BURSOR & FISHER, P.A. 1 L. Timothy Fisher (State Bar No. 191626) 2 Sarah N. Westcot (State Bar No. 264916) 1990 North California Boulevard, Suite 940 3 Walnut Creek, CA 94596 Telephone: (925) 300-4455 Facsimile: (925) 407-2700 4 E-Mail: ltfisher@bursor.com 5 swestcot@bursor.com 6 **BURSOR & FISHER, P.A.** Scott A. Bursor (State Bar No. 276006) 7 369 Lexington Avenue, 10th Floor New York, NY 10017 8 Telephone: (212) 989-9113 Facsimile: (212) 989-9163 9 E-Mail: scott@bursor.com 10 Attorneys for Plaintiff 11 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 12 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 13 14 C12-4591 TIMOTHY SMITH, individually and on behalf 15 of all others similarly situated. 16 Plaintiff. 17 v. 18 CABOT CREAMERY COOPERATIVE, INC. and AGRI-MARK, INC., 19 Defendants. 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

AUG 3 1 2012 RICHARD W. WIEKING CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA OAKLAND

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CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED



Plaintiff Timothy Smith brings this action on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated against Defendants Cabot Creamery Cooperative, Inc. ("Cabot") and Agri-Mark, Inc. ("Agri-Mark") (collectively, "Defendants"). Plaintiff makes the following allegations pursuant to the investigation of his counsel and based upon information and belief, except as to the allegations specifically pertaining to himself, which are based on personal knowledge.

NATURE OF ACTION

- 1. This is a class action lawsuit on behalf of purchasers of Cabot Plain Greek-Style Yogurt, Lowfat Plain Greek-Style Yogurt, Lowfat Blueberry Greek-Style Yogurt, Lowfat Vanilla Bean Greek-Style Yogurt, Lowfat Strawberry Greek-Style Yogurt, Lowfat Black Cherry Greek-Style Yogurt, and Lowfat Peach Greek-Style Yogurt (collectively, "Cabot Greek-Style Yogurt" or "Cabot Greek"), which contain Whey Protein Concentrate ("WPC") and Milk Protein Concentrate ("MPC"). WPCs and MPCs are not Generally Recognized As Safe, and the FDA has specifically banned them from use as ingredients in yogurt. Because Cabot Greek contains these banned additives, as a matter of federal law it is <u>not</u> yogurt. It is adulterated, and it cannot legally be sold in the United States.
- 2. The manufacture of Greek yogurt is relatively expensive. It is created from straining the solids after the fermentation of milk, while regular yogurt keeps both the solids and the liquid. It takes one gallon of milk to produce a gallon of regular yogurt; but it takes four gallons of milk to produce one gallon of Greek yogurt. The result is a thick, protein-packed yogurt with a consistency like sour cream. Greek yogurt has nutritional advantages, as it is higher in protein and lower in sugar than regular yogurt.
- 3. But Cabot Greek is different, because it is not made the way Greek yogurt is supposed to be made. Instead of filtering out excess liquids, Defendants thicken Cabot Greek by adding WPCs and MPCs as filler materials. This results in a thicker product that appears to be Greek yogurt, but in fact is not yogurt at all.
- 4. Just as the mineral pyrite resembles gold, Cabot Greek resembles Greek yogurt. But fool's gold is not gold. And Cabot Greek is not yogurt.

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5. Nevertheless, Defendants sell Cabot Greek as authentic Greek yogurt. Doing so
enables them to charge a substantial price premium. Just as real gold commands a price premiu
over fool's gold, authentic Greek yogurt commands a higher price in the marketplace than regul
yogurt. The price of Greek yogurt is usually double the price of regular yogurt. But the price
premium for Cabot Greek is even larger, because Cabot Greek has no value whatsoever. Becau
the product is adulterated, it cannot legally be sold at any price. It is worthless.

6. Plaintiff Timothy Smith is a purchaser of Cabot Greek who thought he was buying authentic Greek yogurt. He had no idea that he was sold an illegal, adulterated product that was not, in fact, yogurt. He asserts claims on behalf of himself and a nationwide class of purchasers of Cabot Greek, for breach of express warranty, breach of the implied warranty of merchantability, breach of the implied warranty of fitness for a particular purpose, unjust enrichment, violation of the California Consumer Legal Remedies Act ("CLRA"), violation of the California Unfair Competition Law ("UCL"), violation of the California False Advertising Law ("FAL"), negligent misrepresentation, and fraud.

PARTIES

- 7. Plaintiff Timothy Smith is a citizen of California who resides in Berkeley, California.
- 8. Defendant Cabot Creamery Cooperative, Inc. ("Cabot") is a Michigan corporation with its principal place of business in Montpelier, Vermont. Since 1919, Cabot manufactures and sells a variety of consumer dairy products, including cheddar cheese, Colby Jack cheese, cottage cheese, sour cream, whipped cream, butter, and Greek yogurt. In 1992, Defendant Agri-Mark acquired Cabot in a merger, which it now operates as a wholly-owned subsidiary. In 2011, Cabot had annual sales of \$450 million.
- Defendant Agri-Mark, Inc. ("Agri-Mark") is a Delaware corporation with its 9. principal place of business in Methuen, Massachusetts. Agri-Mark is a commercial distributor of whey protein concentrate, which it manufactures from its factory in Middlebury, Massachusetts. In 1992, Agri-Mark acquired Defendant Cabot in a merger, which it now operates as a wholly-owned subsidiary. In 2011, Agri-Mark and its subsidiaries had annual sales of \$900 million.

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alleged.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

Mark acted in concert, with the knowledge and approval of the other Defendant and/or as the agent

of the other Defendant within the course and scope of the agency, regarding the acts and omissions

At all times relevant to the allegations in this matter, Defendants Cabot and Agri-

- 11. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1331. This Court has supplemental jurisdiction over state law claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367.
- 12. This Court also has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(2)(A) because this case is a class action where the aggregate claims of all members of the proposed class are in excess of \$5,000,000.00, exclusive of interest and costs, and Plaintiff, as well as most members of the proposed class, are citizens of states different from the states of at least one of the Defendants. In 2006, annual sales of Greek yogurt in the U.S. were roughly \$60 million, accounting for only 0.7% of the domestic yogurt market. By 2011, U.S. sales of Greek yogurt had increased to \$1.5 billion a year, accounting for nearly 20% of the yogurt market. This means "that in just half a decade, one of the worst economic periods of the 20th century, sales of Greek yogurt grew 2500%." *Greek Yogurt Sales Rise 2500% in Just Five Years*, HUFFINGTON POST, Aug. 23, 2011, http://www.huffingtonpost.com/2011/08/23/greek-yogurt-sales_n_933986.html; *see also* Derek Thompson, *How Did Greek Yogurt Get So Popular?*, THE ATLANTIC, Aug. 23, 2011, http://www.theatlantic.com/business/archive/2011/08/how-did-greek-yogurt-get-so-popular/244025/. Sales of Cabot Greek comprised a substantial fraction of these sales.
- 13. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391, this Court is the proper venue for this action because a substantial part of the events, omissions and acts giving rise to the claims herein occurred in this District. Plaintiff Smith is a citizen of California, resides in this District, and purchased Cabot Greek from Defendants in this District. Moreover, Defendants distributed, advertised, and sold Cabot Greek, which is the subject of the present complaint, in this District.

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FACTS COMMON TO ALL CAUSES OF ACTION

How Regular Yogurt Is Made

- 14. Yogurt is a dairy product that is produced by the fermentation of milk. When certain types of food-grade bacteria are added to milk, they ferment the milk's lactose (milk sugar) to produce lactic acid. The lactic acid acidifies the milk, which causes it to coagulate and thicken. This acidity gives yogurt its tangy flavor. Yogurt has a longer shelf life than milk, as it is inhospitable to destructive bacteria.
- 15. Humans have consumed yogurt for thousands of years. Anthropologists and historians believe yogurt originated in Central Asia during the Neolithic age, probably around 5,000 B.C. in Mesopotamia. In this period, milk was stored in bags made from the stomach lining of domesticated animals, where naturally-occurring bacteria and digestive fluids resulted in fermentation. The oldest confirmed writing of yogurt dates to the First Century, when Pliny the Elder of Rome wrote that the "barbarous nations" understood "how to thicken milk and form therefrom an acrid kind of milk with a pleasant flavour." In the Eleventh and Twelfth Centuries, Genghis Khan sustained his armies on yogurt rations. More recently, yogurt was popularized in the United States in the 1950's and 1960's, where health-conscious consumers learned of its nutritional benefits.
- 16. Yogurt manufacturing today is simple and standardized. First, the milk's fat content is reduced. Second, the milk is heated and homogenized. This process pasteurizes the milk to remove harmful bacteria, and denatures the protein to prevent the creation of clumps (curds). Third, the milk is cooled to 109.4 to 114.8°F and food-grade bacterial cultures are added, typically Lactobacillus delbrueckii subsp. bulgaricus or Streptococcus salivarius subsp. thermophilus. Fourth, the temperature is maintained for three to four hours, and fermentation occurs. The bacteria consume lactose and produce lactic acid, which thickens and acidifies the milk. Finally, when the desired pH is achieved, the product is ready for packaging.

