1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Victoria C. Knowles, Bar No. 277231 vknowles@trialnewport.com 895 Dove Street, Suite 425 Newport Beach, CA 92660 Tel: (949) 706-6464; Fax: (949) 706-6469 Counsel for Plaintiff and all others similarly situated	R-6 PH 3: 21
15 16	UNITED STATES I CENTRAL DISTRIC	
17	LAUREN CRIVIER, on behalf of herself) and all others similarly situated,	
18	Plaintiff,	CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR:
19	v.	1. VIOLATION OF THE FALSE
20	THE HAIN CELESTIAL GROUP, INC.,)	ADVERTISING LAWS ("FAL"); Bus. & Prof. Code §17500 et seq.;
21	a Delaware Corporation, and DOES 1- 10, inclusive,	2. VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA'S
22	Defendant.	UNFAIR COMPETITION LAWS ("UCL"); Bus. & Prof. Code §17200
23	}	et seq.;
24 25	}	3. VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA'S CONSUMER LEGAL REMEDIES ACT ("CLRA"), Civil Code §1750 et
25	{	seq.
27	}	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL
28		
	99003-00001 152873.01	。 の M. COMPLAINT

Plaintiff Lauren Crivier, on behalf of herself and all others similarly situated, alleges the following upon information and belief based upon investigation of counsel, except as to her own acts, which she alleges upon personal knowledge:

INTRODUCTION

- 1. The Hain Celestial Group, Inc. ("Defendant") manufactures, markets, and sells the "J/A/S/O/N" line of personal care products ("the Products").

 Defendant labels each product as "Pure, Natural & Organic." In reality, they are nothing of the sort. This false marketing known as "greenwashing" enables Defendant to unfairly capture sales that it would not make but for its deception, and also charges consumers a premium based upon the false perception that the products are organic.
- 2. Defendant's misrepresentations were designed to, and did, lead Plaintiff and others similarly situated (collectively the "Class") to believe that the Products are organic, when they are not.
- 3. Plaintiff brings this class action lawsuit to enjoin the ongoing deception of thousands of California consumers by Defendant, and to recover the money taken by this unlawful practice.

PARTIES

- 4. Plaintiff Lauren Crivier is a resident of Los Angeles County who purchased several J/A/S/O/N personal care products in early 2012. Plaintiff relied on Defendant's representations that the J/A/S/O/N personal care products she purchased were pure, natural and organic, as detailed herein, and but for those representations, Plaintiff would not have purchased or paid as much for such products.
- 5. Defendant, The Hain Celestial Group, Inc., is a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business in Melville, New York. Defendant has sold its Products in California and across the United States of America.

- 1 6. The true names and capacities of the Defendants sued herein as DOES 1
 2 through 10, inclusive, are currently unknown to Plaintiff, who therefore sues
 3 such Defendants by fictitious names. Each of the Defendants designated
 4 herein as a DOE is legally responsible for the unlawful acts alleged herein.
 5 Plaintiff will seek leave of Court to amend this Complaint to reflect the true
 6 names and capacities of the DOE Defendants when such identities become
 7 known.
 - 7. At all relevant times, each and every Defendant was acting as an agent and/or employee of each of the other Defendants and was acting within the course and/or scope of said agency and/or employment with the full knowledge and consent of each of the Defendants. Each of the acts and/or omissions complained of herein were alleged and made known to, and ratified by, each of the other Defendants (The Hain Celestial Group, Inc. and DOE Defendants will hereafter collectively be referred to as "Defendant").

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 8. A Court has diversity jurisdiction over this class action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332 as amended by the Class Action Fairness Act of 2005 because the amount in controversy exceeds \$5,000,000, exclusive of interest and costs, and is a class action in which some members of the class are citizens of different states than the Defendant. See 28 U.S.C. §1332(d)(2)(A).
- 9. This Court also has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because Defendant currently does business in this state.
- 10. Venue is proper in this jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391 because Defendant is subject to personal jurisdiction in this District and a substantial portion of the conduct complained of herein occurred in this District.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

11. Defendant manufactures, markets, and sells the "J/A/S/O/N" line of personal care products including, without limitation: shampoo, conditioner, soap, skin

lotion, and deodorant. Defendant prominently labels each of the Products as "Pure, Natural & Organic."

