupational Safety/Health <input type="checkbox"/> 690 Other	<input type="checkbox"/> 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 <input type="checkbox"/> 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 <b>PROPERTY RIGHTS</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 820 Copyrights <input type="checkbox"/> 830 Patent <input type="checkbox"/> 840 Trademark <b>SOCIAL SECURITY</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 861 HIA (1395ff) <input type="checkbox"/> 862 Black Lung (923) <input type="checkbox"/> 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) <input type="checkbox"/> 864 SSID Title XVI <input type="checkbox"/> 865 RSI (405(g)) <b>FEDERAL TAX SUITS</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 870 Taxes (U S Plaintiff or Defendant) <input type="checkbox"/> 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	<input type="checkbox"/> 400 State Reapportionment <input type="checkbox"/> 410 Antitrust <input type="checkbox"/> 430 Banks and Banking <input type="checkbox"/> 450 Commerce <input type="checkbox"/> 460 Deportation <input type="checkbox"/> 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations <input type="checkbox"/> 480 Consumer Credit <input type="checkbox"/> 490 Cable/Sat TV <input type="checkbox"/> 810 Selective Service <input type="checkbox"/> 850 Securities/Commodities/Exchange <input type="checkbox"/> 875 Customer Challenge 12 USC 3410 <input type="checkbox"/> 890 Other Statutory Actions <input type="checkbox"/> 891 Agricultural Acts <input type="checkbox"/> 892 Economic Stabilization Act <input type="checkbox"/> 893 Environmental Matters <input type="checkbox"/> 894 Energy Allocation Act <input type="checkbox"/> 895 Freedom of Information Act <input type="checkbox"/> 900 Appeal of Fee Determination Under Equal Access to Justice <input type="checkbox"/> 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes
<b>REAL PROPERTY</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 210 Land Condemnation <input type="checkbox"/> 220 Foreclosure <input type="checkbox"/> 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment <input type="checkbox"/> 240 Torts to Land <input type="checkbox"/> 245 Tort Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 290 All Other Real Property	<b>CIVIL RIGHTS</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 441 Voting <input type="checkbox"/> 442 Employment <input type="checkbox"/> 443 Housing/Accommodations <input type="checkbox"/> 444 Welfare <input type="checkbox"/> 445 Amer w/Disabilities - Employment <input type="checkbox"/> 446 Amer w/Disabilities - Other <input type="checkbox"/> 440 Other Civil Rights	<b>PRISONER PETITIONS</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence <b>Habeas Corpus:</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 530 General <input type="checkbox"/> 535 Death Penalty <input type="checkbox"/> 540 Mandamus & Other <input type="checkbox"/> 550 Civil Rights <input type="checkbox"/> 555 Prison Condition		

**V. ORIGIN**

(Place an "X" in One Box Only)

- ☒ 1 Original Proceeding  
☐ 2 Removed from State Court  
☐ 3 Remanded from Appellate Court  
☐ 4 Reinstated or Reopened  
☐ 5 Transferred from another district (specify)  
☐ 6 Multidistrict Litigation  
☐ 7 Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment

**VI. CAUSE OF ACTION**

Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity):

28 U.S.C. Section 1332(d)(2)(A) - Magnuson-Moss Warranty Act

Brief description of cause:

15:2301 - Magnuson-Moss Warranty Act (cxl)

**VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:**

☒ CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER F.R.C.P. 23

DEMAND \$

CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint:

JURY DEMAND: ☒ Yes ☐ No

**VIII. RELATED CASE(S) IF ANY**

(See instructions):