How Greek Yogurt Is Made

17. Greek yogurt is thicker than standard yogurt, with a consistency similar to sour cream.

- 18. To create Greek yogurt, manufacturers use filters to remove the whey, which is the liquid byproduct of yogurt and cheese manufacturing. Basically, regular yogurt keeps both the solid and liquid portions, while Greek yogurt keeps only the solid. Greek yogurt is higher in protein and lower in sugar than regular yogurt because the whey is removed.
- 19. Unfortunately, Cabot and Agri-Mark took a shortcut. Instead of making Greek yogurt by traditional methods, Cabot Greek is made with thickeners. Defendants added these cheap "filler" materials to avoid the expense of making real Greek yogurt.

Defendants Represent That Cabot Greek Is "Greek-Style YOGURT," But They Add Prohibited Ingredients To Cut Costs

<u>Defendants Represent That Cabot Greek Is Greek Yogurt</u>

20. Defendants represent that Cabot Greek is "Greek-Style YOGURT." This representation appears on the front of the package and on the top of the lid:



- 21. Additionally, the title of the product (*i.e.*, "Cabot Greek") leads a reasonable consumer to believe that the product is, in fact, Greek yogurt.
- 22. Furthermore, the package contains the familiar image of a Grecian laurel wreath surrounding the Cabot logo. This laurel wreath does not appear on Cabot's other products. The

laurel wreath is a staple of Grecian art and history. For example, laurel wreaths were awarded in ancient Greece to victors in poetic meets and athletic competitions, including the ancient Olympics (this is the origin of the phrase "to rest on one's laurels"). Defendants intended the inclusion of a Grecian laurel wreath to represent that Cabot Greek is, in fact, authentic Greek yogurt.

23. Cabot's website represents that Cabot Greek is Greek yogurt. For example, to learn about Cabot Greek, visitors must click a hyperlink entitled "Quality Products," then click another link entitled "Greek Yogurt." *See* Exhibit A.

<u>Defendants Add Whey Protein Concentrate And Milk Protein Concentrate To Thicken</u>

<u>Cabot Greek, Thereby Reducing The Costs Of Production</u>

24. An examination of Cabot Greek's ingredients reveals that Defendants add Whey Protein Concentrate ("WPC") and Milk Protein Concentrate ("MPC") to their yogurt:

Nutrition Facts

Serving Size 1 Cup (226g) Servings Per Container 4

Amount Per Serving	
Calories 290	Calories from Fat 210
	% Daily Value
Total Fat 23g	36%
Saturated Fat 15g	73%
Polyunsaturated Fat g	
Trans Fat 1g	
Cholesterol 75mg	26%
Sodium 105mg	4%
Total Carbohydrate 12g	3 4%
Dietary Fiber 0g	
Sugars 7g	
Protein 18g	
Vitamin A 25%	Vitamin C 25%
Vitamin D 25%	Vitamin E 25%
Calcium 30%	Iron 4%

Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet.

Your daily values may be higher or lower depending on your calorie needs.

Ingredients

Pasteurized milk, cream, whey protein concentrate, milk protein concentrate, live active yogurt cultures (L. bulgaricus and S. thermophilus), Vitamins A,C,D,E.

- 25. Defendants add WPCs and MPCs to all seven varieties of their Greek yogurt: Plain Greek-Style Yogurt, Lowfat Plain Greek-Style Yogurt, Lowfat Blueberry Greek-Style Yogurt, Lowfat Vanilla Bean Greek-Style Yogurt, Lowfat Strawberry Greek-Style Yogurt, Lowfat Black Cherry Greek-Style Yogurt, and Lowfat Peach Greek-Style Yogurt. *See* Exhibit A.
- 26. WPCs and MPCs are typically created as a byproduct of cheese manufacturing. After separating the curds from the whey following fermentation, the resulting liquid was historically discarded. In modern times, the liquid whey is passed through an extremely fine filter. The filter strains water, minerals, and other organic materials but retains milk proteins, which are too large to pass through. Any remaining liquid is fully evaporated from these proteins. The resulting product is a mostly flavorless protein powder.
- 27. This resulting powder is called Whey Protein Concentrate if it primarily contains whey proteins. It is called Milk Protein Concentrate if it contains whey protein and casein proteins in the same proportion as it appears in cow's milk (about 20% and 80%, respectively). However, MPCs and WPCs are not necessarily made from cow's milk. Manufacturers may need to add extra casein protein to arrive at the correct proportions.
- 28. MPCs and WPCs are often imported from foreign countries, including the Ukraine, India, China, Argentina, China, Poland, Australia, and New Zealand. Many of these countries have lower food standards than the U.S.
- 29. MPCs and WPCs are inexpensive. It is cheaper to add WPCs and MPCs to thicken yogurt, than it is to use more milk.
- 30. WPCs and MPCs are filler material. Instead of fully straining Cabot Greek to arrive at authentic Greek yogurt, Defendants simply add WPCs and MPCs to thicken their product and increase the protein content.
- 31. Defendants' conduct is not industry standard. The majority of yogurt brands in the U.S. do not add WPCs and MPCs.
- 32. Defendants intentionally added WPCs and MPCs to shortchange consumers, and each Defendant knowingly and intentionally committed the acts alleged herein. First, as discussed above, it is *not necessary* to add WPCs and MPCs to yogurt. Most domestic manufacturers do not

add these ingredients, and there is no plausible reason why these ingredients are needed to make Greek yogurt. Second, Defendant Agri-Mark is a commercial manufacturer and distributor of WPCs, which it manufactures from its factory in Middlebury, Massachusetts. Defendant Agri-Mark warns purchasers on its site that, "Purchaser is solely responsible for ensuring that product supplied is in conformity with all relevant food legislation and should determine whether suggested data, formulations or procedures are suitable for their own purposes." Agri-Mark Whey Protein Concentrate 80, AGRI-MARK.COM, http://www.agrimarkwheyproteins.com/WPC.php (emphasis added) (attached hereto as Exhibit B). Based on information and belief, Defendant Agri-Mark includes this disclaimer because it is aware that adding WPCs to dairy products is prohibited by FDA regulations and federal law.

- 33. By adding WPCs and MPCs to their yogurt, Defendants deprive consumers of the benefit of their bargain. When consumers purchase Cabot Greek, they expect Greek yogurt. But they do not get Greek yogurt. They get a product that contains filler material, violates federal law, violates FDA regulations, and is not legal to sell in the U.S.
- 34. Furthermore, consumers are damaged by paying a price premium for supposedly Greek yogurt. The amount of the price premium can be reasonably quantified by an appropriate market study of the prices for comparable dairy products, or through a contingent valuation study, or through other means regularly employed by economic and valuation experts.

Cabot Greek Is Misbranded Because Adding WPCs And MPCs Violates The FDA's "Standard Of Identity" For Yogurt

The FDCA And FDA Standards Of Identity

- 35. The Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act ("FDCA") gives the FDA authority to regulate food products. Where "such action will promote honesty and fair dealing in the interest of consumers," the FDA may "promulgate regulations fixing and establishing for any food, under its common or usual name so far as practicable, a reasonable definition and standard of identity." 21 U.S.C. § 341.
- 36. The FDA's Standards of Identity define a category of foods, and specifies which ingredients may be used. The FDA has promulgated roughly 300 Standards of Identity in 20

categories of food. *See generally* 21 C.F.R. §§ 130-69. This includes all types of dairy products, bakery products, frozen desserts, cereal flours, macaroni products, fruit pies, eggs, and margarine. *Id.*

Any food that fails to comply with the Standards of Identity is "misbranded" under the FDCA. *See* 21 U.S.C. § 343 (g) (specifying that if a standard of identity exists, a food is "misbranded" unless "(1) it conforms to such definition and standard, and (2) its label bears the name of the food specified in the definition and standard"). Furthermore, food is misbranded under the FDCA if "its labeling is false or misleading in any particular." 21 U.S.C. § 343(a).