The market for natural personal care products is expected to gross over \$11.7

- 12. The market for natural personal care products is expected to gross over \$11.7 billion by 2013. In fact, the market for natural personal care products is expected to grow by over 13% annually while the market for general personal care products is only expected to expand by 3%. Likewise, according to the Organic Trade Association, the market for organic non-food products grew at an alarming rate of over 9.7% in 2010 and reached nearly \$2 billion in sales. Defendant exploits this rapidly growing, highly profitable market by falsely and misleadingly labeling its Products to imply that its Products too should be considered "natural" and "organic."
- 13. To a reasonable and ordinary consumer, an "Organic" beauty product is one that is derived from fruits, vegetables and other crops that are grown, produced, handled, and processed according to strict guidelines. This includes, at a minimum, that: (1) the land used to produce organic source materials must be free of synthetic fertilizers and conventional pesticides; (2) the product must be derived from farming practices where the ingredients have not been genetically engineered or exposed to radiation; and most importantly, (3) the product must contain no synthetic ingredients.
- 14. Likewise, the U.S. Department of Agriculture National Organic Program, 7 C.F.R. §205.660(a), which was promulgated pursuant to the Organic Foods Production Act of 1990, 7 U.S.C. §6519, has provided guidance for circumstances under which products intended for ingestion not the products at issue in this complaint may be properly be labeled as "organic." Such products must, at a minimum: (1) contain 95% organic ingredients (excluding water and salt); (2) be derived from organic agricultural material that has been grown without the use of pesticides, synthetic fertilizers, genetic engineering, or irradiation; and (3) be made entirely without the use of

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petrochemical compounds. The products at issue satisfy none of the preceding criteria. Instead, they are completely conventional non-organic formulations.

- 15. Regrettably, the United States Department of Agriculture disclaims any authority over the labeling of personal care products. Specifically, in an April 2008 "Guidance Document" entitled "Cosmetics, Body Care Products and Personal Care Products," the USDA advised that, except in limited circumstances not applicable here, the Agency "has no authority over the production and labeling of cosmetics, body care products, and personal care products."
- 16. The J/A/S/O/N Products do not qualify as "Organic" under any of the preceding criteria. Indeed, not only are Defendant's Products not natural or organic, the Products contain synthetic ingredients and petrochemical derivatives that have been linked to the early onset of puberty, obesity, cancers, and that can provoke allergic reactions and asthma attacks.
- 17. For example, the J/A/S/O/N Products at issue in this complaint each contain at least one of the following synthetic or inorganic ingredients:
 - a. Glyceryl Stearate, which is a substance derived from reacting glycerin with stearic acid (a fatty acid obtained from animal and vegetable fats and oils);
 - b. Dimethicone, a synthetic silicone compound derived from petrochemicals;
 - c. Ester-C Sorbitol, a synthetic sorbitol;
 - d. Tocopheryl Acetate, a substance derived from mixing an oxoacid with a synthetic hydroxyl compound;
 - e. Tocopheryl Nicotinate, a synthetic ester of tocopherol and nicotinic acid.

LAW OFFICES	KIRTLAND & PACKARD LLP	
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f.	Carbomer, an expanded molecule obtained by insertion of a C2
	unit in a given molecule:

- g. Potassium Hydroxide, an inorganic compound commonly called "caustic potash," which is made by electrolysis of potassium chloride solutions;
- h. Potassium Sorbate, an inorganic salt of sorbic acid prepared by reacting sorbic acid with potassium hydroxide; and
- i. Sodium Benzoate, an inorganic substance derived from a reaction of benzoic acid with sodium hydroxide.
- 18. Defendant's misrepresentations regarding the character and quality of its
 Products were designed to, and did, lead Plaintiff and others similarly situated
 to believe that the Products were organic. Plaintiff and members of the Class
 relied on Defendant's misrepresentations and would not have paid as much, if
 at all, for the Products but for Defendant's misrepresentations.
- 19. Accordingly, Plaintiff brings this lawsuit to enjoin the ongoing deception of thousands of California consumers by Defendant, and to recover the funds taken by this unlawful practice.