JUDGE

DOCKET NUMBER

DATE

SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD

12/21/2012

/s/ Ronald A. Marron

**FOR OFFICE USE ONLY**

RECEIPT # \_\_\_\_\_ AMOUNT \_\_\_\_\_ APPLYING IFP \_\_\_\_\_ JUDGE \_\_\_\_\_ MAG JUDGE \_\_\_\_\_



# **EXHIBIT 1**

TRAUMEEL

**Doctor Recommended • Clinically Proven • Fragrance-Free • Non-Greasy**

Advanced Relief for

**Muscular Pain  
& Inflammation**

**Proven Safe & Effective for: Sports Injuries • Sprains • Bruises**

■ ■ ■

NDC 51685-3310-3

Anti-inflammatory  
Analgesic

**Traumeel**

Homeopathic Gel  
Net contents: 1.66 oz (50 g)

**Gel**

-Heel



**Traumeel**  
Gel  
*Pain Relief*

# Drug Facts

1. Name of the drug  
2. Indication  
3. Dosage  
4. Contraindications  
5. Side effects  
6. Interactions  
7. Precautions  
8. Pregnancy  
9. Lactation  
10. Storage  
11. Expiry  
12. Manufacturer  
13. Batch No.  
14. Lot No.  
15. Price

There is no further work and needs to be done  
in the field of the study of the history of the  
city of London and the history of the city of London.

## ***Muscular Pain & Joint Pain***



- Safe - designed to work without going through the digestive system
- Safe to use for more than 10 days
- Contains 12 natural active ingredients (of 14 actives, see Drug Facts\*)
- Odorless ointment

Made in Germany. Manufactured for and distributed by  
Hoe Inc., Albuquerque, NM 87123, USA. www.traumeel.us



Net Wt.  
1.76 oz (50 g)

HOMEOPATHY NDC 51885 7125 2

**Traumeel<sup>®</sup>X**

PAIN RELIEF OINTMENT

-Heel

HOMEOPATHY NDC 51885 7125 2

**Traumeel<sup>®</sup>X**

PAIN RELIEF OINTMENT

-Heel



**Drug Facts**

Each 50 g ointment contains:

**Active ingredients**

• Aconitum napellus 1X  
• Arnica montana 3X  
• Belladonna 1X  
• Bellis perennis MT (H)  
• Calendula officinalis MT (H)  
• Chamomilla MT (H)  
• Echinacea MT (H)

**Purpose**

Reduces joint and back pain  
Reduces joint and back pain  
Reduces back pain  
Relieves joint and muscle soreness  
Relieves pain  
Soothing pain relief  
Relieves pain

**Natural ingredients**

**Drug Facts (continued)**

**Uses**

For the temporary relief of minor joint, Back and Muscular Pain

**Warnings**

For external use only. Do not apply over open wounds or broken skin. If symptoms persist or worsen, or if a rash develops, a healthcare provider should be consulted. In rare cases, allergic skin reactions may develop. Do not use if known sensitivity to Traumeel<sup>®</sup> or any of its ingredients exists. Keep out of reach of children. If swallowed, get medical help or contact a Poison Control Center right away.

**Directions**

Adults and children 4 years and older: Apply generously to affected areas 2 to 3 times daily, or more often if necessary, by rubbing gently

**Drug Facts (continued)**

Each 50 g ointment contains

**Active ingredients**

• Echinacea purpurea MT (H)  
• Hamamelis virginiana MT (H)  
• Hepar sulphuris calcareum 6X  
• Hypericum perforatum 5X  
• Mercurius solubilis 5X  
• Millefolium MT (H)  
• Symphytum officinale 4X

**Purpose**

Relieves pain  
Relieves joint and muscle soreness  
Relieves pain  
Relieves pain  
Reduces joint and back pain  
Relieves pain  
Relieves joint pain

077483/5000 GP

into the skin. If appropriate, mild compression or occlusive bandaging may be applied. For children under 4, consult your healthcare provider.

**Other information**

Tamper evident. Do not use if inner protective seal under cap is broken. Store at room temperature. Please retain outer carton for full product instructions.

**Inactive ingredients**

Ointment: Cetylstearyl alcohol, Ethanol, Paraffin, Purified water and White petrolatum.

**Questions?**

Call 1 800 923 9233 or email info@hoe.usa.com

The statements on this package are supported by traditional homeopathic principles. The Food and Drug Administration does not evaluate homeopathic products.