The FDA's Standard Of Identity For Yogurt Is An Exhaustive List Of Ingredients Permitted

In Yogurt

- 38. In 1981, the FDA promulgated Standards of Identity for yogurt, lowfat yogurt, and nonfat yogurt. 21 C.F.R. §§ 131.200, 131.203, 131.206. They became effective on July 1, 1983. 46 Fed. Reg. 9924; 47 Fed. Reg. 41519.
- 39. The Standards of Identity for yogurt, lowfat yogurt, and nonfat yogurt are similar. They specify that, "Yogurt is the food produced by culturing one or more of the optional dairy ingredients specified in paragraph (c) of this section with a characterizing bacterial culture that contains the lactic acid-producing bacteria, *Lactobacillus bulgaricus* and *Streptococcus thermophilus*. One or more of the other optional ingredients specified in paragraphs (b) and (d) of this section may also be added. When one or more of the ingredients specified in paragraph (d)(1) of this section are used, they shall be included in the culturing process. All ingredients used [must be] safe and suitable." 21 C.F.R. § 131.200(a).
- 40. The "optional dairy ingredients" that may be cultured under paragraph (c) are, "Cream, milk, partially skimmed milk, or skim milk, used alone or in combination." 21 C.F.R. § 131.200(c). Paragraph (b) permits the addition of vitamin A and D. Paragraph (d) permits the addition of a number of assorted ingredients, including, "(1) Concentrated skim milk, nonfat dry milk, buttermilk, whey, lactose, lactalbumins, lactoglobulins, or whey modified by partial or complete removal of lactose and/or minerals.... (2) Nutritive carbohydrate sweeteners. Sugar (sucrose), beet or cane; invert sugar (in paste or sirup form); brown sugar; refiner's sirup; molasses

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(other than blackstrap); high fructose corn sirup; fructose; fructose sirup; maltose; maltose sirup, dried maltose sirup; malt extract, dried malt extract; malt sirup, dried malt sirup; honey; maple sugar.... (3) Flavoring ingredients. (4) Color additives. (5) Stabilizers." 21 C.F.R. § 131.200(d).

41. In totality, the Standard of Identity for yogurt is an *exclusive list* of ingredients that may be added to yogurt. If "yogurt" contains any ingredient not on that list, as a matter of federal law it is <u>not</u> yogurt, and it is misbranded. 21 C.F.R. §§ 131.200, 131. 203, 131.206; 21 U.S.C. § 343 (a), (g).

The FDA's Standard Of Identity For Yogurt Prohibits The Addition Of WPCs And MPCs

The FDA has specifically banned the use of WPCs and MPCs in yogurt. See 74

- 42. The FDA's Standard of Identity for yogurt does not list WPCs or MPCs in the list of permitted ingredients. In fact, both are specifically prohibited.
- Fed. Reg. 2443, 2452-53 (2009) ("[T]he current standard makes no allowance for the use of whey protein concentrate as a basic ingredient in yogurt."); *see also* Dec. 18, 2002 FDA Warning Letter to Kraft Foods North America Inc., http://www.fda.gov/ICECI/EnforcementActions/WarningLetters/2002/ucm145363.htm (accessed July 30, 2012) ("The use of milk protein concentrate in these products constitutes a violation of Section 403(g)(1) of the Act because the products are represented as foods for which standards of identity have been prescribed by regulation and the use of milk protein concentrate in these products does not conform to the standards.").

Cabot Greek Is Adulterated Because WPCs and MPCs Are Not "Generally Recognized As Safe" By The FDA

- 44. Under the FDCA, food additives must be Generally Recognized As Safe ("GRAS") by the FDA.
- 45. If the FDA has not made a GRAS determination, manufacturers may use the additive if and only if they conduct an internal self-determination and submit their evidence to the FDA, including the manufacturer's own scientific evidence.
- 46. Any food containing an additive that has not followed these producers is adulterated under the FDCA, which defines food additives as "all substances ... the intended use of which

results or may reasonably be expected to result ... in their becoming a component or food otherwise affecting the characteristic of food." 21 U.S.C. § 321(s).

- 47. WPCs and MPCs do not have GRAS status. Neither is found in the FDA's Database of Select Committee on GRAS Substances (SCOGS) Reviews.
- 48. Because MPCs do not appear in the FDA's GRAS Notice Inventory, no manufacturer has conducted an internal self-determination of MPCs, nor has the FDA ever received a manufacturer's self-determination. Furthermore, MPCs do not appear in the FDA's larger list of food additives, Everything Added to Food in the United States ("EAFUS").
- 49. Because Cabot Greek contains unapproved additives, it is adulterated. It violates the FDCA and applicable regulations thereunder.

Timothy Smith's Purchase Of Cabot Greek

- 50. Plaintiff Timothy Smith purchased Cabot Greek-Style Yogurt in 2012 from local supermarkets near his home in Berkeley, California. Cabot Greek's label identifies the product as "Greek-Style YOGURT" in two places: on the front of the package and on the top of the lid. Plaintiff Smith read and understood these representations and believed he was purchasing (i) yogurt (ii) that was in fact Greek yogurt, (iii) that was not adulterated, and (iv) that was legal for sale in the United States.
- 51. Mr. Smith relied on these representations and warranties in deciding whether to purchase Cabot Greek, and these representations and warranties were part of the basis of the bargain, in that he would not have purchased Cabot Greek if he had known that any of the these representations were false.
- 52. Mr. Smith also understood that in making the sale, the retailer was acting with the knowledge and approval of Defendants and/or as the agent of Defendants. He understood that the purchase involved a direct transaction between himself and Defendants, because Cabot Greek's packaging contains promises and representations by Defendants regarding the nature and quality of the product.
- 53. Mr. Smith purchased a misbranded product that is not legal to sell in the United States. He also paid a price premium due to Cabot Greek's purported status as a Greek yogurt

product, as well as its purported status as a lowfat yogurt product. The amount of the price premium can be reasonably quantified by an appropriate market study of the prices for comparable dairy products, or through a contingent valuation study, or through other means regularly employed by economic and valuation experts.

CLASS REPRESENTATION ALLEGATIONS

- 54. Plaintiff seeks to represent a class defined as all persons in the United States who purchased Cabot Greek (the "Class"). Excluded from the Class are persons who made such purchase for purpose of resale.
- 55. Plaintiff also seeks to represent a subclass of all Class members who purchased Cabot Greek in California (the "California Subclass").
- 56. Members of the Class and Subclass are so numerous that their individual joinder herein is impracticable. On information and belief, members of the Class and Subclass number in the hundreds of thousands. The precise number of Class members and their identities are unknown to Plaintiff at this time but may be determined through discovery. Class members may be notified of the pendency of this action by mail and/or publication through the distribution records of Defendants and third party retailers and vendors.
- 57. Common questions of law and fact exist as to all Class members and predominate over questions affecting only individual Class members. Common legal and factual questions include, but are not limited to whether Defendants warranted that Cabot Greek (i) was yogurt, (ii) was in fact Greek yogurt, (iii) was not adulterated, and (iv) was legal for sale in the United States; whether Defendants breached those warranties; and whether defendants committed statutory and common law fraud by doing so.
- 58. The claims of the named Plaintiff are typical of the claims of the Class in that the named Plaintiff purchased Cabot Greek in reliance on the representations and warranties described above, and suffered a loss as a result of that purchase.
- 59. Plaintiff is an adequate representative of the Class and Subclass because his interests do not conflict with the interests of the Class members he seeks to represent, he has retained competent counsel experienced in prosecuting class actions, and he intends to prosecute this action

vigorously. The interests of Class members will be fairly and adequately protected by Plaintiff and his counsel.

60. The class mechanism is superior to other available means for the fair and efficient adjudication of the claims of Class and Subclass members. Each individual Class member may lack the resources to undergo the burden and expense of individual prosecution of the complex and extensive litigation necessary to establish Defendants' liability. Individualized litigation increases the delay and expense to all parties and multiplies the burden on the judicial system presented by the complex legal and factual issues of this case. Individualized litigation also presents a potential for inconsistent or contradictory judgments. In contrast, the class action device presents far fewer management difficulties and provides the benefits of single adjudication, economy of scale, and comprehensive supervision by a single court on the issue of Defendants' liability. Class treatment of the liability issues will ensure that all claims and claimants are before this Court for consistent adjudication of the liability issues.