CLASS DEFINITIONS AND CLASS ALLEGATIONS

- 20. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of herself, on behalf of all others similarly situated, as members of the class (referred to hereafter as the "Class") defined as follows:
 - California Class: The class the Plaintiff seeks to represent consists of all persons who are citizens or residents of California who purchased any J/A/S/O/N personal care product labeled as "Pure, Natural & Organic" during the four years preceding the filing of this complaint through the date of final judgment in this action, in which the product label identified one or more of the following substances as an ingredient: (1) Glyceryl Stearate; (2)
 - Dimethicone; (3) Ester-C Sorbitol; (4) Glycerine; (5) Tocopheryl Acetate; (6)

Tocopheryl Nicotinate; (7) Carbomer; (8) Potassium Hydroxide; (9) Potassium Sorbate; or (10) Sodium Benzoate. Excluded from the class are Defendant, any parent, subsidiary, affiliate, or controlled person of Defendant, as well as the officers and directors of Defendant, and the immediate family member of any such person. Also excluded is any judge who may preside over this case, and such judge's immediate family or courtroom staff.

- 21. This action is brought and may be properly maintained as a class action pursuant to the provisions of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(a)(1)-(4) and 23(b)(1)-(3). This action satisfies the numerosity, typicality, adequacy, predominance and superiority requirements of those provisions.
- 22. [Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a)(1)] The Class is so numerous that the individual joinder of all of its members is impractical. While the exact number and identities of Class members are unknown to Plaintiff at this time and can only be ascertained through appropriate discovery, Plaintiff is informed and believes the Class includes thousands of members. Plaintiff alleges that the Class may be ascertained by the records maintained by Defendant.
- 23. [Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a)(2)] Common questions of fact and law exist as to all members of the Class which predominate over any questions affecting only individual members of the Class. These common legal and factual questions, which do not vary from class member to class member, and which may be determined without reference to the individual circumstances of any class member, include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - (a) Whether Defendant's advertising or labeling is false or misleading;
 - (b) Whether Defendant's Products are in fact pure, natural and organic;
 - (c) Whether Defendant's conduct violates the CLRA or other laws;
 - (d) Whether Defendant's conduct is "unfair" under Bus. & Prof. Code Section 17200;

- (e) Whether, as a result of Defendant's misconduct, Plaintiff and the Class are entitled to damages, restitution, equitable relief and other relief, and the amount and nature of such relief.
 - 24. [Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a)(3)] Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the members of the Class. Plaintiff and all members of the Class have sustained injury and are facing irreparable harm arising out of Defendant's common course of conduct as complained of herein. The losses of each member of the Class were caused directly by Defendant's wrongful conduct as alleged herein.
- 25. [Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a)(4)] Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the members of the Class. Plaintiff has retained attorneys experienced in the prosecution of class actions, including complex consumer and mass tort litigation.
- 26. [Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(b)(3)] A class action is superior to other available methods of fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy, since individual litigation of the claims of all Class members is impracticable. Even if every Class member could afford individual litigation, the court system could not. It would be unduly burdensome to the courts in which individual litigation of numerous issues would proceed. Individualized litigation would also present the potential for varying, inconsistent, or contradictory judgments and would magnify the delay and expense to all parties and to the court system resulting from multiple trials of the same complex factual issues. By contrast, the conduct of this action as a class action, with respect to some or all of the issues presented herein, presents fewer management difficulties, conserves the resources of the parties and of the court system, and protects the rights of each Class member.
- 27. [Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(b)(1)(A)] The prosecution of separate actions by thousands of individual Class members would create the risk of inconsistent

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1	or varying adjudications with respect to, among other things, the need for and
2	the nature of proper notice, which Defendant must provide to all Class
3	members.