**Traumeel**  
PAIN RELIEF TABLETS AND OINTMENT

**PAIN RELIEF THAT DOESN'T HURT**  
Relieves Minor Joint and Muscular Pain, Naturally.

NDC 20134 8702-2

-Heel

**Traumeel**  
PAIN RELIEF TABLETS AND OINTMENT

NDC 20134 8702-2

-Heel

**TRAUMEEL**  
HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINE  
Tablets and Ointment  
100 of Traumeel Tablets NDC 20134 8702-2

-Heel

**TRAUMEEL**  
HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINE  
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-Heel

**TRAUMEEL**  
HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINE  
Tablets and Ointment  
100 of Traumeel Ointment NDC 20134 8702-2

-Heel

**ZEEL**

***Doctor Recommended • Clinically Proven • Fragrance-Free • Non-Greasy***

***Advanced Relief for***  
***Arthritic Pain***  
***& Stiffness***

***Proven Safe & Effective for: Joint Mobility • Natural Cox 2 Alternative***



NDC 51885-3353-1

For the temporary relief of:

***Arthritic Pain***

***Osteoarthritis, Joint Stiffness***

Homeopathic Ointment

**Zeel<sup>®</sup>**

Net contents 1.76 oz. 50 g

• Heel



# **EXHIBIT 2**



# Traumeel



Products | Practitioner | Retailers | Consumers | Contact | Blogs | Videos

## Pain Relief That Doesn't Hurt



Traumeel® is a combination of 12 natural active \* ingredients (out of 14 actives) that work together, complementing the body's natural processes to reduce joint, back & muscle pain which may lead to improved mobility.

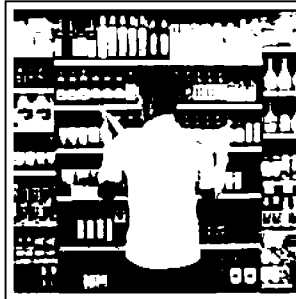
- ✓ Designed to work without going through the digestive system
- ✓ Safe to use for more than 10 days

### Pain Relief You Can Feel Good About!

#### Practitioner Information



#### Retailer Information



#### Consumer Information



#### Log In

Login

[Register](#)

[Forgot Username/Password?](#)

Visit Traumeel USA at:



to

a free  
Traumeel  
Combo  
Pack



# **EXHIBIT 3**

**Heel, Inc.'s Dilution Chart**

<b>Heel, Inc. Product</b>	<b>“Active” Ingredient</b>	<b>Dilution</b>	<b>Inactive Ingredients</b>
<b>Zeel (Tablets)</b>	Silicea	6X (= 1/1,000,000 dilution)	Magnesium stearate Lactose
	Arnica montana, radix	1X (= 1/10 dilution)	
	Rhus toxicodendron	1X (= 1/10 dilution)	
	Sulphur	6X (= 1/1,000,000 dilution)	
	Sanguinaria canadensis	3X (= 1/1,000 dilution)	
	Cartilago suis	4X (= 1/10,000 dilution)	
	Embryo suis	4X (= 1/10,000 dilution)	
	Funiculus umbilicalis suis	4X (= 1/10,000 dilution)	
	Placenta suis	4X (= 1/10,000 dilution)	
	Dulcamara	2X (= 1/100 dilution)	
	Symphytum officinale	8X (= 1/100,000,000 dilution)	
	Alph-lipoicum acidum	6X (= 1/1,000,000 dilution)	
	Coenzyme A	6X (= 1/1,000,000 dilution)	
	Nadidum	6X (= 1/1,000,000 dilution)	
	Natrum oxalaceticum	6X (= 1/1,000,000 dilution)	
<b>Zeel (Ointment)</b>	Silicea	6X (= 1/1,000,000 dilution)	Cetylstearyl alcohol Paraffin Purified water White petrolatum Ethanol (10% by volume)
	Symphytum officinale	8X (= 1/100,000,000 dilution)	
	Arnica montana, radix	2X (= 1/100 dilution)	
	Rhus toxicodendron	2X (= 1/100 dilution)	
	Sulphur	6X (= 1/1,000,000 dilution)	
	Sanguinaria canadensis	2X (= 1/100 dilution)	