COUNT I

Breach Of Express Warranty

- 61. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference the allegations contained in all preceding paragraphs of this complaint.
- 62. Plaintiff brings this claim individually and on behalf of the members of the proposed Class against all Defendants.
- 63. Defendants, as the designer, manufacturer, marketers, distributors, and/or sellers expressly warranted that Cabot Greek was fit for its intended purpose by representing that Cabot Greek (i) was yogurt, (ii) was in fact Greek yogurt, (iii) was not adulterated, and (iv) was legal for sale in the United States.
- 64. In fact, Cabot Greek is not fit for such purposes because each of these express warranties is false. Particularly, Cabot Greek (i) is not yogurt, (ii) is not Greek yogurt, (iii) is adulterated, and (iv) is illegal for sale in the United States.
- 65. As a direct and proximate cause of Defendants' breach of express warranty, Plaintiff and Class members have been injured and harmed because: (a) they would not have purchased

Cabot Greek on the same terms if the true facts were known concerning its manufacturing, ingredients, status as a yogurt product, and failure to comply with FDA regulations; (b) they paid a price premium for Cabot Greek due to its supposed status as "Greek-Style YOGURT;" and (c) Cabot Greek did not have the quality, functionality, or value as promised.

on Defendant Cabot which complies in all respects with Cal. Com. Code § 2607. Plaintiff Smith sent Cabot a letter via certified mail, return receipt requested, advising Cabot that it was in violation of California warranty law and must correct, repair, replace or otherwise rectify the goods alleged to be in violation. A true and correct copy of Plaintiff Smith's letter is attached hereto as Exhibit C.

COUNT II

Breach Of Implied Warranty Of Merchantability

- 67. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference the allegations contained in all preceding paragraphs of this complaint.
- 68. Plaintiff brings this claim individually and on behalf of the members of the proposed Class against all Defendants.
- 69. Defendants as the designer, manufacturer, marketers, distributors, and/or sellers impliedly warranted that Cabot Greek was fit for its intended purpose in that it (i) was yogurt, (ii) was in fact Greek yogurt, (iii) was not adulterated, and (iv) was legal for sale in the United States.
- 70. Defendants breached the warranty implied in the contract for the sale of Cabot Greek because it could not pass without objection in the trade under the contract description, the goods were not of fair average quality within the description, and the goods were unfit for their intended and ordinary purpose because Cabot Greek (i) is not yogurt, (ii) is not Greek yogurt, (iii) is adulterated, and (iv) is illegal for sale in the United States. As a result, Plaintiff and Class members did not receive the goods as impliedly warranted by Defendants to be merchantable.
- 71. In reliance upon Defendants' skill and judgment and the implied warranties of fitness for the purpose, Plaintiff and Class members purchased Cabot Greek as a Greek-style yogurt.

- 72. Cabot Greek was not altered by Plaintiff or Class members.
- 73. Cabot Greek was defective when it left the exclusive control of Defendants.
- 74. Defendants knew that Cabot Greek would be purchased and used without additional testing by Plaintiff and Class members.
- 75. Cabot Greek was defectively designed and unfit for its intended purpose, and Plaintiff and Class members did not receive the goods as warranted.
- 76. As a direct and proximate cause of Defendants' breach of the implied warranty, Plaintiff and Class members have been injured and harmed because: (a) they would not have purchased Cabot Greek on the same terms if the true facts were known concerning its manufacturing, ingredients, status as a yogurt product, and failure to comply with FDA regulations; (b) they paid a price premium for Cabot Greek due to its supposed status as "Greek-Style YOGURT;" and (c) Cabot Greek did not have the quality, functionality, or value as promised.

COUNT III

Breach Of Implied Warranty Of Fitness For A Particular Purpose

- 77. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference the allegations contained in all preceding paragraphs of this complaint.
- 78. Plaintiff brings this claim individually and on behalf of the members of the proposed Class against all Defendants.
- 79. Defendants marketed, distributed, and/or sold Cabot Greek with implied warranties that it was fit for its intended purposes in that it (i) was yogurt, (ii) was in fact Greek yogurt, (iii) was not adulterated, and (iv) was legal for sale in the United States. At the time that Cabot Greek was sold, Defendants knew or had reason to know that Plaintiff and Class members were relying on Defendants' skill and judgment to select or furnish a product that was suitable for sale as Greek yogurt.
- 80. In reliance upon Defendants' implied warranties, Plaintiff and Class members purchased Cabot Greek because they believed that it was Greek yogurt.
 - 81. Cabot Greek was not altered by Plaintiff or Class members.

82. As a direct and proximate cause of Defendants' breach of the implied warranty,
Plaintiff and Class members have been injured and harmed because: (a) they would not have
purchased Cabot Greek on the same terms if the true facts were known concerning its
manufacturing, ingredients, status as a yogurt product, and failure to comply with FDA regulations;
(b) they paid a price premium for Cabot Greek due to its supposed status as "Greek-Style
YOGURT;" and (c) Cabot Greek did not have the quality, functionality, or value as promised.

COUNT IV

Unjust Enrichment

- 83. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference the allegations contained in all preceding paragraphs of this complaint.
- 84. Plaintiff brings this claim individually and on behalf of the members of the proposed Class against all Defendants.
- 85. Plaintiff and Class members conferred benefits on Defendants by purchasing Cabot Greek.
- 86. Defendants have been unjustly enriched in retaining the revenues derived from Plaintiff and Class members' purchases of Cabot Greek. Retention of those moneys under these circumstances is unjust and inequitable because Defendants misrepresented that Cabot Greek was "Greek-Style YOGURT," which caused injuries to Plaintiff and Class members because they would not have purchased Cabot Greek if the true facts were known.
- 87. Because Defendants' retention of the non-gratuitous benefits conferred on them by Plaintiff and Class members is unjust and inequitable, Defendants must pay restitution to Plaintiff and Class members for their unjust enrichment, as ordered by the Court.

COUNT V

Violation Of California's Consumers Legal Remedies Act ("CLRA"), California Civil Code §§ 1750, et seq.

(Injunctive Relief Only)

88. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference the allegations contained in all preceding paragraphs of this complaint.

- 89. Plaintiff brings this claim individually and on behalf of the members of the proposed California Subclass against all Defendants.
- 90. CLRA § 1770(a)(2) prohibits "[m]isrepresenting the source, sponsorship, approval, or certification of goods or services."
- 91. CLRA § 1770(a)(5) prohibits "[r]epresenting that goods or services have sponsorship, approval, characteristics, ingredients, uses, benefits, or quantities which they do not have or that a person has a sponsorship, approval, status, affiliation, or connection which he or she does not have."
- 92. CLRA § 1770(a)(7) prohibits "[r]epresenting that goods or services are of a particular standard, quality, or grade, or that goods are of a particular style or model, if they are of another."
- 93. CLRA § 1770(a)(9) prohibits "advertising goods or services with intent not to sell them as advertised."
- 94. Defendants violated each of these provisions by misrepresenting that Cabot Greek (i) was yogurt, (ii) was in fact Greek yogurt, (iii) was not adulterated, and (iv) was legal for sale in the United States.
- 95. Plaintiff and the California Subclass suffered injuries caused by Defendants because: (a) they would not have purchased Cabot Greek on the same terms if the true facts were known concerning its manufacturing, ingredients, status as a yogurt product, and failure to comply with FDA regulations; (b) they paid a price premium for Cabot Greek due to its supposed status as "Greek-Style YOGURT;" and (c) Cabot Greek did not have the quality, functionality, or value as promised.
- 96. On or about August 30, 2012, prior to filing this action, a CLRA notice letter was served on Defendants which complies in all respects with California Civil Code § 1782(a). Plaintiff Smith sent Cabot a letter via certified mail, return receipt requested, advising Cabot that it is in violation of the CLRA and demanding that it cease and desist from such violations and make full restitution by refunding the monies received therefrom. A true and correct copy of Plaintiff Smith's letter is attached hereto as Exhibit C.

97. Wherefore, Plaintiff presently seeks only injunctive relief for these violations of the CLRA. However, in the event that the requested relief is not provided, Plaintiff will amend this Complaint to include a request for monetary damages pursuant to the timeframe set forth in the CLRA.

COUNT VI

Violation Of California's Unfair Competition Law ("UCL"),

California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200, et seq.

- 98. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference the allegations contained in all preceding paragraphs of this complaint.
- 99. Plaintiff brings this claim individually and on behalf of the members of the proposed California Subclass against all Defendants.
- 100. Defendants are subject to the Unfair Competition Law ("UCL"), Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17200 et seq. The UCL provides, in pertinent part: "Unfair competition shall mean and include unlawful, unfair or fraudulent business practices and unfair, deceptive, untrue or misleading advertising"
- 101. Defendants' misrepresentations and other conduct, described herein, violated the "unlawful" prong of the UCL by violating the CLRA as described herein; the FAL as described herein; and Cal. Com. Code § 2607.
- 102. Defendants' misrepresentations and other conduct, described herein, violated the "unfair" prong of the UCL in that their conduct is substantially injurious to consumers, offends public policy, and is immoral, unethical, oppressive and unscrupulous as the gravity of the conduct outweighs any alleged benefits.
- 103. Defendants' conduct, described herein, violated the "fraudulent" prong of the UCL by making misrepresentations about Cabot Greek.
- 104. Plaintiff and the California Subclass lost money or property as a result of Defendants' UCL violations because: (a) they would not have purchased Cabot Greek on the same terms if the true facts were known concerning its manufacturing, ingredients, status as a yogurt product, and failure to comply with FDA regulations; (b) they paid a price premium for Cabot

Greek due to its supposed status as "Greek-Style YOGURT;" and (c) Cabot Greek did not have the quality, functionality, or value as promised.