- 28. [Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(b)(1)(B)] The prosecution of separate actions by individual class members would create a risk of adjudications with respect to them that would, as a practical matter, be dispositive of the interests of the other Class members not parties to such adjudications or that would substantially impair or impede the ability of such non-party Class members to protect their interests.
- 29. [Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(b)(2)] Defendant has acted or refused to act in respects generally applicable to the Class, thereby making appropriate final injunctive relief with regard to the members of the Class as a whole.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

Business and Professions Code §17500

(Violation of the False Advertising Act)

(By Plaintiff and the Class Against All Defendants)

- 30. Plaintiffs hereby incorporates paragraphs 1-29 above as if set forth in full.
- California Business and Professions Code (the "Code") § 17500 provides that 31. "[i]t is unlawful for any ... corporation . . . with intent . . . to dispose of . . . personal property . . . to induce the public to enter into any obligation relating thereto, to make or disseminate or cause to be made or disseminated . . . from this state before the public in any state, in any newspaper or other publication, or any advertising device, or by public outcry or proclamation, or in any other manner or means whatever, including over the Internet, any statement . . . which is untrue or misleading, and which is known, or which by the exercise of reasonable care should be known, to be untrue or misleading "
- Defendant misled consumers by making untrue statements and failing to 32. disclose what is required as stated in the Code, as alleged above.

33.	As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's misleading and false
	advertising, Plaintiff and the members of the Class have suffered injury in
	fact and have lost money or property.

34. The misleading and false advertising described herein presents a continuing threat to Plaintiff and the Class in that Defendant persists and continues to engage in these practices, and will not cease doing so unless and until forced to do so by this Court. Defendant's conduct will continue to cause irreparable injury to consumers unless enjoined or restrained.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

Business and Professions Code § 17200, et seq.

(Violation of the Unfair Competition Law)

(By Plaintiff and the Class Against All Defendants)

- 35. Plaintiffs hereby incorporates paragraphs 1-34 above as if set forth in full.
- 36. California Business and Professions Code § 17200, et seq., (the "Unfair Competition Law" or "UCL") authorizes private lawsuits to enjoin acts of "unfair competition" which includes any unlawful, unfair, or fraudulent business practice.
- 37. The UCL imposes strict liability. Plaintiff need not prove that Defendant intentionally or negligently engaged in unlawful, unfair or fraudulent business practices—but only that such practices occurred.
- 38. The material misrepresentations, concealment, and non-disclosures by Defendant and DOES 1-10 as part of their marketing and advertising of their Products are unlawful, unfair, and fraudulent business practices prohibited by the UCL.
- 39. In carrying out such marketing, Defendant has violated the Consumer Legal Remedies Act, the False Advertising Law, and various other laws, regulations, statutes, and/or common law duties. Defendant's business

practices alleged herein, therefore, are unlawful within the meaning of the UCL.

- 40. The harm to Plaintiff and members of the public outweighs the utility of Defendant's practices and, consequently, Defendant's practices, as set forth fully above, constitute an unfair business act or practice within the meaning of the UCL.
- 41. Defendant's practices are additionally unfair because they have caused Plaintiff and the Class substantial injury, which is not outweighed by any countervailing benefits to consumers or to competition, and is not an injury the consumers themselves could have reasonably avoided.
- 42. Defendant's practices, as set forth above, have misled the general public in the past and will mislead the general public in the future. Consequently, Defendant's practices constitute an unlawful and unfair business practice within the meaning of the UCL.
- 43. Pursuant to California Business and Professions Code § 17204, an action for unfair competition may be brought by any "person . . . who has suffered injury in fact and has lost money or property as a result of such unfair competition." Defendant's wrongful misrepresentations and omissions have directly and seriously injured Plaintiff and the putative class by causing them to pay for a product because they relied on the false and misleading marketing and advertising statements of Defendant.
- 44. The unlawful, unfair, and fraudulent business practices of Defendant are ongoing and present a continuing threat that members of the public will be misled into purchasing J/A/S/O/N personal care product labeled as "Pure, Natural & Organic" based on the belief that they are natural and organic when, in fact, this is not the case.
- 45. Pursuant to the UCL, Plaintiff is entitled to preliminary and permanent injunctive relief ordering Defendant to cease this unfair competition, as well