**Heel, Inc.'s Dilution Chart**

	Dulcamara	2X (= 1/100 dilution)	
	Alpha-lipoicum acidum	6X (= 1/1,000,000 dilution)	
	Coenzyme A	6X (= 1/1,000,000 dilution)	
	Nadidum	6X (= 1/1,000,000 dilution)	
	Natrum oxalaceticum	6X (= 1/1,000,000 dilution)	
	Cartilago suis	2X (= 1/100 dilution)	
	Embryo suis	2X (= 1/100 dilution)	
	Funiculus umbilicalis suis	2X (= 1/100 dilution)	
	Placenta suis	2X (= 1/100 dilution)	
<b>Traumeel (Ointment and Gel)</b>	Calendula officinalis	1X (= 1/10 dilution)	<u>Ointment:</u> Cetylstearyl alcohol Paraffin Purified water White petrolatum Ethanol (10% by volume)  <u>Gel:</u> Carbopol 980 Purified water Sodium hydroxide Ethanol (27% by volume)
	Hamamelis virginiana	1X (= 1/10 dilution)	
	Arnica montana, radix	3X (= 1/1,000 dilution)	
	Aconitum napellus	3X (= 1/1,000 dilution)	
	Belladonna	3X (= 1/1,000 dilution)	
	Bellis perennis	1X (= 1/10 dilution)	
	Chamomilla	1X (= 1/10 dilution)	
	Echinacea	1X (= 1/10 dilution)	
	Echinacea purpurea	1X (= 1/10 dilution)	
	Millefolium	1X (= 1/10 dilution)	
	Hepar sulphuris calcareum	8X (= 1/100,000,000 dilution)	
	Mercurius solubilis	8X (= 1/100,000,000 dilution)	
	Symphytum officinale	4X (= 1/10,000 dilution)	
	Hypericum perforatum	6X (= 1/1,000,000 dilution)	

**Heel, Inc.'s Dilution Chart**

<b>Traumeel (Tablets)</b>	Belladonna	4X (= 1/10,000 dilution)	Magnesium stearate Lactose
	Arnica montana, radix	3X (= 1/1,000 dilution)	
	Aconitum napellus	3X (= 1/1,000 dilution)	
	Chamomilla	3X (= 1/1,000 dilution)	
	Symphytum officinale	8X (= 1/100,000,000 dilution)	
	Calendula officinalis	2X (= 1/100 dilution)	
	Hamamelis virginiana	2X (= 1/100 dilution)	
	Millefolium	3X (= 1/1,000 dilution)	
	Hepar sulphuris calcareum	8X (= 1/100,000,000 dilution)	
	Mercurius solubilis	8X (= 1/100,000,000 dilution)	
	Hypericum perforatum	3X (= 1/1,000 dilution)	
	Bellis perennis	2X (= 1/100 dilution)	
	Echinacea	2X (= 1/100 dilution)	
	Echinacea purpurea	2X (= 1/100 dilution)	
<b>Traumeel (Oral Solution)</b>	Arnica montana, radix	3X (= 1/1,000 dilution)	Ethanol (25% by volume) Purified water
	Aconitum napellus	3X (= 1/1,000 dilution)	
	Chamomilla	3X (= 1/1,000 dilution)	
	Belladonna	4X (= 1/10,000 dilution)	
	Symphytum officinale	8X (= 1/100,000,000 dilution)	
	Bellis perennis	2X (= 1/100 dilution)	
	Calendula officinalis	2X (= 1/100 dilution)	
	Echinacea	2X (= 1/100 dilution)	
	Echinacea purpurea	2X (= 1/100 dilution)	