COUNT VII

Violation Of California's False Advertising Law ("FAL"),

Calif. Business & Professions Code §§17500, et seq.

- 105. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference the allegations contained in all preceding paragraphs of this complaint.
- 106. Plaintiff brings this claim individually and on behalf of the members of the proposed California Subclass against all Defendants.
- 107. California's False Advertising Law, Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17500, et seq., makes it "unlawful for any person to make or disseminate or cause to be made or disseminated before the public in this state, ... in any advertising device ... or in any other manner or means whatever, including over the Internet, any statement, concerning ... personal property or services, professional or otherwise, or performance or disposition thereof, which is untrue or misleading and which is known, or which by the exercise of reasonable care should be known, to be untrue or misleading."
- 108. Defendants committed acts of false advertising, as defined by §17500, by misrepresenting that Cabot Greek (i) was yogurt, (ii) was in fact Greek yogurt, (iii) was not adulterated, and (iv) was legal for sale in the United States.
- 109. Defendants knew or should have known, through the exercise of reasonable care that their representations about Cabot Greek were untrue and misleading.
- 110. Defendants' actions in violation of § 17500 were false and misleading such that the general public is and was likely to be deceived.
- 111. Plaintiff the California Subclass lost money or property as a result of Defendants' FAL violations because: (a) they would not have purchased Cabot Greek on the same terms if the true facts were known concerning its manufacturing, ingredients, status as a yogurt product, and failure to comply with FDA regulations; (b) they paid a price premium for Cabot Greek due to its supposed status as "Greek-Style YOGURT;" and (c) Cabot Greek did not have the quality, functionality, or value as promised.

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COUNT VIII

Negligent Misrepresentation

- 112. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference the allegations contained in all preceding paragraphs of this complaint.
- 113. Plaintiff brings this claim individually and on behalf of the members of the proposed Class against all Defendants.
- 114. As discussed above, Defendants represented that Cabot Greek was "Greek-Style YOGURT" but failed to disclose that it (i) is not yogurt, (ii) is not Greek yogurt, (iii) is adulterated, and (iv) is illegal for sale in the United States. Defendants had a duty to disclose this information.
- 115. At the time Defendants made these representations, Defendants knew or should have known that these representations were false or made them without knowledge of their truth or veracity.
- 116. At an absolute minimum, Defendants negligently misrepresented and/or negligently omitted material facts about Cabot Greek.
- 117. The negligent misrepresentations and omissions made by Defendants, upon which Plaintiff and Class members reasonably and justifiably relied, were intended to induce and actually induced Plaintiff and Class members to purchase Cabot Greek.
- 118. Plaintiff and Class members would not have purchased Cabot Greek if the true facts had been known.
- 119. The negligent actions of Defendants caused damage to Plaintiff and Class members, who are entitled to damages and other legal and equitable relief as a result.

COUNT IX

Fraud

- 120. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference the allegations contained in all preceding paragraphs of this complaint.
- 121. Plaintiff brings this claim individually and on behalf of the members of the proposed Class against all Defendants.

- 122. As discussed above, Defendants provided Plaintiff and Class members with false or misleading material information and failed to disclose material facts about Cabot Greek, including but not limited to the fact that it (i) is not yogurt, (ii) is not Greek yogurt, (iii) is adulterated, and (iv) is illegal for sale in the United States. These misrepresentations and omissions were made with knowledge of their falsehood.
- 123. The misrepresentations and omissions made by Defendants, upon which Plaintiff and Class members reasonably and justifiably relied, were intended to induce and actually induced Plaintiff and Class members to purchase Cabot Greek.
- 124. The fraudulent actions of Defendants caused damage to Plaintiff and Class members, who are entitled to damages and other legal and equitable relief as a result.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, seeks judgment against Defendants, as follows:

- a. For an order certifying the nationwide Class and the Subclass under Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and naming Plaintiff as representative of the Class and Subclass and Plaintiff's attorneys as Class Counsel to represent the Class and Subclass members;
- b. For an order declaring the Defendants' conduct violates the statutes referenced herein;
- c. For an order finding in favor of Plaintiff, the nationwide Class, and the Subclass on all counts asserted herein;
- d. For compensatory and punitive damages in amounts to be determined by the Court and/or jury;
- e. For prejudgment interest on all amounts awarded;
- f. For an order of restitution and all other forms of equitable monetary relief;
- g. For injunctive relief as pleaded or as the Court may deem proper; and
- h. For an order awarding Plaintiff and the Class and Subclass his reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses and costs of suit.

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DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY

Plaintiff demands a trial by jury of all issues so triable.

Dated: August 31, 2012

Respectfully submitted,

BURSOR & FISHER, P.A.

Bv

L. Timothy Fisher

L. Timothy Fisher (State Bar No. 191626) Sarah N. Westcot (State Bar No. 264916) 1990 North California Boulevard, Suite 940

Walnut Creek, CA 94596 Telephone: (925) 300-4455 Facsimile: (925) 407-2700 E-Mail: ltfisher@bursor.com swestcot@bursor.com

BURSOR & FISHER, P.A.

Scott A. Bursor (State Bar No. 276006) 369 Lexington Avenue, 10th Floor

New York, NY 10017 Telephone: (212) 989-9113 Facsimile: (212) 989-9163 E-Mail: scott@bursor.com

Attorneys for Plaintiff

- I, Timothy Smith, declare as follows:
- 1. I am a plaintiff in this action and a citizen of the State of California. I have personal knowledge of the facts stated herein and, if called as a witness, I could and would testify competently thereto.
- 2. The complaint filed in this action is filed in the proper place for trial under California Civil Code Section 1780(d) in that Defendants conduct a substantial amount of business in this District.
- 3. While living in California, I purchased Cabot Greek for personal consumer use. I read the label on Cabot Greek, and purchased it in reliance on the claims that I was purchasing (i) yogurt (ii) that was in fact Greek yogurt, (iii) that was not adulterated, and (iv) that was legal for sale in the United States. I would not have purchased Cabot Greek had I known the true facts concerning its manufacturing, ingredients, status as a yogurt product, and failure to comply with FDA regulations.

I declare under the penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct, executed on August 27, 2012 at Walnut Creek, California.

TIMOTHY SMITH



Classic Cheddar Specialty Aged Cheddar Flavored Cheddar Reduced Fat Cheddar Other Cheeses Greek Yogurt Other Products

Store Finder

Cabot e-Newsletter

FAQs

HUNGRY? SEARCH RECIPES BY MEAL TYPE

Select a category

VERMONT
SHOWEASE

Cheese

- Classic Cheddar
 Specially Aged Cheddar
 Flavored Cheddar
 Reduced Fat Cheddar
 Other Cheeses
- Greek Yogurt

Plain Lowfat Plain Lowfat Blueberry Lowfat Vanilla Bean Lowfat Strawberry Lowfat Black Cherry Lowfat Peach

Other Products

Cream Cheese
Whipped Cream
Cottage Cheese
Dips
Sour Cream
Butter
Nonfat Yogurt

Platin Lowfat Plain Lowfat Blueberry Lowfat Vanilla Bean Lowfat Strawberry Lowfat Black Cherry Lowfat Peach

Plain Greek-Style Yogurt

Greek-Style Yogurt is a thick, creamy, decadent yogurt that is equally enjoyable by itself, as a rub, or as an ingredient in rich, creamy sauces, dips or main dishes. Greek-Style Yogurt has countless uses as an ingredient in recipes, it can be used for baking, as a substitute for sour cream or cream, or as a base for dips and sauces.

Q +1 1



Product Options

1LB 2LBS

Product FAQ

Recipes

Store Finder

	reli by Product	Sea	rch by Location
Product Typ Plain Greek	e; Style Yogurt	City:	
Options:	Any ▼	State:	▼
Zip Code:		Distance:	Less than 10 Miles -
	Submit		Submit

If you can't find what you're looking for, ask your local store manager to begin carrying Cabot products.