as disgorgement and restitution to Plaintiffs and the Class of all of Defendant's revenues associated with Defendant's unfair competition, or such portion of those revenues as the Court may find equitable.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

Civil Code § 1770, et seq.

(Violation of the Consumer Legal Remedies Act)

(By Plaintiff and the Class Against All Defendants)

- 46. Plaintiff hereby incorporates paragraphs 1-45 above as if set forth in full.
- 47. The Consumer Legal Remedies Act ("CLRA") creates a non-exclusive statutory remedy for unfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive acts or business practices. *See Reveles v. Toyota by the Bay*, 57 Cal. App. 4th 1139, 1164 (1997). Its self-declared purpose is to protect consumers against these unfair and deceptive business practices, and to provide efficient and economical procedures to secure such protection. Cal. Civil Code § 1760 et seq. The CLRA was designed to be liberally construed and applied in favor of consumers to promote its underlying purposes. *Id*.
- 48. Plaintiff has standing to pursue this claim as Plaintiff purchased J/A/S/O/N personal care products labeled as "Pure, Natural & Organic," believing that they were in fact pure, natural, and organic. Plaintiff relied on Defendant's advertising and has been damaged because the Products she purchased are not pure, natural and organic; had she known this, she would have either not bought the Products or paid less for them.
- 49. Plaintiff has filed concurrently herewith the declaration of venue required by Civil Code Section 1780(d).
- 50. Defendant's wrongful business practices constituted, and constitutes, a continuing course of conduct in violation of the California CLRA since Defendant is still representing that its products have characteristics which are false and misleading.

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1	51.	More specifically, Plaintiff alleges that Defendant has violated paragraphs 5,
2		7, and 9 of California Civil Code § 1770(a) by engaging in the unfair and/or
3		deceptive acts and practices set forth herein. Defendant's unfair and
4		deceptive business practices in carrying out the marketing program described
5		above were and are intended to and did and do result in Plaintiff and Class
6		members purchasing Defendant's products, in violation of the CLRA. Cal.
7		Civil Code § 1770, et seq.
8	52.	As a result of Defendant's unfair and/or deceptive business practices. Plaintif

- 52. As a result of Defendant's unfair and/or deceptive business practices, Plaintiff and all consumers who purchased Defendant's supplement products have suffered damage and lost money in that they paid for products that did not have the characteristics and benefits as represented. Plaintiff seeks and is entitled to an order enjoining Defendant from continuing to engage in the unfair and deceptive business practices alleged herein.
- Pursuant to Section 1782 of the CLRA, Plaintiff notified Defendant in writing 53. of the particular violations of Section 1770 of the CLRA (the "Notice Letter") on March 23, 2012. If Defendant fails to comply with Plaintiff's demands within thirty days of receipt of the Notice Letter, pursuant to Section 1782 of the CLRA, Plaintiff will amend this Complaint to further request damages under the CLRA.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of the Class, prays for relief and judgment as follows:

- For preliminary and permanent injunctive relief enjoining Defendant, its agents, servants and employees, and all persons acting in concert with them, from engaging in, and continuing to engage in, the unfair, unlawful and/or fraudulent business practices alleged above and that may yet be discovered in the prosecution of this action;
 - For certification of the putative class; 2.