**Heel, Inc.'s Dilution Chart**

	Hamamelis virginiana	2X (= 1/100 dilution)	
	Hypericum perforatum	3X (= 1/1,000 dilution)	
	Millefolium	3X (= 1/1,000 dilution)	
	Hepar sulphuris calcareum	8X (= 1/100,000,000 dilution)	
	Mercurius solubilis	8X (= 1/100,000,000 dilution)	



# **EXHIBIT 4**

Law Offices of

**Ronald A. Marron**

A Professional Law Corporation

3636 Fourth Avenue, Ste 202  
San Diego, CA 92103

Tel: 619.696.9006  
Fax: 619.564.6665

December 14, 2012

**Via Certified Mail**  
**Return Receipt Requested**

Heel, Inc.  
10421 Research Road SE  
Albuquerque, NM 87123-3423

Margaret Ludewig  
Agent for Heel, Inc.  
300 10th Street NW  
Albuquerque, NM 87102

**RE: NOTICE: Violations of the California Consumer Legal Remedies Act and Duty to Preserve Evidence**

Dear Sir or Madam:

**PLEASE TAKE NOTICE** that this letter constitutes notice under the California Consumer Legal Remedies Act, ("CLRA"), California Civil Code Section 1750, *et seq.*, (the "ACT") — pursuant specifically to Civil Code Section 1782 — notifying **HEEL, INC.** ("YOU") of violations of the Act and of our demand that YOU remedy such violations within 30 (thirty) days from your receipt of this letter.

This firm represents Robert A. Mason, a California resident, who purchased **Traumeel Gel** (the "Product") which YOU distribute in California and elsewhere. Mr. Mason was exposed to and saw YOUR claims about the Product, purchased the Product in reliance on those claims, and suffered injury in fact as a result of YOUR false and misleading advertising.

YOU manufacture, advertise, distribute, and sell the Traumeel Products by claiming they are proven effective, doctor recommended, and contain purportedly active ingredients for "Pain Relief." Specifically, YOU market YOUR Product by making the following claims: "Advanced Relief for Muscular Pain & Joint Pain;" "Doctor Recommended;" "Proven Safe and Effective;" "An Odorless Topical Ointment & Gel For On The Spot Relief;" "Pain Relief That Doesn't Hurt;" "Pain Relief You Can Feel Good About!"

YOU further claim that "Traumeel® is a combination of 12 natural active \* ingredients (out of 14 actives) that work together, complementing the body's natural processes to reduce joint, back & muscle pain;" will generate "systemic pain relief throughout the body;" is "safe to use for more than 10 days;" and "Relieves Minor Joint and Muscular Pain, Naturally." YOU claim that the ingredients in the Product "relieve[]

pain,” “reduce[] [and] relieve[] joint pain,” “relieve[] bruised soreness,” and “treat[] minor bleeding,” among other claims.

The Traumeel Products contain the purportedly active ingredients of: Calendula officinalis 1X 0.75 g, Hamamelis virginiana 1X 0.75 g, Arnica montana, radix 3X 0.75 g, Aconitum napellus 3X 0.5 g, Belladonna 3X 0.5 g, Bellis perennis 1X 0.25 g, Chamomilla 1X 0.25 g, Echinacea 1X 0.25 g, Echinacea purpurea 1X 0.25 g, Millefolium 1X 0.15 g, Hepar sulphuris calcareum 8X 0.125 g, Mercurius solubilis 8X 0.06 g, Symphytum officinale 4X 0.05 g, Hypericum perforatum 6X 0.045 g. The inactive ingredients in the Products are: Carbopol 980, Purified water, Sodium hydroxide, and 22% Ethanol 22% by volume.

Nonetheless, YOUR representations about the Product are false and deceptive, among other reasons, because the Product contains synthetic ingredients, some of which are toxic, and therefore does not provide “natural” pain relief. In addition, YOUR advertising is false and deceptive because the Product does not relieve pain, much less, provide advanced relief for pain, and does not relieve joint pain or provide on the spot pain relief. Further, YOUR claims are misleading and false because the Product has not been “proven” effective by credible scientific evidence suitable to meet federal advertising standards and, similarly, does not meet the standard for claiming it is “doctor recommended.”