Nutrition Facts

Serving Size 1 Cup (226g) Servings Per Container 2

Servings Per Container	2
Amount Per Serving	
Calories 290	Calories from Fat 210
	% Daily Value
Total Fat 23g	36%
Saturated Fat 15g	73%
Polyunsaturated Fat g	
Trans Fat 1g	
Cholesterol 75mg	26%
Sodium 105mg	4%
Total Carbohydrate 12g	4%
Dietary Fiber 0g	
Sugars 7g	
Protein 18g	
Vitamin A 25%	Vitamin C 25%
Vitamin D 25%	Vitamin E 25%

Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet.

Your daily values may be higher or lower depending on your calorie needs.

Ingredients

Calcium 30%

Pasteurized milk, cream, whey protein concentrate, milk protein concentrate, live active yogurt cultures (L. bulgaricus and S. thermophilus), Vitamins A,C,D,E.













CABOT



Classic Cheddar Specialty Aged Cheddar Flavored Cheddar Reduced Fat Cheddar Other Cheeses Greek Yogurt Other Products

Store Finder

Cabot e-Newsletter

FAQs

HUNGRY? SEARCH RECIPES BY MEAL TYPE

Select a category

VERMONT

Cheese

- Classic Cheddar
 Specialty Aged Cheddar
 Flavored Cheddar
 Reduced Fat Cheddar
 Other Cheeses
- Greek Yogurt

Plain
Lowfat Plain
Lowfat Blueberry
Lowfat Vanilla Bean
Lowfat Strawberry
Lowfat Black Cherry
Lowfat Peach

Other Products

Cream Cheese
Whipped Cream
Cottage Cheese
Dips
Sour Cream
Butter
Nonfat Yogurt

Plain Lowfat Plain Lowfat Blueberry Lowfat Vanilla Bean Lowfat Strawberry Lowfat Black Cherry Lowfat Peac

Lowfat Plain Greek-Style Yogurt

Greek-Style Yogurt is a thick, creamy, decadent yogurt that is equally enjoyable by itself, as a rub, or as an ingredient in rich, creamy sauces, dips or main dishes. Greek-Style Yogurt has countless uses as an ingredient in recipes. It can be used for baking, as a substitute for sour cream or cream, or as a base for dips and sauces. Made from 2% lowfat milk.

Like 9



Product Options

1 LB 2 LBS

Drade.	r4 EA	n

Recipes

Store Finder

Product Type:	City:
Lowfat Plain Greek-Style Yogurt 🕶	·
Options: Any -	State:
Zip Code:	Distance: Less than 10 Miles
Submit	Submit

If you can't find what you're looking for, ask your local store manager to begin carrying Cabot products.

Nutrition Facts

Serving Size 1 cup (226g) Servings Per Container 2

Servings Per Container	2
Amount Per Serving	
Calories 150	Calories from Fat 45
	% Daily Value
Total Fat 5g	7%
Saturated Fat 3g	15%
Polyunsaturated Fat g	
Trans Fat Og	
Cholesterol 35mg	11%
Sodium 120mg	5%
Total Carbohydrate 11g	4%
Dietary Fiber 0g	
Sugars 11g	
Protein 22g	
Vitamin A 25%	Vitamin C 25%
Vitamin D 25%	Vitamin E 25%

Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet.

Your daily values may be higher or lower depending on your calorie needs.

Ingredients

Calcium 40%

Pasteurized milk, skim milk, whey protein concentrate, milk protein concentrate, pectin, live active yogurt cultures (L. bulgaricus and S. thermophilus), enzymes, Vitamins A,C,D,E.







Iron 6%







CABOT

Classic Cheddar Specialty Aged Cheddar Flavored Cheddar Reduced Fat Cheddar Other Cheeses Greek Yogurt Other Products

Store Finder

Cabot e-Newsletter

FAQs

HUNGRY? SEARCH RECIPES BY MEALTYPE

Select a category

THE BEST OF VERMONT

Cheese

Classic Cheddar Specialty Aged Cheddar Flavored Cheddar Reduced Fat Cheddar Other Cheeses

Greek Yogurt

Plain Lowfat Plain Lowfat Blueberry Lowfat Vanilla Bean Lowfat Strawberry Lowfat Black Cherry Lowfat Peach

Other Products

- Cream Cheese Whipped Cream
- Cottage Cheese Dips
- Sour Cream
 Butter
- Nonfat Yogurt

Plain Lowfat Plain Lowfat Blueberry Lowfat Vanilla Bean Lowfat Strawberry Lowfat Black Cherry Lowfat Peach

Lowfat Blueberry Greek-Style Yogurt

Rich, creamy, and bursting-with-bluebernes delicious. Capot's new Lowfat Blueberny Greek-Style Yogurt is as good its "as tempting as a siren's call." And so good for you, too made from 2% low-tat milk, every fuscious, protein-rich spoonful is fortified with vitamins A. C. D and E.

Like 0



Product Options

1 LB 2 LBS

				e							

Search by Product	Sea	ach by Location
Product Type: Lowlat Blueberry Greek-Style Yogurt •	City:	
Options: Any	State:	-
Zip Code:	Distance:	Less than 10 Miles →
Submit		Submit

If you can't find what you're looking for, ask your local store manager to begin carrying Cabot products.

Nutrition Facts

Serving Size 1 Cup (226g) Servings Per Container 2

outungs : or container :				
Amount Per Serving				
Calories 230	Calories from Fat 40			
	% Daily Value			
Total Fat 4g	6%			
Saturated Fat 2.5g	13%			
Polyensaturated Fat 0g				
Mono Saturated Fat 0g				
Trans Fat 0g	0%			
Cholesterol 25mg	8%			
Sodium 115mg	5%			
Total Carbohydrate 32g	11%			
Potassium 0mg	0%			
Dietary Fiber 0g				
Sugars 26g				
Protein 18g	36%			
Vitamin A 20%	Vitamin B 0%			
Vitamin C 20%	Vitamin D 20%			
Vitamin E 20%	Calcium 45%			
Iron 4%	Riboflavin 0%			

Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet.

Your daily values may be higher or lower depending on your calorie needs.

Ingredients

Lowfat yogurt (Pasteurized milk, skim milk, whey protein concentrate, milk protein concentrate, live active yogurt cultures (Acidophilus, Bilidus, L. bulgaricus and S. thermophilus), enzymes, Vitamins A.C.D.E.J. Blueberry flavoring [Sugar, blueberries, water, modified com starch, natural flavors, pedin.concentrated lemon juice].





















Classic Cheddar Specialty Aged Cheddar Flavored Cheddar Reduced Fat Cheddar Other Cheeses Greek Yogurt Other Products

Consistintes Store Finder

Cabot e-Newsletter

FAOs

HUNGRY? SEARCH RECIPES
BY MEAL TYPE

Select a category

VERMONT SHOWCASE

l'house

Classic Cheddar Specialty Aged Cheddar Flavored Cheddar Reduced Fat Cheddar Other Cheeses

Greek Yogurt

Plain Lowfat Plain Lowfat Blueberry Lowfat Vanilla Bean Lowfat Strawberry Lowfat Black Cherry Lowfat Peach

Other Products

Cream Cheese Whipped Cream Cottage Cheese Dips Sour Cream Butter Nonfat Yoguri Plain Lowfat Plain Lowfat Blueberry Lowfat Vanilla Bean Lowfat Strawberry Lowfat Black Cherry Lowfat Peach

Lowfat Vanilla Bean Greek-Style Yogurt

Cabot's Greek-Style Yogurt makes a healthy protein-rich treat when blended with fresh fruits for quick and yummy smoothies. Use our lowfat Vanilla Bean, because vanilla just seems to make fruit flavors bloom. Made from 2% lowfat milk.

11 Like 82



Product Options

1LB 2LBS

Product FAQ

Store Find

Zip Code:		Distance:	Less than 10 Miles
Options:	Any -	State:	
Lowfat Vani	lla Bean Greek-Style Yogt 🕶		
Product Typ) e :	City:	
Ses	irch by Product	Sea	rch by Location

If you can't find what you're looking for, ask your local store manager to begin carrying Cabot products.

Nutrition Facts

Serving Size 1 Cup (226g) Servings Per Container 2

Calories from Fat 35
% Daily Value
6%
12%
0%
9%
4%
11%
Vitamin C 20%
Vitamin E 20%
Iron 6%

Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet.

Your daily values may be higher or lower depending on your calorie needs.

Ingredients

Lowfat yogurt [Pasteurized milk, skim milk, whey protein concentrate, milk protein concentrate, pectin, live active yogurt cultures (L. bulgaricus and S. thermophilus), enzymes. Vitamins A.C.D.E.], Vanilla Bean flavoring [Sugar, water, natural flavors, modified corn starch, pectin, vanilla bean seeds, annatto (color)].