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- For restitution and disgorgement of all money or property wrongfully 3. obtained by Defendant by means of its herein-alleged unlawful, unfair, and fraudulent business practices;
- For an accounting by Defendant for any and all profits derived by 4. Defendant from its herein-alleged unlawful, unfair, and/or fraudulent conduct and/or business practices;
- 5. An award of statutory damages according to proof, except that no damages are currently sought on Plaintiffs' Cause of Action regarding the Consumer Legal Remedies Act at this time;
- 6. An award of general damages according to proof, except that no damages are currently sought on Plaintiffs' Cause of Action regarding the Consumer Legal Remedies Act at this time;
- 7. An award of special damages according to proof, except that no damages are currently sought on Plaintiffs' Cause of Action regarding the Consumer Legal Remedies Act at this time;
- Exemplary damages, except that no damages are currently sought on Plaintiffs' Cause of Action regarding the Consumer Legal Remedies Act at this time;
- 9. For attorneys' fees and expenses pursuant to all applicable laws including, without limitation, Code of Civil Procedure §1021.5, the CLRA, and the common law private attorney general doctrine;
 - 10. For costs of suit; and
 - For such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper. 11.

DATED: April 6, 2012

KIRTLAND & PACKARD LLP

By:

Counsel for Plaintiff and all others

similarlý situated

99003-00001 152873.01

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

By:

Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury for all causes of actions so triable.

3 | 4 | DATED: April 6, 2012

KIRTLAND & PACKARD LLP

HEATHER M. PETERSON

Counsel for Plaintiff and all others similarly situated

-15-

I, Lauren Crivier, declare as follows: I am a Plaintiff in this action, and am a citizen of the State of California. I have 1. personal knowledge of the facts herein and, if called as a witness, I could and would testify competently thereto. 2. The Complaint in this action, filed concurrently with this Declaration, is filed in the proper place for trial under Civil Code Section 1780(d) in that Los Angeles County is a county in which Defendants are doing business. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct. Lauren Criv 28 ...

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT TO UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE FOR DISCOVERY

This case has been as	ssigned to District	Judge George H.	Wu and the assigned	l discovery
Magistrate Judge is Paul Al	brams.			

The case number on all documents filed with the Court should read as follows:

CV12- 3054 GW (PLAx)

Pursuant to General Order 05-07 of the United States District Court for the Central District of California, the Magistrate Judge has been designated to hear discovery related motions.

NOTICE TO COUNSEL A copy of this notice must be served with the summons and complaint on all defendants (if a removal action is filed, a copy of this notice must be served on all plaintiffs). Subsequent documents must be filed at the following location:
A copy of this notice must be served with the summons and complaint on all defendants (if a removal action is
NOTICE TO COUNSEL
The discovery related motions should be noticed on the entendar of the wiagistrate stage
All discovery related motions should be noticed on the calendar of the Magistrate Judge
motions.

Los Angeles, CA 90012	Santa Ana, CA 92701-4516	Riverside, CA 92501
Failure to file at the proper location will res	ult in your documents being returned to you.	

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
LAUREN CRIVIER, on behalf of herself and all others similarly situated PLAINTIFF(S) V.	CV12-030546W(PLAx)	
THE HAIN CELESTIAL GROUP, INC., a Delaware Corporation, and DOES 1-10, inclusive DEFENDANT(S).	SUMMONS	
must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached x counterclaim cross-claim or a motion under Ru or motion must be served on the plaintiff's attorney, M	le 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer ichael Louis Kelly, whose address is Segundo, CA 90245. If you fail to do so,	
APR - 6 2012	Clerk, U.S. District Court	
Dated:	By: Deputy Clerk (Seat of the Court)	
	By: Deputy Clerk (Seal of the Court)	

CV-01A (12/07)