YOUR misleading and deceptive business activity also includes marketing YOUR Products in the over-the-counter (“OTC”) aisle of retail chain drug stores next to allopathic, FDA monograph-approved OTC drugs, thus enhancing consumer confusion as to the nature of the Products. Additionally, the claim that the Products are “Doctor Recommended” is deceptive and misleading because a reasonable consumer is likely to believe the Products are recommended by doctors practicing allopathic medicine and YOU do not distinguish whether the recommending doctors, if any, are homeopathic practitioners or allopathic practitioners.

Also, YOU claim that YOUR Products contain active ingredients by gram weight that will relieve pain. In fact, even if YOUR Products contain the purportedly active ingredients listed above, those ingredients are so greatly diluted as to be non-existent in the product, such that the product is ineffective for its intended uses. Thus, YOUR products are essentially worthless gels, creams and tablets with no efficacy beyond a placebo.

A reasonable consumer would have relied on the deceptive and false claims made in YOUR advertisements and through the exercise of reasonable diligence would not have discovered the violations alleged herein because YOU actively and purposefully concealed the truth regarding YOUR Traumeel Products.

In conclusion, YOUR material misrepresentations are deceiving customers into purchasing the Traumeel Products under the false and/or deceptive representations listed above, when the Products are other than represented. Please be advised that the alleged unfair methods of competition or unfair or deceptive business acts or practices in violation of the CLRA include, but are not necessarily limited to:

§ 1770(a)(5): representing that goods have characteristics, uses, or benefits which they do not have.

§ 1770(a)(7): representing that goods are of a particular standard, quality, or grade if they are of another.

§ 1770(a)(9): advertising goods with intent not to sell them as advertised.

§ 1770(a)(16): representing the subject of a transaction has been supplied in accordance with a previous representation when it has not.

YOU have failed to honor your consumer protection obligations. Based upon the above, demand is hereby made that YOU conduct a corrective advertising campaign and destroy all misleading and deceptive advertising materials and products.

Please be advised that your failure to comply with this request within thirty (30) days may subject you to the following remedies, available for violations of the CLRA, which will be requested in the class action complaint on behalf of our client, Mr. Mason, and all other similarly-situated California residents:

- (1) The actual damages suffered;
- (2) An order enjoining you for such methods, acts or practices;
- (3) Restitution of property (when applicable);
- (4) Punitive damages;
- (5) Any other relief which the court deems proper; and
- (6) Court costs and attorneys' fees.

Additionally, I remind YOU of your legal duty to preserve all records relevant to such litigation. See, e.g., *Convolve, Inc. v. Compaq Computer Corp.*, 223 F.R.D. 162, 175 (S.D.N.Y. 2004); *Computer Ass'n Int'l v. American Fundware, Inc.*, 133 F.R.D. 166, 168-69 (D. Colo. 1990). This firm anticipates that all e-mails, letters, reports, internal corporate instant messages, and laboratory records that related to the formulation and marketing of Traumeel products will be sought in the forthcoming discovery process. YOU therefore must inform any employees, contractors, and third-party agents (for

example product consultants and advertising agencies handling your product account) to preserve all such relevant information.

In addition, California Civil Code Section 1780 (b) provides in part that: "Any consumer who is a **senior citizen or a disabled person**, as defined in subdivision (f) and (g) of Section 1761, as part of an action under subdivision (a), may seek and be awarded, in addition to the remedied specified therein, up to **five thousand dollars** (\$5,000)... [emphasis added]".

I look forward to YOU taking corrective action. Thank you for your time and consideration in this matter.

Sincerely,

THE LAW OFFICES OF RONALD A. MARRON APLC

/s/ Ronald A. Marron

Ronald A. Marron

Attorney for Robert A. Mason

and all others similarly situated