CABOT





Classic Cheddar Specialty Aged Cheddar Flavored Cheddar Reduced Fat Cheddar Other Cheeses Greek Yogurt Other Products

Plain Lowfat Plain Lowfat Blueberry Lowfat Vanilla Bean Lowfat Strawberry Lowfat Black Cherry Lowfat Peach

Calcklinks Store Finder

Cabot e-Newsletter

FAOs

HUNGRY7 SEARCH RECIPES BY MEAL TYPE

Select a category

ERMONT SHOWEASE

Classic Cheddar Specialty Aged Cheddar Flavored Cheddar Reduced Fat Cheddar Other Cheeses

Greek Yogurt

Plain Lowfat Plain Lowfat Blueberry Lowfat Vanilla Bean Lowfat Strawberry Lowfat Black Cherry Lowfat Peach

Other Products

Cream Cheese Whipped Cream Cottage Cheese Sour Cream Butter Nonfat Yogurt

Lowfat Strawberry Greek-Style Yogurt

Cabot's new Strawberry Greek-Style Yogurt is going to be your favorite breakfast, lunch and mid-afternoon snack. Strawberry is America's #1 yogurt flavoring, and Cabot's Greek-Style Yogurt is so thick, creamy and decadently delicious that you may not believe it's made from 2% lowfat milk. Spoon it up and enjoy!

Like < 12



Product Options

1LB 2LBS

Product FAQ

Store Finder

Search by Product	Sea	ech by Location
Product Type	City:	
Lowfat Strawberry Greek-Style Yogurt +		
Options: Any -	State:	•
Zip Code:	Distance:	Less than 10 Miles
Submit		Submit

If you can't find what you're looking for, ask your local store manager to begin carrying Cabot products

Nutrition Facts

Serving Size 1 Cup (226g) Servings Per Container 2

Amount Per Serving	
Calories 220	Calories from Fat 35
	% Daily Value
Total Fat 4g	6%
Saturated Fat 2.5g	12%
Polyunsaturated Fat g	
Trans Fat Og	
Cholesterol 25mg	9%
Sodium 105mg	4%
Total Carbohydrate 33g	11%
Dietary Fiber 0g	
Sugars 32g	
Protein 18g	
Vitamin A 20%	Vitamin C 35%
Vitamin D 20%	Vitamin E 20%
Calcium 35%	Iron 6%

Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie

Ingredients

Lowfat yogurt [Pasteurized milk, skim milk, whey protein concentrate, milk protein concentrate, live active yogurt cultures (L. bulgaricus and S. thermophilus), enzymes, Vitamins A.C.D.E], Strawberry flavoring [Sugar. strawberries, water, modified corn starch, natural flavors, fruit and vegetable juice (color)]















ity Aged Cheddar Flavored Cheddar Reduced Fat Cheddar Other Cheeses Greek Yogurt Other Products

Oldicklinks Store Finder Cabot e-Newsletter

FAQs

HUNGRY7 SEARCH RECIPES BY MEAL TYPE

Select a category

THE BEST OF

Lowfat Plain Lowfat Blueberry Lowfat Vanilla Bean Lowfat Strawberry Lowfat Black Cherry Lowfat Peach

Lowfat Black Cherry Greek-Style

Enjoy a modern, healthy version made from 2% low-fat milk, of this deep, dark and delicious Black Cherry flavor. Too good to

Like 0



Cheese

- Classic Cheddar
- Specially Aged Cheddar
- Flavored Cheddar
- Reduced Fat Cheddar
- Other Cheeses

Greek Yogurt

Lowfat Plain Lowfat Blueberry Lowfat Vanilla Bean Lowfat Strawberry Lowfat Black Cherry Lowfat Peach

Other Products

- Cream Cheese
- Whipped Cream
- Cottage Cheese Dips
- Sour Cream
- Butter
- Nonfat Yogurt

Product Options

Search by Product		Se	Search by Location		
Product Typ	e:		City:		_
Lowfat Blac	k Cheny Gr	eek-Style Yogu 🔻	7		
Options:	Any	•	State:		
Zip Code:			Distance	Less than 10 Miles	
	Subm	it]		Submit	

If you can't find what you're looking for, ask your local store manager to begin carrying Cabot products.

Nutrition Facts

Serving Size 1 Cup (226g) Servings Per Container 2

Amount Per Serving	
Calories 250	Calories from Fat 40
	% Daily Value
Total Fat 4g	6%
Saturated Fat 2.5g	13%
Polyunsaturated Fat 0g	
Mono Saturated Fat 0g	
Trans Fat Og	0%
Cholesterol 25mg	8%
Sodium 115mg	5%
Total Carbohydrate 36g	12%
Potassium 0mg	0%
Dietary Fiber 0g	
Sugars 30g	
Protein 18g	36%
Vitamin A 20%	Vitamin B 0%
Vitamin C 20%	Vitamin D 20%
Vitamin E 0%	Calcium 45%
Iron 4%	Riboflavin 0%

Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie

Ingredients

Lowfat yogurt (Pasteurized milk, skim milk, why protein concentrate, milk protein concentrate, live active yogurt cultures (Acidophilus, Bifidus, L. bulgaricus and S. thermophilus), enzymes, Vitamins A, C, D, E), black cherry flavoring (fructose, cherries, water, sugar, modified corn starch, natural flavors, pectin, oligofructose, citric acid).

















Classic Cheddar Specially Aged Cheddar Flavored Cheddar Reduced Fat Cheddar Other Cheeses Greek Yogurt Other Products

GOICEBHÍ S

Store Finder

Cabot e-Newsletter

FAQs

HUNGRY7 SEARCH RECIPES BY MEAL TYPE

Select a category

VERMONT SHOW(ASE Plain Lowfat Plain Lowfat Blueberry Lowfat Vanilla Bean Lowfat Strawberry Lowfat Black Cherry Lowfat Peac

Lowfat Peach Greek-Style Yogurt

Say goodbye to bland and discover the full, rich flavors of our Greek-Style Yogurt! Enjoy this peach-y delicious lowfat snack or lunch made with 2% milk. So thick, creamy and decadently delicious you won't believe it's only 2% milkfat.

Like 0



Cheese

- Classic Cheddar
- Specialty Aged Cheddar
- Flavored Cheddar
- Reduced Fat Cheddar
- Other Cheeses

Greek Yogurt

Plain
Lowfat Plain
Lowfat Blueberry
Lowfat Vanilla Bean
Lowfat Strawberry
Lowfat Black Cherry
Lowfat Peach

Other Products

- Cream Cheese
- Whipped Cream Cottage Cheese
- Dips
- Sour Cream
- Butter
- Nonfat Yogurt

Product Options

1 LB

Shop Online

Recipes

Store Finder

Search by Product		Search by Location			
Product Typ Lowfat Pea	oe: ch Greek-Style Yog	juit →	City:		********
Options:	Any	~	State:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Zip Code:	novement and a service of the servic	:	Distance:	Less than 10 Miles	······
	Submit			Submit	

If you can't find what you're looking for, ask your local store manager to begin carrying Cabot products.

Nutrition Facts

Serving Size 1 Cup (226g) Servings Per Container 2

Amount Per Serving	
Catories 240	Calories from Fat 40
	% Daily Value
Total Fat 4g	6%
Saturated Fat 2.5g	13%
Polyunsaturated Fat 0g	
Mono Saturated Fat 0g	
Trans Fat 0g	0%
Cholesterol 25mg	8%
Sodium 0mg	0%
Total Carbohydrate 35g	12%
Potassium 0mg	0%
Dietary Fiber 0g	
Sugars 28g	
Protein 18g	36%
Vitamin A 20%	Vitamin B 0%
Vitamin C 20%	Vitamin D 20%
Vitamin E 20%	Calcium 45%
Iron 4%	Riboflavin 0%

Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet.

Your daily values may be higher or lower depending on your calorie needs.

ingredients

Lowfat yogurt (pasteurized milk, skim milk, whey protein concentrate, milk protein concentrate, live active yogurt cultures (acidophilus, bifidus, L. bulgaricus and S. thermoplies), enzymes. Vitamins A, C, D, E, Peach flavoring (sugar, peaches, water, modified corn starch, natural flavors, annatto).