SUMMONS

	DISTRICT COURT
CENTRAL DISTRIC	CT OF CALIFORNIA
LAUREN CRIVIER, on behalf of herself and all others similarly situated	CASE NUMBER
PLAINTIFF(S)	CV12-030546W(PLAz)
V. THE HAIN CELESTIAL GROUP, INC., a Delaware Corporation, and DOES 1-10,	SUMMONS
inclusive DEFENDANT(S).	
TO: DEFENDANT(S):	
A lawsuit has been filed against you.	
or motion must be served on the plaintiff's attorney, M.	le 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer ichael Louis Kelly, whose address is Segundo, CA 90245. If you fail to do so,
APR - 6 2012	Clerk, U.S. District Court
Dated:	By: Deputy Clerk (Seal of the Court)
[Use 60 days if the defendant is the United States or a United States of a United States of the I2(a)(3)].	ttes agency, or is an officer or employee of the United States. Allowed

CV-01A (12/07)

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

I (a) PLAINTIFFS (Check box if you are representing yourself)	DEFENDANTS	
LAUREN CRIVIER, on behalf of herself and	THE HAIN CELESTIAL GROUP, INC., a	
all others similarly situated	Delaware Corporation, and DOES 1-10,	
•	inclusive	
(b) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address and Telephone Number. If you are representing	ng Attorneys (If Known)	
yourself, provide same.)		
Michael Louis Kelly (SBN 82063)	'	
Heather M. Peterson (SBN 261303) Kirtland & Packard LLP	kw / c kw /c / k	
2361 Rosecrans Avenue, Fourth Floor		
El Segundo, CA 90245	Migrophy Mage Date Date Table State Table	
(310) 536-1000		
II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (Place an X in one box only.)	CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES - For Diversity Cases Only	
	(Place an X in one box for plaintiff and one for defendant.) PTF DEF PFF DEF	
1 U.S. Government Plaintiff 3 Federal Question (U.S. Citiz	en of This State X 1 1 Incorporated or Principal Place 4 4	
Government Not a Party)	of Business in this State	
2 U.S. Government Defendant X 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship	en of Another State 2 2 Incorporated and Principal Place 5 X 5	
of Parties in Item III)	of Business in Another State	
	en or Subject of a 3 3 5 Foreign Nation 6 6	
La contraction of the contractio	neigh Country	
IV. ORIGIN (Place an X in one box only.) X 1 Original 2 Removed from 3 Remanded from 4 Reinstate	od or 5 Transferred from another district 5 6 Multi- 7 Appeal to District	
Proceeding State Court Appellate Court Reopene	d (specify): District Judge from	
	Litigation Magistrate Judge	
V. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT: JURY DEMAND: X Yes	No (Check 'Yes' only if demanded in complaint.)	
CLASS ACTION under F.R.C.P. 23: X Yes No	X MONEY DEMANDED IN COMPLAINT: \$ to be determined	
VI. CAUSE OF ACTION (Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing	g and write a brief statement of cause. Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity.)	
28 U.S.C. 1332(d)(2)(A) - Class Action Far advertising causing Plaintiff and the Clas	irness Act Diversity - false and misleading	
advertising causing Flaintill and the Clas	ss to parenase berendant s products.	
VII. NATURE OF SUIT (Place an X in one box only.)		
OTHER STATUTES CONTRACT TORT:		
400 State Reapportionment 110 Insurance PERSONAL IN	PROPERTY	
410 Antitrust 120 Marine 310 Airplane 315 Airplane 130 Miller Act 315 Airplane	510 Motions to Standards Act	
430 Banks and Banking 130 Miller Act 315 Airplane 450 Commerce/ICC 140 Negotiable Instrument Liability	371 Truth in Lending Habeas Corpus Relations	
Rates/etc.	Reporting &	
460 Deportation Overpayment & Slander 470 Racketeer Influenced Enforcement of 330 Fed. Em	ployers' 285 Property Demage 533 Death Penalty Disclosure Act	
and Corrupt Judgment Liability	Product Liability Other 740 Railway Labor Act	
Organizations 151 Medicare Act 340 Marine 152 Programmer Credit 345 Marine 153 Programmer Credit	Product BANKRUPTCY 530 CIVII Rights 790 Other Labor	
Liability	422 Appeal 28 USC 555 Prison Condition Litigation	
S10 Selective Service Veterans) 350 Motor V		
850 Securities/Commodities/ 153 Recovery of Product	chicle 423 Withdrawal 28 Security Act Liability USC 157 610 Agriculture PROPERTY RIGHTS	
Exchange Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits 360 Other Pe	rsonal CIVIL RIGHTS 620 Other Food & 820 Copyrights	
Injury		
USC 3410 100 Stockholders Suits 362 Personal	Injury- 441 Voting Drug 830 Patent 840 Trademark	
USC 3410 160 Stockholders Suits 362 Personal Med Ma	Injury- Ipractice 442 Employment 525 Drug Related Seizure of SOCIAL SECURITY	
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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA CIVIL COVER SHEET