CABOT

AGRI-MARK WHEY PROTEIN CONCENTRATE 80

Agri-Mark Whey Protein Concentrate 80 (WPC 80) is a homogeneous, free-flowing whey protein concentrate powder manufactured from fresh sweet whey and spray dried to 80% protein on a dry basis. It is used in infant formulas, sports nutrition, low carbohydrate diet formulas, yogurt, ice cream, sausage and meat products, and egg albumen replacer in bakery products. It provides an excellent source of undenatured dairy protein to a variety of processed and special dietary food formulations. Agri-Mark WPC 80 is light cream to cream in color with a bland and clean odor and flavor.

Analytical Information	Specification	Typical >81.0%	
Protein (N * 6.38) dry basis	80.0% minimum		
Fat	8.5% maximum	<5.5%	
Ash	4.5% maximum	<3.0%	
Moisture	6.0% maximum	<5.3%	
Carbohydrates		<10.0%	
pH (10% solution)	6.0 minimum	6.3	
Scorched particles	15.0 mg maximum	7,5 mg	



Whey Processing Control Room

Niro Ultrafiltration Systems

Microbiological Information

Standard plate count	30,000/g maximum	<500/g
Coliform	30/g maximum	<10/g
Yeast	50/g maximum	<30/g
Mold	50/g maximum	<30/g
Salmonella (in 750 grar	ns) Negative	Negative

Packaging and Storage Information

Available in 20 kg net weight Kraft paper bags with a polyethylene liner or 1000 pound (454 kg net) weight superbags. Dairy products are hygroscopic and will absorb odors. Storage in a cool, dry environment below 85°F (29°C) and below 65% relative humidity is recommended for maximum shelf life stability.

The information contained herein is offered solely for informational purposes and is, to the best of our knowledge, correct. No warranties, expressed or implied, are made. Purchaser is solely responsible for ensuring that product supplied is in conformity with all relevant food legislation and should determine whether suggested data, formulations or procedures are suitable for their own purposes. It is recommended that product be laboratory evaluated prior to inclusion into other products. Any information provided should not be construed as permission for violation of patent and/or trademark rights.

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BURSOR FISHER

369 LEXINGTON AVENUE 10TH FLOOR NEW YORK, NY 10017 WWW.bursor.com

SCOTT A. BURSOR Tel: 212-989-9113 Fax: 212-989-9163 scott@bursor.com

August 30, 2012

Via Certified Mail - Return Receipt Requested

Cabot Creamery Cooperative, Inc. 1 Home Farm Way
Montpelier, VT 05602

Re: Notice Letter Pursuant to California Civil Code § 1782 and Cal. Com. Code § 2607.

To Whom It May Concern:

This letter serves as a preliminary notice and demand for corrective action by Cabot Creamery Cooperative, Inc. ("Cabot") California Civil Code § 1782 and Cal. Com. Code § 2607(3)(A), on behalf of our client, Timothy Smith, and all other persons similarly situated.

This notice concerns Cabot Greek, which Cabot markets as "Greek-Style Yogurt." Packages of Cabot Greek are affixed with the label "LOWFAT YOGURT." However, Cabot Greek contains Milk Protein Concentrate ("MPC"), which is prohibited by the Standards of Identity for yogurt products promulgated by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration ("FDA"). See 21 C.F.R. §§ 131.200, 131.203. Therefore, Cabot Greek is not yogurt.

Mr. Smith is a purchaser of Cabot Greek. Cabot expressly represented to him that Cabot Greek was yogurt. Cabot breached that express warranty because Cabot Greek is not yogurt. See Cal. Com. Code § 2607(3)(A).

We hereby demand that Cabot immediately (1) cease and desist from continuing to label and sell Cabot Greek as "yogurt," (2) issue an immediate recall of any Cabot Greek product bearing false labels representing the product is yogurt; and (3) make full restitution to all purchasers of Cabot Greek of all purchase money obtained from sales thereof.

We also demand that Cabot preserve all documents and other evidence which refer or relate to any of the above-described practices including, but not limited to, the following:

1. All documents concerning the ingredients, formula, and manufacturing process for Cabot Greek;

- 2. All communications with the FDA concerning Cabot Greek or MPC's;
- 3. All documents concerning the advertisement, marketing and/or sale of Cabot Greek; and
- 4. All communications with customers concerning complaints or comments concerning Cabot Greek.

If Cabot contends that any statement in this letter is inaccurate in any respect, please provide us with your contentions and supporting documents immediately upon receipt of this letter.

Very truly yours,

D. Buros

Scott A. Bursor scott@bursor.com

JS 44 CAND (Rev. 12/11)

Case3:12-cv-04591-SC Document1-1 Filed08/31/12 PageCv114591 CIVIL COVER SHEET ADR ECF DMR

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS TIMOTHY SMITH, indiv situated	idually and on behalf	of all others similarly	DEFENDANT CABOT CREAM		IC. and AGRI-MARK, INC.
	e of First Listed Plaintiff EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF (Alameda CASES)	County of Resident	ce of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES IN LAND CONDEMNATION THE TRACT OF LAND INVO	CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name	, Address, and Telephone Num.	ber)	Attorneys (If Known	ı)	
II. BASIS OF JURISI	DICTION (Place an "X	" in One Box Only)	III. CITIZENSHIP OF	PRINCIPAL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff)
□ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	☐ 3Federal Question (U.S. Gavernmen		Diversity Cases Only)	PTF DEF X 1	and One Box for Defendant) PTF DEF Principal Place
2 U.S. Government Defendant	8 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizens	hip of Parties in Item III)	ev.	2 Incorporated and of Business In	Principal Place 5 5 5
IV. NATURE OF SUI	Γ (Place an "X" in One Box	() () () () () () () () () () () () () (Foreign Country	3 G 3 Foreign Nation	0.6-3-6
CONTRACT		ORTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	
☐ 110 Insurance ☐ 120 Marine ☐ 130 Miller Act ☐ 140 Negotiable Instrument ☐ 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment ☐ 151 Medicare Act ☐ 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans	PERSONAL INJURY 310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers' Liability 340 Marine	PERSONAL INJURY 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal	☐ 625 Drug Related Seizure of Properly 21 USC 881 ☐ 690 Other	□ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 □ 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 PROPERTY RIGHTS □ 820 Copyrights □ 830 Patent □ 840 Trademark	OTHER STATUTES 375 False Claims Act 400 State Reapportion Cent 410 Antitrust 430 Banks and Bankin 450 Commerce 460 Deportation 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations
(Excl. Veterans) 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits 160 Stockholders' Suits 190 Other Contract 195 Contract Product Liability 196 Franchise	□ 345 Marine Product Liability □ 350 Motor Vehicle □ 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability □ 360 Other Personal Injury □ 362 Personal Injury - Med. Malpractice	Injury Product Liability PERSONAL PROPERT 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage 385 Property Damage Product Liability	Act 720 Labor/Mgmt. Relations 740 Railway Labor Act 751 Family and Medical Leave Act 790 Other Labor Litigation	SOCIAL SECURITY 861 HIA (1395ff) 862 Black Lung (923) 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(f)) 864 SSID Title XVI 865 RSI (405(g))	□ 480 Consumer Credit □ 490 Cable/Sat TV 850 Securities/Commodities/ Exchange 890 Other Statutory Actions □ 891 Agricultural Acts □ 893 Environmental Matters □ 895 Freedom of Information Act
REAL PROPERTY 210 Land Condemnation 220 Foreclosure 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment 240 Torts to Land 245 Tort Product Liability 290 All Other Real Property	CIVIL RICHTS 440 Other Civil Rights 441 Voting 442 Employment 443 Housing/ Accommodations 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other	PRISONER PETITIONS 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence Habeas Corpus: 530 General 535 Death Penalty 540 Mandamus & Other 550 Civil Rights 555 Prison Condition 560 Civil Detaince - Conditions of	IMMIGRATION 462 Naturalization Application 463 Habeas Corpus - Alien Detainee (Prisoner Petition) 465 Other Immigration	FEDERAL TAX SUITS S70 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	□ 896 Arbitration □ 899 Administrative Procedure
		Confinement	Actions		
☑ 1 Original ☐ 2 Ren		Remanded from 4 Appellate Court	Reinstated or 🗖 5 Transf	Ferred from 6 Multidistrict Litigation	ict
VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO	N Brief description of c	ause:	filing (Do not cite jurisdictional s	tatutes unless diversity);	
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	CHECK IF THIS I	S A CLASS ACTION	DEMAND \$		f demanded in complaint:
VIII. RELATED CASE IF ANY	(See instructions):	JUDGE		DOCKET NUMBER	② Yes □ No
IX. DIVISIONAL ASSI (Place an "X" in One Box Onl		R 3-2) SAN FRANCISCO/9	DAKLAND ST SAN	JOSE J EUREK	
DATE 08/31/2012			TORNEY OF RECORD	2. (2	