` ,	S: Has this action l	peen previously filed in this	court and dismissed, remanded or closed? X No Yes
If yes, list case number(s):			
	Have any cases be	en previously filed in this co	ourt that are related to the present case? X No Yes
If yes, list case number(s):			
Civil cases are deemed related			
(Check all boxes that apply)		·	tted transactions, happenings, or events; or
			or substantially related or similar questions of law and fact; or
			stantial duplication of labor if heard by different judges; or
THE REPORTED ATTE		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	k or copyright, and one of the factors identified above in a, b or c also is present.
IX. VENUE: (When completing)	-		sheet if necessary.) State if other than California; or Foreign Country, in which EACH named plaintiff resides.
,			intiff. If this box is checked, go to item (b).
	ment, its ageneres	or employees is a named pla	
County in this District:* Crivier - Los A	\ngelec		California County outside of this District; State, if other than California; or Foreign Country
CIIVIEI - LOS F	aigeres		
processor		•	State if other than California; or Foreign Country, in which EACH named defendant resides. endant. If this box is checked, go to item (c).
County in this District:*			California County outside of this District; State, if other than California; or Foreign Country
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		inty outside of this District; if e location of the tract of la	State if other than California; or Foreign Country, in which EACH claim arose.
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CIIVICI B CIAI	ii - LOS AII	geres	
* Los Angeles, Orange, San Bo Note: In land condemnation case			a, or San Luis Obispo Counties
X. SIGNATURE OF ATTORN	EY (OR PRO PER	MAG RO	Date April 6,2012
		Michael Louis Heather M. Pe	s Kelly
or other papers as required by	y law. This form, ap	4) Civil Cover Sheet and the oproved by the Judicial Confe	information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings erence of the United States in September 1974, is required pursuant to Local Rule 3-1 is not filed initiating the civil docket sheet. (For more detailed instructions, see separate instructions sheet.)
Key to Statistical codes relating	to Social Security (Cases:	
Nature of Suit Code	Abbreviation	Substantive Statement o	f Cause of Action
861	HIA	All claims for health insurance benefits (Medicare) under Title 18, Part A, of the Social Security Act, as amended. Also, include claims by hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, etc., for certification as providers of services under the program. (42 U.S.C. 1935FF(b))	
862	BL	All claims for "Black Lung" benefits under Title 4, Part B, of the Federal Coal Mine Health and Safety Act of 1969. (30 U.S.C. 923)	
863	DIWC	All claims filed by insured workers for disability insurance benefits under Title 2 of the Social Security Act, as amended; plus all claims filed for child's insurance benefits based on disability. (42 U.S.C. 405(g))	
863	DIWW	All claims filed for widows or widowers insurance benefits based on disability under Title 2 of the Social Security Act, as amended. (42 U.S.C. 405(g))	
864	SSID	All claims for supplemental security income payments based upon disability filed under Title 16 of the Social Security Act, as amended.	
865	RSI	All claims for retirement (old age) and survivors benefits under Title 2 of the Social Security Act, as amended. (42 U.S.C. (g))	

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